



2-Majority Element

Started on	Tuesday, 9 September 2025, 12:57 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Tuesday, 9 September 2025, 1:05 PM
Time taken	8 mins 8 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00  Flag question

Given an array `nums` of size `n`, return *the majority element*.

The majority element is the element that appears more than $\lfloor n / 2 \rfloor$ times. You may assume that the majority element always exists in the array.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [3,2,3]`
Output: `3`

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [2,2,1,1,1,2,2]`
Output: `2`

Constraints:

- `n == nums.length`
- `1 <= n <= 5 * 104`
- `-231 <= nums[i] <= 231 - 1`

For example:

Input	Result
3 3 2 3	3
7 2 2 1 1 1 2 2	2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int n;
4     scanf("%d",&n);
5     int m[n];
6     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
7         scanf("%d",&m[i]);
8     }
9     int c=0;
10    int d=0;
11    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
12        if(c==0){
13            d=m[i];
14            c=1;
15        }
16        else if(m[i]==d){
17            c+=1;
18        }
19        else{
20            c--;
21        }
22    }
23    printf("%d",d);
24 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 3 2 3	3	3	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Finish review

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