1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53					
Sunday is:					
(a) 53/ 366 (b)	1/7 (c) 2/7	(d) 53/365			
2. A bag contains 3 red	l and 2 blu e marble s.	. A marble is drawn at			
random. The probability	y of drawing a bl ack	ball is :			
(a) 3/5 (b) 2	2/5 (c) 0/5	(d) 1/5			
3. The probability that					
probability that it will no					
(a) 0.25 (b) 0	.145 (c) 3/20	(d) none of these			
		ected from the numbers			
(1, 2, 3,,15) is a n	nultiple of 4?				
(a) 1/5 (b) 4	_	(d) 1/3			
5. What are the total o	utcomes when we th	row three coins?			
(a) 4 (b) 5	(c) 8	(d) 7			
6. The probability that	a prime number sele	ected at random from the			
numbers (1,2,3,					
(a) 12/35 (t	o) 11/35 / (c) 13/	/35 (d) none of these			
7. The sum of the prob	ability of an event ar	nd non event is :			
(a) 2 (b) 1	(c) 0 (d) r	none of these.			
8. The following proba	bilities are given; ch	oose the correct answer			
for that which is not pos					
(a) 0.15 (b) 2	/7 (c) 7/5	(d) none of these.			
9. If three coins are tos		than the probability of			
getting at least two hea					
(a) 1/4 (b) 3/		(d) 1/8			
10. A letter is chosen a		` '			
♦ASSA SSIN ATION♦. The probability that the letter chosen has:					
(a) 6/13 (b	o) 7/13 (c)	1 (d) none of these.			
	(0)	(4) 110110 01 1110001			
11. A dice is thrown. Fir	nd the probability of	getti ng an even number.			
(A) 2/3 (B) 1		(D) 1/2			
(-)	(-) -, -				
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of					
getting both heads.					
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4 (C) 1/2 (D) 0					
	. , ,				

13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9		(D) 4/9			
getting a pi	ds are number rime number.		100. Fin	-	ty of		
(A) 3/4	(B) 27/50	(C) 1/4		(D) 29/100			
_				ll, then the nun	-		
taken out a	16. A box of 600 bulbs contains 12 defective bulbs. One bulb is taken out at random from this box. Then the probability that it is non-defective bulb is:						
(A) 143/150	0 (B) 147,	/150 (C)) 1/25	(D) 1/50	l		
mixed thore the probabi (A) 9/100	, ,	d is drawn fromber on card (C) 3/10	om this is a per (D) 1	box randomly, fect square. 9/100	then		
18. What is (A) 1/7	s the probability (B) 53/366	(C) 2/7		ays in a leap ye (D) 7/366	er?		
pre babilit y	is drawn from a of getting a kin	g of red suit.		of 52 cards. Fir	nd the		
equally like 1,2,312	e of chance corely to come to replace, then the proba	est pointing t	o one of	the number			
its outcome result i.e. the prebability	e consists of tos e each time. Arg hree heads or th that Aryan will B) 1/2 (C) 1	yan wins if all aree tails and	the tos loses oe.	ses give the sa	ame		

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is:								
(A) 364/365		5 (C) 1/365	(D) 1/133225					
2. Then the p	er x is chosen at probability that x (C) 3/5	² < 2 is?	e numbers -2, -1, 0 , 1,					
24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is: (A) 10 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7								
25. A number is selected at random from first 50 natural numbers. Then the probability that it is a multiple of 3 and 4 is: (A) 7/50 (B) 4/25 (C) 1/25 (D) 2/25								
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?								
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$						
	-	_	tches are 50, 70, 82,					
93, and 20. T a) 25.79	he standard dev b) 25.49	iation is c) 25.29	d) 25.69					
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.								
a) 13, 15	b) 13, 18		d) 13, 16					
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is								
a) $\frac{1}{2}$	b) $\frac{1}{3}$	c) $\frac{1}{4}$	d) $^{1}/_{6}$					
30. X is a var a) 8	iate between 0 a b) 7	c) 27	d) 9					
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?								

a) 3	b) 4	c) 5	d) 7				
32.Out of the following values, which one is not possible in probability?							
a) $P(x) = 1$ c) $P(x) = 0$	b) Σ d) F	x P(x) = 3 P(x) = -0.5)				
33.If E(x) a) 2	= 2 and E(z) = b) 6	e 4, then E(z – c) 0		ufficient data			
34. The covariance of two independent random variable is							
a) 1	b) 0	c) - 1	d) Un	defined			
35.If Σ P(a) 0	x) = k² - 8 the b) 1	n, the value of		sufficient data			
36.If P(x) a) 1	= 0.5 and x = 6 b) 0.5	4, then E(x) = c) 4	d) 2				
37.In a discrete probability distribution, the sum of all probabilities is always?							
a) 0	b) Infinite	(c) 1	d) Und	efined			
38.If the probability of hitting the target is 0.4, find mean and variance.							
a) 0.4, 0.2	b) 0.0	5, 0.24	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 0.6, 0.16			
39. If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the							

39. If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the target is 60% and if 10 bombs are dropped, find mean and variance?

a) 0.6, 0.24

b) 6, 2.4

c) 0.4, 0.16

d) 4, 1.6

40. Find the mean of tossing 8 coins.

a) 2

b) 4

c) 8

d) 1

41. What is the mean and variance for standard normal distribution?

						nd variance and varian				
42. a) E(s given b (2) – (E(X	•	d) (E(X))2			
	a) E(X) b) E(X2) c) E(X2) - (E(X))2 d) (E(X))2									
44.N a) 0	44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0									
45. Variance of a constant 'a' is a) 0 b) a c) a/2 d) 1										
46.Find the mean and variance of X?										
	Х	0	1	2	3	4				
	f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9				
a) 2,	4/3	b)	3, 4/3		c) 2, 2/3	}	d) 3, 2/3			
47.Find the expectation of a random variable X?										

	Х	0	1	2	3		
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6		
a) ().5	(b) 1.5	\supset	C	2.5	d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

- 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**
- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
 - c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
 - d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx
 - 50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**
- a) \sqrt{np} b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2
- d) \sqrt{npq}