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Experiment Name: Write a lex program to generate a string. Ex: Welcome To NUBTK

Objectives:

- 1. To understand the basic syntax and structure of a Flex program.
- 2. To learn how to write patterns for matching strings using regular expressions in Flex.
- 3. To implement a Flex scanner that can read and print any given input string.
- 4. To gain hands-on experience in compiling and running Flex programs.
- 5. To familiarize with the interaction between Flex and C language code for input/output operations.
- 6. To understand how lexical analyzers work in recognizing and processing input strings.

Tools:

- Flex Software
- Windows Terminal (CMD)

Source Code:

```
%option noyywrap
%{
          #include<stdio.h>
%}

%%

%%
int main()
{
          printf(" Welcome To NUBTK");
          yylex();
          return 0;
}
```

```
© D:\Versity\Compiler Desing La 	imes + 	imes Welcome to NUBTK 	imes
```

Experiment Name: Write a lex program to Identity Uppercase & Lowercase. Ex: MahfujulKarim

Objectives:

- 1. To understand the difference between uppercase and lowercase characters in ASCII.
- 2. To write Flex patterns to detect uppercase and lowercase alphabets.
- 3. To create a Flex program that identifies and distinguishes uppercase letters from lowercase letters.
- 4. To practice using character classes and regular expressions in Flex.
- 5. To output the classification result for each character in the input string.

Tools:

- Flex Software
- Windows Terminal (CMD)

Source Code:

```
%option noyywrap
%{
    #include<stdio.h>
%}

%%
[A-Z] {printf("Uppercase ");}
[a-z] {printf("Lowercase ");}
%%
int main()
{
    printf("Enter String\n");
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

```
Enter String
MahfujulKarim
Uppercase Lowercase Lowercase Lowercase Lowercase Lowercase Uppercase Lowercase Lowercase
```

Experiment Name: Write a lex program to Identity Vowel & Consonant. Ex: myfathermother

Objectives:

- 1. To understand how to use Flex to recognize specific character classes (vowels and consonants).
- 2. To write Flex patterns for vowels and consonants using regular expressions.
- 3. To develop a lexical analyzer that can differentiate vowels from consonants in input strings.
- 4. To print appropriate output based on the identification of vowels and consonants.
- 5. To practice working with character matching and conditional actions in Flex.

Tools:

- Flex Software
- Windows Terminal (CMD)

Source Code:

```
int main()
%option noyywrap
%{
                                                       printf("Enter String\n");
       #include<stdio.h>
       int v c=0;
                                                       yylex();
       int c = 0;
                                                       getch();
%}
                                                       return 0;
                                               }
%%
[aeiou|AEIOU] {printf("Vowel ");}
[a-z|A-Z] {printf("consonant ");}
%%
```

```
Enter String
myfathermother
consonant consonant Consonant Vowel consonat Vowel consonat Vowel consonat Vowel c
```

Experiment Name: Write a lex program to count Vowel & Consonant. Ex:NorthernUniversityKhulna

Objectives:

- 1. To implement counters in Flex to keep track of vowels and consonants found in the input.
- 2. To reinforce the use of regular expressions for pattern matching in Flex.
- 3. To learn how to maintain and update variables within Flex actions.
- 4. To output the total count of vowels and consonants after processing the input string.
- 5. To develop skills in combining lexical analysis with simple computation logic.

Tools:

- Flex Software
- Windows Terminal (CMD)

Source Code:

```
%option noyywrap
                                              int main()
  #include<stdio.h>
                                                 printf("enter a string:\n");
  int vowel count = 0;
  int consonant count = 0;
                                                 yylex();
%}
                                                 printf("vowel = %d\n", vowel count);
                                                 printf("consonant = %d\n",
%%
                                               consonant count);
                                                 getch();
[AEIOU|aeiou]
                   { vowel count++; }
[A-Z|a-z]
               { consonant count++; }
                                                 return 0;
%%
```

```
EN D:\Versity\Compiler Desing Lz × + \versity\enter a string:
NorthernUniversityKHULNA

^Z

vowel = 8

consonant = 16
```

Experiment Name: Write a lex program to identify Pattern (Digit/Numbers). Ex: if 3 123 abc

Objectives:

- 1. To learn how to identify digits and number patterns using regular expressions in Flex.
- 2. To differentiate between single digits and multi-digit numbers in input.
- 3. To write appropriate patterns for matching integers using Flex rules.
- 4. To understand how Flex processes numerical input and classifies it.
- 5. To output specific messages based on whether input is a digit or a number.

Tools:

- Flex Software
- Windows Terminal (CMD)

Source Code:

```
%option noyywrap
%{
    #include<stdio.h>
    printf("Enter String\n");
    yylex();
    return 0;
}

[0-9] {printf("Digt ");}
[0-9]* {printf("Number");}
"if"|"else"|"while"|"do"|"switch"|"case"
{printf("Keyword");}
.* {printf("Others");}
```

```
Enter String
if
Keyword
3
Digt
123
Number
abc
Others
```

Experiment Name: Write a lex program to count Lines and Spaces from user input.

Ex: Hello World

This is Test

Objectives:

- 1. To implement a Flex program that counts the number of lines and spaces in a given input.
- 2. To learn how to detect newline and whitespace characters using regular expressions.
- 3. To maintain counters within Flex rules for tracking line breaks and spaces.
- 4. To reinforce the use of action blocks in Flex for computation.
- 5. To display the total number of lines and spaces after scanning the input.

Tools:

- Flex Software
- Windows Terminal (CMD)

Source Code:

```
%option noyywrap
                                               int main()
%{
       #include<stdio.h>
                                               yylex();
       int line=0,other=0,space=0;
                                               printf("%d %d",line,space);
%}
                                               getch();
                                                      return 0;
%%
                                               }
n \{line++;\}
[ ] {space++;}
. {other++;}
%%
```

```
Hello world
This is test
^Z
2 3
```

Experiment Name: Write a lex program to count positive integers, negative integers, positive floating-point numbers and negative floating-point numbers from user input. Ex: 123 -45 6.78 -0.9

Objectives:

- 1. To understand how to write regular expressions in Lex to recognize different types of numeric inputs.
- 2. To differentiate between positive and negative integers using pattern matching.
- 3. To identify positive and negative floating-point numbers by defining suitable Lex patterns.
- 4. To implement counters that keep track of each numeric category during input scanning.
- 5. To practice integrating Lex actions for counting and displaying results.

Tools:

- Flex Software
- Windows Terminal (CMD)

Source Code:

```
%option novywrap
                                               int main()
%{
                                               {
  #include <stdio.h>
                                                 yylex();
  int p=0, n=0, pf=0, nf=0;
                                                 printf("%d %d %d %d\n", p, n, pf, nf);
%}
                                                 return 0;
                                               }
%%
-[0-9]+
              { n++; }
-[0-9]+\.[0-9]+ \{ nf++; \}
[0-9]+\.[0-9]+ \{ pf++; \}
[0-9]+
           { p++; }
%%
```

```
D:\Versity\Compiler Desing Lab\Exp7>exp7.exe
123 -45 6.78 -0.9

^Z
1 1 1 1
```

Experiment Name: Write a lex program to verify a E-mail address. Ex:mmks735.bd@gmail.com, Mmks#protonmail.com

Objectives:

- 1. To understand the structure and format of a valid email address.
- 2. To use Flex to write a regular expression pattern for detecting valid email addresses.
- 3. To create a lexical analyzer that identifies and verifies email format correctness.
- 4. To validate input strings against the defined email pattern.
- 5. To print whether the given input is a valid or invalid email address.

Tools:

- Flex Software
- Windows Terminal (CMD)

Source Code:

```
%option noyywrap
%{
          #include<stdio.h>
%}

%%
[a-z0-9._]*[@][a-z.]* {printf("Email Valid\n");}
.* {printf("Email is not Valid");}
%%
int main()
{
yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

```
mmks735.bd@gmail.com
Email Valid
mmks#protonmail.com
Email is not Valid
```

Experiment Name: Write a lex program to make a Calculator App. Ex: 10 + 20 - 5 * 2

Objectives:

- 1. To learn how to use Lex to recognize and tokenize arithmetic operators and operands.
- 2. To write patterns in Lex for identifying numbers (integers and floating-point) and mathematical operators (+, -, *, /).
- 3. To develop a lexical analyzer that can parse arithmetic expressions from input.
- 4. To implement basic calculation logic by integrating Lex with C code or external functions.
- 5. To understand how to handle input processing and display the calculated result.
- 6. To practice building a simple interactive calculator using lexical analysis techniques.
- 7. To enhance skills in combining pattern matching with computation in Lex.

Tools:

- Flex Software
- Windows Terminal (CMD)

Source Code:

```
%option noyywrap
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int result = 0;
int last_op = '+';

void calculate(int num) {
  switch(last_op) {
    case '+': result += num; break;
    case '-': result -= num; break;
    case '*': result *= num; break;
    case '':
    if(num == 0) {
      printf("Error: Division by zero\n");
      exit(1);
    }
```

```
result /= num;
       break;
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {
  int num = atoi(yytext);
  calculate(num);
[+\-*/] {
  last_op = yytext[0];
[\t\n]+; // ignore whitespace
  printf("Invalid character: %s\n", yytext);
  exit(1);
<<EOF>>> {
  printf("Result = %d\n", result);
  return 0;
%%
int main() {
  printf("Enter expression: ");
  yylex();
  return 0;
```

```
D:\Versity\Compiler Desing Lab\Calculator>calculator.exe
Enter expression: 10 + 20 - 5 * 2
^Z
Result = 50
```