

Quicksort Algorithm: Implementation, Analysis, and Randomization

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Course: Algorithms and Data Structures (MSCS-532-B01)

Date: 11/16/2025

Abstract

This report presents deterministic and randomized Quicksort implementations, theoretical analysis, and empirical evaluation.

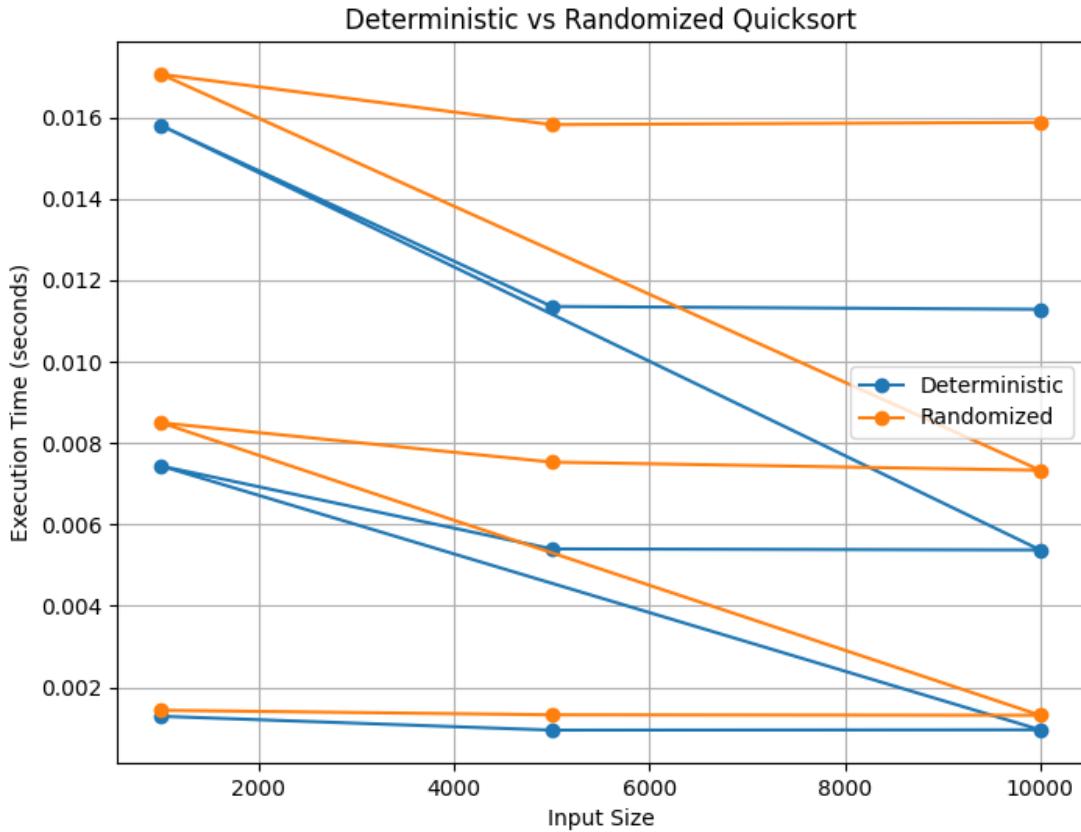
Implementation Overview

- Deterministic Quicksort: pivot = middle element
- Randomized Quicksort: pivot chosen randomly

Time Complexity

Case	Deterministic	Randomized
Best	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$
Average	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$
Worst	$O(n^2)$	$O(n \log n)$ expected

Empirical Results



Observations:

- Randomized Quicksort performs consistently across all input types.
- Deterministic Quicksort is slower on sorted or reverse-sorted arrays.

Conclusion

Randomized Quicksort is preferable for unpredictable input data, ensuring near $O(n \log n)$ performance.

References

- Cormen, T. H., et al. *Introduction to Algorithms* (3rd ed., 2009).
- Sedgewick, R., & Wayne, K. *Algorithms* (4th ed., 2011).
- Mitzenmacher, M., & Upfal, E. *Probability and Computing* (2005).