AI25btech11020

1) A is a 2×2 matrix with det $A = 2$. The det $(2A)$ is				
a) 4	b) 8	c) 32	d) 16	
	(2 1)		(GATE MT 2012)	
2) A is a 2×2 matrix g	iven below: $\begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ T	he eigenvalues of A are		
	b) -3, -1		d) 3, 1	
(GATE MT 2012) 3) In a production facility, iron rods are made with a mean diameter of 6 cm and standard deviation of 0.02 cm. If a large number of rods are tested, the approximate percentage of rods whose sizes fall in the range of 5.98 cm to 6.02 cm is				
a) 68	b) 75	c) 90	d) 99.7	
(GATE MT 2012) 4) Which one of the following methods is NOT used for numerical integration?				
a) Rectangular rule	b) Trapezoidal rule	c) Simpson's rule	d) Cramer's rule	
5) How many boundary	conditions are required t	o solve the following equ	(GATE MT 2012) uation?	
$\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$				
a) Two in r-directionb) One in r-direction and one for time		c) Two in <i>r</i>-direction and one for timed) Three in <i>r</i>-direction and one for time		
(GATE MT 2012) 6) When a zinc metal rod is immersed in dilute hydrochloric acid, it results in				
a) Evolution of hydrogenb) Evolution of chlorine		c) Evolution of oxygend) No evolution of any gas		
(GATE MT 2012) 7) A fluid is flowing with a velocity of 0.5 m/s on a plate moving with a velocity of 0.01 m/s in the same direction. The velocity at the interface of the fluid and plate is				
a) 0.0 m/s	b) 0.01 m/s	c) 0.255 m/s	d) 0.50 m/s	
(GATE MT 2012) 8) Hot metal at 1700 K is poured in a sand mould that is open at the top. Heat loss from the liquid metal takes place by				
a) Radiation onlyb) Radiation and cond	luction only	c) Radiation and convd) Radiation, conducti	•	
9) Which one of the following is an equilibrium defect?				

MT

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	a) Vacancies	b) Dislocations	c) Stacking faults	d) Grain boundaries	
10)	Floatation beneficiation	n is based on the princip	le of	(GATE MT 2012)	
	a) Mineral surface hydb) Gravity difference		c) Chemical reactivityd) Particle size different	nce	
11)	Copper can be reduced	l from acidic copper sulp	phate solution by	(GATE MT 2012)	
	a) Silver	b) Iron	c) Carbon	d) Lead	
	a) Shvei	o) non	c) carbon	·	
12)	Which one is NOT an	agglomeration process?		(GATE MT 2012)	
	a) Nodulizing	b) Briquetting	c) Roasting	d) Pelletizing	
13)	(GATE MT 2012) 13) During LD blow in steelmaking the impurity that gets removed first is				
	a) Carbon	b) Phosphorous	c) Manganese	d) Silicon	
(GATE MT 2012) 14) During the solidification of a pure metal, it was found that dendrites are formed. Assuming that the liquid-solid interface is at the melting temperature, the temperature from the interface into the liquid					
	a) Decreasesb) Increases		c) Remains constantd) Increases and then constant	lecreases	
(GATE MT 2012) 15) A peak in the X-ray diffraction pattern is observed at $2\theta = 78^{\circ}$, corresponding to {311} planes of an fcc metal, when the incident beam has a wavelength of 0.154 nm. The lattice parameter of the metal is approximately					
13)	of an fcc metal, when	the incident beam has a		ponding to {311} planes	
13)	of an fcc metal, when	the incident beam has a		ponding to {311} planes	
	of an fcc metal, when of the metal is approxi	the incident beam has a smately b) 0.4 nm ar spacing of the planes	wavelength of 0.154 nr	oonding to {311} planes m. The lattice parameter d) 0.2 nm (GATE MT 2012)	
	of an fcc metal, when of the metal is approxi	the incident beam has a smately b) 0.4 nm ar spacing of the planes	wavelength of 0.154 nr	oonding to {311} planes m. The lattice parameter d) 0.2 nm (GATE MT 2012)	
16)	of an fcc metal, when of the metal is approximal and 0.6 nm If d is the inter-plana {nhnknl}, n being an and d	the incident beam has a smately b) 0.4 nm ar spacing of the planes integer, is b) d/n ses, the electrical resistive	wavelength of 0.154 nr c) 0.3 nm $\{hkl\}$, the inter-planar	bonding to $\{311\}$ planes m. The lattice parameter d) 0.2 nm (GATE MT 2012) respacing of the planes d) d/n^2 (GATE MT 2012)	
16)	of an fcc metal, when of the metal is approximal and a constant of the metal is approximal and a constant of the metal is approximately approximately and a constant of the metal is approximately app	the incident beam has a smately b) 0.4 nm ar spacing of the planes integer, is b) d/n ses, the electrical resistive bllows	wavelength of 0.154 nr c) 0.3 nm $\{hkl\}$, the inter-planar c) nd	conding to $\{311\}$ planes m. The lattice parameter d) 0.2 nm (GATE MT 2012) respacing of the planes d) d/n^2 (GATE MT 2012) and intrinsic semiconsided decreases	

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2012	MAIN PAPER-MT
a) F is zero and U is zerob) F is zero and U is minimum	c) F is minimum and U is zero d) F is minimum and U is minimum
19) The property of a material that CAN	(GATE MT 2012) NNOT be significantly changed by heat treatment is
a) Yield strengthb) Ultimate tensile strength	c) Ductilityd) Elastic modulus
	(GATE MT 2012) artial dislocations. The correct combination of the Burgers r a given unit dislocation having Burgers vector $\frac{a}{2}[\overline{1}10]$ is
a) $\frac{a}{6}[2 \ \overline{1} \ 1]$ and $\frac{a}{6}[1 \ 2 \ \overline{1}]$ b) $\frac{a}{6}[1 \ \overline{1} \ 2]$ and $\frac{a}{6}[\overline{1} \ 2 \ 1]$	c) $\frac{a}{6}[1\ \overline{1}\ 2]$ and $\frac{a}{6}[2\ 1\ \overline{1}]$ d) $\frac{a}{6}[2\ 1\ 1]$ and $\frac{a}{6}[1\ 2\ \overline{1}]$
direction. The Young's moduli of the volume fraction of the fibres is f .	(GATE MT 2012) aforced with long continuous ceramic fibres aligned in one the matrix and fibres are E_m and E_f respectively, and the Assuming iso-stress condition, Young's modulus of the dicular to the length of fibres, is given by the expression
a) $E_c = (1 - f)E_m + fE_f$ b) $E_c = fE_m + (1 - f)E_f$	c) $\frac{1}{E_c} = \frac{(1-f)}{E_m} + \frac{f}{E_f}$ d) $\frac{1}{E_c} = \frac{f}{E_m} + \frac{(1-f)}{E_f}$
22) Which of the following is NOT a fu	(GATE MT 2012) usion welding process?
a) Arc weldingb) Gas welding	c) Resistance weldingd) Friction stir welding
23) Tungsten filament used in electric be	(GATE MT 2012) ulb is processed by
a) Extrusionb) Wire drawing	c) Castingd) Powder metallurgy
24) The riser is designed such that the r a) Before casting solidifies b) At the same time as casting solidi	
c) After casting solidifiesd) Irrespective of the solidification o	of the casting (GATE MT 2012)

25) Radiography technique of detecting defects is based on the principle of

b) Reflection

d) Absorption

a) Diffraction

(GATE MT 2012) 26) At x = 0.5, the polynomial $x^{2}(1 - x^{2})$ has

c) Interference

MT 3/??

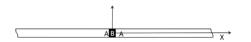


Fig. 1.

a) No extrema

b) A saddle point

c) A minima

d) A maxima

(GATE MT 2012)

27) Given that v is a vector field and f is a scalar field, match the equations in **Group I** with their physical meaning in Group II

Group 1	Group 2	
$(P) \overline{\text{div } (\mathbf{v})} = 0$	(1) Irrotational	
(Q) $\operatorname{curl} (\operatorname{grad}(f)) = 0$	(2) Incompressible	
(R) div $(\operatorname{grad}(f)) = 0$	(3) Potential	
(S) $\mathbf{v} = \operatorname{grad}(f)$	(4) Laplace equation	
a) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4	c) P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4	
b) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3	d) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4	

28) The temperature field of a slab is given by $T = 400 - 50z \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$. The temperature gradient in y-direction is

a)
$$100yz \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$$

c)
$$100xz \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$$

d) $-100xz \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$

b)
$$-100yz \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$$

d)
$$-100xz \exp(-t - x^2 - y^2)$$

(GATE MT 2012)

29) What does the solution of the following ordinary differential equation represent?

$$y\frac{dy}{dx} + x = 0 ag{1}$$

a) A parabola

c) An ellipse

b) A circle

d) A hyperbola

(GATE MT 2012)

30) A thin layer of material B (of total amount m) is plated on the end faces of two long rods of material A. These are then joined together on the plated side (see the figure below) and heated to a high temperature. Assuming the diffusion coefficient of B in A is D, the composition profile c_B along the rod axis x after a time t is described by

a)
$$c_B = \frac{m}{2\sqrt{\pi Dt}} \exp\left[-\frac{x^2}{4Dt}\right]$$
 c) $c_B = \frac{m}{2\sqrt{\pi Dt}} \left[1 - \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{x^2}{4Dt}\right)\right]$ b) $c_B = \frac{m}{2\sqrt{\pi Dt}} \operatorname{erf}\left[-\frac{x^2}{4Dt}\right]$ d) $c_B = \frac{m}{2\sqrt{\pi Dt}}t$

(GATE MT 2012)

31) Match the principles given in **Group I** with corresponding corrosion terminology in **Group II**

MT

Group 1 (P) Electrode polarization (Q) Passivity (R) Selective leaching (S) Grain boundary precipitation (Q) Passivity (2) Intergranular attack (3) Over voltage (4) Surface oxide film (4) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2 (5) P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3 (6) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3

(GATE MT 2012)

- 32) Identify the correct combination of the following statements
 - P. Hydrogen electrode is a standard used to measure redox potentials
 - Q. Activation polarization refers to electrochemical processes controlled by reaction sequence at metal-solution interface
 - R. Potential-pH diagrams can be used to predict corrosion rates of metals
 - S. Cathodic protection can use sacrificial anodes such as magnesium

a) P, Q and Rb) Q, R and S

c) P, Q and S

d) P, R and S

(GATE MT 2012)

33) Consider a reaction with activation energy of 8.314 kJ/mol that takes place at 300 K. If the reaction rate is to be tripled, the temperature of the reaction should be

a) 174.5 K

c) 600.5 K

b) 447.5 K

d) 847.5 K

(GATE MT 2012)

34) Match the processes in Group I with the objectives in Group II

Group 1 (P) Vacuum Arc Degassing (VAD) (Q) LD (R) COREX (S) Blast Furnace (P) Vacuum Arc Degassing (VAD) (1) Primary iron making (2) Secondary steel making (3) Direct smelting (4) Primary steel making (4)

a) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1

b) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2

c) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4

d) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1

(GATE MT 2012)

35) The reduction of FeO with CO gas in co-current flow is given by the following equation:

FeO + CO = Fe + CO₂
$$\Delta G^{\circ}$$
 = 8120 J at 1173 K

The ratio of P_{CO}/P_{CO_2} for this reaction at 1173 K is

a) 0.0

c) 0.44

b) 0.25

d) 2.3

(GATE MT 2012)

36) The sulphide capacity (C_S) of liquid slag of composition 55 wt.% CaO, 20 wt.% SiO₂, 15 wt.% Al₂O₃, and 10 wt.% MgO is given by the following equation

$$\log C_S = -3.44 \left(X_{CaO} + 0.1 X_{MgO} - 0.8 X_{Al_2O_3} - X_{SiO_2} \right) - \frac{9894}{T} + 2.05$$

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where, *X* is mole fraction of the respective components. Atomic weights of Ca, Mg, Si, Al and O are 40, 24, 28, 27 and 16 respectively.

The value of C_S at 1900 K is

a) 0.0009

c) 0.09

b) 0.009

d) 0.9

(GATE MT 2012)

(GATE MT 2012)

37) Match the processes given in Group I with the corresponding metals in Group II

Group 1
(P) Matte smelting
(Q) Cyanide leaching
(R) Carbothermic reduction
(S) Fused salt electrolysis

Group 2
(1) Lead
(2) Copper
(3) Aluminium
(4) Gold

a) P-1, Q-2, R-1, S-4

b) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4

c) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4

d) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1

(GATE MT 2012)

- 38) Identify the correct combination of the following statements
 - P. Bessemer converter can be used in copper smelting
 - Q. The Mond process for nickel involves reaction of metal with H2 gas
 - R. Roasted ZnS concentrates can be smelted in a blast furnace
 - S. Magnesium metal can be produced by electrolysis of sea water

a) P, R and S

c) P and Q

b) P, Q and R

d) Q and S

(GATE MT 2012)

39) Match the phases of steel in Group I with the crystal structures in Group II

 Group 1
 Group 2

 (P) Martensite
 (1) bcc

 (Q) Cementite
 (2) fcc

 (R) Austenite
 (3) bct

 (S) Ferrite
 (4) Orthorhombic

 a) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2
 c) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1

 b) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4
 d) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1

(GATE MT 2012)

- 40) Arrange the following in terms of increasing severity of quench
 - P. Oil quenching
 - Q. Water quenching
 - R. Water quenching with agitation
 - S. Brine quenching

a) P¡Q¡R¡S

c) $P_iQ_iS_iR$

b) Q¡R¡P¡S

d) Q¡P¡R¡S

(GATE MT 2012)

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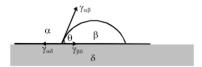


Fig. 2.

41) Regarding recrystallization, which one of the following statements is NOT correct?

- a) Higher the amount of cold work, lower is the recrystallization temperature
- b) Higher the recovery, higher is the recrystallization temperature
- c) Higher the temperature of cold work, higher is the recrystallization temperature
- d) Finer the initial grain size, higher is the recrystallization temperature

(GATE MT 2012)

42) A liquid droplet (β) is on a substrate (δ) and is surrounded by air (α) , as shown below. The angle of contact (θ) is determined using the following expression:

a)
$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\gamma_{\alpha\delta} - \gamma_{\beta\delta}}{\gamma_{\alpha\beta}} \right)$$

b) $\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\gamma_{\delta\delta} - \gamma_{\alpha\beta}}{\gamma_{\alpha\beta}} \right)$

c)
$$0 = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\gamma_{\alpha\delta} - \gamma_{\beta\delta}}{\gamma_{\alpha\delta}} \right)$$

d) $\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\gamma_{\alpha\delta} - \gamma_{\beta\delta}}{\gamma_{\beta\delta}} \right)$

(GATE MT 2012)

43) Match the phenomena listed in **Group I** with the possible mechanisms in **Group II**

Group 1

(P) Fatigue

(Q) Creep

- (R) Strain hardening
- (S) Yield point phenomenon

a) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1

b) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1

Group 2

- (1) Grain boundary sliding
- (2) Slip band extrusion and intrusion
- (3) Cottrell atmosphere
- (4) Dislocation interaction
 - c) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3
 - d) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3

(GATE MT 2012)

44) Fracture stress for a brittle material having a crack length of 1 μ m is 200 MPa. Fracture stress for the same material having a crack length of 4 μ m is

a) 200 MPa

c) 100 MPa

b) 150 MPa

d) 50 MPa

(GATE MT 2012)

45) The flow stress $(\overline{\sigma})$ of an alloy varies with strain rate $(\dot{\epsilon})$ as $\overline{\sigma} = 100(\dot{\epsilon})^{0.1}$ MPa. When the alloy is hot extruded from 10 cm diameter to 5 cm diameter at a speed of 2 cm/s, the flow stress is

a) 1000 MPa

c) 150 MPa

b) 105 MPa

d) 1050 MPa

(GATE MT 2012)

46) Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion (a) and Reason (r).

Assertion: During rolling, front tension and (or) back tension are (is) employed to decrease rolling load.

MT 7/??

Reason: Roll pressure decreases due to lowering of flow stress as a result of front tension/back tension.

- a) A is false but R is true
- b) A is true and R is also true, but r is not the reason for a
- c) A is true and R is also true, and r is the reason for a
- d) A is true but R is false

(GATE MT 2012)

47) Match the defects listed in **Group I** with the processes listed in **Group II**

Group 1 Group 2 (P) Cold shut (1) Rolling (Q) Earing (2) Forging (R) Alligatoring (3) Deep drawing (4) Fusion welding (S) Shrinkage porosity a) P-2, O-4, R-1, S-4 c) P-2, O-3, R-1, S-4 b) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1 d) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3

(GATE MT 2012)

Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:

A steel ball (density $\rho_{steel} = 7200 \text{kg/m}^3$) is placed in an upward moving liquid Al (density $\rho_{Al} = 2360 \text{kg/m}^3$, viscosity $\mu_{Al} = 1 \times 10^3 \text{ Pa.s}$ and Reynolds number = 5×10^5). The force (F) exerted on the steel ball is expressed as

$$F = f\pi R^2 \left(\rho_{Al} v^2 / 2 \right)$$

where f is friction factor (=0.2), v is the velocity of liquid Al and R is the radius of steel ball.

48) The force exerted on the steel ball is

a) 8.32 N b) 6.70 N c) 1.67 N

d) 0.52 N

(GATE MT 2012)

- 49) The terminal velocity of a fine spherical steel particle having diameter d_p , in μ m range, if allowed to fall in a quiescent liquid Al bath, is
 - a) $5.2 \times 10^6 d_p^2$ m/s b) $2.6 \times 10^6 d_p^2$ m/s

c) $1.3 \times 10^6 d_p^2$ m/s d) $6.6 \times 10^5 d_p^2$ m/s

(GATE MT 2012)

Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:

For the above stress cycle:

- 50) Stress ratio is
 - a) 4

c) -2

b) 2

d) -4

(GATE MT 2012)

- 51) Amplitude ratio is
 - a) 3

c) -1/3

b) 1/3

d) -3

MT 8/??

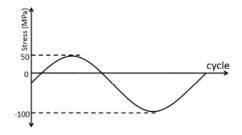


Fig. 3.

(GATE MT 2012)

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

A material with grain size of ASTM No. 6 has a lattice frictional stress 100 MN/m^2 and locking parameter (Hall-Petch constant) $0.10 \text{ MN/m}^{3/2}$

52) Grain size of the material is approximately

a) $45 \mu m$

c) $4.5 \ \mu m$

b) $35 \mu m$

d) $3.5 \mu m$

(GATE MT 2012)

53) Yield strength of the material is approximately

a) 100 MPa

c) 165 MPa

b) 115 MPa

d) 215 MPa

(GATE MT 2012)

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

The strain hardening behaviour of an annealed rod during cold rolling is given by $\overline{\sigma} = 700(\epsilon)^{0.2}$ MPa, where $\overline{\sigma}$ is the flow stress at strain ϵ .

54) Flow stress after 50% reduction in area of the annealed rod on cold rolling is approximately

a) 750 MPa

c) 609 MPa

b) 650 MPa

d) 559 MPa

(GATE MT 2012)

55) If a wire of 5 mm diameter is drawn from the above cold rolled rod of 10 mm diameter, the drawing stress, neglecting the effect of friction and redundant work, is approximately

a) 650 MPa

c) 450 MPa

b) 550 MPa

d) 400 MPa

(GATE MT 2012)

56) Which one of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word given below?

Latitude

a) Eligibility

c) Coercion

b) Freedom

d) Meticulousness

(GATE MT 2012)

MT

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57) Choose the most appropriate sentence:	word from the o	ptions given bel	ow to complete the following
Given the seriousness of the	situation that he	had to face, hi	s was impressive.
a) beggaryb) nomenclature		c) jealousyd) nonchalance	
58) Choose the most appropriate a sentence:	lternative from the	e options given be	(GATE MT 2012) elow to complete the following
If the tired soldier wanted to	o lie down, he	the mattress	s out on the balcony.
a) should takeb) shall take		c) should have to	
59) If $(1.001)^{1259} = 3.52$ and $(1.001)^{1259} = 3.52$	$(01)^{2062} = 7.85$, the	en $(1.001)^{3321}$ =	(GATE MT 2012)
a) 2.23b) 4.33		c) 11.37 d) 27.64	
60) One of the parts (A, B, C, D) the following is INCORREC ?	Γ?		
I requested that he should b	_		
a) requested thatb) should be given		c) the driving ted) instead of ton	
61) The data given in the followin	g table summarize	es the monthly bu	(GATE MT 2012) adget of an average household.
	Category Food Clothing Rent Savings Other expenses	Amount (Rs.) 4000 1200 2000 1500 1800	
The approximate percentage o	f the monthly bud	get NOT spent of	on savings is
a) 10%b) 14%		c) 81% d) 86%	
62) There are eight bags of rice lo heavier. The weighing balance of weighings required to ident	is of unlimited cap	pacity. Using this	
a) 2 b) 3		c) 4 d) 8	
			(GATE MT 2012)

MT 10/??

63) Raju has 14 currency notes in his pocket consisting of only Rs. 20 notes and Rs. 10 notes. The total money value of the notes is Rs. 230. The number of Rs. 10 notes that Raju has is

c) 9 a) 5 b) 6 d) 10

(GATE MT 2012)

64) One of the legacies of the Roman legions was discipline. In the legions, military law prevailed and discipline was brutal. Discipline on the battlefield kept units obedient, intact and fighting, even when the odds and conditions were against them. Which one of the following statements best sums up the meaning of the above passage?

- for the efficiency of the Roman legions even in adverse circumstances.
- b) The legions were treated inhumanly as if the men were animals.
- a) Thorough regimentation was the main reason c) Discipline was the armies' inheritance from their seniors.
 - d) The harsh discipline to which the legions were subjected to led to the odds and conditions being against them.

(GATE MT 2012)

65) A and B are friends. They decide to meet between 1 PM and 2 PM on a given day. There is a condition that whoever arrives first will not wait for the other for more than 15 minutes. The probability that they will meet on that day is

c) 7/16a) 1/4 b) 1/16 d) 9/16

(GATE MT 2012)

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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