WEEK 12 - Session 7

Dockerfile:

Dockerfile is a simple text file that consists of instructions to build Docker images. Dockerfile consists of specific commands that guide you on how to build a specific Docker image.

The specific commands you can use in a dockerfile are:

FROM, PULL, RUN, and CMD

- FROM Creates a layer from the ubuntu:18.04
- PULL Adds files from your Docker repository
- RUN Builds your container
- CMD Specifies what command to run within the container

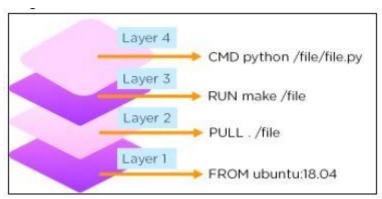
Mentioned below is an example of the dockerfile with the important commands *FROM ubuntu:18.04*

PULL. /file

RUN make /file

CMD python /file/file.py

Have a look at the diagrammatic representation of how a dockerfile looks in a docker image:



let's go through some of the most common Docker commands used while creating dockerfiles.

List of Docker Commands for Creating a Dockerfile with example

ENTRYPOINT allows specifying a command along with the parameters
 Syntax:

```
ENTRYPOINT application "arg, arg1".
```

Example:

ENTRYPOINT echo "Hello, \$name".

• ADD command helps in copying data into a Docker image

```
Syntax:
```

```
ADD /[source]/[destination]
```

Example:

ADD /root_folder/test_folder

 ENV provides default values for variables that can be accessed within the container

Syntax:

ENV key value

Example:

ENV value_1

MAINTAINER declares the author field of the images

Syntax:

MAINTAINER [name]

Example:

MAINTAINER author_name

How to Build a Docker Image and Docker Container Using Dockerfile?

First of all, you should create a directory in order to store all the Docker images you build.

- Now, we will create a directory named 'simplidocker' with the command: *mkdir simplidocker*
- Move Docker image into that directory and create a new empty file (Dockerfile) in it:
 cd simplidocker
 touch Dockerfile
- Open the file with the editor. In this example, we opened the file using vi: *vi Dockerfile*
- Then, add the following content:

FROM ubuntu

MAINTAINER simpli

RUN apt-get update

CMD ["echo", "Welcome to Simplilearn"]

• Save and exit the file.

Build a Docker Image with Dockerfile

Let's first declare the path where we will be storing the dockerfile simplidocker docker build [OPTIONS] PATH | URL | -

Now, let's build a basic image using a Dockerfile: docker build [location of your dockerfile]

Now, by adding -t flag, the new image can be tagged with a name: docker build -t simpli_image

Once the Docker image is created, you can verify by executing the command: docker images

The output should show simpli_docker available in the repository.

Create a Docker container from Docker image

Now, create a Docker container from the Docker image we created in the previous step.

Let's name the container "simplilearn" and create it with the command:

docker run --name simplilearn simpli_docker

The message 'Welcome to Simplilearn' should appear in the command line. Congratulations, you just created a Docker image and a Docker container using a Dockerfile.