Target Business Case Study

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Problem Statement:

Assuming you are a data analyst/ scientist at Target, you have been assigned the task of analyzing the given dataset to extract valuable insights and provide actionable recommendations.

What does 'good' look like?

- 1. Import the dataset and do usual exploratory analysis steps like checking the structure & characteristics of the dataset:
 - 1. Data type of all columns in the "customers" table.
 - 2. Get the time range between which the orders were placed.
 - 3. Count the Cities & States of customers who ordered during the given period.

2. In-depth Exploration:

- 1. Is there a growing trend in the no. of orders placed over the past years?
- 2. Can we see some kind of monthly seasonality in terms of the no. of orders being placed?
- 3. During what time of the day, do the Brazilian customers mostly place their orders? (Dawn, Morning, Afternoon or Night)

• 0-6 hrs: Dawn

7-12 hrs : Mornings

• 13-18 hrs : Afternoon

• 19-23 hrs: Night

3. Evolution of E-commerce orders in the Brazil region:

- 1. Get the month on month no. of orders placed in each state.
- 2. How are the customers distributed across all the states?
- 4. Impact on Economy: Analyze the money movement by e-commerce by looking at order prices, freight and others.
 - 1. Get the % increase in the cost of orders from year 2017 to 2018 (include months between Jan to Aug only).
 - You can use the "payment_value" column in the payments table to get the cost of orders.
 - 2. Calculate the Total & Average value of order price for each state.
 - 3. Calculate the Total & Average value of order freight for each state.

5. Analysis based on sales, freight and delivery time.

1. Find the no. of days taken to deliver each order from the order's purchase date as delivery time.

Also, calculate the difference (in days) between the estimated & actual delivery date of an order.

Do this in a single query.

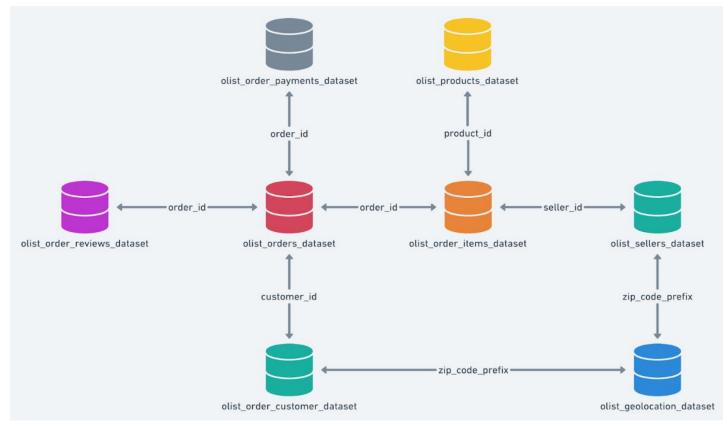
You can calculate the delivery time and the difference between the estimated & actual delivery date using the given formula:

- time_to_deliver = order_delivered_customer_date order_purchase_timestamp
- diff_estimated_delivery = order_delivered_customer_date order_estimated_delivery_date
- 2. Find out the top 5 states with the highest & lowest average freight value.
- 3. Find out the top 5 states with the highest & lowest average delivery time.
- 4. Find out the top 5 states where the order delivery is really fast as compared to the estimated date of delivery.

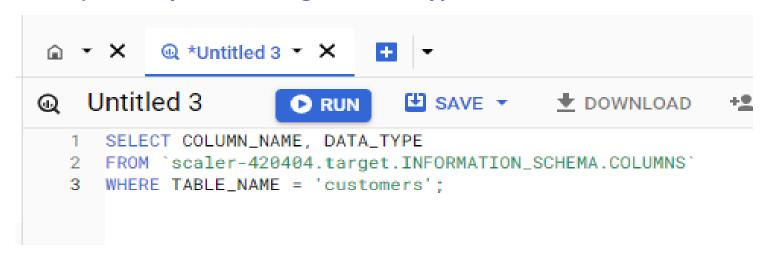
You can use the difference between the averages of actual & estimated delivery date to figure out how fast the delivery was for each state.

6. Analysis based on the payments:

- 1. Find the month on month no. of orders placed using different payment types.
- 2. Find the no. of orders placed on the basis of the payment installments that have been paid.



Q 1.1). Querry for fetching the data type of all the column in a table.

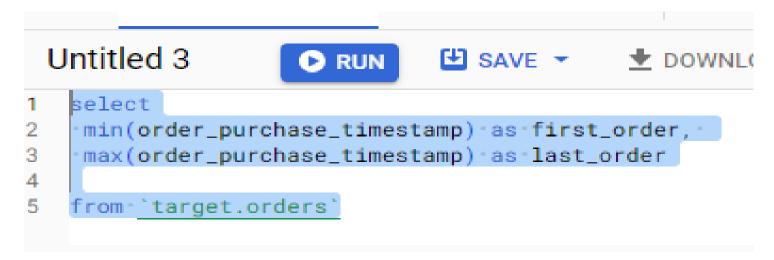


Results

Query results

JOB INFORMATION		RESULTS	CHART	JSON	EXECUTION DETAILS
Row	COLUMN_NAME	-	DATA_TYPE •	•	
1	customer_id		STRING		
2	customer_unique_	_id	STRING		
3	customer_zip_cod	le_prefix	INT64		
4	customer_city		STRING		
5	customer_state		STRING		

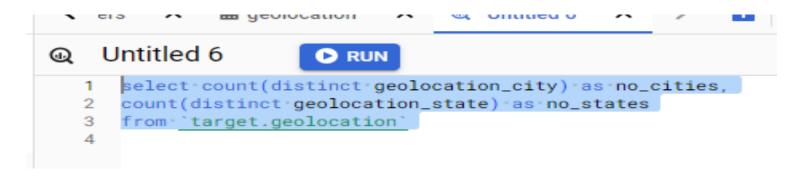
Q1.2) To get the time range between which the orders were placed.



Results

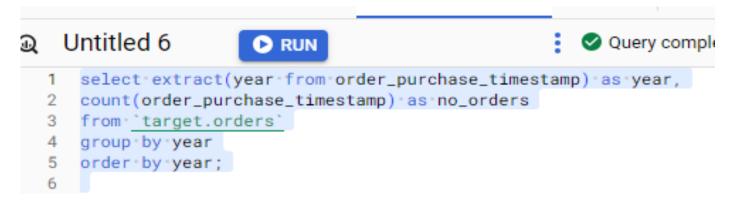
Query results								
<	JOB INFORMATION		RESULTS		CHART	JSON		
Row	Row first_order ▼		//	last_	order -			
	1	2016-09-04 21:15:19 UTC		2018	-10-17 17:30:18	итс		

Q1.3) Count the number of Cities and States in our dataset.



Results Query results JOB INFORMATION RESULTS CHART Row no_cities ▼ no_states ▼ 1 8011 27

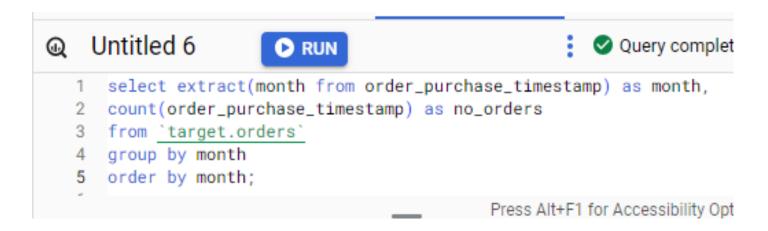
Q2.1) is there a growing trend in the no. of orders placed over past years?



Results.

Query results			♣ SAVE RESULTS			
< JOB INFO		JOB INFOR	MATION	RESULTS		CHART
Row		year 🕶		no_orders	- /	
	1		2016		329	
	2		2017		45101	
	3		2018		54011	

Q2.2) Can we see some kind of monthly seasonality in terms of the no. of orders being placed?



Results

Q	uer	y results	≛ SAVE R		
<		JOB INFORMATION	RESULTS		
Row	//	month ▼	no_orders ▼		
	1	1	8069		
	2	2	8508		
	3	3	9893		
	4	4	9343		
	5	5	10573		
	6	6	9412		
	7	7	10318		
	8	8	10843		
	9	9	4305		
1	10	10	4959		
1	11	11	7544		
1	12	12	5674		

There is a clear seasonal pattern, with the highest number of orders placed in January (10,573) and the lowest number of orders placed in September (4,305)

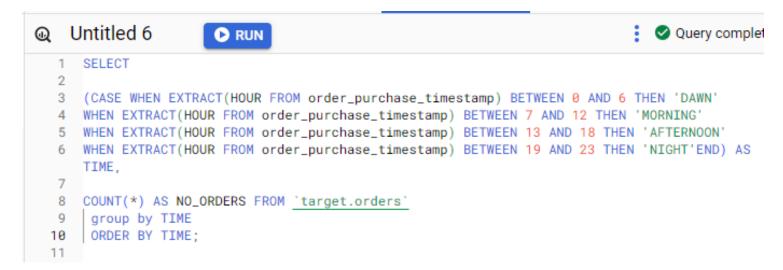
Q 2.3) During what time of the day, do the Brazilian customers mostly place their orders? (Dawn, Morning, Afternoon or Night)

o 0-6 hrs : Dawn

o 7-12 hrs : Mornings

。 13-18 hrs: Afternoon

. 19-23 hrs : Night



Results

Query results 📥 save					
<		JOB INFORMATION	RESUL	TS CHART	JSO
Row	//	TIME ▼	//	NO_ORDERS ▼	/
	1	AFTERNOON		3813	
	2	DAWN		5242	2
	3	MORNING		2773	3
	4 NIGHT			2833	1

Conclusion:-

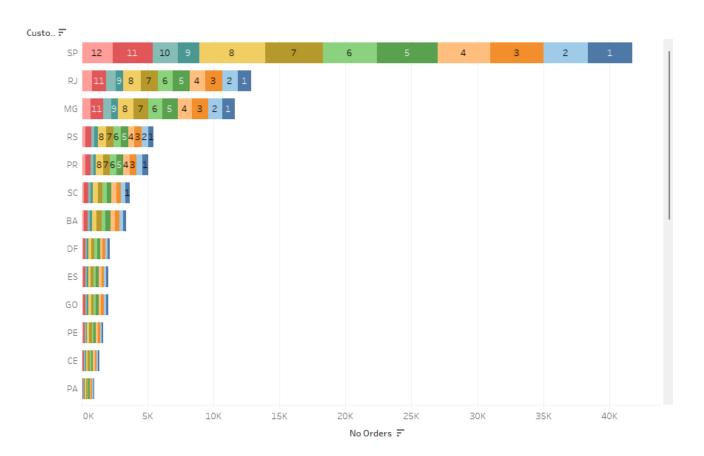
After Studying the aggregated table we come to know that <u>Brazilian Customer Mostly order in the afternoon</u> Indicating this the period when people want to shop online. By launching online add campaign and Arranging sufficient Customer Assistant personal during the busiest time can be a good step. <u>And Customers are buying least during dawn.</u>

Q3.1) get on month on month no of order placed in each state.

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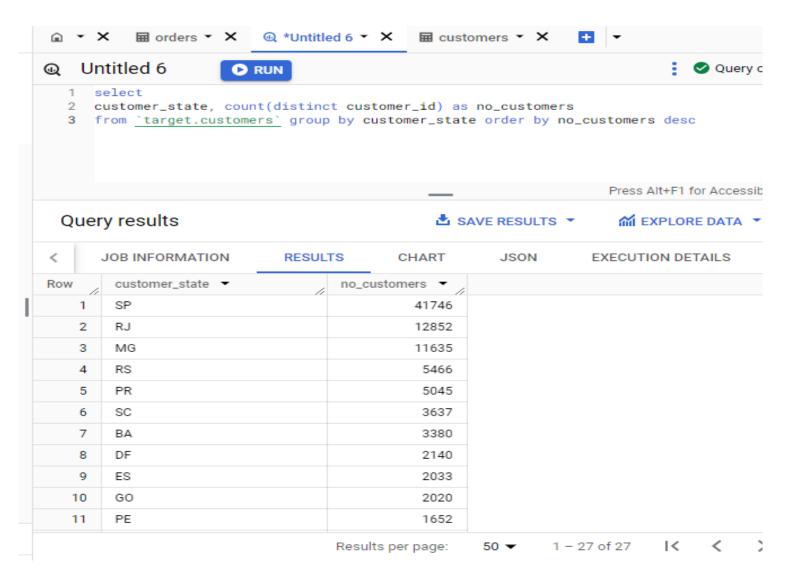
| Select | C.customer_state, | Select | Select | C.customer_state, | Select | Select | C.customer_state, | Select | C.customer_state, | Select | C.customer_state, | Select | C.customer_state, | Select | C.cu
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<u>The same table is extracted</u> for Tableau Visualization for the same data for better <u>comparison</u>

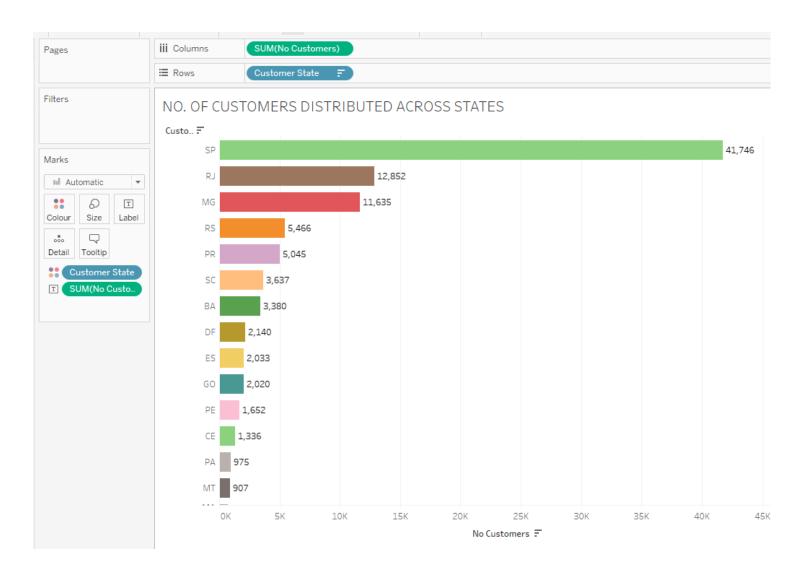


- 1. We can learn more about the monthly order count for each state by examining the query's results. Over time, we can spot trends, patterns, or seasonality in the order volume for various states. We can use it to determine which states have consistently high order volumes and to pinpoint any months or states where order counts have significantly changed. Here in our data, we can find that for every month the state called SP has the highest number of orders.
- 2. We can target marketing efforts in states with rising order volumes, spot potential operational issues in states with falling order volumes or optimize inventory management based on order trends across different states by analysing these insights.

Q3.2) How are the customers distributed across all the states?

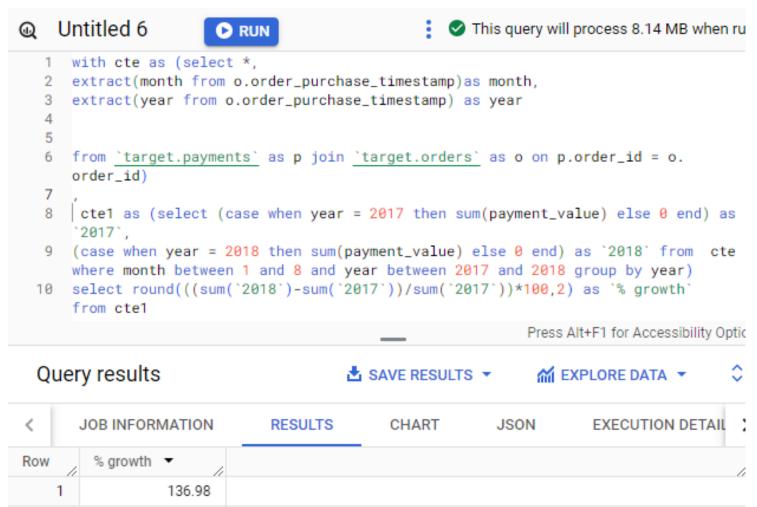


The same table is extracted for Tableau Visualization for the same data for better comparison



- 1. The distribution of clients across states will be shown by analysing the query's results. Which states have the most customers and which states have comparatively fewer consumers can be determined. Here the state called SP has the highest clients and the state called RR has the fewest clients. There are several uses for this information, including: Market targeting, Expansion opportunities and Customer service.
- 2. We can learn more about the geographic distribution of our client base, spot prospective growth areas, and make wise decisions to optimize our company strategy by looking at the customer distribution between states.

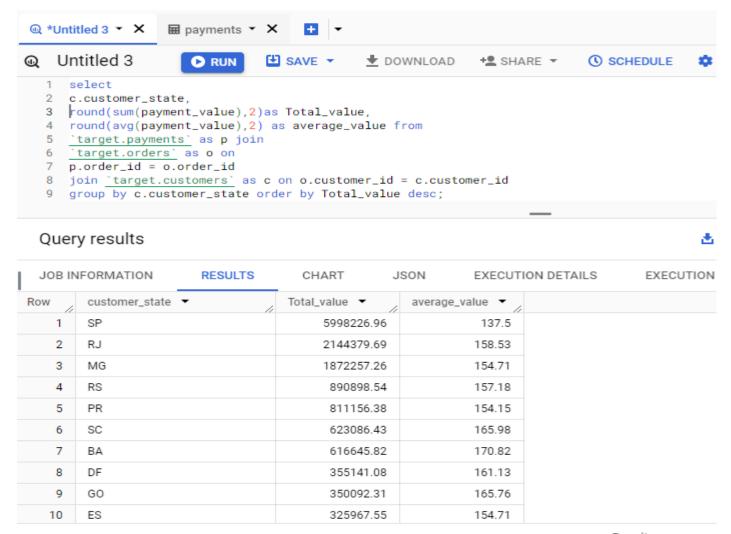
4.1) Get the % increase in the cost of orders from year 2017 to 2018 (include months between Jan to Aug only). You can use the "payment_value" column in the payments table to get the cost of orders.



Insights:

The findings tell us a growth rate of approximately <u>137%</u> from 2017 to 2018.

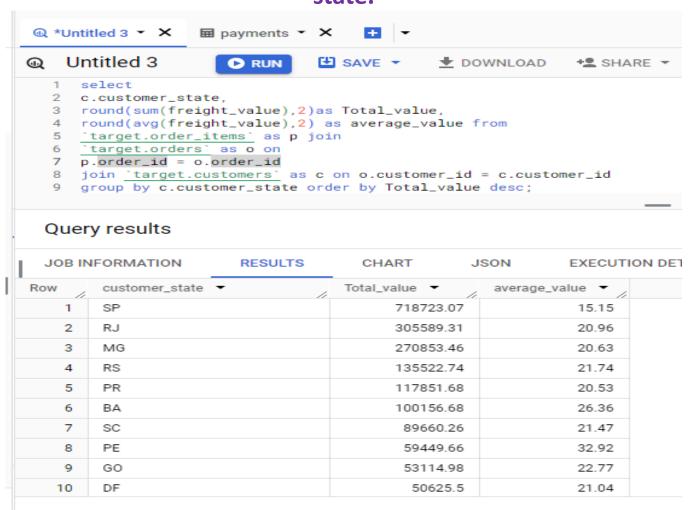
Q 4. 2) Calculate the Total & Average value of order price for each state.

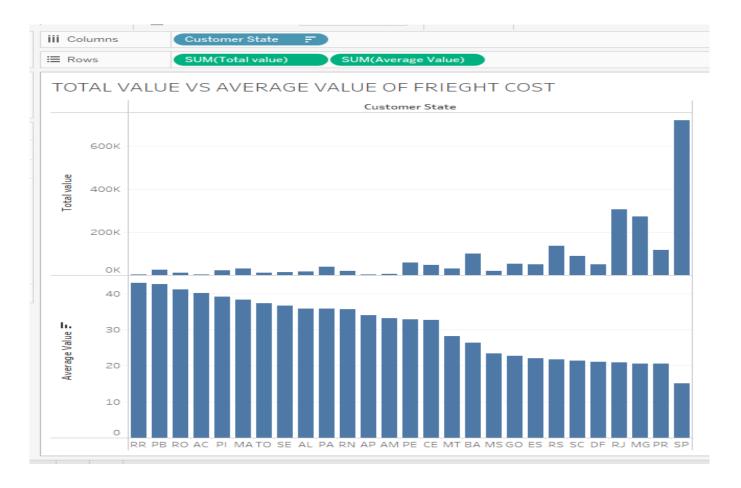


Results per page:

- 1. The sum of all order prices for each state is displayed in the "total_order_price" column, which represents the total amount of orders placed.
- 2. The "average_order_price" column shows the normal order value for each state together with the average order price for that state.
- 3. We can find states with large total order values, which point to potentially profitable marketplaces, by analysing the results.
- 4. To develop focused marketing or pricing strategies, it can be helpful to compare the average order prices across states to find areas with higher or lower average spending. 5. To obtain more understanding and make wise judgements based on the data, it's critical to consider the context of each state, such as population, economic variables, or customer behaviour.

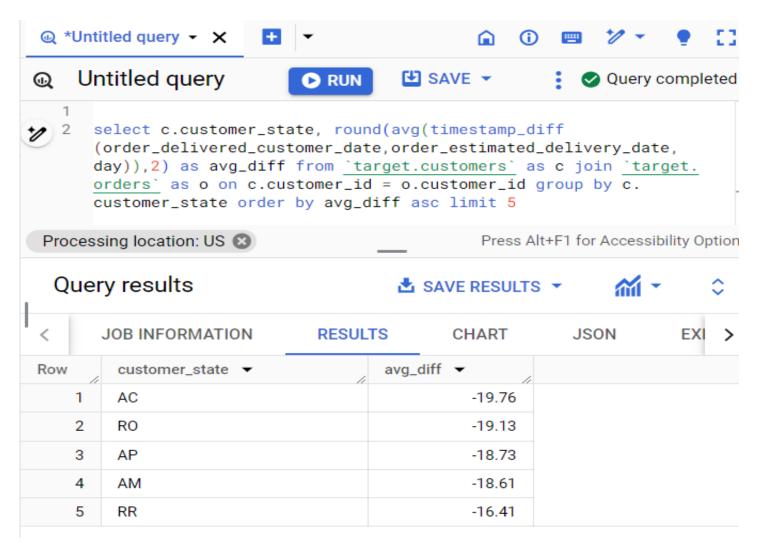
Q 4.3) Calculate the Total & Average value of order freight for each state.





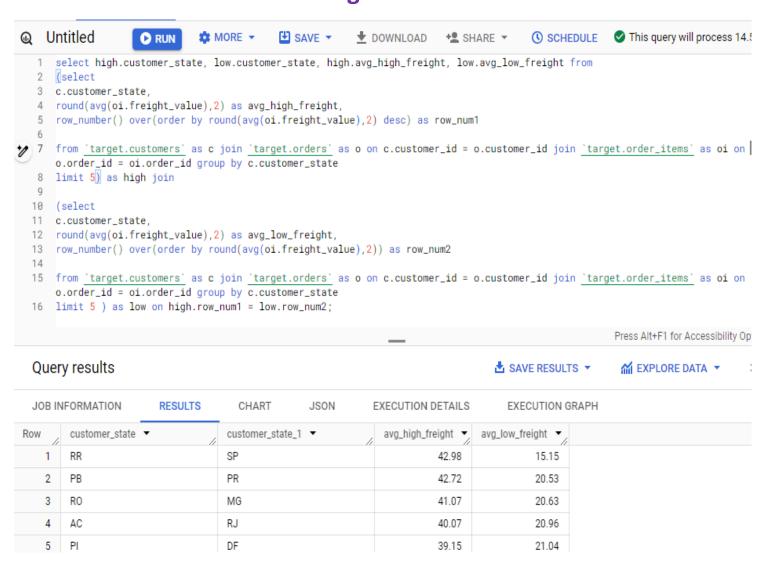
- 1. We can find states with high total freight costs, here in our case a state called SP, by analysing the results, which could point to regions with higher shipping prices or logistical difficulties.
- 2. When optimizing logistics operations or pricing strategies, it might be helpful to discover regions with higher or lower average shipping prices by comparing the average order freight costs across states.
- 3. Understanding the differences in order freight rates between states can offer information about local shipping habits, supplier locations, or client preferences that can be used to optimize processes and cut costs.

Q5.1) Find out the top 5 states where the order delivery is really fast as compared to the estimated date of delivery. You can use the difference between the averages of actual & estimated delivery date to figure out how fast the delivery was for each state.



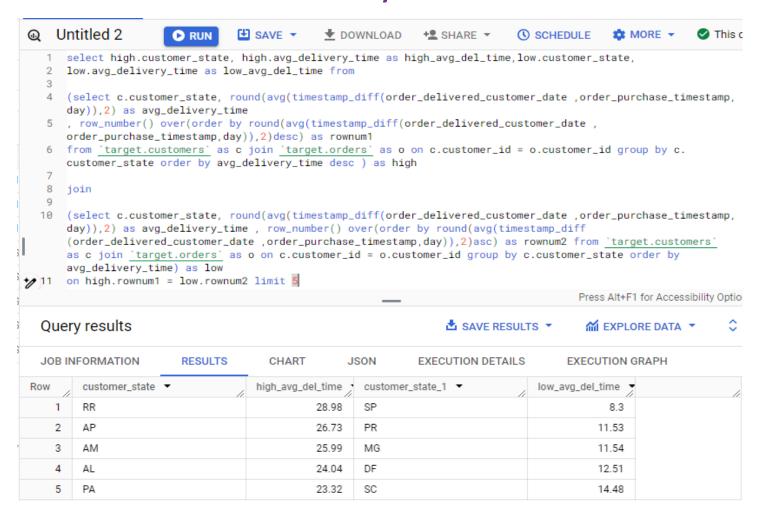
- 1. Insights into the effectiveness of the delivery process, including any delays or early deliveries compared to the projected timeframe, can be gained by analysing the delivery time and diff estimated delivery columns.
- 2. These columns can be further examined to find trends, outliers, or elements that affect delivery times or discrepancies between estimated and actual delivery dates.
- 3. These insights can be applied to manage customer expectations, enhance customer satisfaction, optimize the delivery process, and improve logistics operations.

Q5.2) Find out the top 5 states with the highest & lowest average freight value.



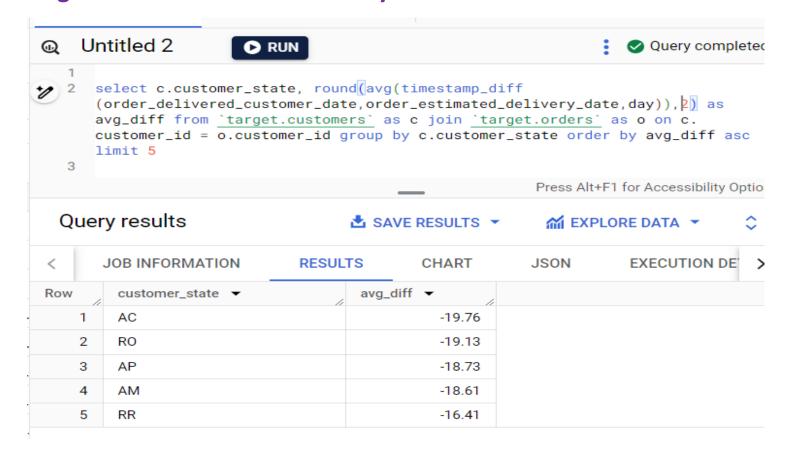
- 1. The states with the highest average freight values like states called RR and PB may experience greater shipping prices due to reasons like remote locations, higher transportation costs, or supply chain difficulties.
- 2. It might be useful for our company to try to optimize logistics operations or save costs to locate places with relatively reduced shipping prices by looking at the states with the lowest average freight values like states such as SP and PR.
- 3. This data can help us develop focused initiatives, bargain freight costs, or spot possible opportunities to reduce costs in our supply chain operations.
- 4. When assessing the data and drawing conclusions from these insights, it is crucial to consider additional elements like distance, transportation infrastructure, carrier availability, or regional economic variations.

Q5. 3)Find out the top 5 states with the highest & lowest average delivery time.



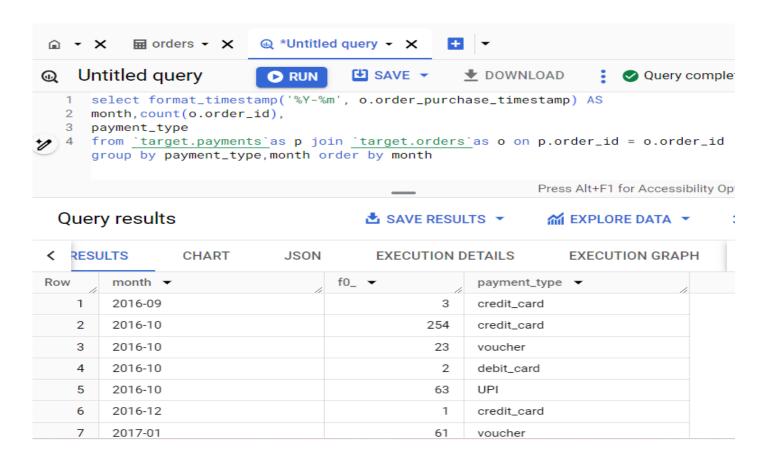
- 1. Finding areas with effective delivery operations, quicker transit times, or solid logistics networks can be done by looking at the states like SP and PR with the lowest average delivery times and states called RR and AP with highest average delivery times.
- 2. These insights can be helpful for our company looking to improve customer satisfaction, operational efficiency, delivery process optimization, and setting reasonable expectations for customers based on regional delivery time patterns.
- 3. When evaluating the data and drawing conclusions from these insights, it's crucial to take additional elements into account, such as population density, the distinction between urban and rural locations, customer expectations, or unique logistical restrictions.
- 4. Utilizing this information, our company can concentrate on areas where delivery efficiency improvements can be made, thereby improving customer experiences and operational efficiencies.

Q 5.4) Find out the top 5 states where the order delivery is really fast as compared to the estimated date of delivery. You can use the difference between the averages of actual & estimated delivery date to figure out how fast the delivery was for each state.



- 1. Our company operating in these states called AC, RO, AP, and AM where average delivery speed is highest can take advantage of the quicker delivery times by highlighting their rapid and dependable service, thereby drawing more clients, and boosting client satisfaction.
- 2. These data can help us improve our operations, enhance customer experience, optimize logistics, or look for expansion prospects in areas with a track record of quick order delivery.

Q6.1)Find the month on month no. of orders placed using different payment types.

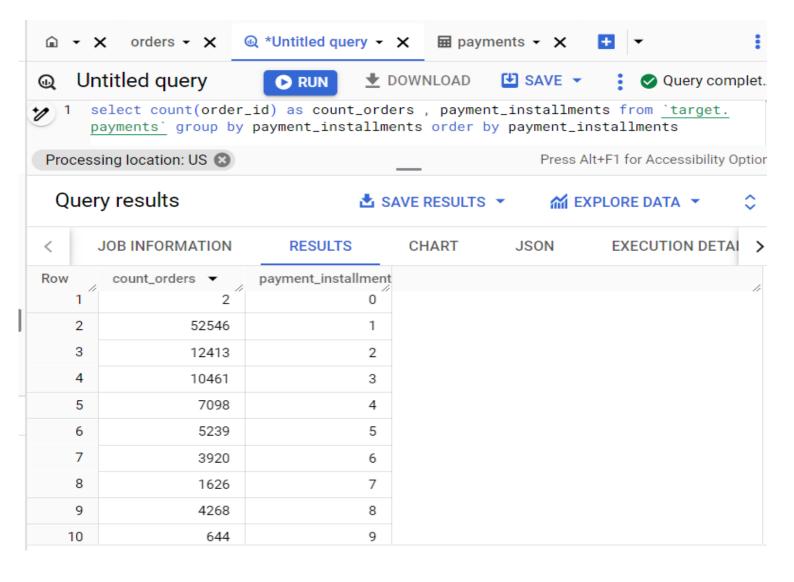


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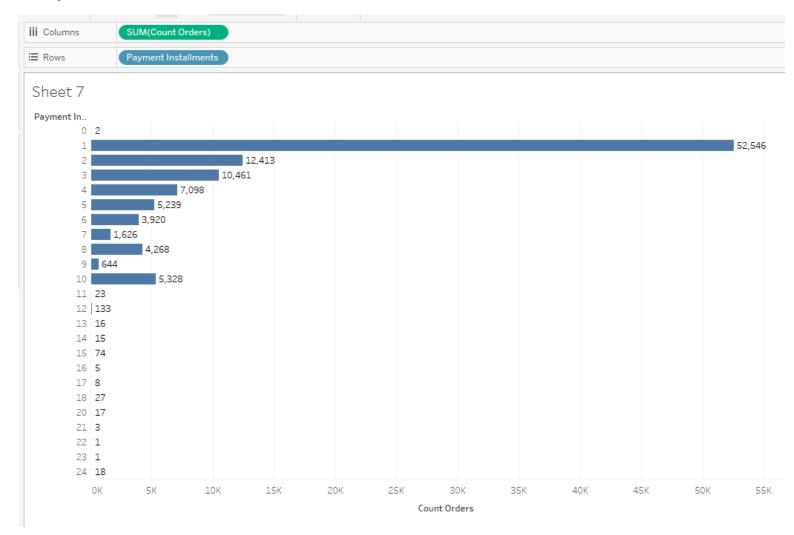


- 1. We identify that credit card as a payment method was most used in November 2017.
- 2. To analyze seasonality, identify peak months, or evaluate the effects of marketing efforts or outside variables on consumer behavior, tracking the month-to-month trends in order counts can be helpful.
- 3. Based on the payment preferences noticed during various months, these insights might help firms optimize their payment procedures, customize marketing campaigns, or enhance customer experiences.

Q6.2)Find the no. of orders placed on the basis of the payment installments that have been paid.



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- 1. 49060 orders were placed where payment installment was 1.
- 2. This analysis can help determine whether payment installment alternatives are popular or preferred by clients.
- 3. Customers' preferences for budgeting or financing may be discerned by whether they tend to select a particular number of payment installments.
- 4. Monitoring the distribution of orders according to payment installments might reveal information about the buying habits of clients and their preference for flexible payment methods.