

# # Quicksort Algorithm: Implementation, Analysis, and Randomization

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## ## Abstract

This report presents deterministic and randomized Quicksort implementations, theoretical analysis, and empirical evaluation.

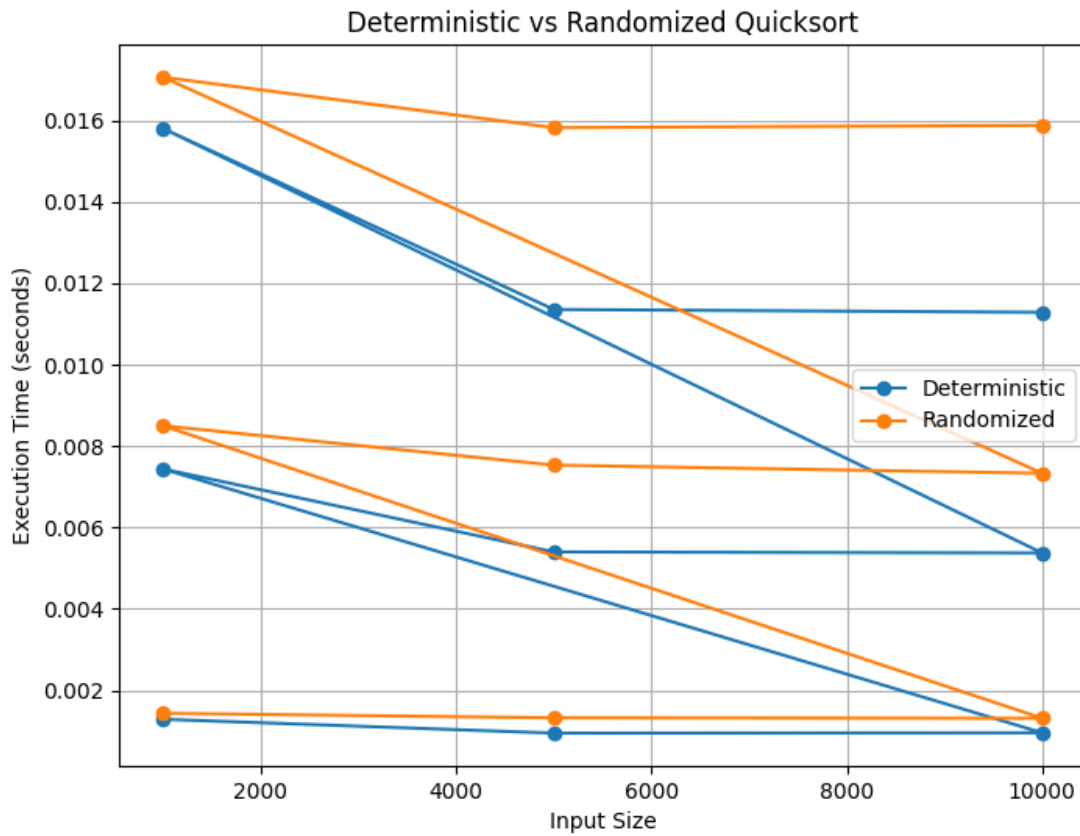
## ## Implementation Overview

- Deterministic Quicksort: pivot = middle element
- Randomized Quicksort: pivot chosen randomly

## ## Time Complexity

Case	Deterministic	Randomized
Best	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$
Average	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$
Worst	$O(n^2)$	$O(n \log n)$ expected

## ## Empirical Results



### Observations:

- Randomized Quicksort performs consistently across all input types.
- Deterministic Quicksort is slower on sorted or reverse-sorted arrays.

## ## Conclusion

Randomized Quicksort is preferable for unpredictable input data, ensuring near  $O(n \log n)$  performance.

## ## References

- Cormen, T. H., et al. \*Introduction to Algorithms\* (3rd ed., 2009).
- Sedgewick, R., & Wayne, K. \*Algorithms\* (4th ed., 2011).
- Mitzenmacher, M., & Upfal, E. \*Probability and Computing\* (2005).