

#### Program 44. Search in Rotated Sorted Array

There is an integer array `nums` sorted in ascending order (with distinct values). Prior to being passed to your function, `nums` is possibly rotated at an unknown pivot index

`k` ( $1 \leq k < \text{nums.length}$ ) such that the resulting array is `[nums[k], nums[k+1], ..., nums[n - 1], nums[0], nums[1], ..., nums[k-1]]` (0-indexed). For example, `[0,1,2,4,5,6,7]` might be

rotated at pivot index 3 and become `[4,5,6,7,0,1,2]`.

Given the array `nums` after the possible rotation and an integer `target`, return the index of

`target` if it is in `nums`, or `-1` if it is not in `nums`.

**PROGRAM:**

```
def search(nums, target):
    left, right = 0, len(nums) - 1
    while left <= right:
        mid = (left + right) // 2
        if nums[mid] == target:
            return mid
        if nums[left] <= nums[mid]:
            if nums[left] <= target < nums[mid]:
                right = mid - 1
            else:
                left = mid + 1
        else:
            if nums[mid] < target <= nums[right]:
                left = mid + 1
            else:
                right = mid - 1
    return -1
```

# Example usage

```
nums = [4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2]
```

```
target = 0
```

```
print(search(nums, target)) # Output: 4
```

**# Output::**

```
"C:\Program Files\Python312\python.exe" "C:\Work Space\DAA COADS.PYTHON\program 44.py"
4

Process finished with exit code 0
```

**Time complexity:**

**$O(\log n)$**