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/*
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ASSIGNMENT 8

Given sequence $k = k_1 < k_2 < \dots < k_n$ of n sorted keys, with a search probability p_i for each key k_i . Build the Binary search tree that has the least search cost given the access probability for each key?

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*/
```

```
#include <iostream> using namespace
```

```
std; void con_obst(void); void print(int,
```

```
int); float a[20], b[20], wt[20][20],
```

```
c[20][20]; int r[20][20], n; int main()
```

```
{ int
```

```
i;
```

```
cout << "\n***** PROGRAM FOR OBST *****\n"; cout
```

```
<< "\nEnter the no. of nodes want in OBST : "; cin >> n;
```

```
cout << "\nEnter the probability for successful search  $P_i$  :: ";
```

```
cout << "\n—————\n";
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
cout << "p[" << i << "]"; cin
```

```
>> a[i];
```

```
}
```

```
cout << "\nEnter the probability for unsuccessful search  $Q_i$  :: ";
```

```
cout << "\n—————\n";
```

```
for (i = 0; i <= n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
cout << "q[" << i << "]"; cin
```

```
>> b[i];
```

```
}
```

```

con_obst();
print(0, n); cout
<< endl; return
0;
}

```

```

void con_obst(void)
{ int i, j, k, l, min; for (i = 0; i < n;
i++) { // Initialisation c[i][i] = 0.0;
r[i][i] = 0; wt[i][i] = b[i]; // for j-i=1
can be j=i+1 wt[i][i + 1] = b[i] + b[i
+ 1] + a[i + 1]; c[i][i + 1] = b[i] + b[i
+ 1] + a[i + 1]; r[i][i + 1] = i + 1;
}
c[n][n] = 0.0; r[n][n]
= 0; wt[n][n] = b[n];
// for j-i=2,3,4,...,n
for (i = 2; i <= n; i++)
{ for (j = 0; j <= n - i;
j++)
{ wt[j][j + i] = b[j + i] + a[j + i] + wt[j][j + i -
1]; c[j][j + i] = 9999; for (l = j + 1; l <= j + i;
l++)
{ if (c[j][j + i] > (c[j][l - 1] + c[l][j +
i]))
{ c[j][j + i] = c[j][l - 1] + c[l][j +
i]; r[j][j + i] = l;
} } c[j][j + i] += wt[j][j +
i];
}
}

```

```

cout << endl;
}
cout << "\n\nOptimal BST is :: "; cout <<
"\nw[0]" << n << " " :: " << wt[0][n]; cout <<
"\nc[0]" << n << " " :: " << c[0][n]; cout <<
"\nr[0]" << n << " " :: " << r[0][n];
}
void print(int l1, int r1)
{
if (l1 >= r1) return;
if (r[l1][r1] - 1 != 0) cout << "\n Left child of " << r[l1][r1] <<
" :: " << r[l1][r1] - 1; if (r[r[l1][r1]][r1] != 0) cout << "\n Right
child of " << r[l1][r1] << " :: " << r[r[l1][r1]][r1]; print(l1, r[l1][r1] -
1);

print(r[l1][r1], r1);
}

```

OUTPUT :

***** PROGRAM FOR OBST *****

Enter the no. of nodes want in OBST : 4

Enter the probability for successful search P_i ::

p[1]1 p[2]2

p[3]3 p[4]4

Enter the probability for unsuccessful search Q_i ::

q[0]2 q[1]1

q[2]0 q[3]2

q[4]1 Optimal

BST is :: w[0][4]

:: 16 c[0][4] ::

32 r[0][4] :: 3

Left child of 3 :: 1

Right child of 3 :: 4

Right child of 1 :: 2