

# Manarat International University (MIU)

Department of CSE (Evening)  
Final Exam (Summer 2017)  
Theory of Computing (CSE-203)

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2.5 Hour

<i>Answer any 5 (five) question. All questions are of equal value.</i>		
1.	<p>a. Explain different types of grammars and the type of their accepted languages.</p> <p>b. Write down the formal definition of Melay and Moore machine.</p> <p>c. Construct context free grammars to accept the following languages. <math>\Sigma = \{0, 1\}</math></p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">i. <math>L = \{0^n 1^n \mid n &gt; 0\} \cup \{0^n 1^{2n} \mid n &gt; 0\}</math></p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">ii. <math>L = \{a^n b^m c^m d^{2n} \mid n \geq 0, m &gt; 0\}</math></p>	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>6</p>
2.	<p>a. Convert the following N DFA to DFA</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> <pre> graph LR     a((a)) -- 0 --&gt; c((c))     a -- 0 --&gt; b((b))     a -- "0,1" --&gt; e(((e)))     a -- "0,1" --&gt; d((d))     b -- 1 --&gt; c     c -- 0 --&gt; b     b -- 1 --&gt; e     d -- 0 --&gt; e     style a fill:#fff,stroke:#000,stroke-width:1px     style b fill:#fff,stroke:#000,stroke-width:1px     style c fill:#fff,stroke:#000,stroke-width:1px     style d fill:#fff,stroke:#000,stroke-width:1px     style e fill:#fff,stroke:#000,stroke-width:2px             </pre> </div> <p>b. Explain DFA Minimization using Equivalence Theorem.</p>	<p>5</p> <p>5</p>
3.	<p>a. Write down the formal definition of pushdown automata.</p> <p>b. Construct deterministic pushdown automata to accept the following languages.</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">i. <math>\{10^n 1^n \mid n &gt; 0\} \cup \{110^n 1^{2n} \mid n &gt; 0\}</math></p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">ii. <math>L = \{a^n b^n c^m \mid n, m \geq 1\}</math></p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">iii. Binary strings that contain an equal number of 1s and 0s</p>	<p>1</p> <p>9</p>
4.	<p>a. Define <i>Decidable</i> and <i>Undecidable</i> problems. Give some examples of <i>Undecidable</i> problems.</p>	<p>3</p>

	<p>b. Given a regular language <math>L</math> and string <math>w</math>, how can we check if <math>w \in L</math>?</p> <p>c. Show that the following language on <math>\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}</math> is not context-free using pumping lemma.</p> $L = \{a^n b^j c^k \mid k = jn\}.$	<p>2</p> <p>5</p>
5.	<p>a. Prove that <i>any context-free language is generated by a context-free grammar in Chomsky normal form</i>.</p> <p>b. Convert the following CFG into CNF</p> $\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow ASA \mid aB, \\ A &\rightarrow B \mid S, \\ B &\rightarrow b \mid \varepsilon \end{aligned}$	<p>5</p> <p>5</p>
6.	<p>a. Write down the formal definition of <i>Turing machine</i>.</p> <p>b. Construct a Turing machines that accepts the following languages on the alphabet <math>\{a, b\}</math>.</p> <p>i. <math>L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 1\}</math></p> <p>ii. <math>L = \{ww^R \mid w \in (a, b)^+\}</math></p>	<p>2</p> <p>8</p>