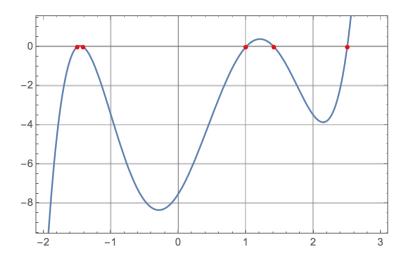
Uppgift 1: Problemlösning

Problem 3.1)

The problem is to find the solutions(roots) of 5 degree polynomial

Figure



Name of Variables:

f(x) and x

The Solutions of the problem is

$$f[x_{-}] := x^5 - 2 x^4 - 19/4 x^3 + 31/4 x^2 + 11/2 x - 15/2;$$

Solve[f[x] == 0, x]

$$-> \{\{x -> -(3/2)\}, \{x -> 1\}, \{x -> 5/2\}, \{x -> -Sqrt[2]\}, \{x -> Sqrt[2]\}\}$$

roots = ListPlot[{{-3/2, 0}, {1, 0}, {5/2, 0}, {-Sqrt[2], 0}, {Sqrt[2], 0}}, PlotStyle -> Red, PlotStyle -> PointSize[0.02]];

Show[Plot[\!\(TraditionalForm\`f[x]\), $\{x, -2, 3\}$], roots, PlotRange -> $\{\{-2, 3\}, \{-9, 1\}\}$, Frame -> True, GridLines -> Automatic]

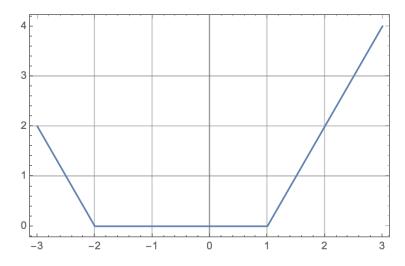
Discuss the result:

The value of the root $\{\{x \rightarrow -(3/2)\}, \{x \rightarrow 1\}, \{x \rightarrow 5/2\}, \{x \rightarrow -Sqrt[2]\}\}$ satisfy the five degree polynomial $\{f[x] = 0\}$

Problem 3.2)

The problem is to find the solution(values of x) of the absolute function.

figure



Name of varibales

x, g[x].

The solutions of the problem is

 $g[x_{]} := Abs[x - 1] + Abs[x + 2] - 3;$ Plot[\!\(TraditionalForm\\g[x]\), {x, -3, 3}, Frame -> True, GridLines -> Automatic]

$$-> x == -2 || x == -1 || x == 0 || x == 1$$

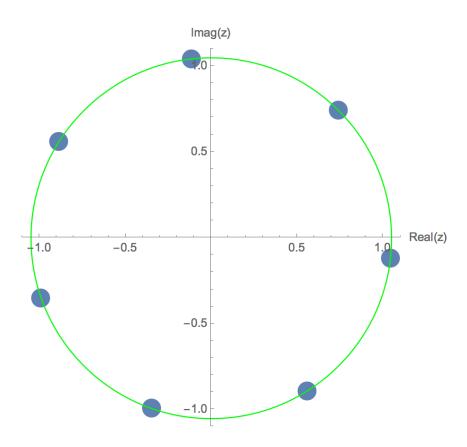
Discuss:

its found there are 4 root that satisfy this absolut function $x == -2 \parallel x == -1 \parallel x == 0 \parallel x == 1$

Problem 3.3)

The problem is to find complex roots of the 7:e degree complex function.

figure



Name of variables: z: complexVariable, Complexroots = the Roots of Complex Function

The solution is:

ComplexRoots = $NSolve[z^7 == 1 - I, z]$

-> {-0.991792 - 0.347043 I, -0.889701 + 0.559036 I, -0.347043 - 0.991792 I, -0.117647 + 1.04415 I, 0.559036 - 0.889701 I, 0.742997 + 0.742997 I, 1.04415 - 0.117647 I}

ComplexPlot = ListPlot[$\{Re[z], Im[z]\}$ /. ComplexRoots, PlotRange -> $\{\{-1.1, 1.1\}, \{-1.1, 1.1\}\}$,

AxesLabel -> {"Real(z)", "Imag(z)"}, AspectRatio -> 1, PlotStyle -> PointSize[0.05]];

Show[ComplexPlot, Graphics[{Green, Circle[{0, 0}, 1.05]}]]

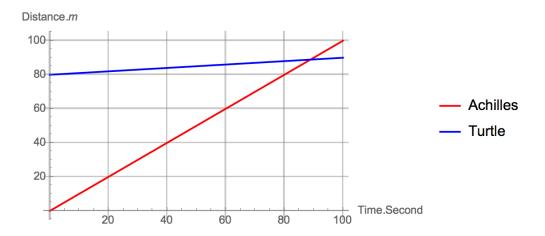
Discus:

its found there are 7 complex roots that solve 7 degree complex function

Problem 3.4)

The problem is to find who will reach the first 100m between Achilles and the turtle

Figure



Variables:

t: time(second), DistA[t]: distiane function of Achilles, DistT[t]: distiane function of Turtle

The solutions is:

```
Achilles comes over Turtle after t = 88,8889 s
```

```
// suppose that speed of Achilles is 1 m/s , then turtles speed is 0.1 m/s // Distance=speed ^{\star} Time
```

```
\begin{split} & \text{DistA[t\_]} := t \\ & \text{DistT[t\_]} := 80 + 0.1 \ t \\ & \text{NSolve[DistA[t]} == \text{DistT[t]]} \\ & \text{Plot[\{DistA[t], DistT[t]\}, \{t, 0, 100\}, GridLines -> Automatic,} \\ & \text{PlotStyle -> {Red, Blue}, AxesLabel -> {Time.Second, Distance.m},} \\ & \text{PlotLegends -> {"Achilles", "Turtle"}]} \\ & -> \{\{t -> 88.8889\}\} \end{split}
```

Discus:

Assuming speed of Achilles is 1 m/s then Turtles speed is 0,1t m/s. Achilles meets Turtle at 88,8889 second .