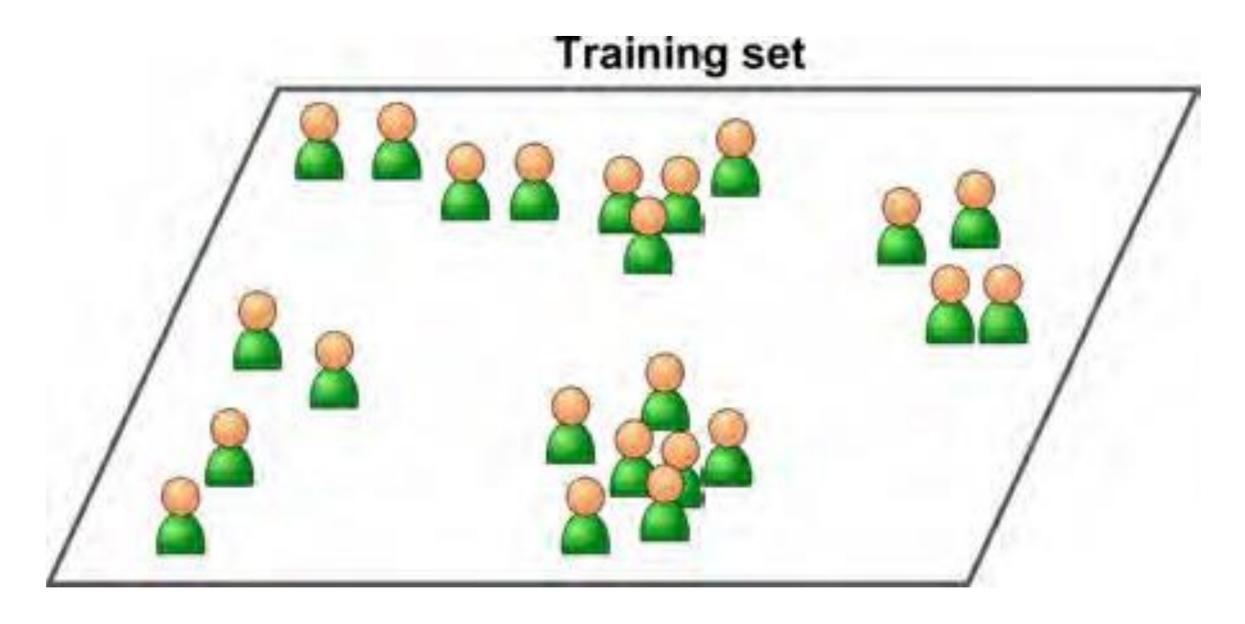
# Unsupervised Learning

• The training data is unlabeled.



## Supervised Learning

Clustering

k-Means

Hierarchical Cluster Analysis (HCA)

**Expectation Maximization** 

Visualization and dimensionality reduction

Principal Component Analysis (PCA)

Kernel PCA

Locally-Linear Embedding (LLE)

t-distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding (t-SNE)

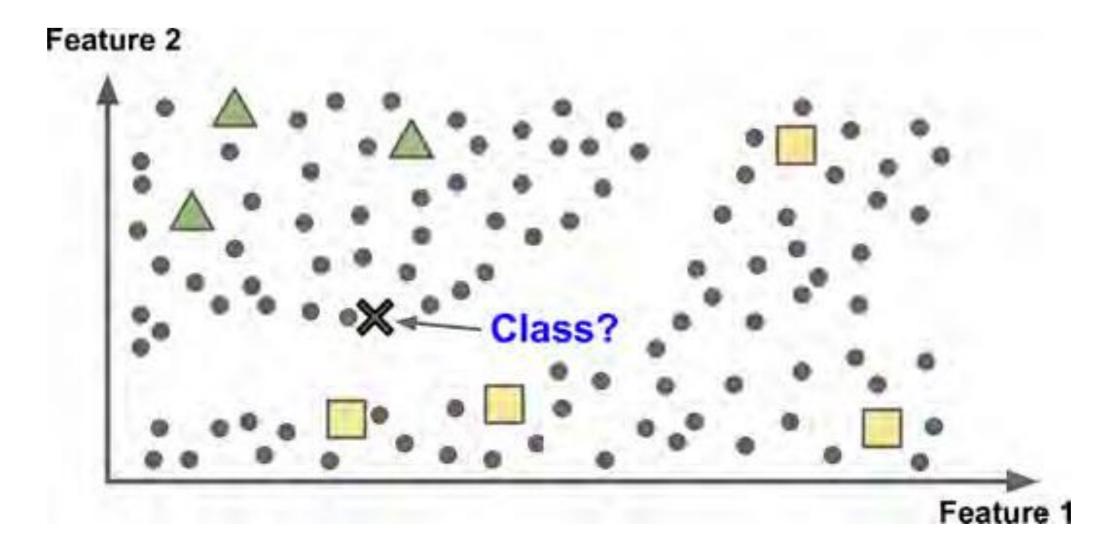
Association rule learning

**Apriori** 

Eclat

## Semisupervised Learning

 Some algorithms can deal with partially labeled training data, usually a lot of unlabeled data and a little bit of labeled data.



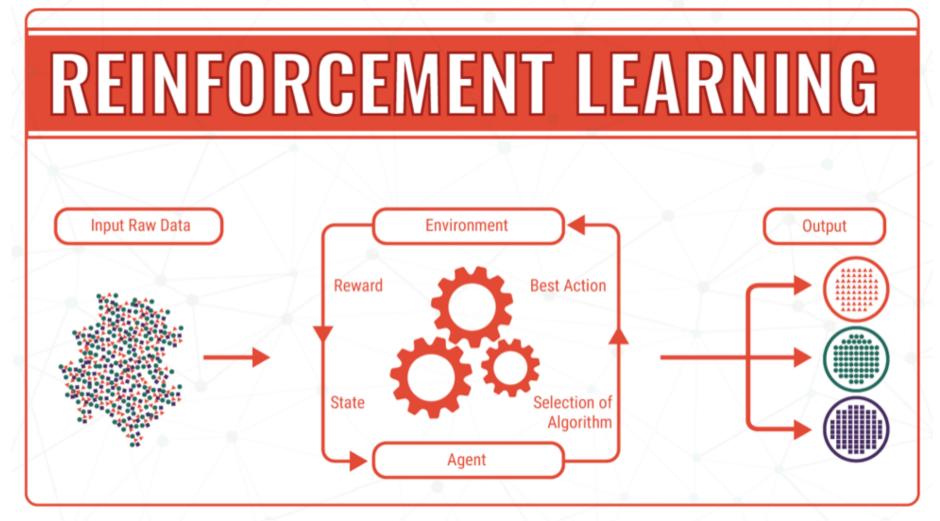
#### Different Types of Learning

Training Data Supervised All Labeled Data Model Learning Some Labeled Data Semi-Model Supervised Lots of Unlabeled Learning Data Unsupervised Model All Unlabeled Data Learning

# Reinforcement Learning

 The learning system, called an agent in this context, can observe the environment, select and perform actions, and

get rewards in return.



## Natural Language Processing (NLP)

- A subfield of linguistics, computer science, and artificial intelligence concerned with the interactions between computers and human language.
- Challenges
  - Speech recognition
  - Natural language understanding
  - Natural-language generation

#### Natural Language Processing (NLP)

Text classification

Information retrieval

Natural Language Processing

Natural language understanding

Natural language generation