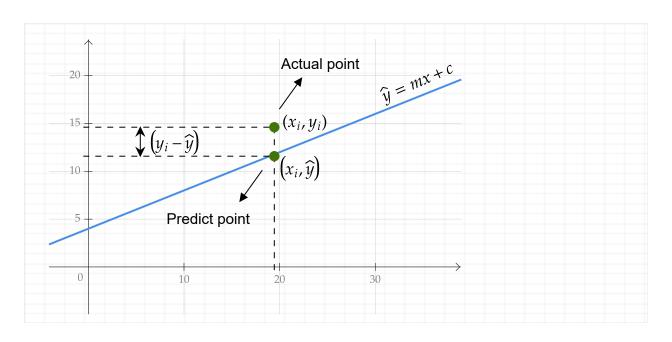
Linear regression slope (m) formula derivation



$$S = \sum (y_i - \widehat{y})^2$$

$$\hat{y} = mx + c$$

$$S = \sum (y_i - (mx_i + c))^2$$

Apply partial differential with respective c

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial c} = \frac{\partial}{\partial c} \sum (y_i - (mx_i + c))^2$$

$$= 2 \times \sum \left((y_i - (mx_i + c)) \times \frac{\partial}{\partial c} (y_i - (mx + c)) \right)$$

$$= 2 \times \sum (y_i - (mx_i + c)) \times (-1)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial}{\partial c} (y_i - (mx_i + c)) = -1$$

$$= -2 \times \sum (y_i - (mx_i + c))$$

Apply partial differential with respective m

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial m} = \frac{\partial}{\partial m} \sum (y_i - (mx_i + c))^2$$

$$= 2 \times \sum \left((y_i - (mx_i + c)) \times \frac{\partial}{\partial m} (y_i - (mx_i + c)) \right)$$

$$= 2 \times \sum (y_i - (mx_i + c)) \times (-x_i)$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial}{\partial m} (y_i - (mx_i + c)) = -x_i$$

$$= -2 \times \sum x_i (y_i - (mx_i + c))$$

Partial derivatives equal to 0

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial c} = -2 \times \sum (y_i - (mx_i + c)) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial m} = -2 \times \sum x_i (y_i - (mx_i + c)) = 0$$

Find c (intercept)

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial c} = 0 = \sum (y_i - (mx_i + c))$$

$$= \sum y_i - \sum mx_i - \sum c$$

$$= \sum y_i - \sum mx_i - nc$$

$$nc = \sum y_i - \sum mx_i$$

$$c = \frac{\sum y_i}{n} - m \frac{\sum x_i}{n}$$
$$c = \overline{y} - m\overline{x}$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{\sum y_i}{n} = \overline{y} \quad ; \quad \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \overline{x}$$

Find m (slope)

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial m} = 0 = \sum x_i (y_i - (mx_i + c))$$

$$= \sum x_i (y_i - \overline{y} - mx_i + m\overline{x})$$

$$= \sum x_i (y_i - \overline{y}) - m \sum x_i (x_i + \overline{x})$$

$$= \sum x_i (y_i - \overline{y}) - m \sum x_i (x_i + \overline{x})$$

$$m \sum x_i (x_i + \overline{x}) = \sum x_i (y_i - \overline{y})$$

$$m = \frac{\sum x_i (y_i - \overline{y})}{\sum x_i (x_i + \overline{x})}$$

$$m = \frac{\sum x_i (y_i - \overline{y})}{\sum x_i (x_i + \overline{x}) + \sum \overline{x} (x_i - \overline{x})}$$

$$\therefore \sum \overline{x} (y_i - \overline{y}) = 0 ; \sum \overline{x} (x_i - \overline{x}) = 0$$

$$m = \frac{\sum (x_i y_i - x_i \overline{y} + \overline{x} y_i - \overline{x} \overline{y})}{\sum (x_i^2 + 2x_i \overline{x} - \overline{x}^2)}$$

$$m = \frac{\sum (x_i - \overline{x}) (y_i - \overline{y})}{\sum (x_i - \overline{x})}$$