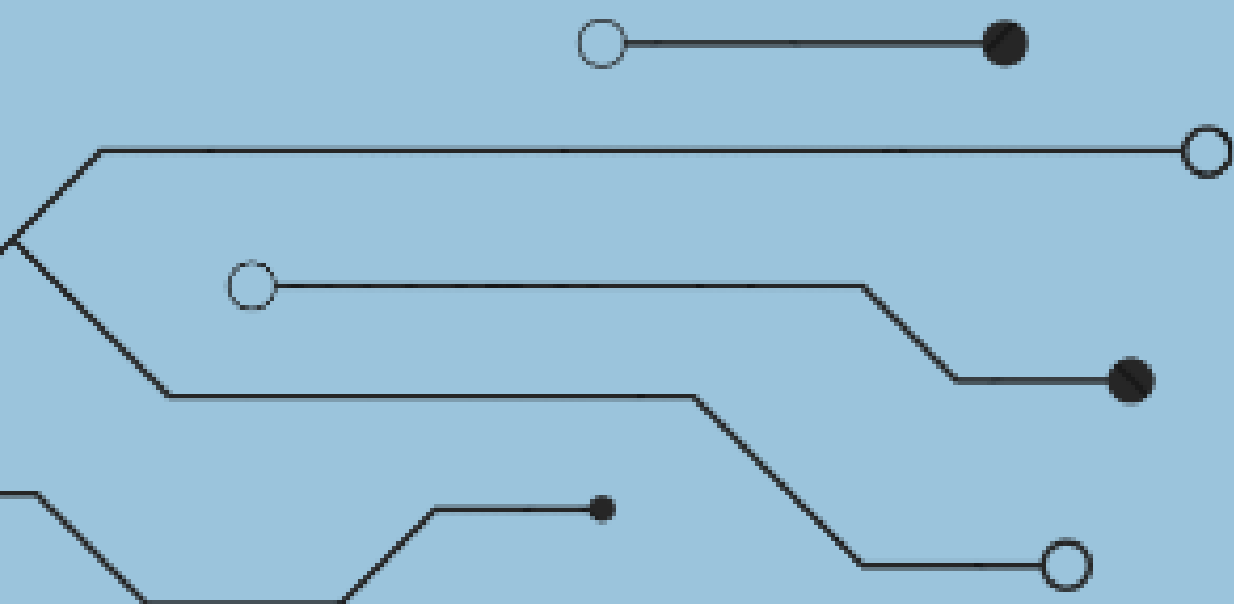
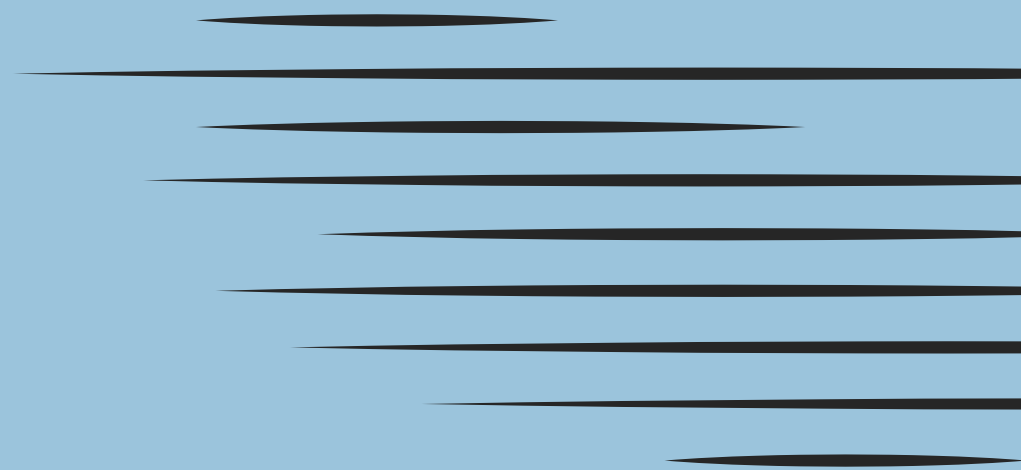


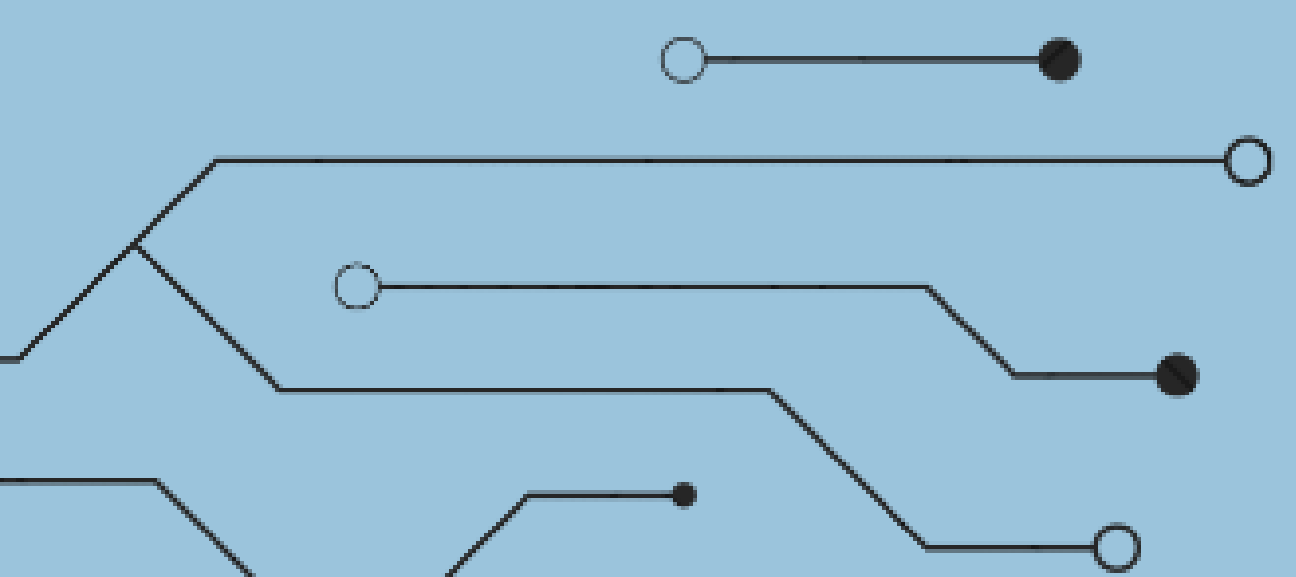
# BASH COURSEWORK

MAHEK TRIVEDI - M00979199



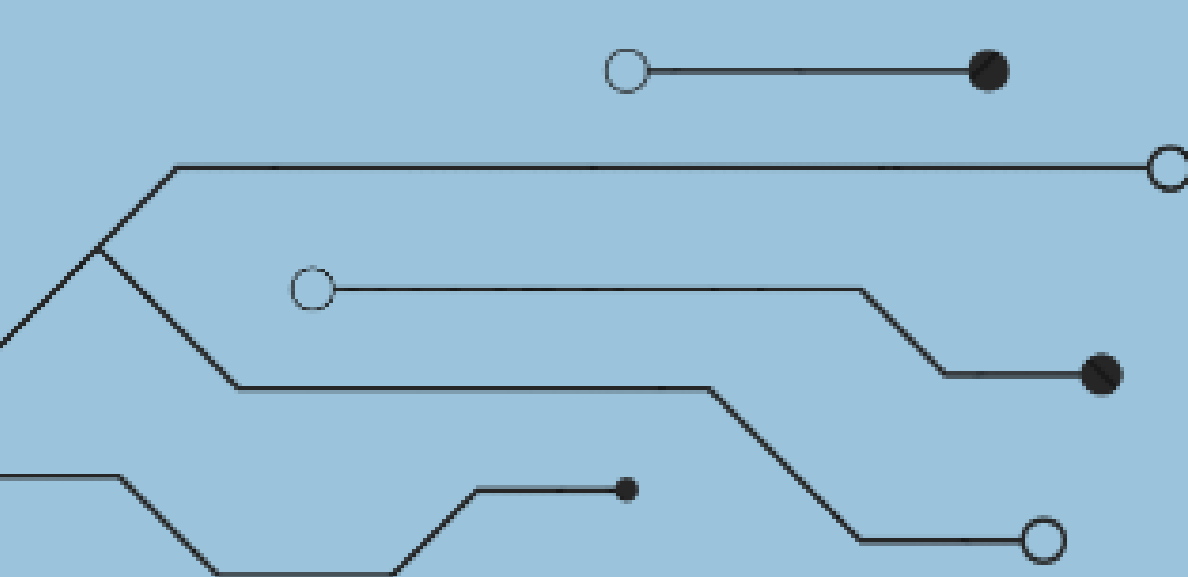


# Contents

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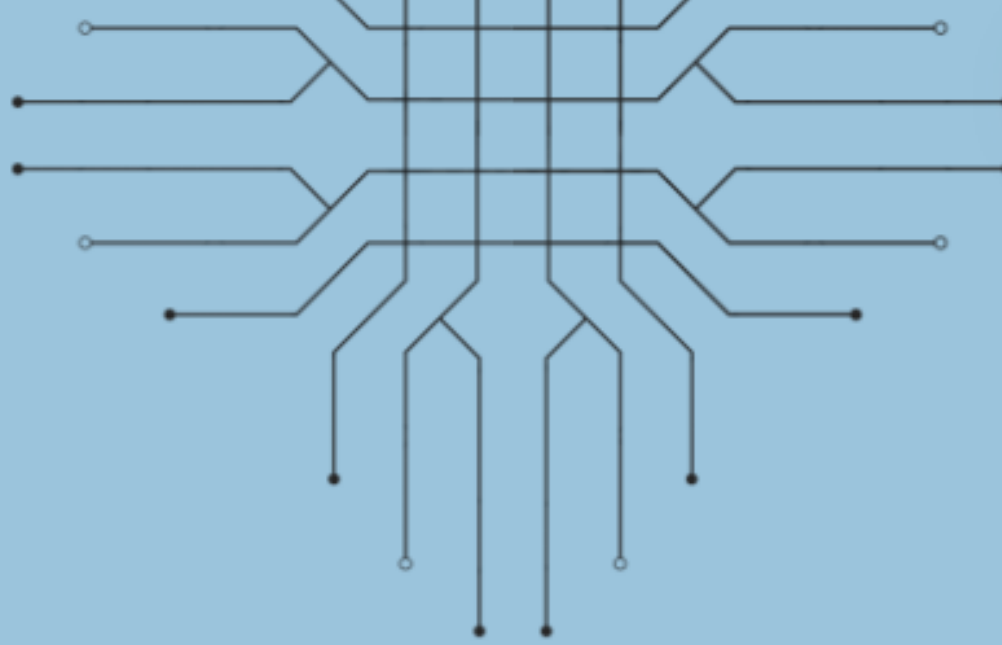


# Need for Project

- Helps to create an understanding of the fundamentals of Linux bash scripting.
  - Helps beginners in bash scripting enhance their basic knowledge and skills.
  - Develops research and trial and error(experimentation) skills
- 

# Functions

## Part 1



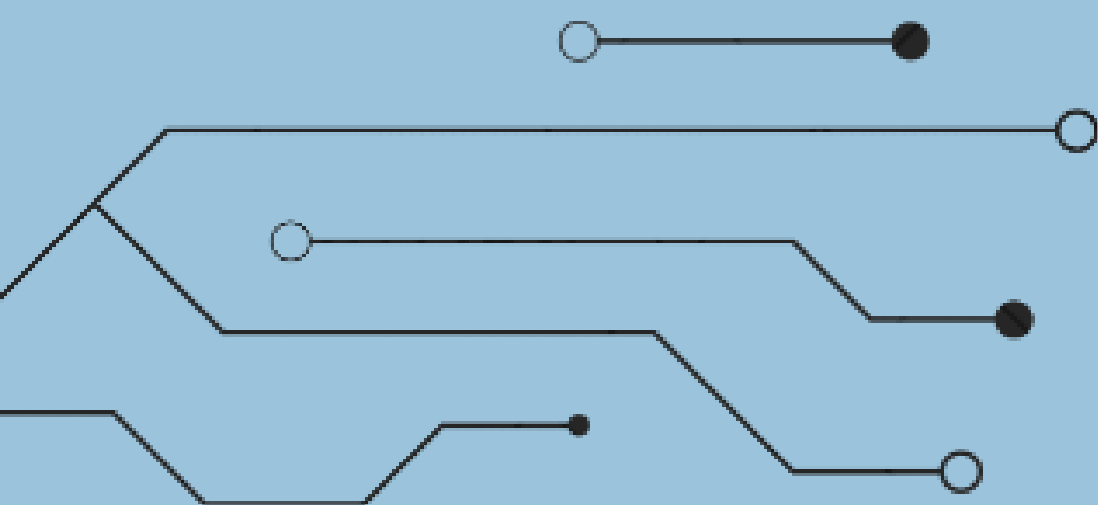
`show_calender`

shows calender and saves the selected date in a variable and for the selected date , we can enter a note

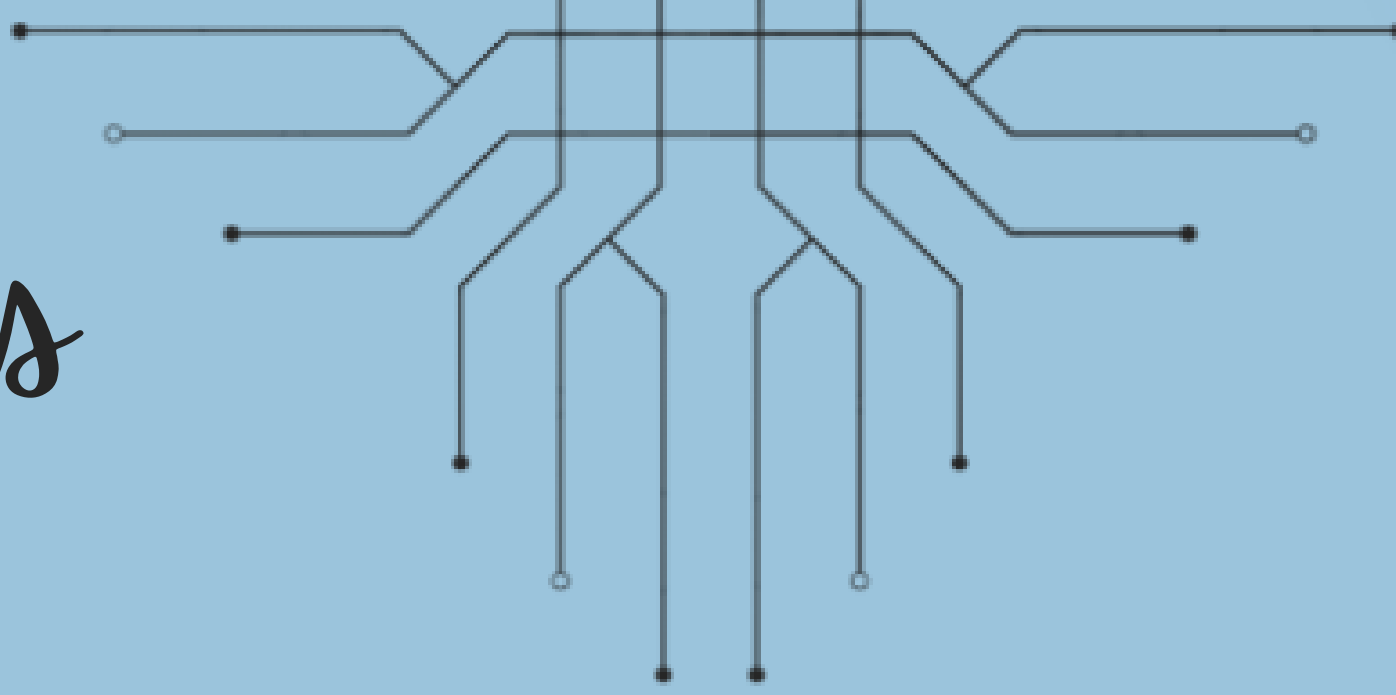
`show_date_time` : Displays the current date and time using dialog's infobox format.



`delete_file()` -Ask's user to enter a directory name, list all files present in the directory, and delete the file chosen by the user.



# Functions Part 2



`show_os_info()`  
Displays OS(Linux Standard Base)  
information

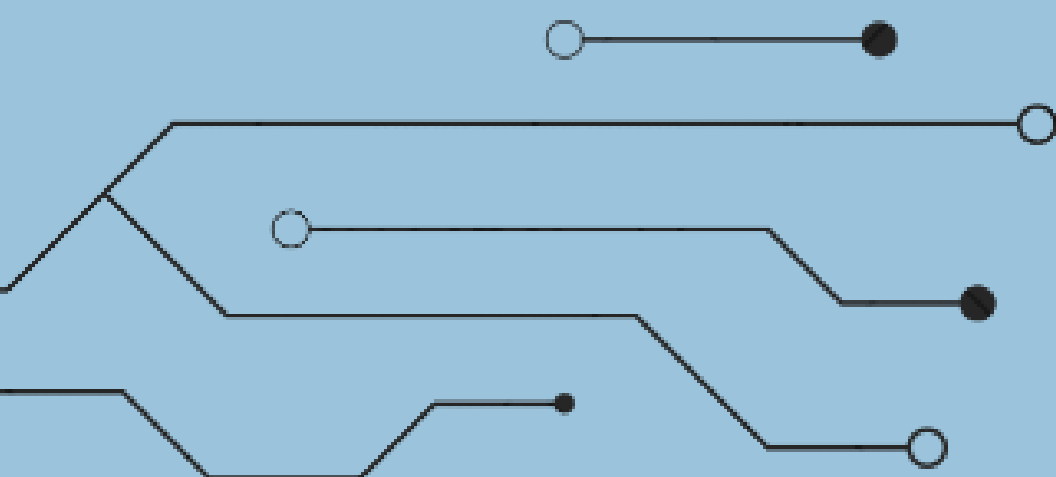
`show_cpu_info()`  
Displays information  
about CPU Architecture



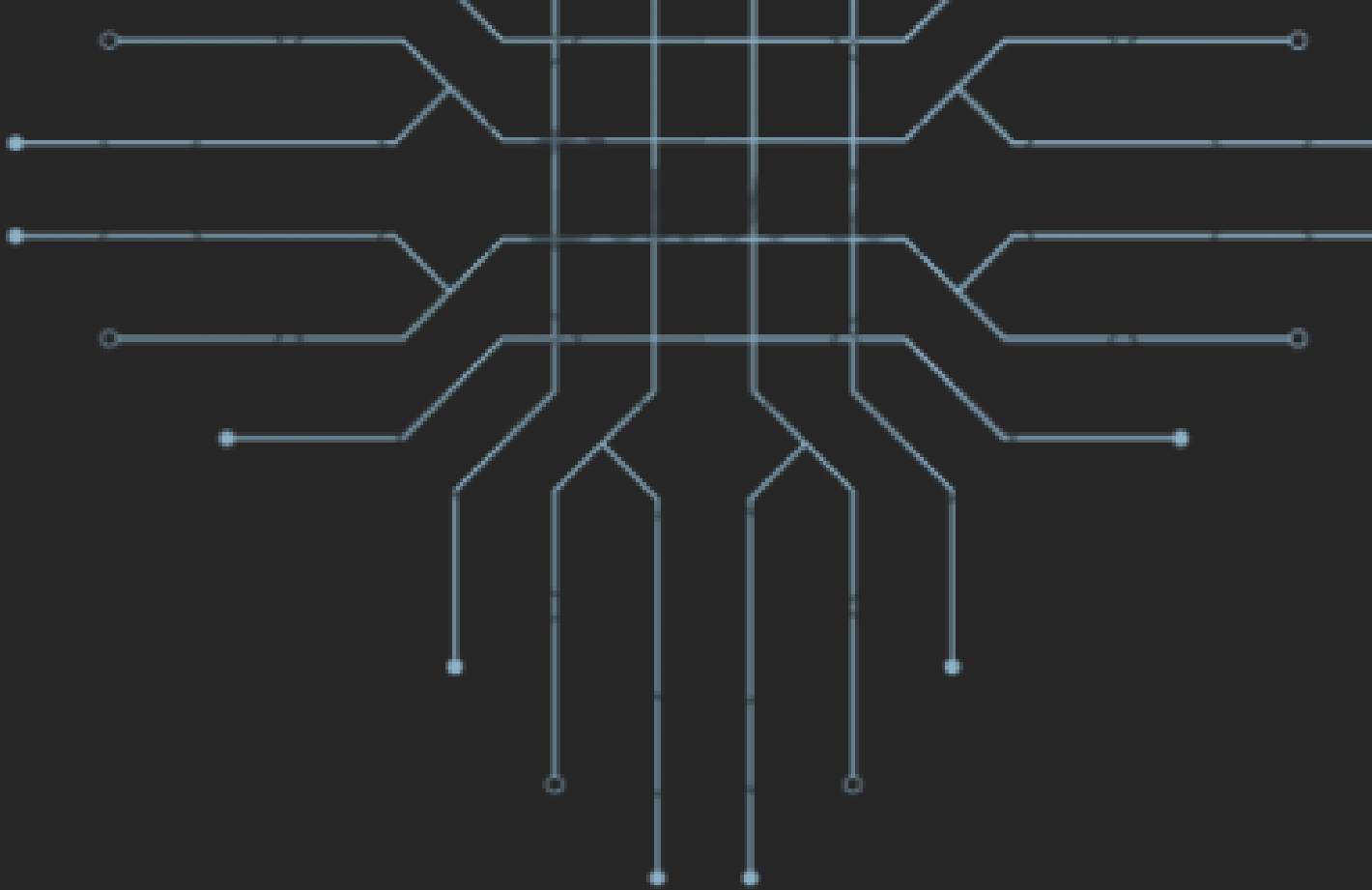
`show_disk_info()`  
Displays information  
about the disk and it's  
partitions

`show_file_system_info()`  
Displays information  
about the files and where  
they are mounted

`show_memory_info()`  
Displays information  
about the memory. The  
output is in gigabites



# Code Part 1

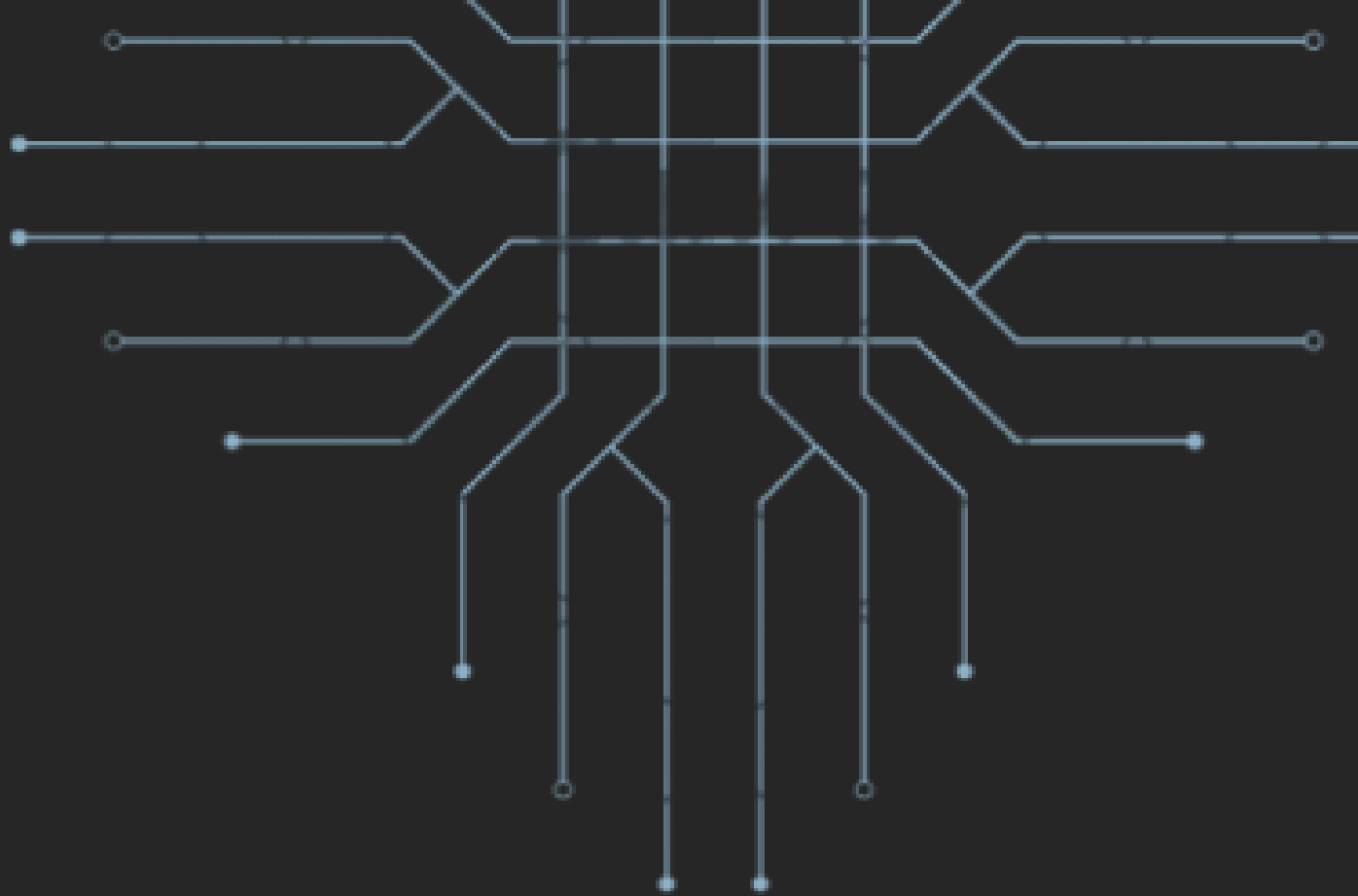


```
1 #Bash programming coursework by Mahek Trivedi and Sarah Julay
2 #!/bin/bash
3 # Function to show date and time
4 show_datetime() {
5     dialog --title "Date/Time" --msgbox "Current Date and Time:\n$(date)" 10 30
6 }
7 #We have defined a function named 'show_calendar' to display a calendar in a dialog
8 #for the user to select a date
9
10 notes_file="calendar_notes.txt"
11
12 show_calendar() {
13     # Show the calendar and save the selected date in a variable
14     selected_date=$(dialog --calendar "Select a date" 0 0 2>&1 >/dev/tty)
15
16     # Check if the user canceled the selection
17     if [ $? -eq 0 ]; then
18         # Read existing note for the selected date from the file
19         #Grep searches for the existing note in the file and cut takes the output of grep and extracts the note
20         existing_note=$(grep "^$selected_date:" "$notes_file" | cut -d ':' -f 2)
21
22         # If note doesn't exists, add new
23         note=$(dialog --inputbox "Add/Edit note for $selected_date" 0 0 "$existing_note" 2>&1 >/dev/tty)
24
25         # Save the note to the file
26         sed -i "/^$selected_date:/d" "$notes_file" #removes any existing note
27         echo "$selected_date:$note" >> "$notes_file" #writes the new note
28
29         # Display the selected date and note
30         dialog --msgbox "Selected date: $selected_date\nNote: $note" 0 0
31     else
32         # User canceled, show a message
33         dialog --msgbox "Operation canceled" 0 0
34     fi
35 }
36
```

```
41 # Function to delete a file
42 delete_file() {
43     #defines local variable dir
44     local dir=""
45     # asks the user to enter a directory name
46
47     dialog --title "Directory Input" --inputbox "Enter directory path (Press ENTER for current directory):" 8 40 2>
48 dir_input      #save the directory name to local variable dir
49     dir=$(cat dir_input)
50
51     if [ -z "$dir" ]; then
52         # checks if it is empty
53
54         dir=$(pwd)
55         # takes the current directory as dir
56     fi
57
58     if [ -d "$dir" ]; then
59         # checks if dir is a directroy
60
61         echo "Files in the chosen directory $dir:"
62         files=$(ls -1 "$dir")
63         # saves the files of dir to files
64         file_list=() #creates an array
65
66         while read -r file; do
67             file_list+=("$file" "")
68             #access from files and add to array
69         done <<< "$files"
70
71         dialog --title "File Deletion" --menu "Select a file to delete:" 20 60 10 "${file_list[@]}" 2>
72 file_to_delete_input
73         file_to_delete=$(cat file_to_delete_input)
74
75         if [ -n "$file_to_delete" ]; then
76             dialog --title "Confirm Deletion" --yesno "Are you sure you want to delete $file_to_delete?" 8 40
77         fi
78     fi
79 }
```

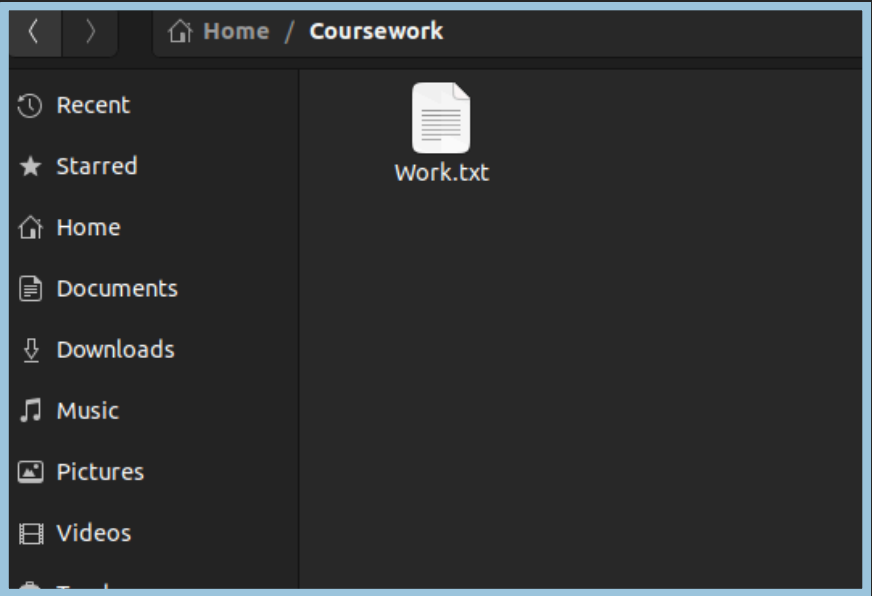
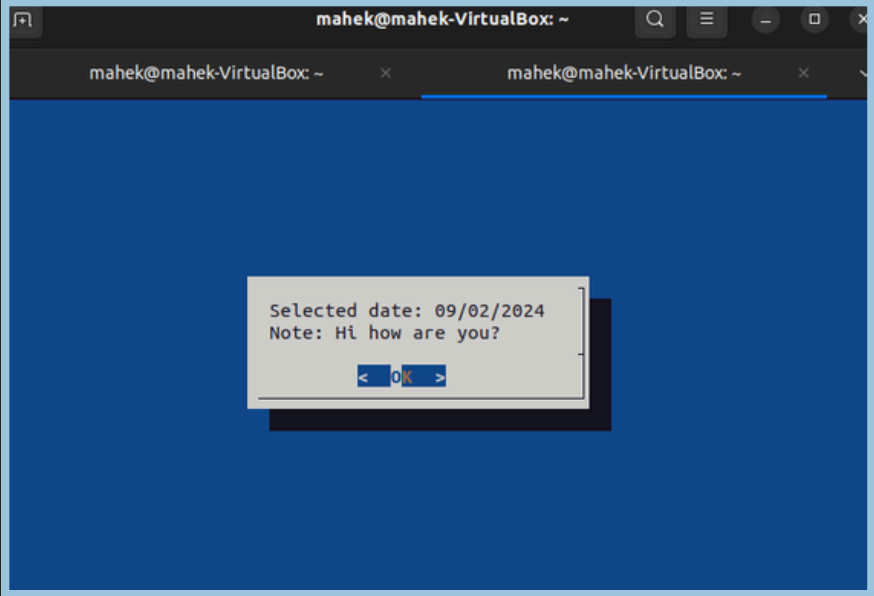
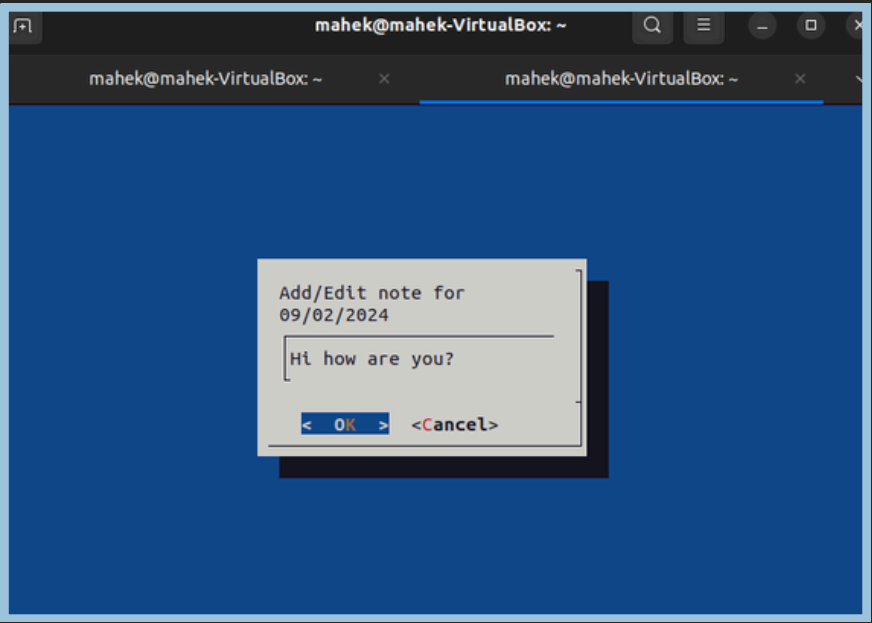
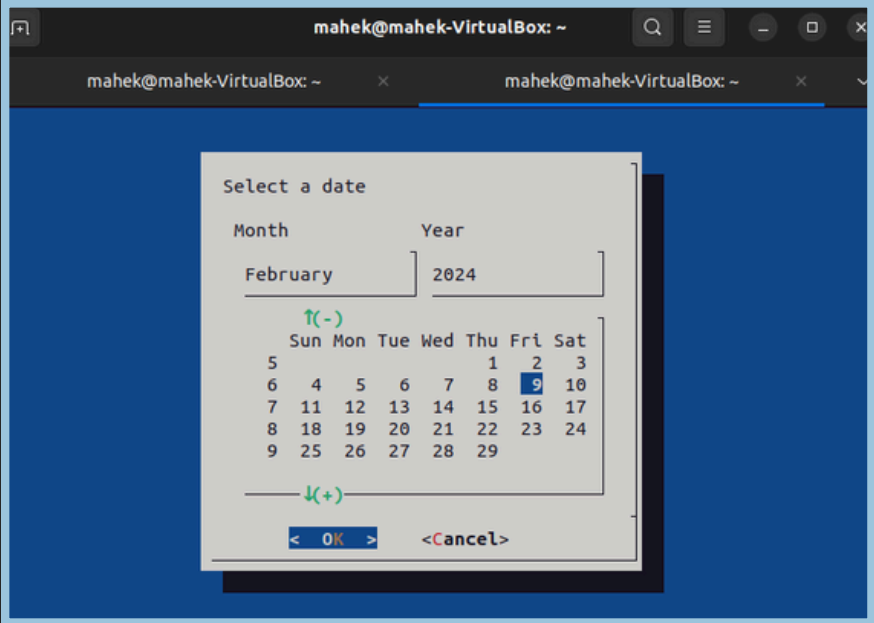
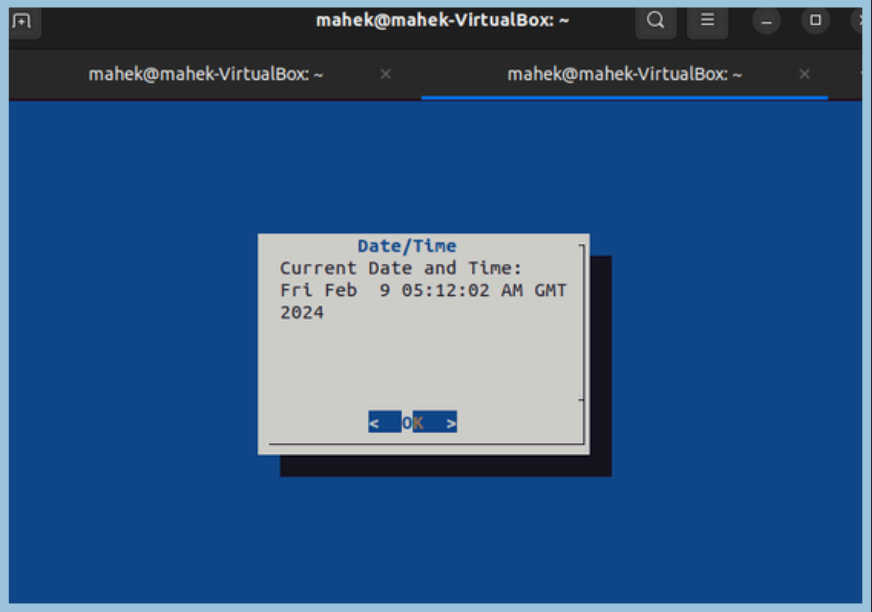
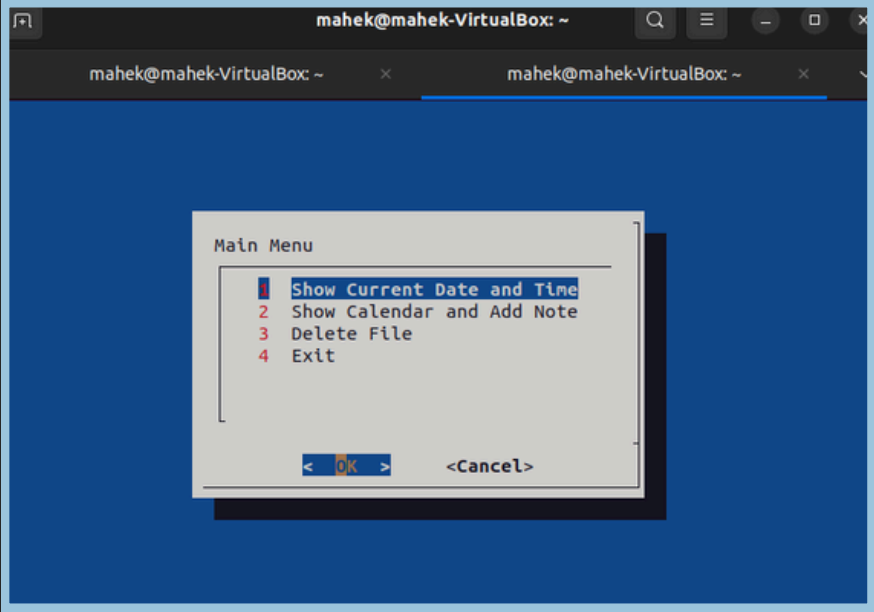
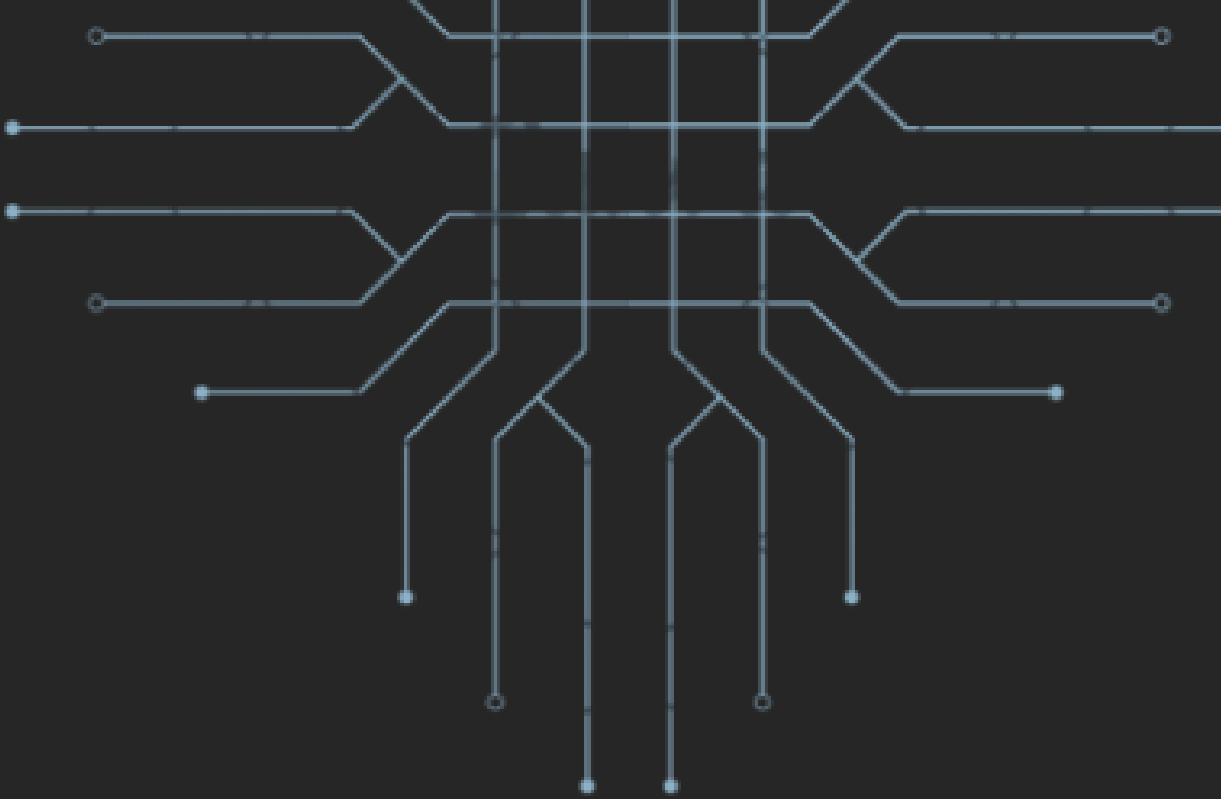
# Code Part 1

continued...



```
76
77         if [ $? -eq 0 ]; then
78             rm "$dir/$file_to_delete"
79             echo "File $file_to_delete deleted successfully."
80         else
81             echo "File deletion canceled."
82         fi
83     else
84         echo "No file selected for deletion."
85     fi
86 else
87     echo "Invalid directory path: $dir"
88 fi
89 }
90
91
92 # Main menu using dialog
93 while true; do
94     choice=$(dialog --menu "Main Menu" 0 0 0 \
95         1 "Show Current Date and Time" \
96         2 "Show Calendar and Add Note" \
97         3 "Delete File" \
98         4 "Exit" \
99         2>&1 >/dev/tty)
00     #directs standard error to the same location as the standard output
01     #redirects the output into the terminal
02
03     case $choice in
04         #Case is used to evalute value of a variable
05         1) show_datetime ;;
06         2) show_calendar ;;
07         3) delete_file ;;
08         4) exit ;;
09         *) echo "Invalid option";;
10     esac
11 done
```

# Output part 1

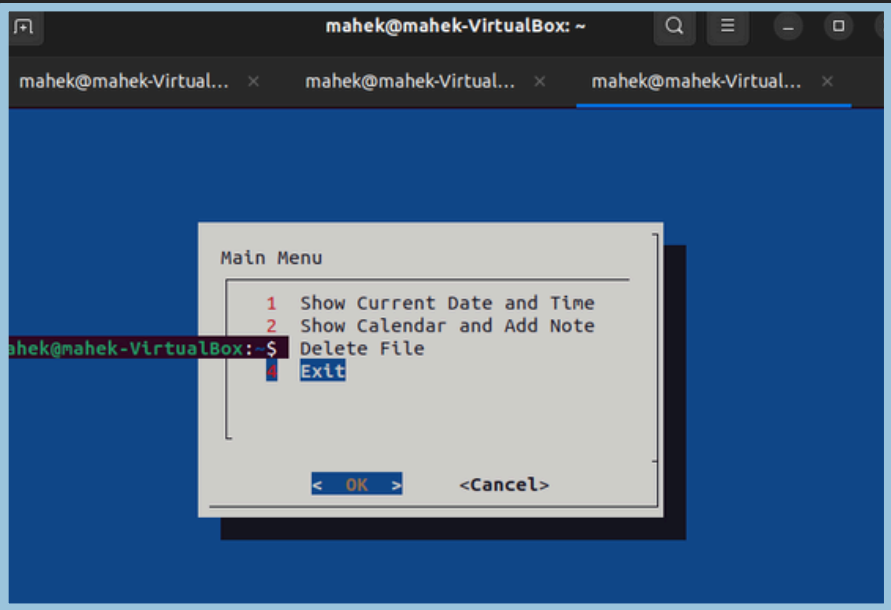
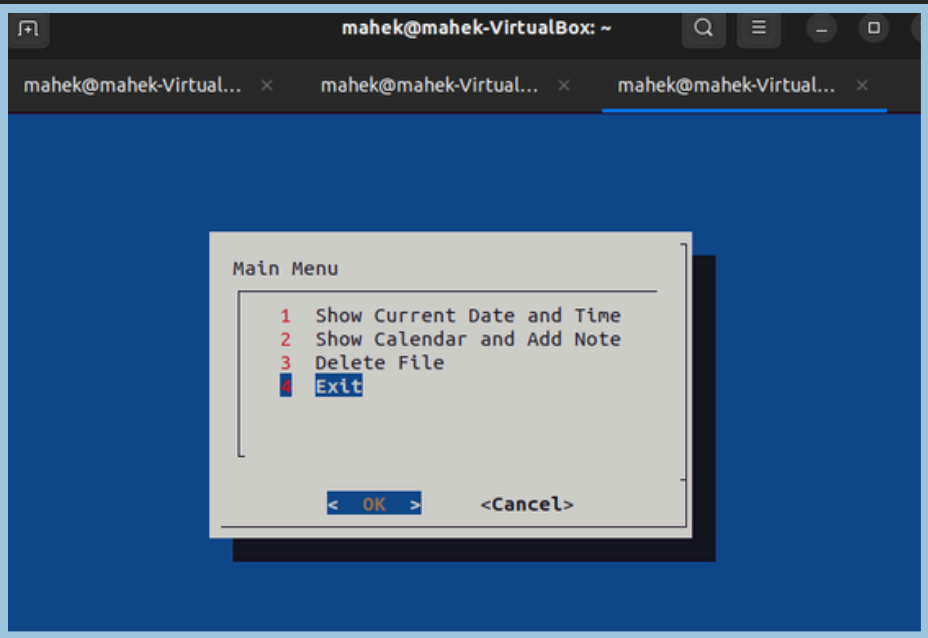
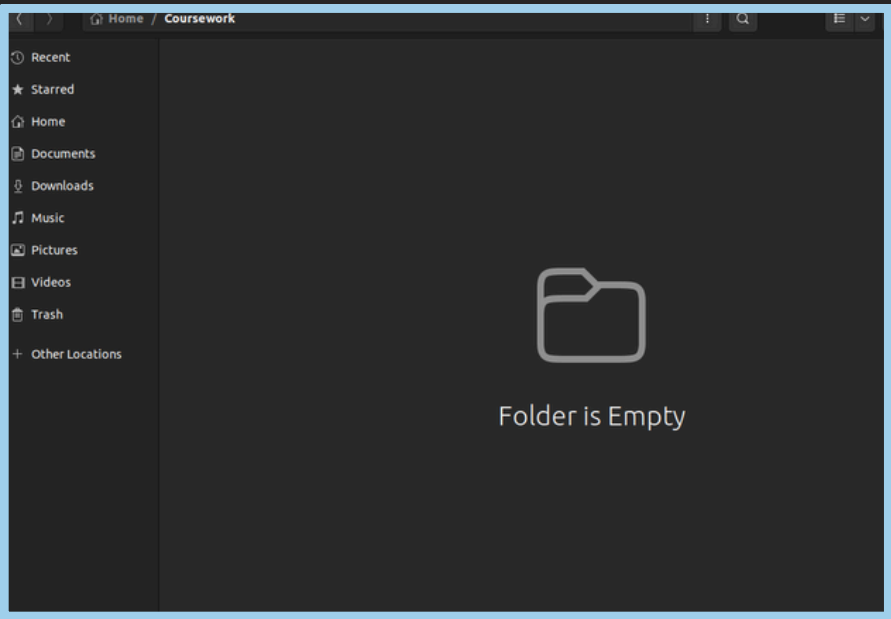
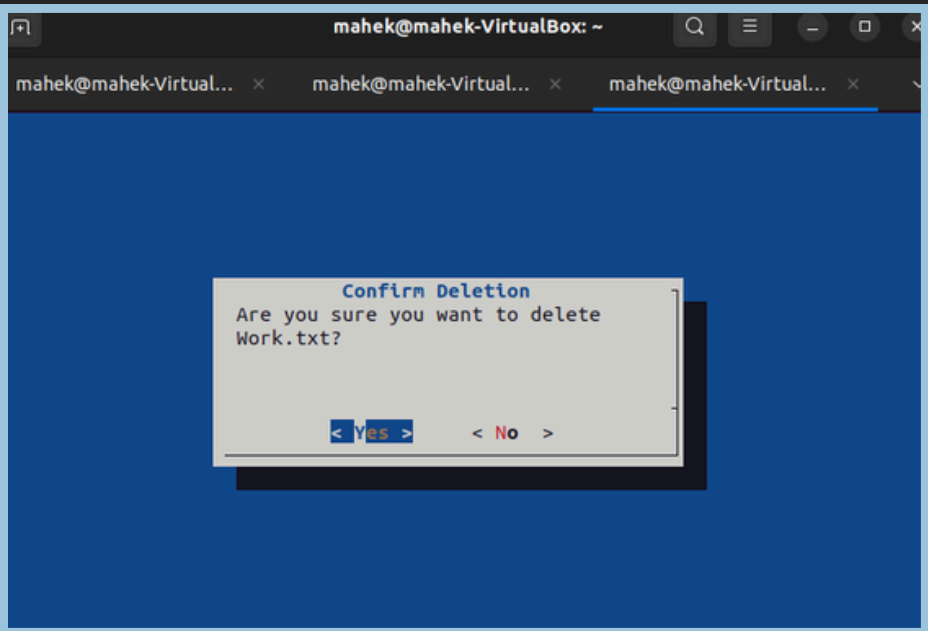
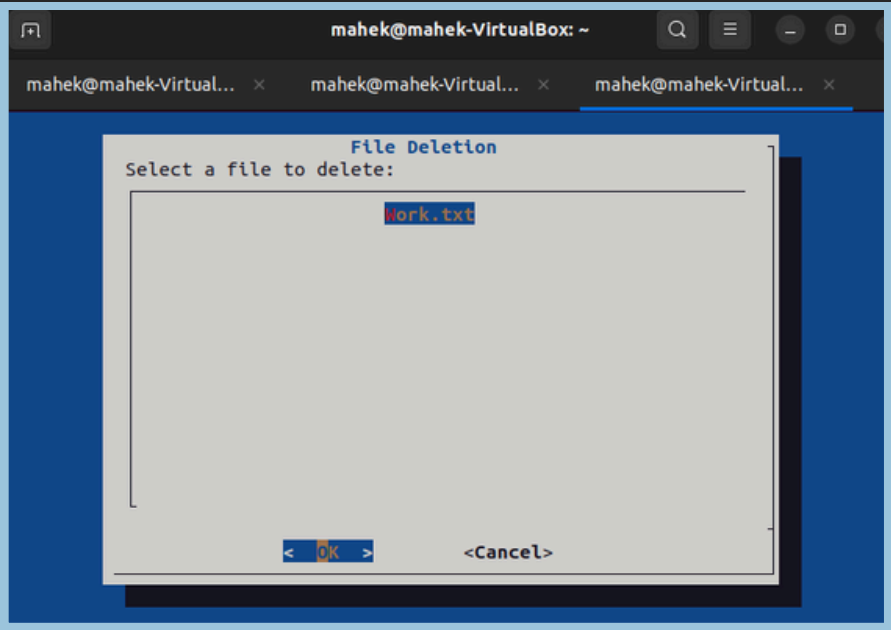
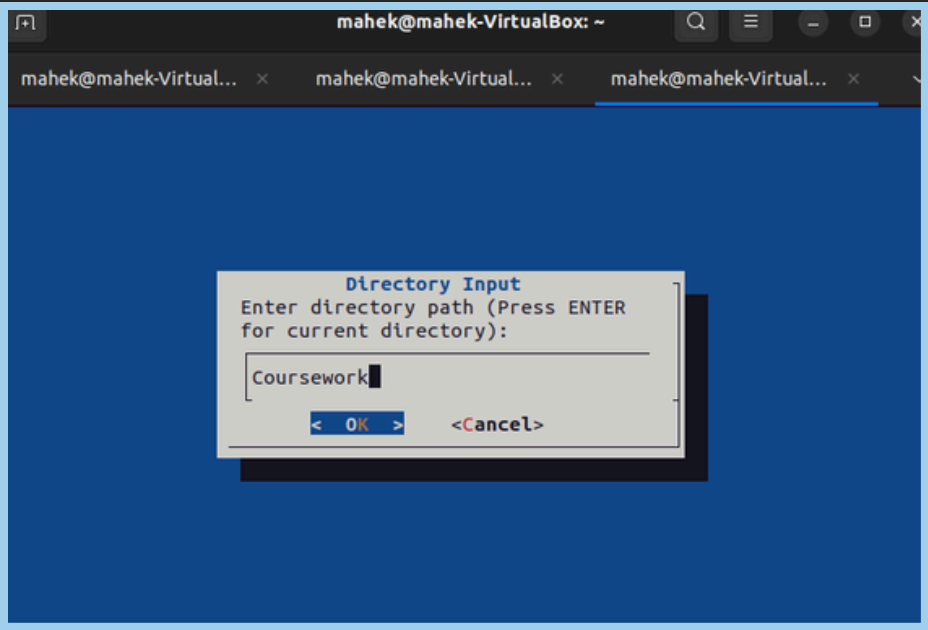
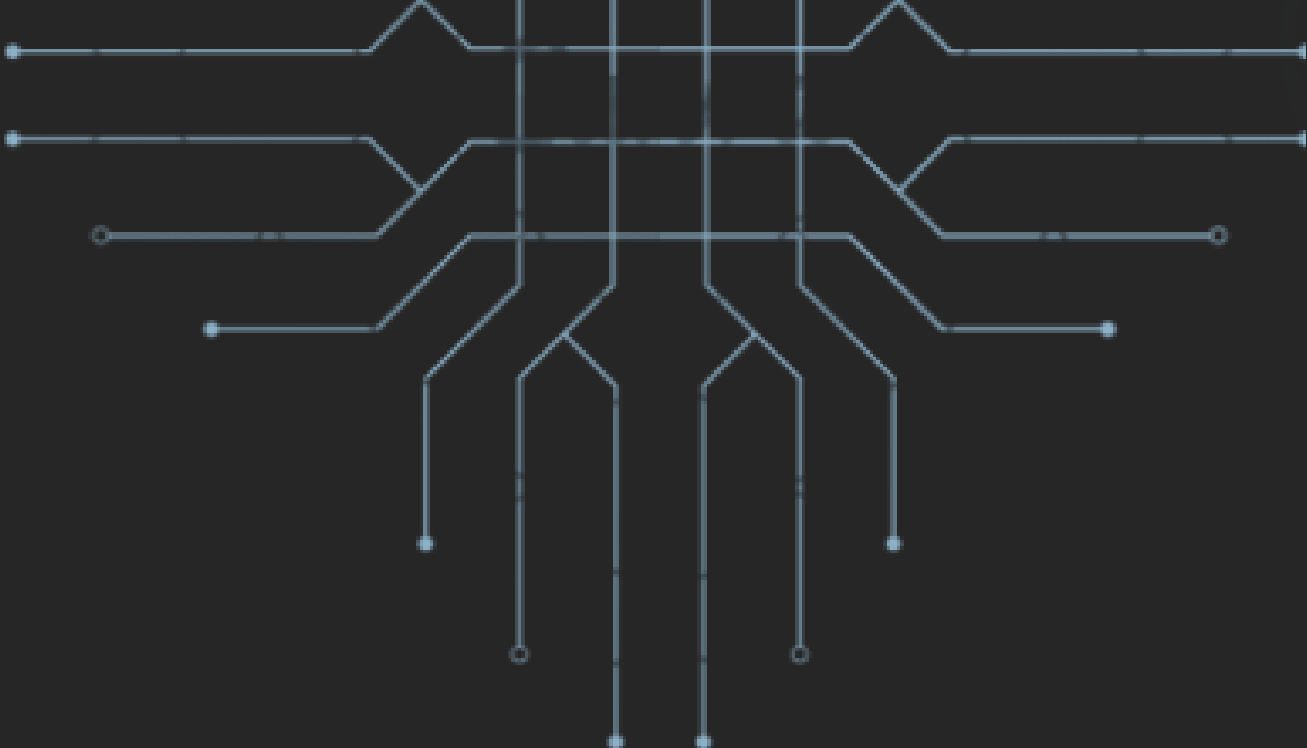




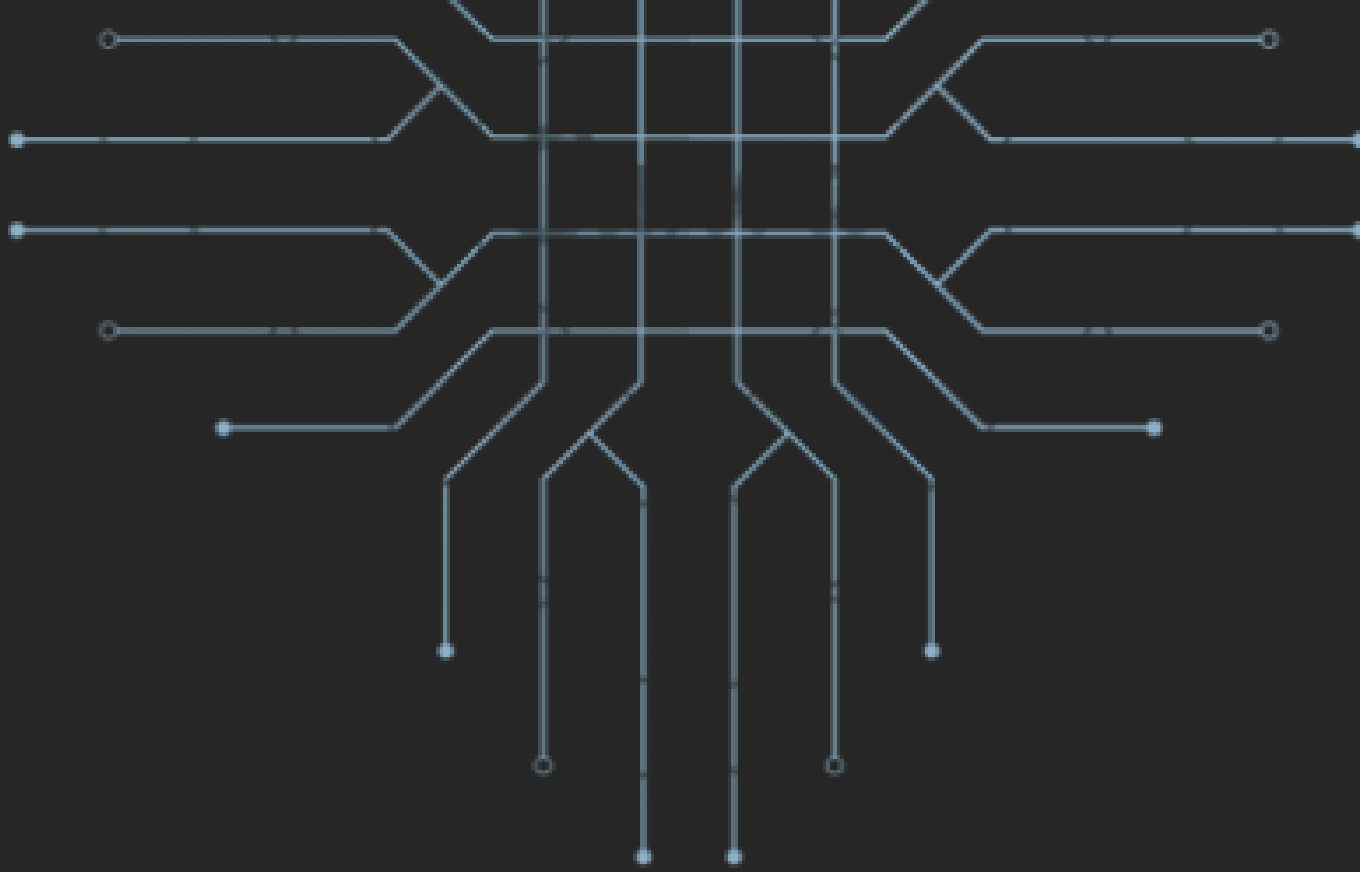
# Output

## Part 1

continued...



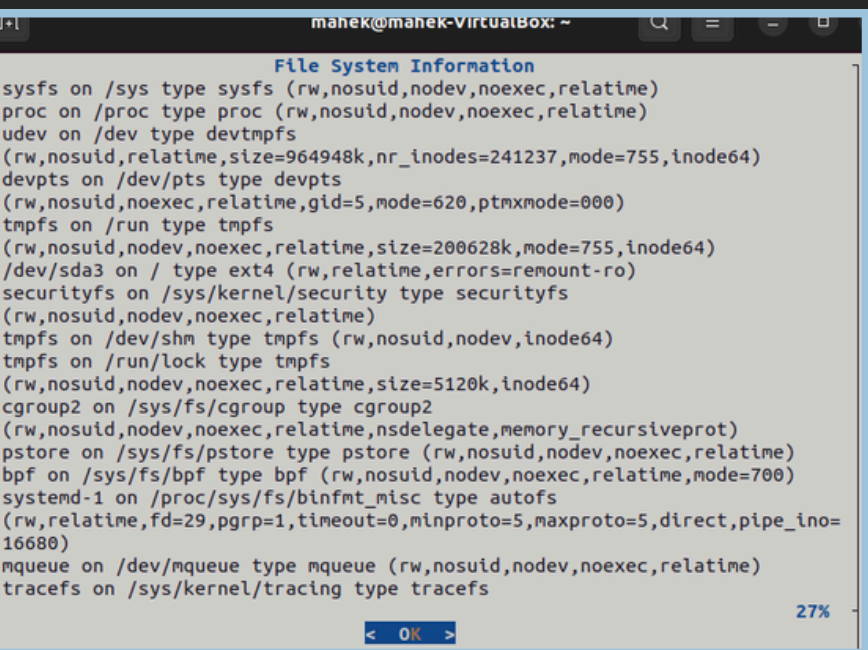
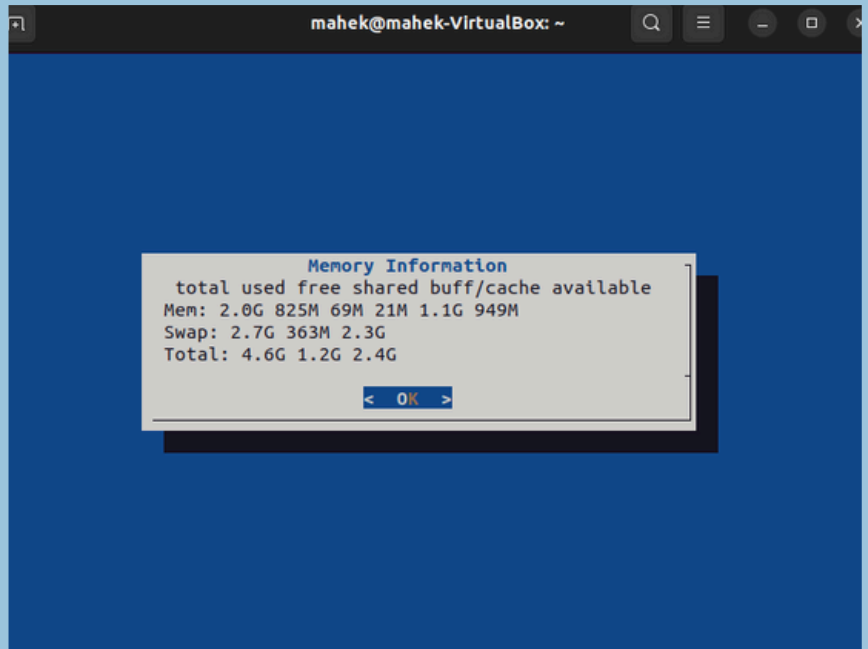
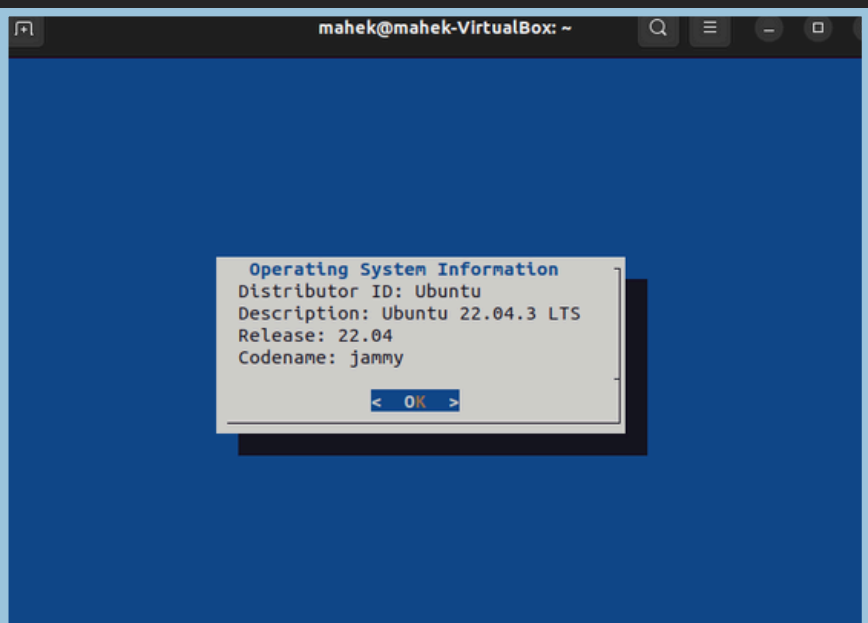
# Code Part 2

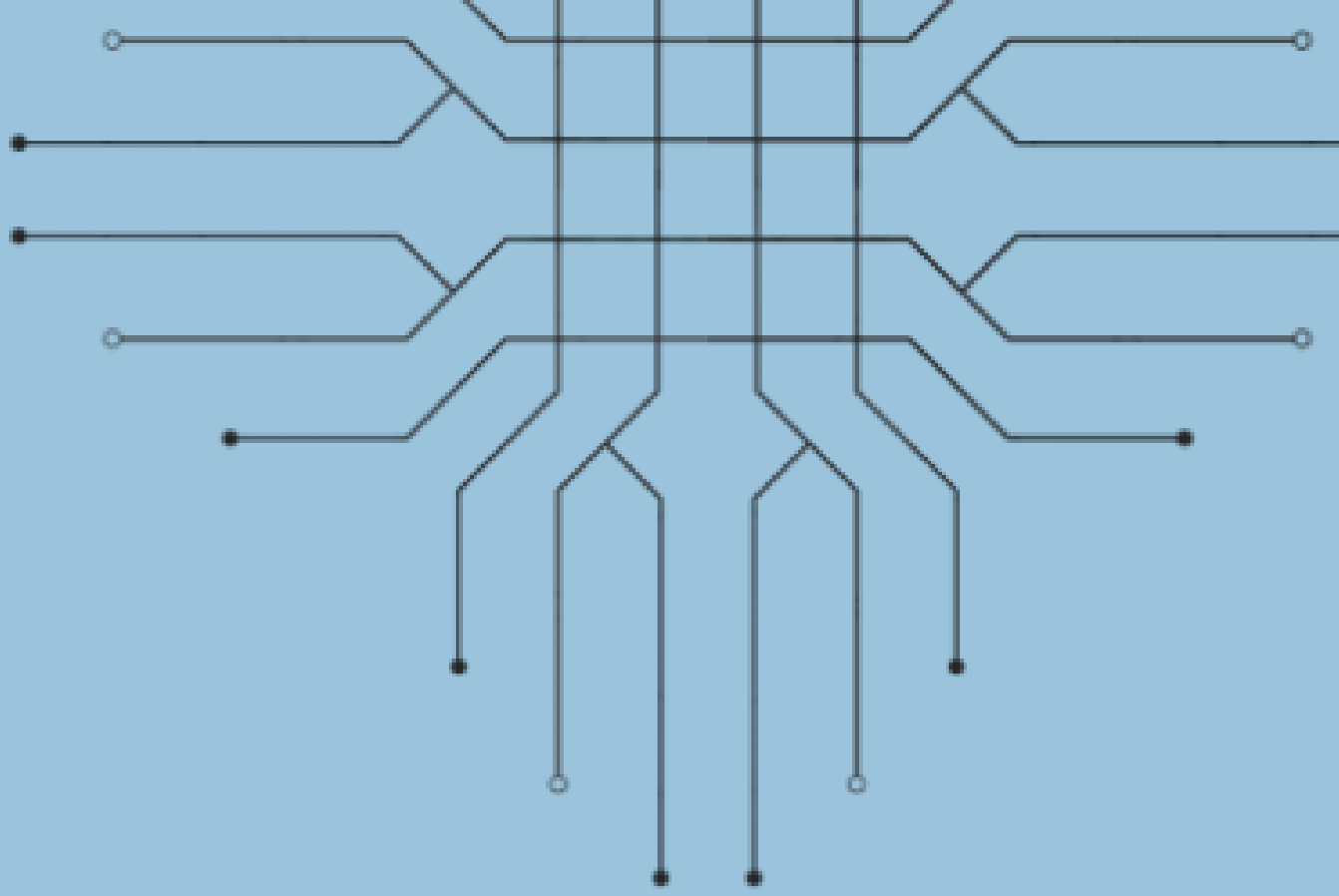


```
Open  ▾  [icon]  *part2.sh  Save  [icon]  [icon]  [icon]  [icon]
coursework2.sh  ×  *part2.sh  ×

1 # Function to display operating system information
2 show_os_info() {
3     dialog --title "Operating System Information" --msgbox "$(lsb_release -a)" 0 0
4     #Msgbox box(message box) is used to display any message we wish to display. It only has an OK button
5     #lsb_release-a command prints all the Linux Standard Base and distribution informaion
6     #0 0 sets the dialog size automatically
7 }
8
9 # Function to display CPU information
10 show_cpu_info() {
11     dialog --title "CPU Information" --msgbox "$(lscpu)" 0 0
12     #lscpu displays information about CPU architecture
13 }
14
15 # Function to display memory information
16 show_memory_info() {
17     dialog --title "Memory Information" --msgbox "$(free --giga -h -t)" 0 0
18     #free --giga -h -t gives the output in gigabites
19 }
20
21 # Function to display hard disk information
22 show_disk_info() {
23     dialog --title "Hard Disk Information" --msgbox "$(sudo fdisk -l)" 0 0
24     #lsudo fdisk -l displays information about the disk and it's partitions
25 }
26
27 # Function to display mounted file system information
28 show_file_system_info() {
29     dialog --title "File System Information" --msgbox "$(mount)" 0 0
30     #Mount displays where all the files are mounted
31 }
32
```

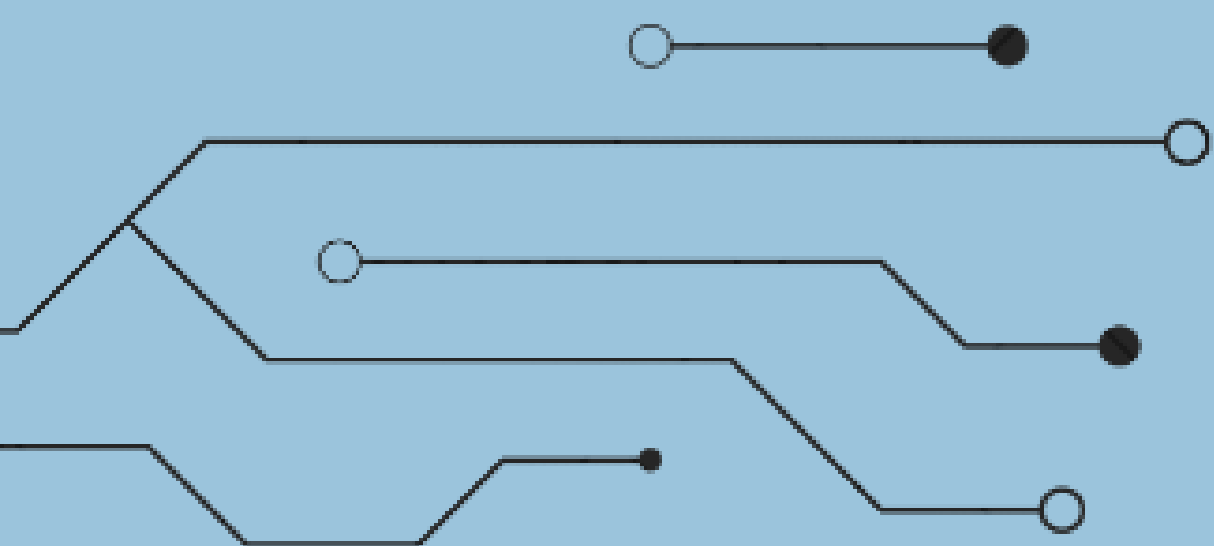
```
32
33 # Main menu using dialog
34 while true; do
35     #Asking user to choose one of the following options
36     choice=$(dialog --menu "Main Menu" 0 0 0 \
37         1 "Operating System Information" \
38         2 "CPU Information" \
39         3 "Memory Information" \
40         4 "Hard Disk Information" \
41         5 "File System Information" \
42         6 "Exit" \
43         2>&1 >/dev/tty)
44     #directs standard error to the same location as the standard output
45     #redirects the output into the terminal
46
47     case $choice in
48         #Case is used to evaluate value of a variable, which in this case is choice
49         1) show_os_info ;;
50         2) show_cpu_info ;;
51         3) show_memory_info ;;
52         4) show_disk_info ;;
53         5) show_file_system_info ;;
54         6) exit ;;
55         *) echo "Invalid option";;
56     esac
57 done
```



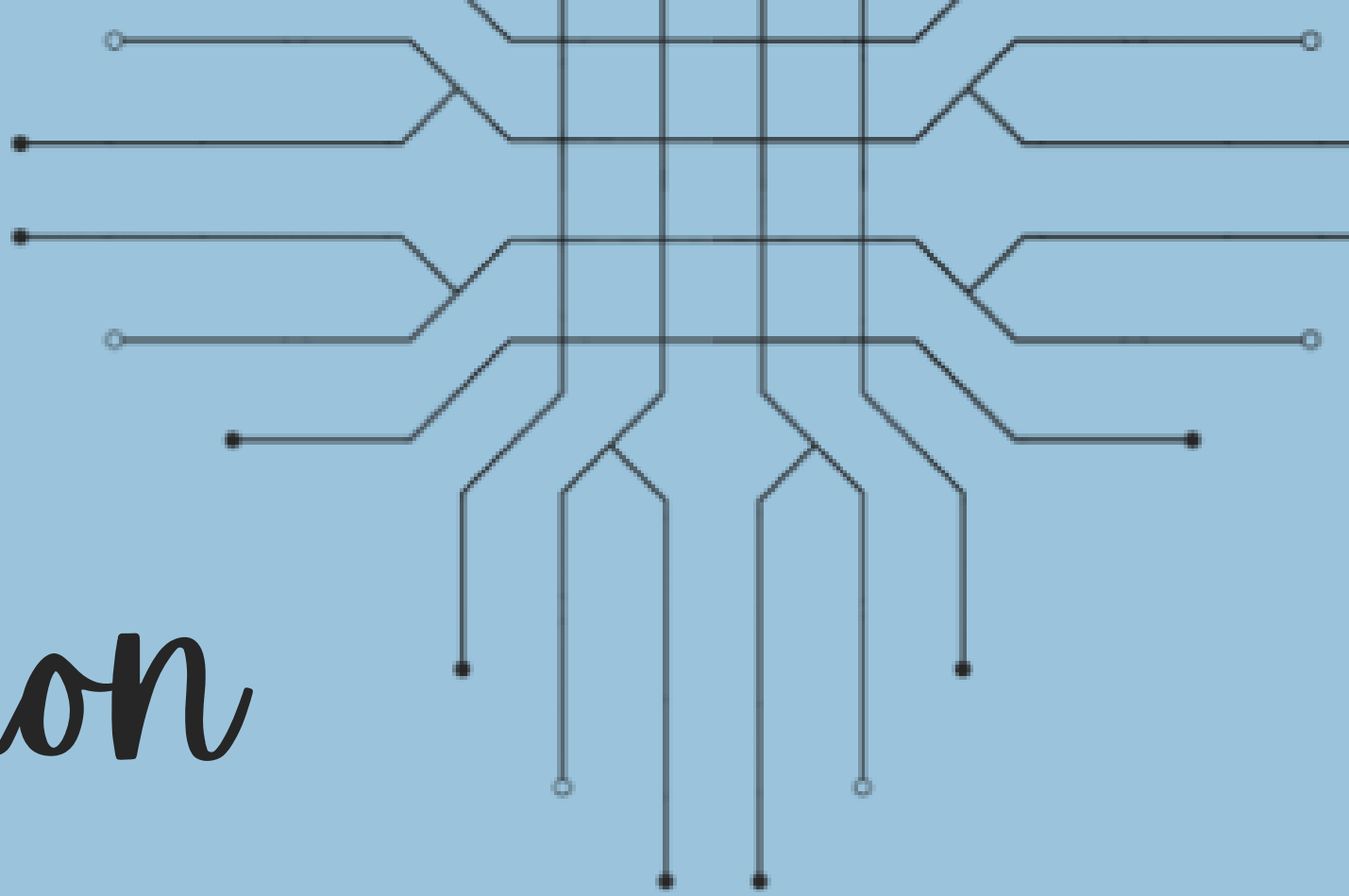


# Bibliography

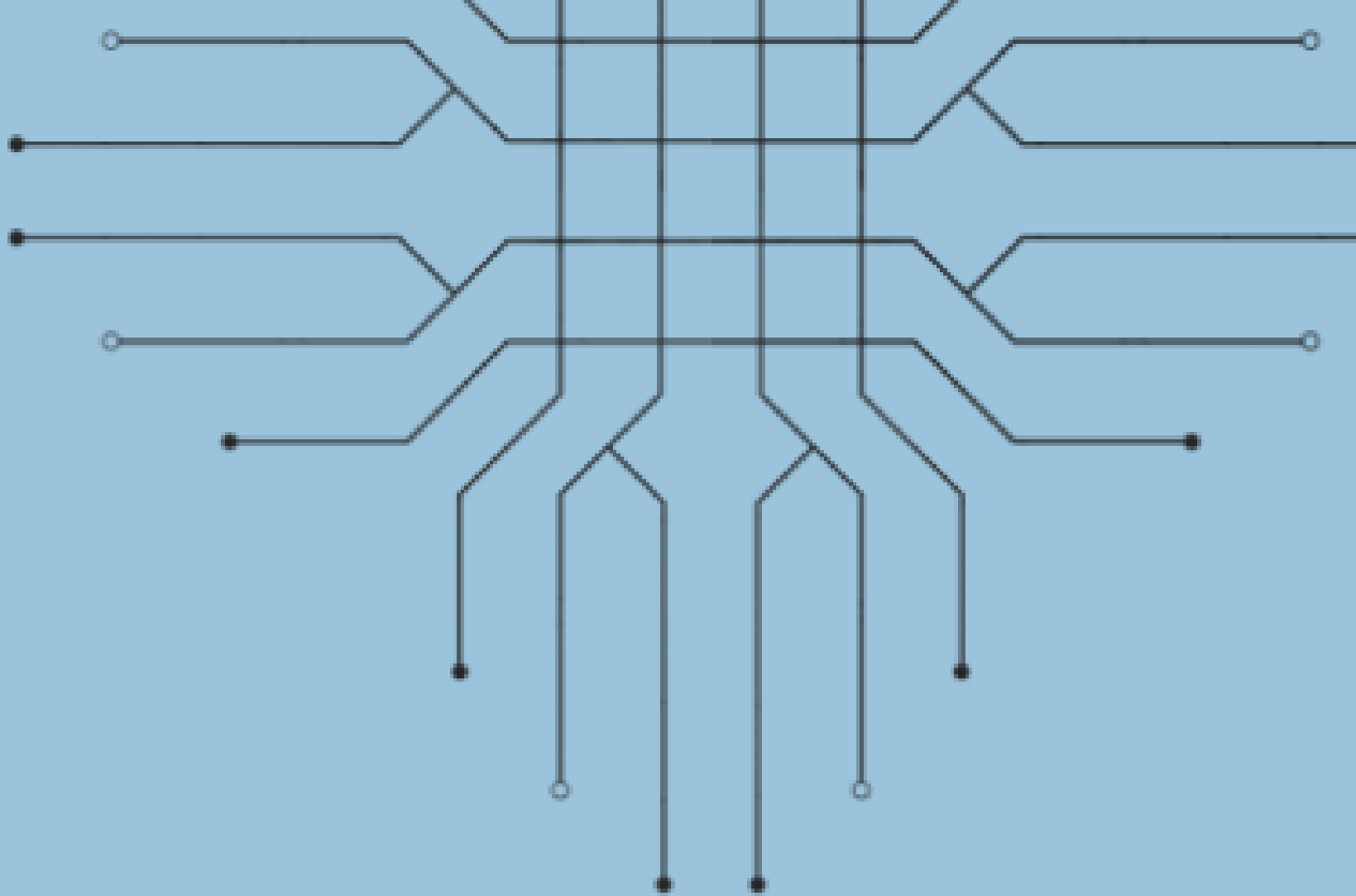
- [www.cyberciti.biz](http://www.cyberciti.biz)
- [ioflood.com](http://ioflood.com)- Linux command blogs
- <https://devconnected.com/>
- <https://stackoverflow.com/>
- CST1500 Lab Manual



# Reflection



This coursework has been instrumental in facilitating a comprehensive review of the fundamental concepts surrounding Linux bash scripting. Through its execution, we found ourselves delving deeper into the intricate nuances of this principle, allowing us to gain an understanding beyond the theoretical realm. Leveraging the foundational knowledge acquired from our Bash scripting Lab classes, we not only applied the basics but also delved further into advanced techniques, broadening our programming expertise. The process was not solely confined to what was covered in class; it extended to our self-driven research endeavors, enriching our understanding and proficiency in handling complex algorithms and logical structures



THANK  
you

