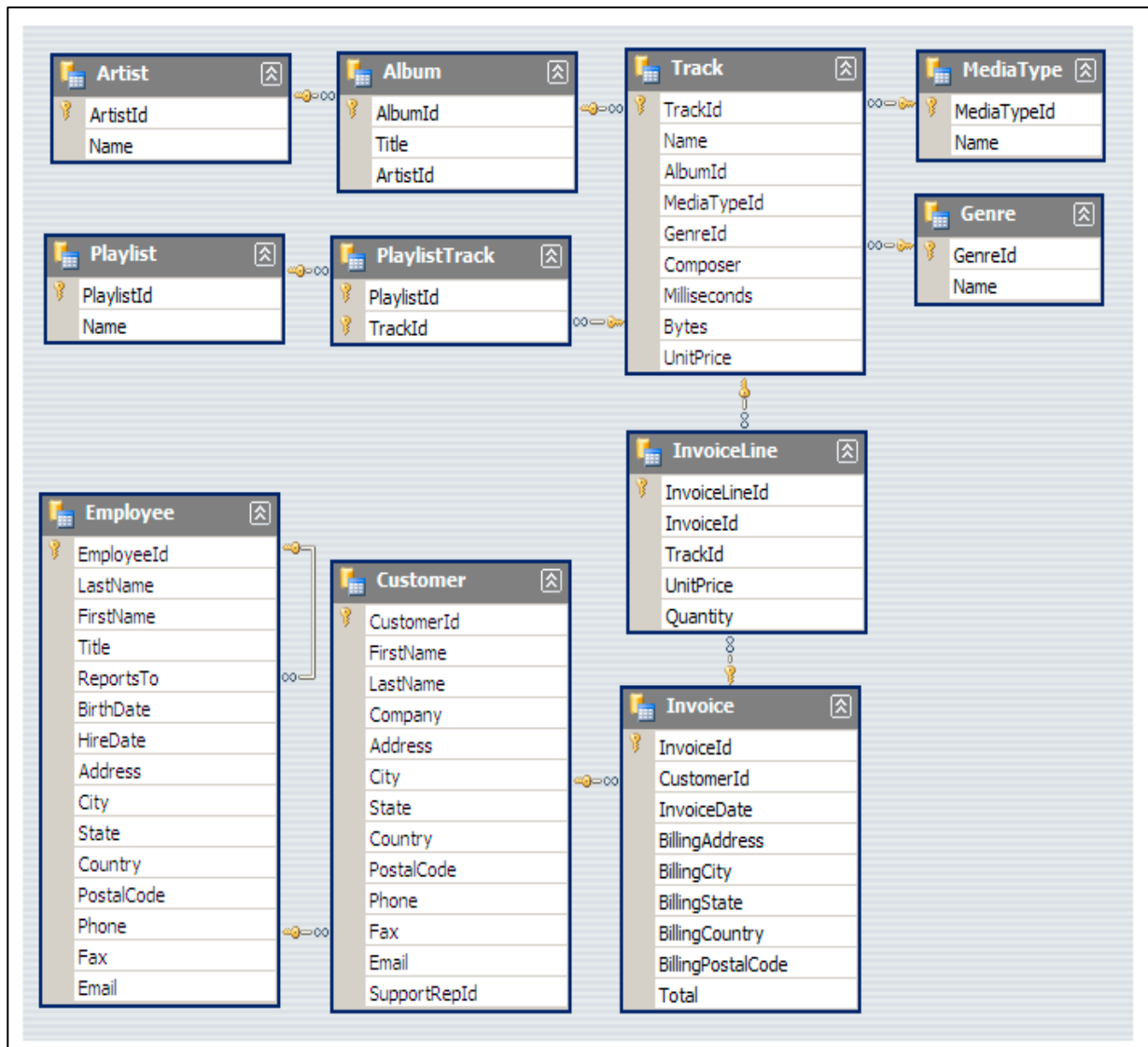




End-to-End SQL Project: Music Store Analysis

by Mahendralal Prajapati

Schema:



Beginner

Q.1) Who is the senior employee based on job title?

```
SELECT *  
FROM EMPLOYEE  
ORDER BY LEVELS DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

Output:

Data Output Messages Notifications						
	employee_id [PK] character varying (50)	last_name character	first_name character	title character varying (50)	reports_to character varying (30)	levels character varying (10)
1	9	Madan	Mohan	... Senior General Manager	[null]	L7

Q.2) Which countries have the most Invoices?

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS C,  
       BILLING_COUNTRY  
FROM INVOICE  
GROUP BY BILLING_COUNTRY  
ORDER BY C DESC;
```

Output:

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

≡+

▼

▼

	<div>c</div> <div>bigint</div> <div></div>	<div>billing_country</div> <div>character varying (30)</div> <div></div>
1	131	USA
2	76	Canada
3	61	Brazil
4	50	France
5	41	Germany
6	30	Czech Republic

Q.3) What are top 3 values of total invoice?

```
SELECT TOTAL  
FROM INVOICE  
ORDER BY TOTAL DESC  
LIMIT 3;
```

Output:

Data Output		Messages
	total double precision	
1	23.759999999999998	
2	19.8	
3	19.8	

Q.4) Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music festival in the city we made that most money, write a query that returns one city that has highest sum of invoice totals. Return both the city name and sum of all invoices.

```
SELECT SUM(TOTAL) AS INVOICE_TOTAL,  
       BILLING_CITY  
FROM INVOICE  
GROUP BY BILLING_CITY  
ORDER BY INVOICE_TOTAL DESC;
```

Output:

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

≡+

	<div>invoice_total</div> <div>double precision</div> <div></div>	<div>billing_city</div> <div>character varying (30)</div> <div></div>
1	273.240000000000007	Prague
2	169.29	Mountain View
3	166.32	London
4	158.4	Berlin
5	151.47	Paris
6	129.69	São Paulo

Q.5) Who is the one of best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer. Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.

```
SELECT CUSTOMER.CUSTOMER_ID,  
       CUSTOMER.FIRST_NAME,  
       CUSTOMER.LAST_NAME,  
       SUM(INVOICE.TOTAL) AS TOTAL_SPENT  
FROM CUSTOMER  
JOIN INVOICE ON CUSTOMER.CUSTOMER_ID = INVOICE.CUSTOMER_ID  
GROUP BY CUSTOMER.CUSTOMER_ID  
ORDER BY TOTAL_SPENT DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

Output:

Data Output					Messages	Notifications
	customer_id [PK] integer	first_name character	last_name character	total_spent double precision		
1	5	R	...	Madhav	144.540000000000002	

Intermediate

Q.1) Write query to return the email, first_name, last_name, & Genre of all Rock Music listeners. Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A.

```
SELECT DISTINCT EMAIL,  
    FIRST_NAME,  
    LAST_NAME  
FROM CUSTOMER  
JOIN INVOICE ON CUSTOMER.CUSTOMER_ID = INVOICE.CUSTOMER_ID  
JOIN INVOICE_LINE ON INVOICE.INVOICE_ID = INVOICE_LINE.INVOICE_ID  
WHERE TRACK_ID IN  
    (SELECT TRACK_ID  
     FROM TRACK  
     JOIN GENRE ON TRACK.GENRE_ID = GENRE.GENRE_ID  
     WHERE GENRE.NAME like 'Rock' )  
ORDER BY EMAIL;
```

Output:

Data Output				Messages		Notifications	
	email character varying (50)	first_name character	last_name character				
1	aaronmitchell@yahoo.ca	Aaron	Mitchell				
2	alero@uol.com.br	Alexandre	Rocha				
3	astrid.gruber@apple.at	Astrid	Gruber				
4	bjorn.hansen@yahoo.no	Bjørn	Hansen				
5	camille.bernard@yahoo.fr	Camille	Bernard				
6	daan_peeters@apple.be	Daan	Peeters				

Q.2) Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset. Write a query that returns the artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands.

```
SELECT ARTIST.ARTIST_ID,  
       ARTIST.NAME,  
       COUNT(ARTIST.ARTIST_ID) AS NUMBER_OF_SONGS  
FROM TRACK  
JOIN ALBUM ON ALBUM.ALBUM_ID = TRACK.ALBUM_ID  
JOIN ARTIST ON ARTIST.ARTIST_ID = ALBUM.ARTIST_ID  
JOIN GENRE ON GENRE.GENRE_ID = TRACK.GENRE_ID  
WHERE GENRE.NAME like 'Rock'  
GROUP BY ARTIST.ARTIST_ID  
ORDER BY NUMBER_OF_SONGS DESC  
LIMIT 10;
```

Output:

Data Output Messages Notifications			
	artist_id [PK] character varying (50)	name character varying (120)	number_of_songs bigint
1	22	Led Zeppelin	114
2	150	U2	112
3	58	Deep Purple	92
4	90	Iron Maiden	81
5	118	Pearl Jam	54
6	152	Van Halen	52
7	51	Queen	45
8	142	The Rolling Stones	41
9	76	Creedence Clearwater Revival	40
10	52	Kiss	35

Q.3) Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length. Return the Name and milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first.

```
SELECT NAME,  
        MILLISECONDS  
FROM TRACK  
WHERE MILLISECONDS >  
      (SELECT AVG(MILLISECONDS)  
       FROM TRACK)  
ORDER BY MILLISECONDS DESC;
```

Output:

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

name

character varying (150)

milliseconds

integer

1	Occupation / Precipice	5286953
2	Through a Looking Glass	5088838
3	Greetings from Earth, Pt. 1	2960293
4	The Man With Nine Lives	2956998
5	Battlestar Galactica, Pt. 2	2956081
6	Battlestar Galactica, Pt. 1	2952702
7	Murder On the Rising Star	2935894
8	Battlestar Galactica, Pt. 3	2927802
9	Take the Celestra	2927677
10	Fire In Space	2926593

Advance

Q.1) Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name, and total spent.

```
WITH BEST_SELLING_ARTIST AS
  (SELECT ARTIST.ARTIST_ID AS ARTIST_ID,
    ARTIST.NAME AS ARTIST_NAME,
    SUM(INVOICE_LINE.UNIT_PRICE * INVOICE_LINE.QUANTITY) AS TOTAL_SALES
  FROM INVOICE_LINE
  JOIN TRACK ON TRACK.TRACK_ID = INVOICE_LINE.TRACK_ID
  JOIN ALBUM ON ALBUM.ALBUM_ID = TRACK.ALBUM_ID
  JOIN ARTIST ON ARTIST.ARTIST_ID = ALBUM.ARTIST_ID
  GROUP BY 1
  ORDER BY 3 DESC
  LIMIT 1)
SELECT C.CUSTOMER_ID,
  C.FIRST_NAME,
  C.LAST_NAME,
  BSA.ARTIST_NAME,
  SUM(IL.UNIT_PRICE * IL.QUANTITY) AS AMOUNT_SPENT
FROM INVOICE I
JOIN CUSTOMER C ON C.CUSTOMER_ID = I.CUSTOMER_ID
JOIN INVOICE_LINE IL ON IL.INVOICE_ID = I.INVOICE_ID
JOIN TRACK T ON T.TRACK_ID = IL.TRACK_ID
JOIN ALBUM ALB ON ALB.ALBUM_ID = T.ALBUM_ID
JOIN BEST_SELLING_ARTIST BSA ON BSA.ARTIST_ID = ALB.ARTIST_ID
GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
ORDER BY 5 DESC;
```

Output:

Data Output Messages Notifications						
	customer_id integer	first_name character	last_name character	artist_name character varying (120)	amount_spent double precision	
1	46	Hugh	O'Reilly	Queen	27.719999999999985	
2	38	Niklas	Schröder	Queen	18.81	
3	3	François	Tremblay	Queen	17.82	
4	34	João	Fernandes	Queen	16.830000000000002	
5	53	Phil	Hughes	Queen	11.88	
6	41	Marc	Dubois	Queen	11.88	
7	47	Lucas	Mancini	Queen	10.89	
8	33	Ellie	Sullivan	Queen	10.89	
9	20	Dan	Miller	Queen	3.96	
10	5	R	Madhav	Queen	3.96	

Q.2) We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top Genre. For Countries where the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres.

```
WITH POPULAR_GENRE AS
  (SELECT COUNT(INVOICE_LINE.QUANTITY) AS PURCHASE,
    CUSTOMER.COUNTRY,
    GENRE.NAME,
    GENRE.GENRE_ID,
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY CUSTOMER.COUNTRY ORDER BY COUNT(INVOICE_LINE.QUANTITY) DESC) AS ROWNO
  FROM INVOICE_LINE
  JOIN INVOICE ON INVOICE.INVOICE_ID = INVOICE_LINE.INVOICE_ID
  JOIN CUSTOMER ON CUSTOMER.CUSTOMER_ID = INVOICE.CUSTOMER_ID
  JOIN TRACK ON TRACK.TRACK_ID = INVOICE_LINE.TRACK_ID
  JOIN GENRE ON GENRE.GENRE_ID = TRACK.GENRE_ID
  GROUP BY 2,3,4
  ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC)
SELECT *
FROM POPULAR_GENRE
WHERE ROWNO <= 1;
```

Output:

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

≡+

📄

▼

📋

▼

🗑️

📦

⬇️

📈

	purchase bigint	country character varying (50)	name character varying (120)	genre_id character varying (50)	rowno bigint
1	17	Argentina	Alternative & Punk	4	1
2	34	Australia	Rock	1	1
3	40	Austria	Rock	1	1
4	26	Belgium	Rock	1	1
5	205	Brazil	Rock	1	1
6	333	Canada	Rock	1	1
7	61	Chile	Rock	1	1
8	143	Czech Republic	Rock	1	1
9	24	Denmark	Rock	1	1
10	46	Finland	Rock	1	1

Q.3) write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country. Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent. For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount.

```
WITH CUSTOMER_WITH_COUNTRY AS
(
  SELECT CUSTOMER.CUSTOMER_ID,
         FIRST_NAME,
         LAST_NAME,
         BILLING_COUNTRY,
         SUM(TOTAL) AS TOTAL_SPENDING,
         ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY BILLING_COUNTRY ORDER BY SUM(TOTAL) DESC) AS ROWNO
  FROM INVOICE
  JOIN CUSTOMER ON CUSTOMER.CUSTOMER_ID = INVOICE.CUSTOMER_ID
  GROUP BY 1,2,
         3,4
  ORDER BY 4 ASC, 5 DESC)
SELECT *
FROM CUSTOMER_WITH_COUNTRY
WHERE ROWNO <= 1;
```

Output:

Data Output Messages Notifications							
	customer_id integer	first_name character	last_name character	billing_country character varying (30)	total_spending double precision	rowno bigint	
1	56	Diego	Gutiérrez	Argentina	39.6	1	
2	55	Mark	Taylor	Australia	81.18	1	
3	7	Astrid	Gruber	Austria	69.3	1	
4	8	Daan	Peeters	Belgium	60.389999999999999	1	
5	1	Luís	Gonçalves	Brazil	108.89999999999999	1	
6	3	François	Tremblay	Canada	99.99	1	
7	57	Luis	Rojas	Chile	97.020000000000001	1	
8	5	R	Madhav	Czech Republic	144.540000000000002	1	
9	9	Kara	Nielsen	Denmark	37.619999999999999	1	
10	44	Terhi	Hämäläinen	Finland	79.2	1	