

health

November 27, 2025

```
[21]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import scipy.stats as st
```

```
[22]: health = pd.read_csv(r'/Users/mahidharreddy/Downloads/Data science/Nov/26-27- ↴Nov/25th, 26th- Advanced EDA project/EDA- HEALTHCARE DOMAIN/heart.csv')
```

```
[23]: health
```

```
[23]:      age  sex  cp  trestbps  chol  fbs  restecg  thalach  exang  oldpeak \
0       63    1    3     145   233    1        0     150      0      2.3
1       37    1    2     130   250    0        1     187      0      3.5
2       41    0    1     130   204    0        0     172      0      1.4
3       56    1    1     120   236    0        1     178      0      0.8
4       57    0    0     120   354    0        1     163      1      0.6
...
298     57    0    0     140   241    0        1     123      1      0.2
299     45    1    3     110   264    0        1     132      0      1.2
300     68    1    0     144   193    1        1     141      0      3.4
301     57    1    0     130   131    0        1     115      1      1.2
302     57    0    1     130   236    0        0     174      0      0.0

      slope  ca  thal  target
0         0  0     1      1
1         0  0     2      1
2         2  0     2      1
3         2  0     2      1
4         2  0     2      1
...
298       1  0     3      0
299       1  0     3      0
300       1  2     3      0
301       1  1     3      0
302       1  1     2      0
```

[303 rows x 14 columns]

```
[24]: health.isnull().sum()
```

```
[24]: age      0  
       sex      0  
       cp      0  
       trestbps  0  
       chol      0  
       fbs      0  
       restecg    0  
       thalach    0  
       exang      0  
       oldpeak    0  
       slope      0  
       ca        0  
       thal      0  
       target     0  
       dtype: int64
```

```
[25]: health.head()
```

```
[25]:   age  sex  cp  trestbps  chol  fbs  restecg  thalach  exang  oldpeak  slope  \  
 0   63   1   3    145   233   1      0     150     0     2.3     0  
 1   37   1   2    130   250   0      1     187     0     3.5     0  
 2   41   0   1    130   204   0      0     172     0     1.4     2  
 3   56   1   1    120   236   0      1     178     0     0.8     2  
 4   57   0   0    120   354   0      1     163     1     0.6     2  
  
      ca  thal  target  
 0   0    1    1  
 1   0    2    1  
 2   0    2    1  
 3   0    2    1  
 4   0    2    1
```

```
[26]: health.tail()
```

```
[26]:   age  sex  cp  trestbps  chol  fbs  restecg  thalach  exang  oldpeak  \  
298   57   0   0    140   241   0      1     123     1     0.2  
299   45   1   3    110   264   0      1     132     0     1.2  
300   68   1   0    144   193   1      1     141     0     3.4  
301   57   1   0    130   131   0      1     115     1     1.2  
302   57   0   1    130   236   0      0     174     0     0.0  
  
      slope  ca  thal  target  
298      1   0    3    0  
299      1   0    3    0  
300      1   2    3    0
```

```
301      1   1     3     0  
302      1   1     2     0
```

```
[27]: health.columns
```

```
[27]: Index(['age', 'sex', 'cp', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'fbs', 'restecg', 'thalach',  
           'exang', 'oldpeak', 'slope', 'ca', 'thal', 'target'],  
           dtype='object')
```

```
[28]: health.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 303 entries, 0 to 302  
Data columns (total 14 columns):  
 #   Column    Non-Null Count  Dtype     
---  --    
 0   age        303 non-null   int64    
 1   sex        303 non-null   int64    
 2   cp         303 non-null   int64    
 3   trestbps   303 non-null   int64    
 4   chol       303 non-null   int64    
 5   fbs        303 non-null   int64    
 6   restecg    303 non-null   int64    
 7   thalach    303 non-null   int64    
 8   exang      303 non-null   int64    
 9   oldpeak    303 non-null   float64   
 10  slope      303 non-null   int64    
 11  ca         303 non-null   int64    
 12  thal       303 non-null   int64    
 13  target     303 non-null   int64    
dtypes: float64(1), int64(13)  
memory usage: 33.3 KB
```

```
[29]: health.describe()
```

```
[29]:          age        sex        cp     trestbps      chol      fbs  \\  
count  303.000000  303.000000  303.000000  303.000000  303.000000  303.000000  
mean   54.366337  0.683168  0.966997  131.623762  246.264026  0.148515  
std    9.082101  0.466011  1.032052  17.538143  51.830751  0.356198  
min   29.000000  0.000000  0.000000  94.000000  126.000000  0.000000  
25%  47.500000  0.000000  0.000000  120.000000  211.000000  0.000000  
50%  55.000000  1.000000  1.000000  130.000000  240.000000  0.000000  
75%  61.000000  1.000000  2.000000  140.000000  274.500000  0.000000  
max   77.000000  1.000000  3.000000  200.000000  564.000000  1.000000  
  
          restecg      thalach      exang      oldpeak      slope      ca  \\  
count  303.000000  303.000000  303.000000  303.000000  303.000000  303.000000  
mean   0.528053  149.646865  0.326733  1.039604  1.399340  0.729373
```

```
      std      0.525860    22.905161    0.469794    1.161075    0.616226    1.022606
      min      0.000000    71.000000    0.000000    0.000000    0.000000    0.000000
     25%      0.000000   133.500000    0.000000    0.000000    1.000000    0.000000
     50%      1.000000   153.000000    0.000000    0.800000    1.000000    0.000000
    75%      1.000000   166.000000    1.000000    1.600000    2.000000    1.000000
      max      2.000000   202.000000    1.000000    6.200000    2.000000    4.000000
```

	thal	target
count	303.000000	303.000000
mean	2.313531	0.544554
std	0.612277	0.498835
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2.000000	0.000000
50%	2.000000	1.000000
75%	3.000000	1.000000
max	3.000000	1.000000

```
[30]: health['target'].nunique()
```

```
[30]: 2
```

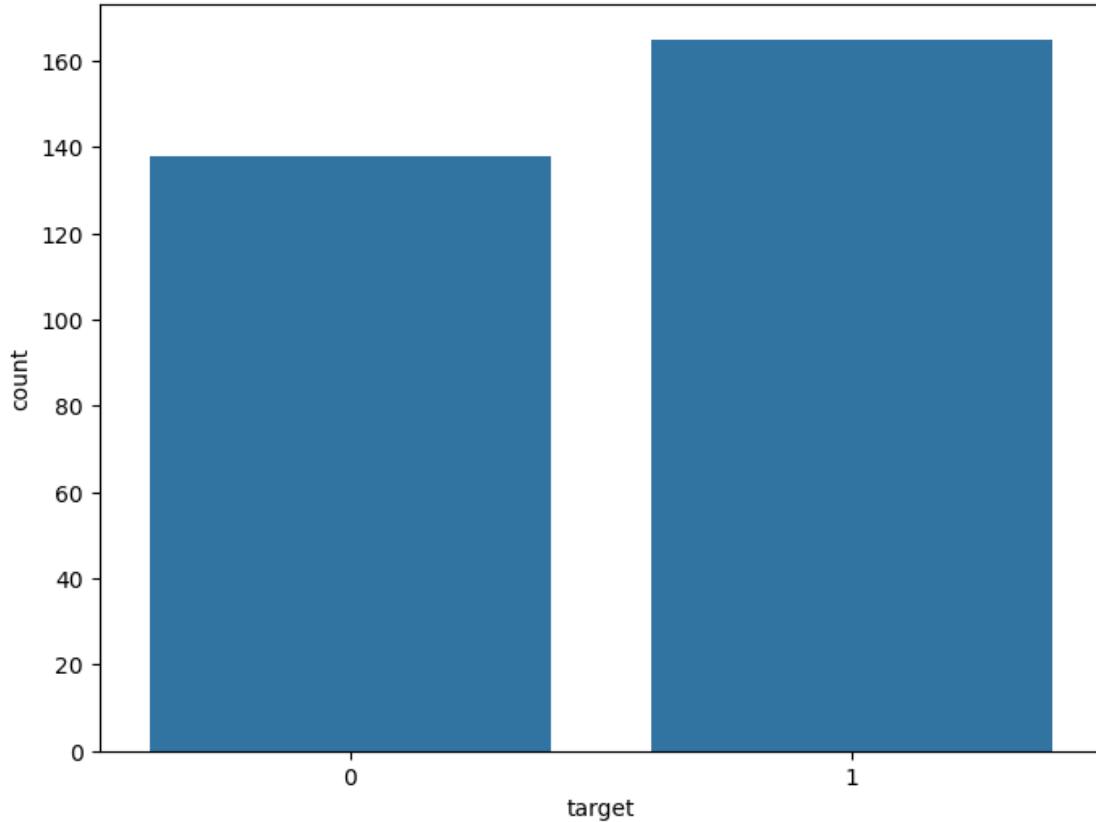
```
[31]: health['target'].unique()
```

```
[31]: array([1, 0])
```

```
[32]: health['target'].value_counts()
```

```
[32]: target
      1    165
      0    138
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

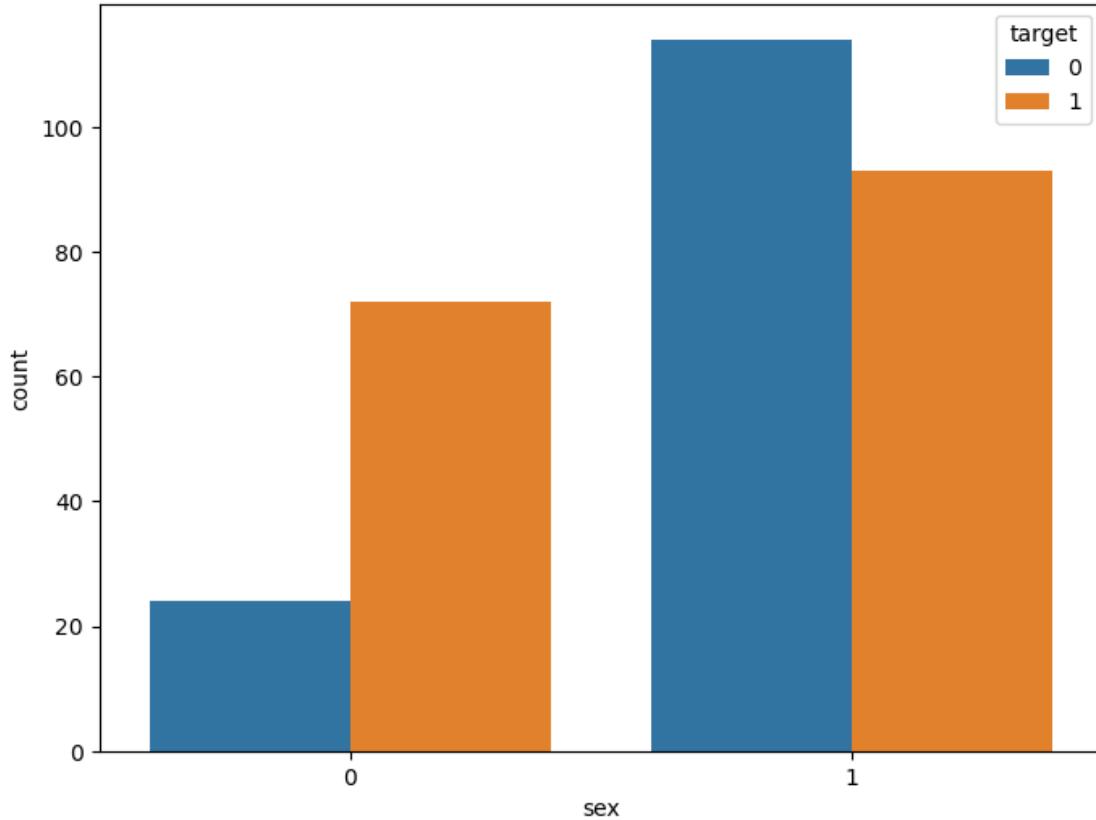
```
[33]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.countplot(x="target", data=health)
plt.show()
```



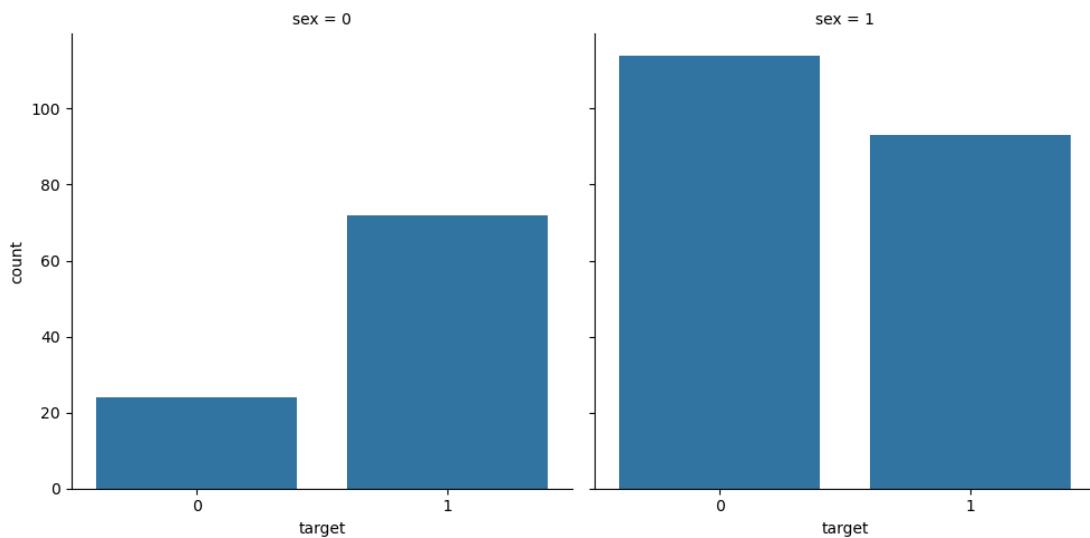
```
[34]: health.groupby('sex')['target'].value_counts()
```

```
[34]: sex    target
      0        1        72
              0        24
      1        0       114
              1        93
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

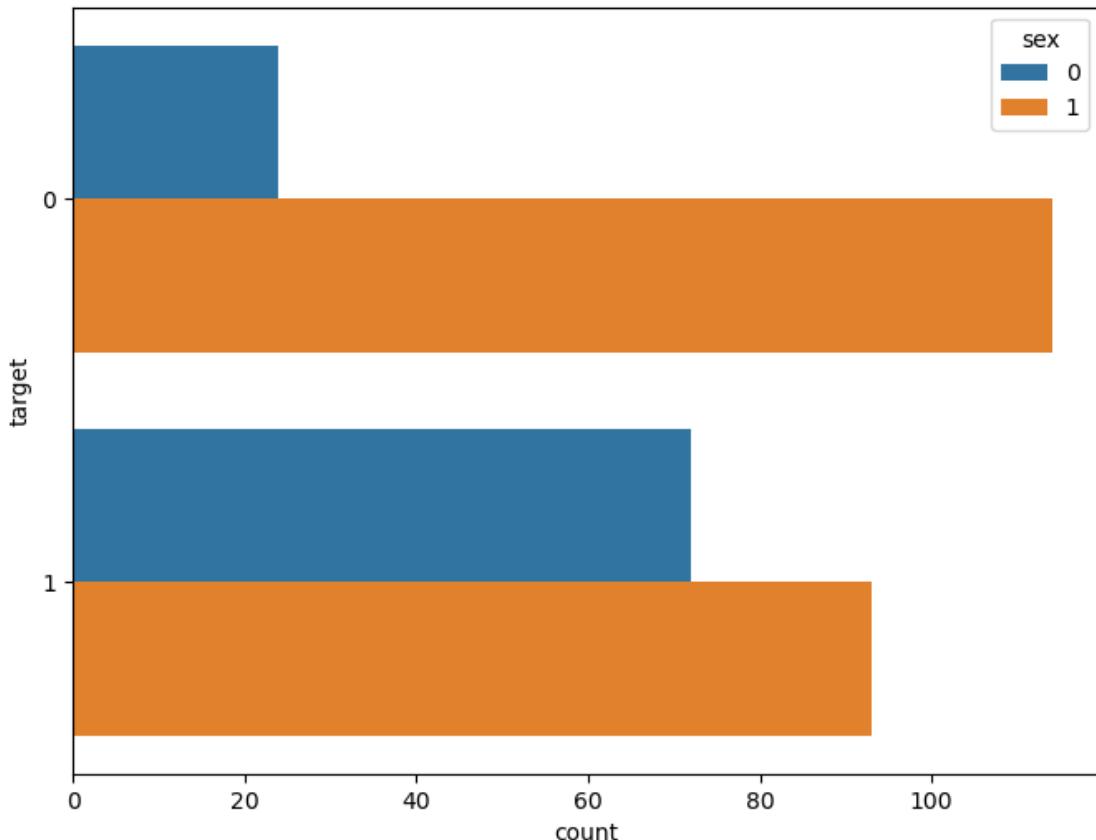
```
[36]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.countplot(x="sex", hue="target", data=health)
plt.show()
```



```
[38]: ax = sns.catplot(x="target", col="sex", data=health, kind="count", height=5, aspect=1)
```



```
[39]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.countplot(y="target", hue="sex", data=health)
plt.show()
```

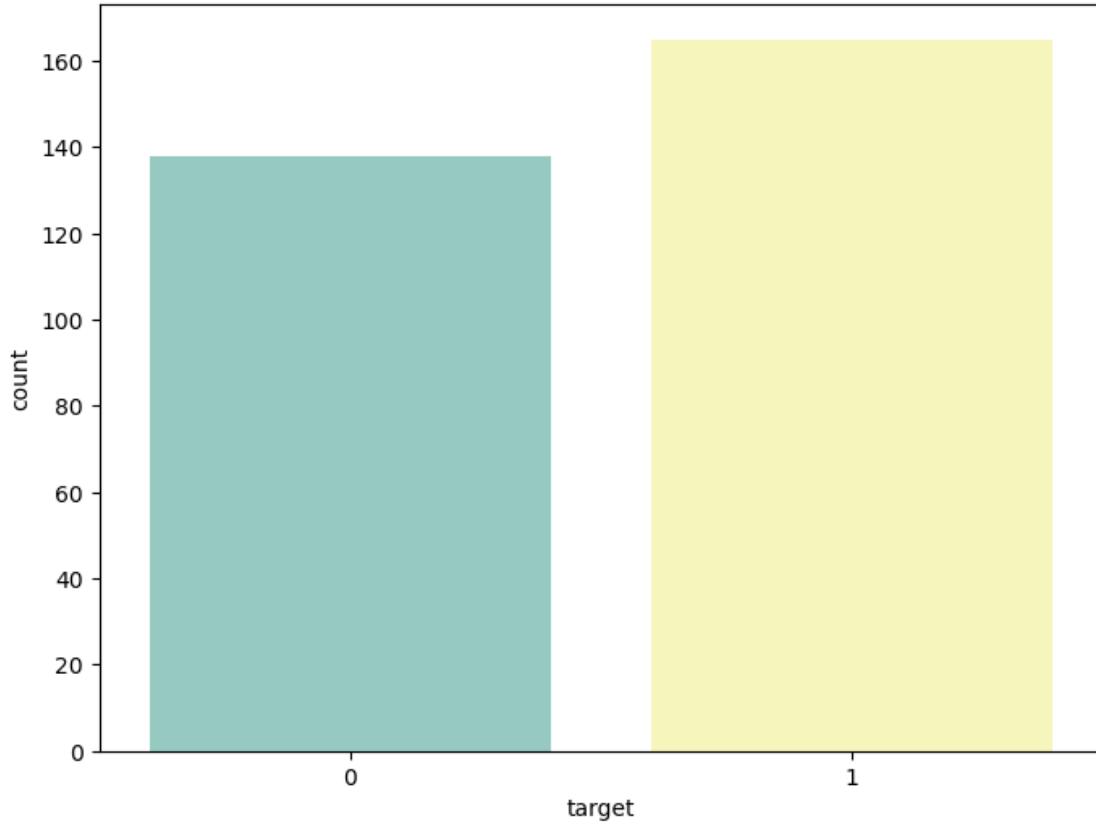


```
[40]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.countplot(x="target", data=health, palette="Set3")
plt.show()
```

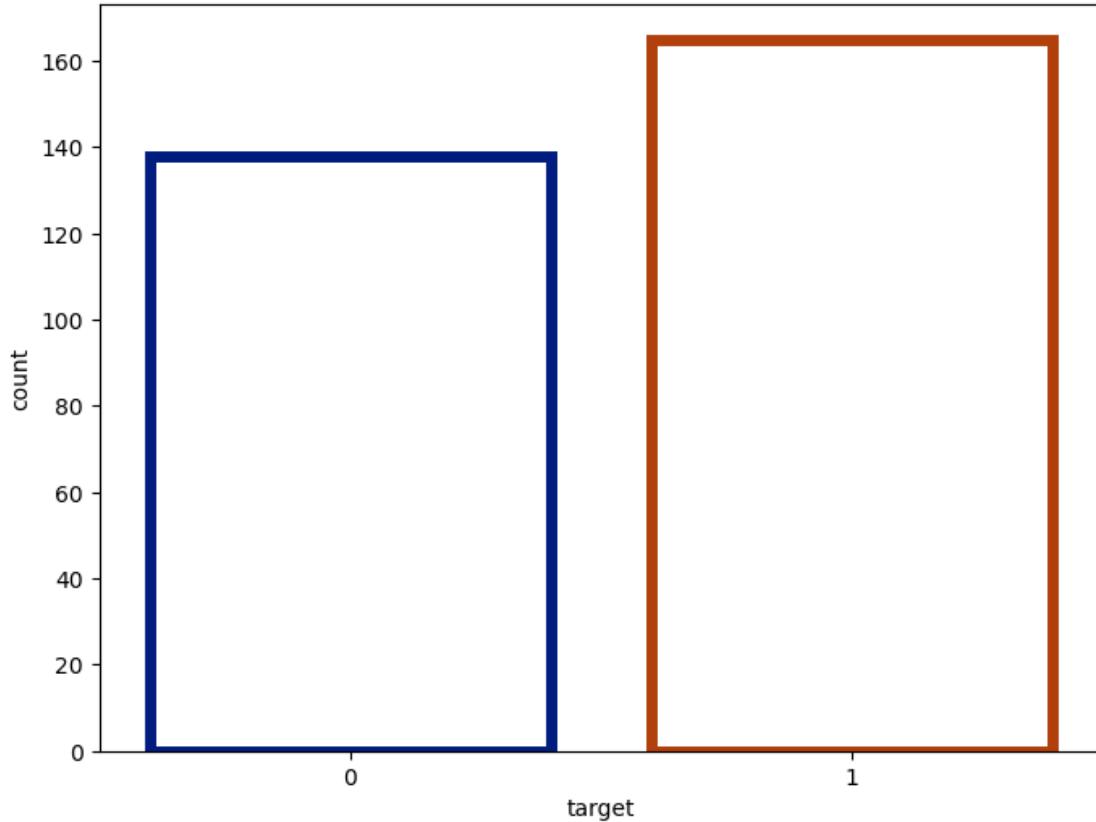
```
/var/folders/n0/q93fxsqn4kg2w2bw6zpftbth0000gn/T/ipykernel_15450/940474016.py:2:
FutureWarning:
```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

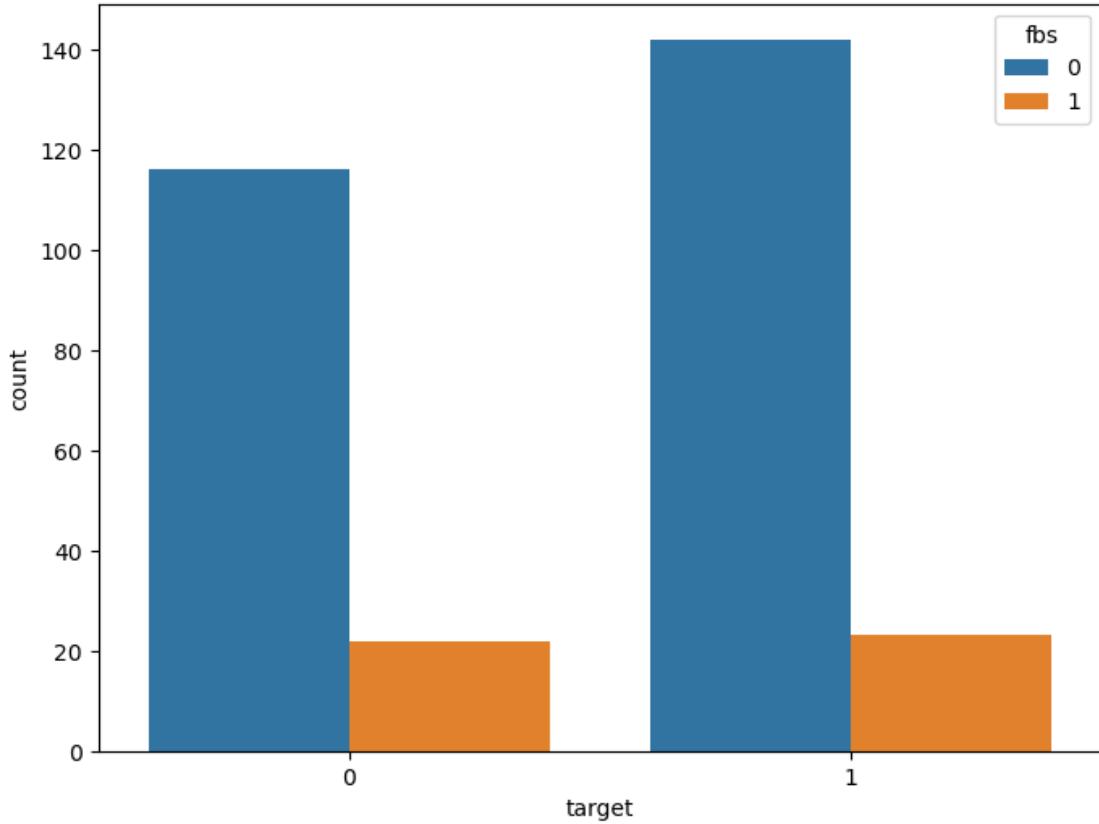
```
ax = sns.countplot(x="target", data=health, palette="Set3")
```



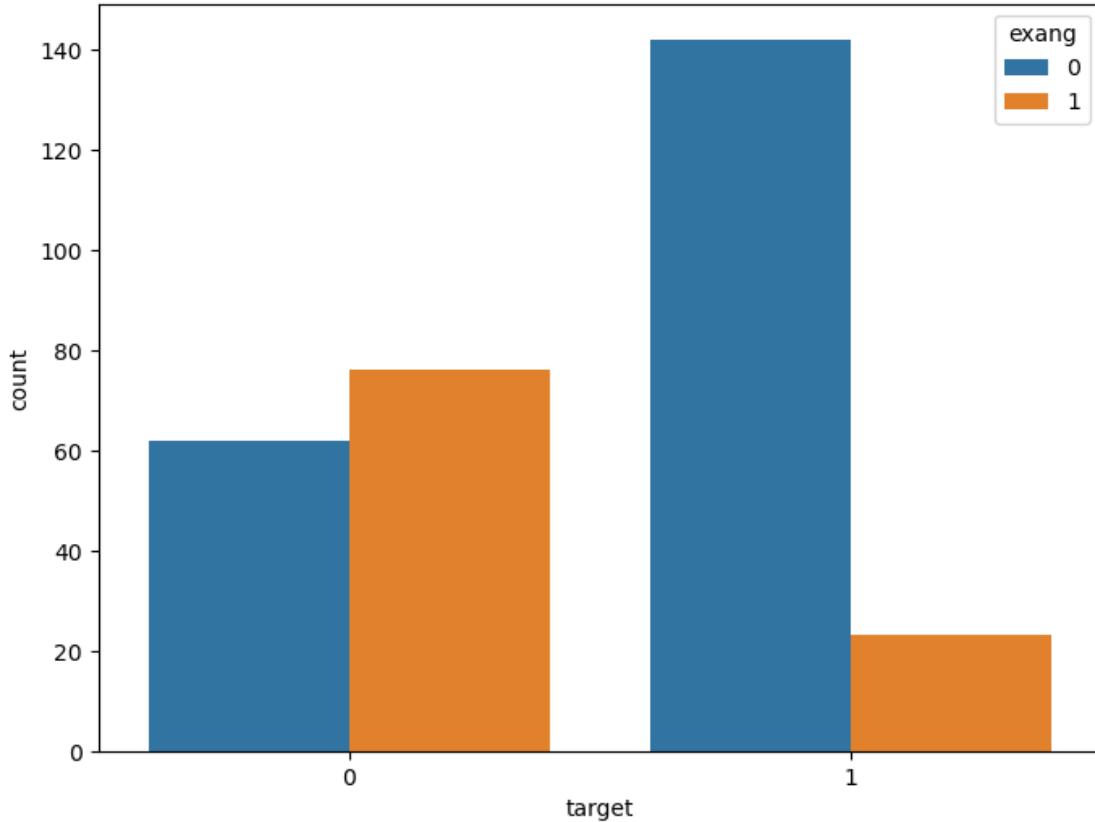
```
[41]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.countplot(x="target", data=health, facecolor=(0, 0, 0, 0),  
                   linewidth=5, edgecolor=sns.color_palette("dark", 3))
plt.show()
```



```
[42]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.countplot(x="target", hue="fbs", data=health)
plt.show()
```



```
[43]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.countplot(x="target", hue="exang", data=health)
plt.show()
```



```
[46]: correlation = health.corr()      #bivariate
```

```
[47]: correlation['target'].sort_values(ascending=False)
```

```
[47]: target      1.000000
cp          0.433798
thalach     0.421741
slope        0.345877
restecg      0.137230
fbs         -0.028046
chol        -0.085239
trestbps    -0.144931
age         -0.225439
sex         -0.280937
thal        -0.344029
ca          -0.391724
oldpeak     -0.430696
exang       -0.436757
Name: target, dtype: float64
```

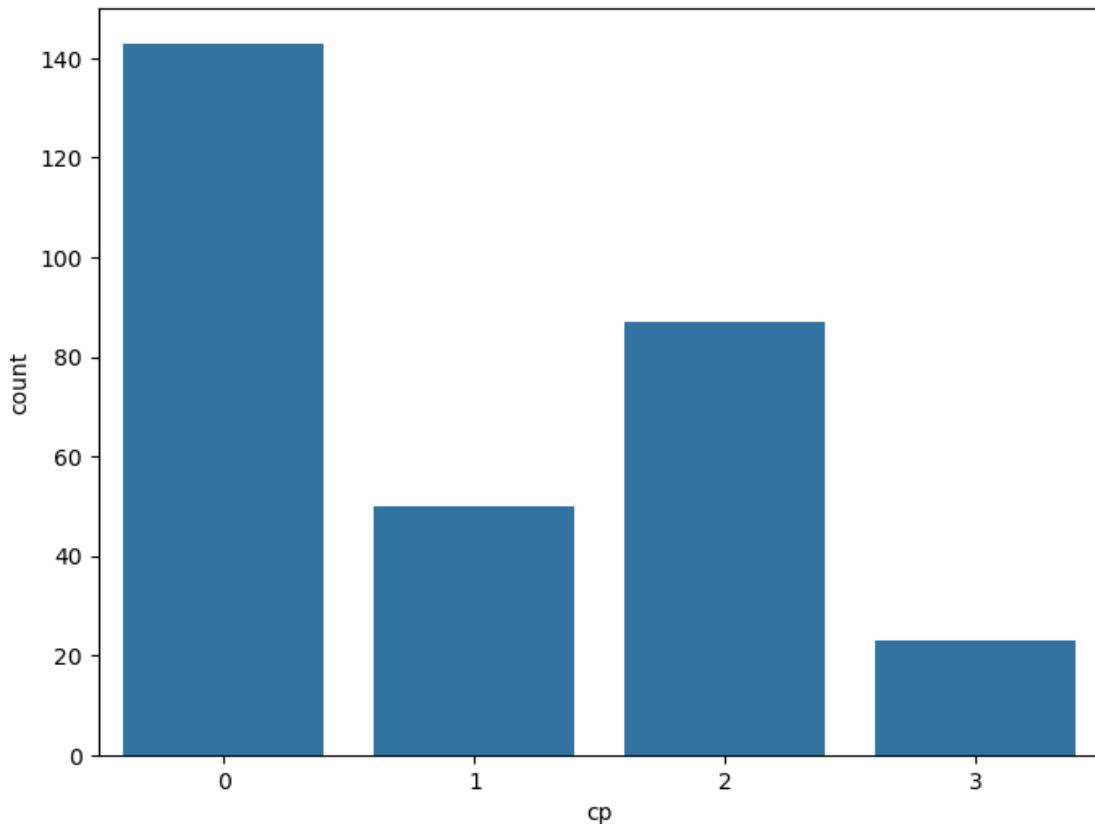
```
[49]: health['cp'].nunique()
```

```
[49]: 4
```

```
[50]: health['cp'].value_counts()
```

```
[50]: cp
0    143
2     87
1     50
3     23
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

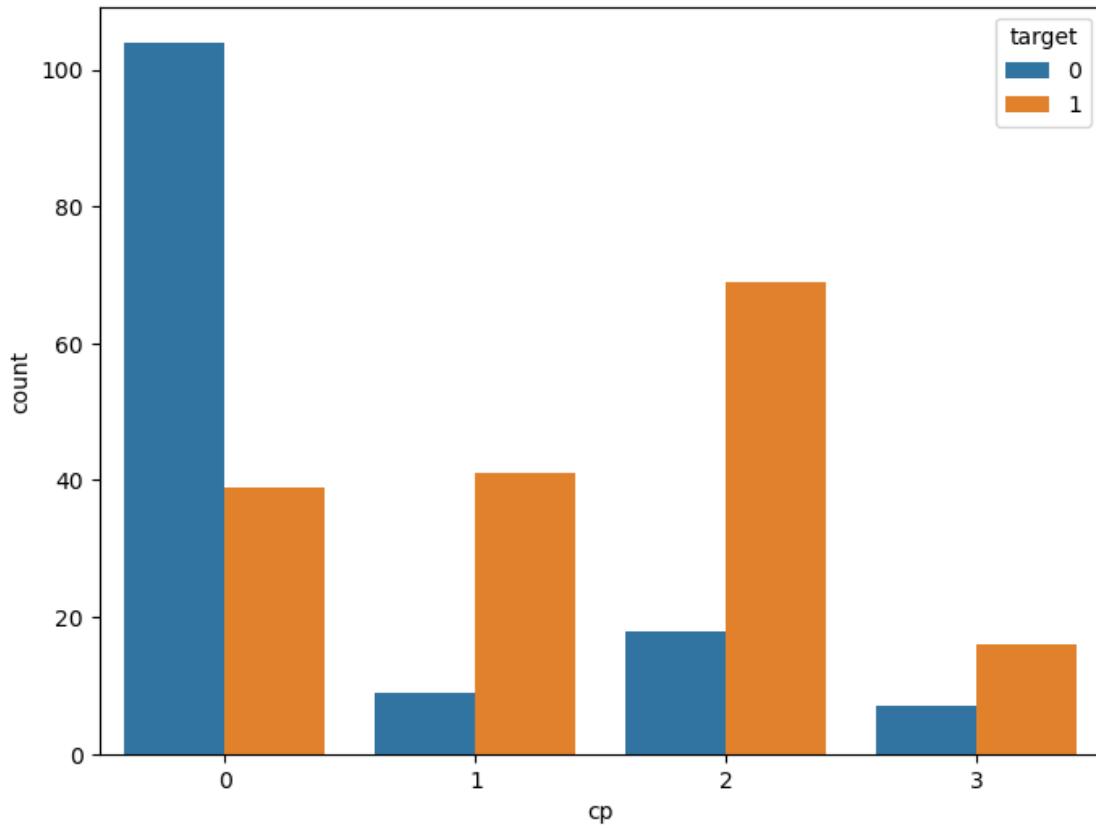
```
[51]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.countplot(x="cp", data=health)
plt.show()
```



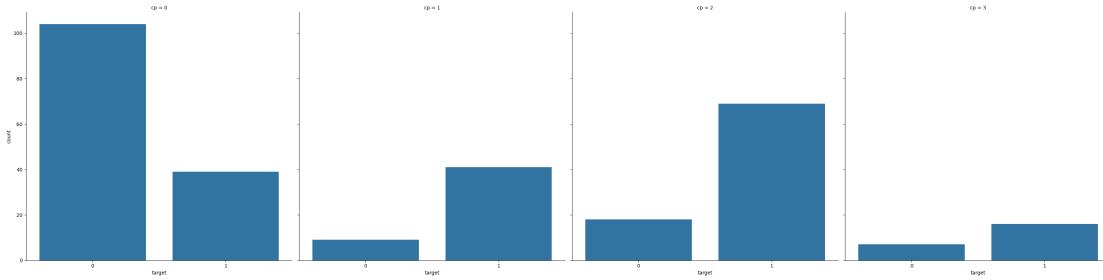
```
[52]: health.groupby('cp')[['target']].value_counts()
```

```
[52]: cp  target
      0      104
      1       39
      1      41
      0       9
      2      69
      0      18
      3      16
      0       7
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
[54]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.countplot(x="cp", hue="target", data=health)
plt.show()
```



```
[55]: ax = sns.catplot(x="target", col="cp", data=health, kind="count", height=8, aspect=1)
```



```
[56]: health['thalach'].nunique()
```

```
[56]: 91
```

```
[58]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x = health['thalach']
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10)
plt.show()
```

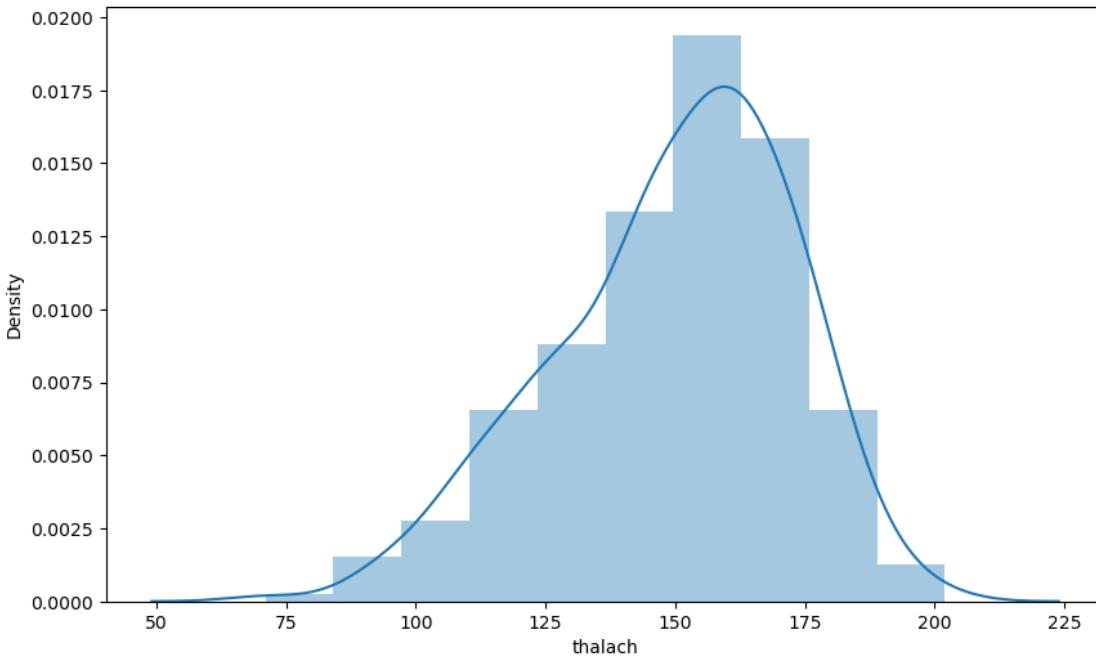
/var/folders/n0/q93fxsqn4kg2w2bw6zpftbth0000gn/T/ipykernel_15450/1139321922.py:3
: UserWarning:

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see
<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

```
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10)
```



```
[59]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x = health['thalach']
x = pd.Series(x, name="thalach variable")
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10)
plt.show()
```

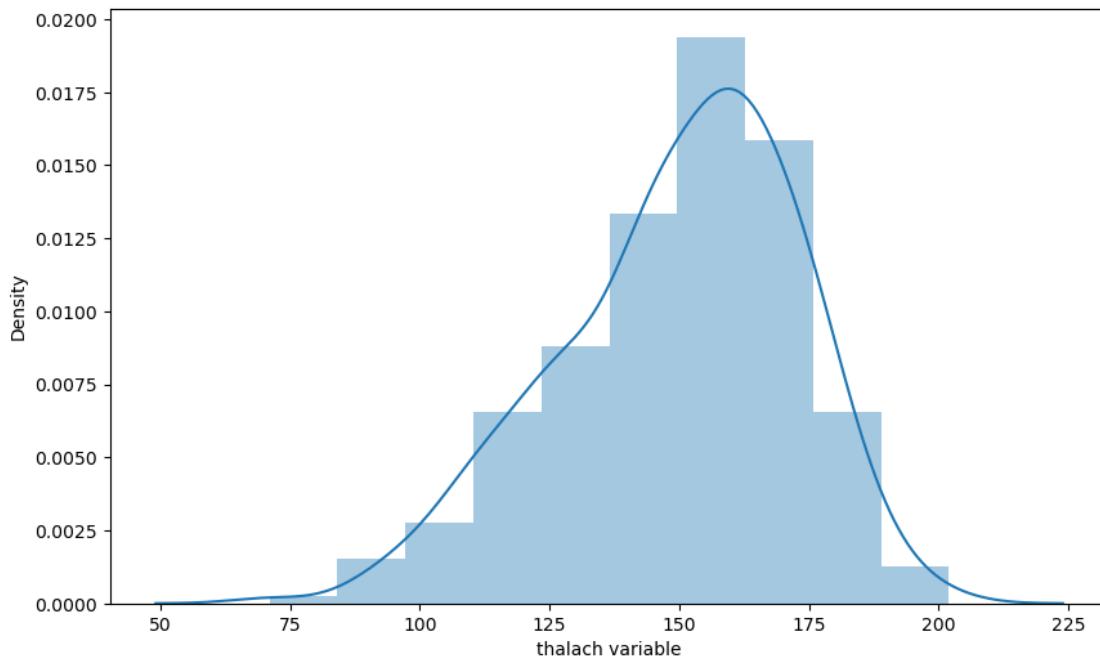
```
/var/folders/n0/q93fxsqn4kg2w2bw6zpftbth0000gn/T/ipykernel_15450/2490189355.py:4
: UserWarning:
```

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see
<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

```
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10)
```



```
[60]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x = health['thalach']
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10, vertical=True)
plt.show()
```

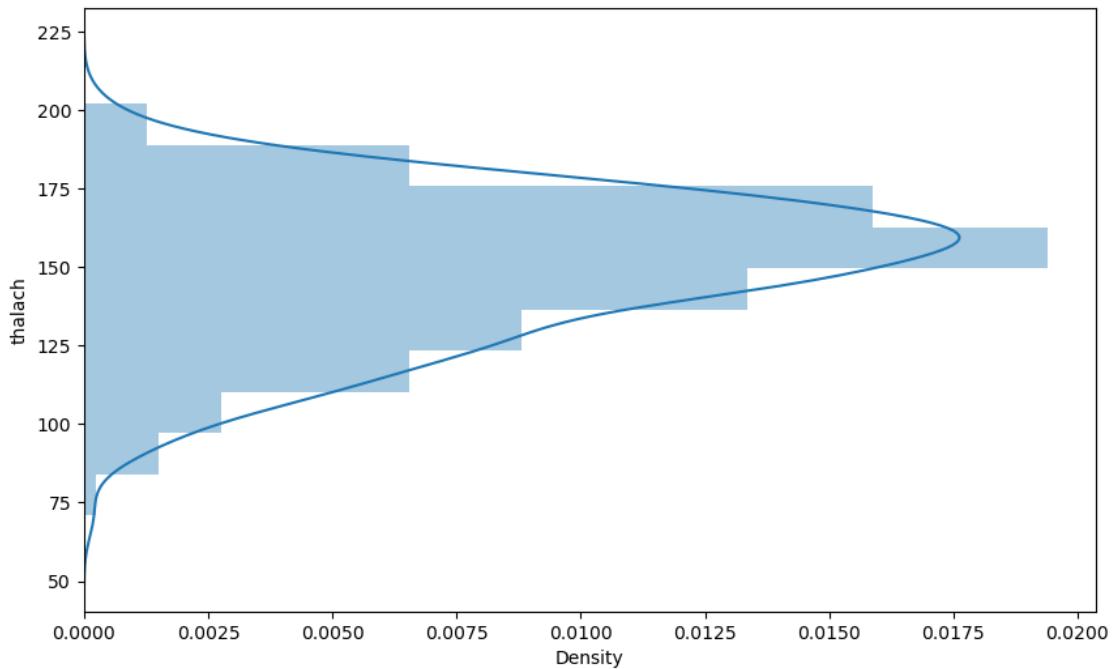
```
/var/folders/n0/q93fxsqn4kg2w2bw6zpftbth0000gn/T/ipykernel_15450/661047047.py:3:
UserWarning:
```

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

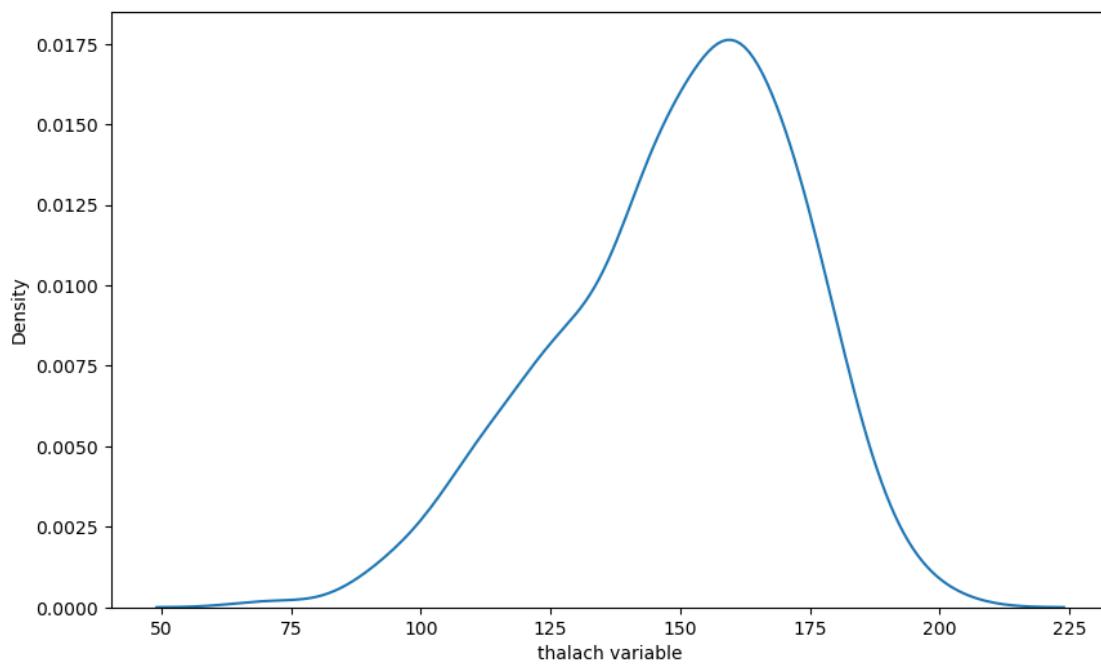
Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see
<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

```
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10, vertical=True)
```



```
[61]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x = health['thalach']
x = pd.Series(x, name="thalach variable")
ax = sns.kdeplot(x)
plt.show()
```

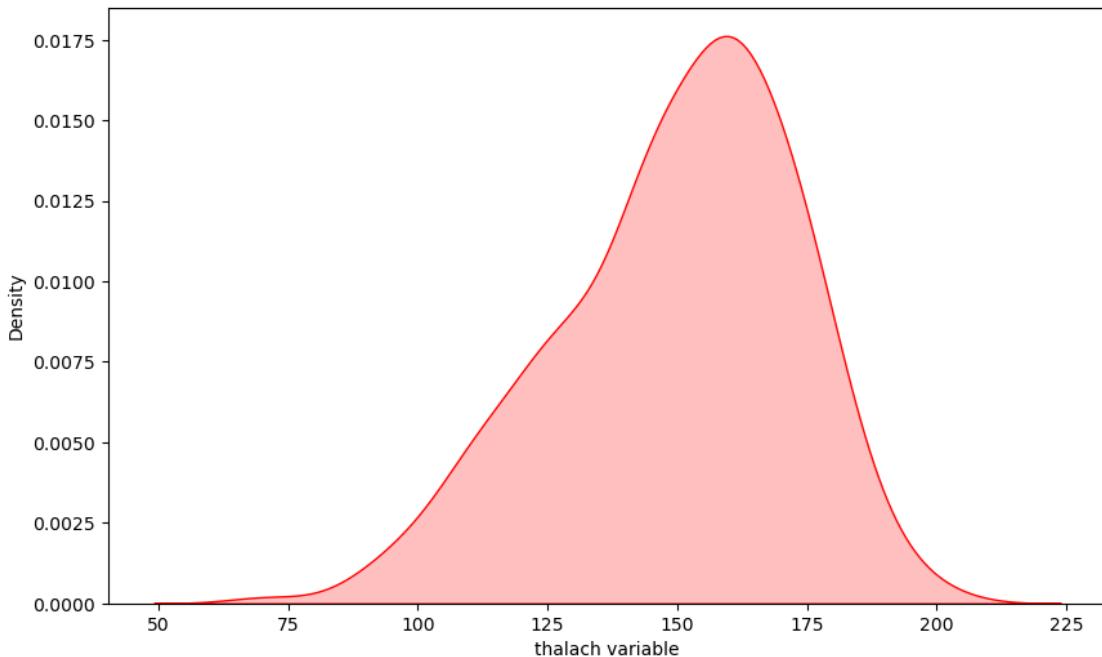


```
[62]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x = health['thalach']
x = pd.Series(x, name="thalach variable")
ax = sns.kdeplot(x, shade=True, color='r')
plt.show()
```

/var/folders/n0/q93fxsqn4kg2w2bw6zpftbth0000gn/T/ipykernel_15450/377926524.py:4:
FutureWarning:

`shade` is now deprecated in favor of `fill`; setting `fill=True`.
This will become an error in seaborn v0.14.0; please update your code.

```
    ax = sns.kdeplot(x, shade=True, color='r')
```



```
[63]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x = health['thalach']
ax = sns.distplot(x, kde=False, rug=True, bins=10)
plt.show()
```

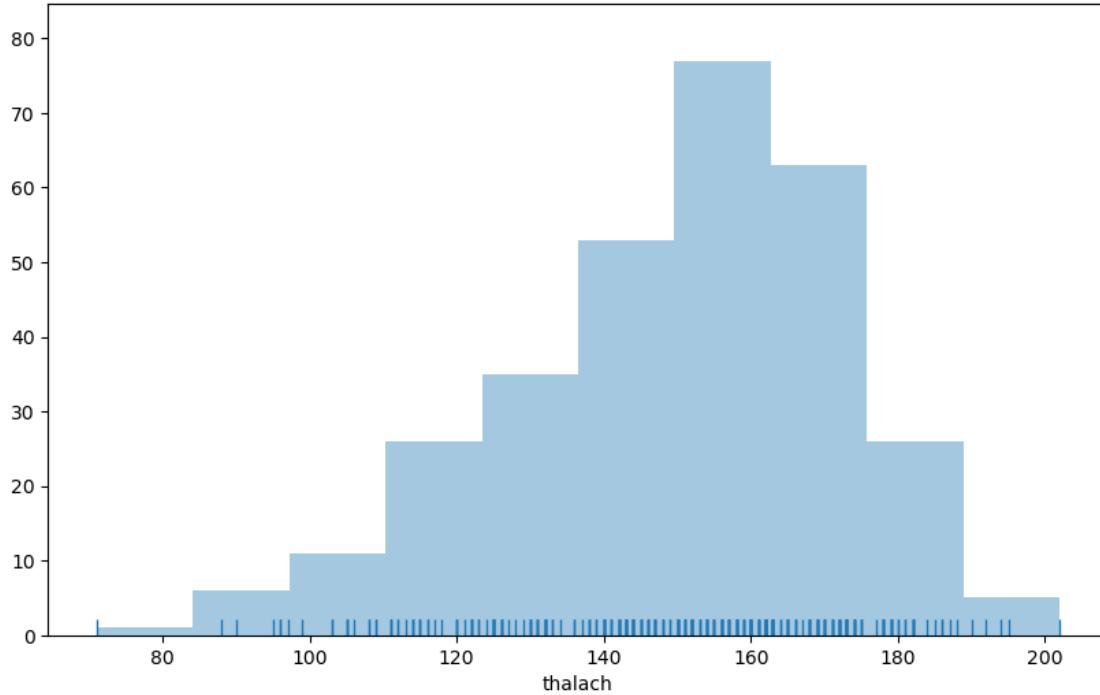
/var/folders/n0/q93fxsqn4kg2w2bw6zpftbth0000gn/T/ipykernel_15450/1175925800.py:3
: UserWarning:

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

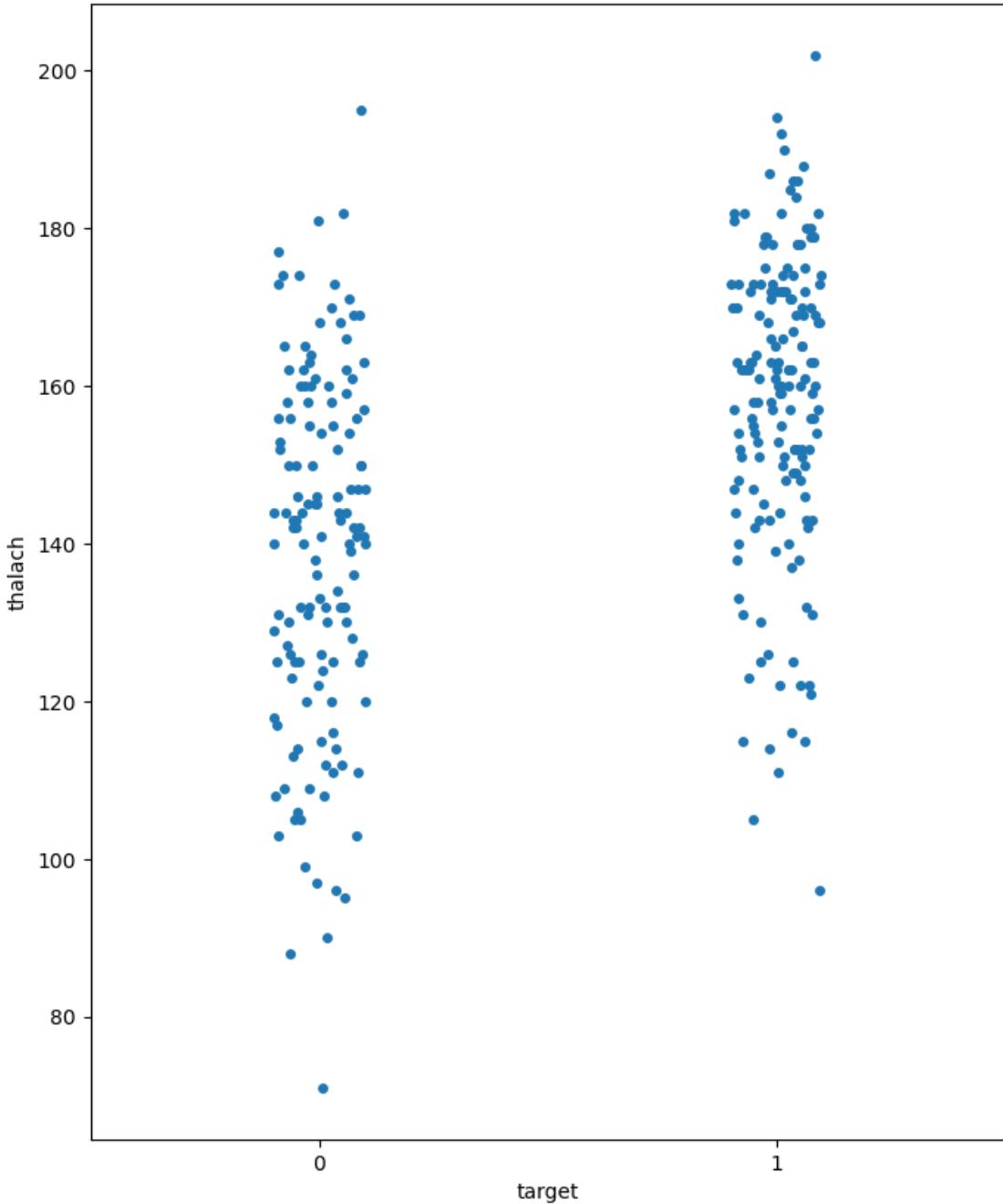
Please adapt your code to use either `distplot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

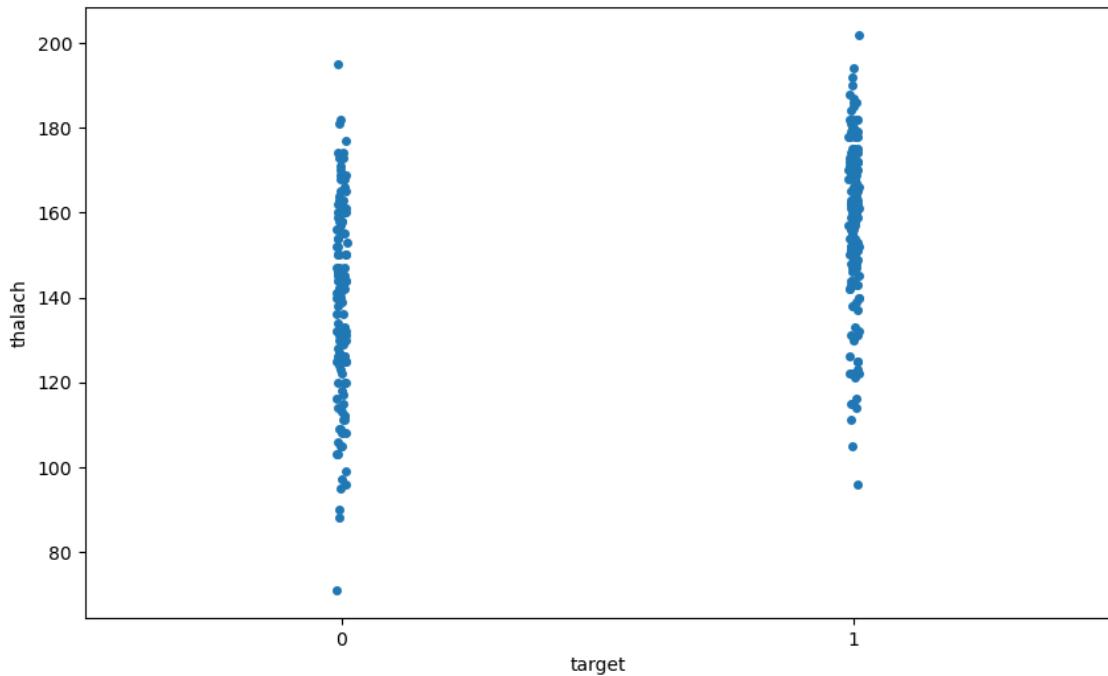
```
ax = sns.distplot(x, kde=False, rug=True, bins=10)
```



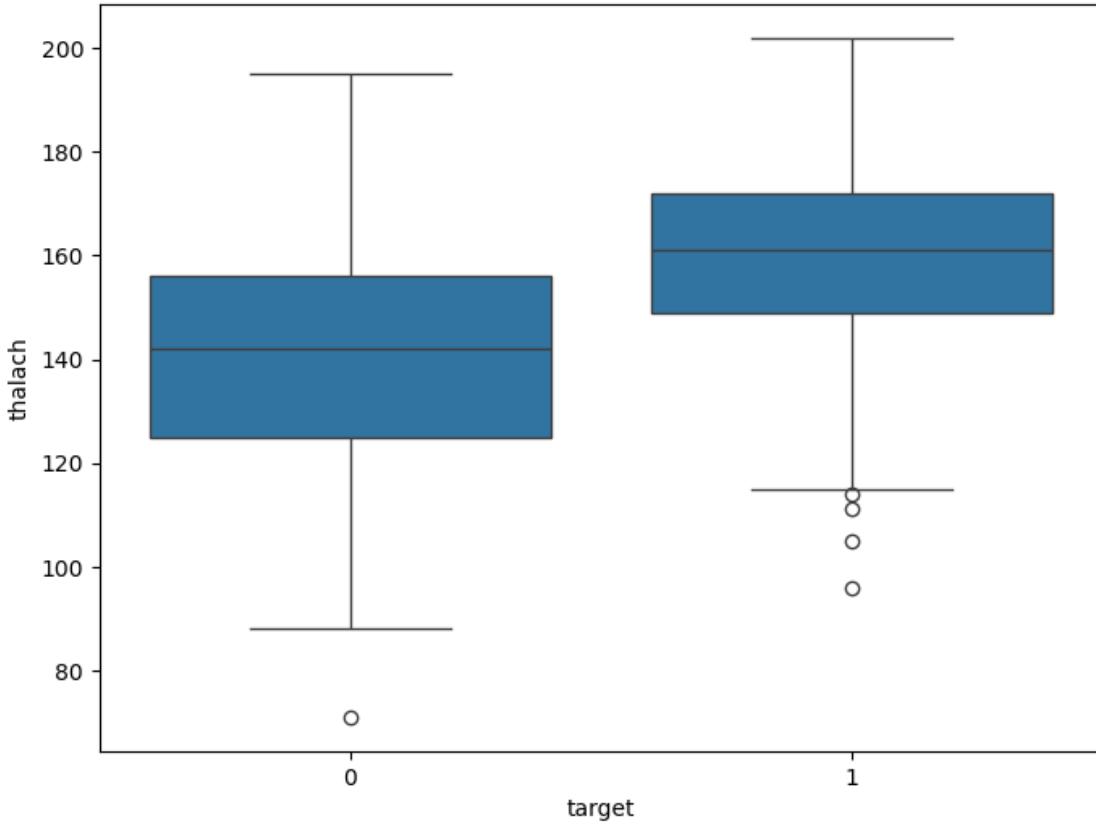
```
[67]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 10))
sns.stripplot(x="target", y="thalach", data=health)
plt.show()
```



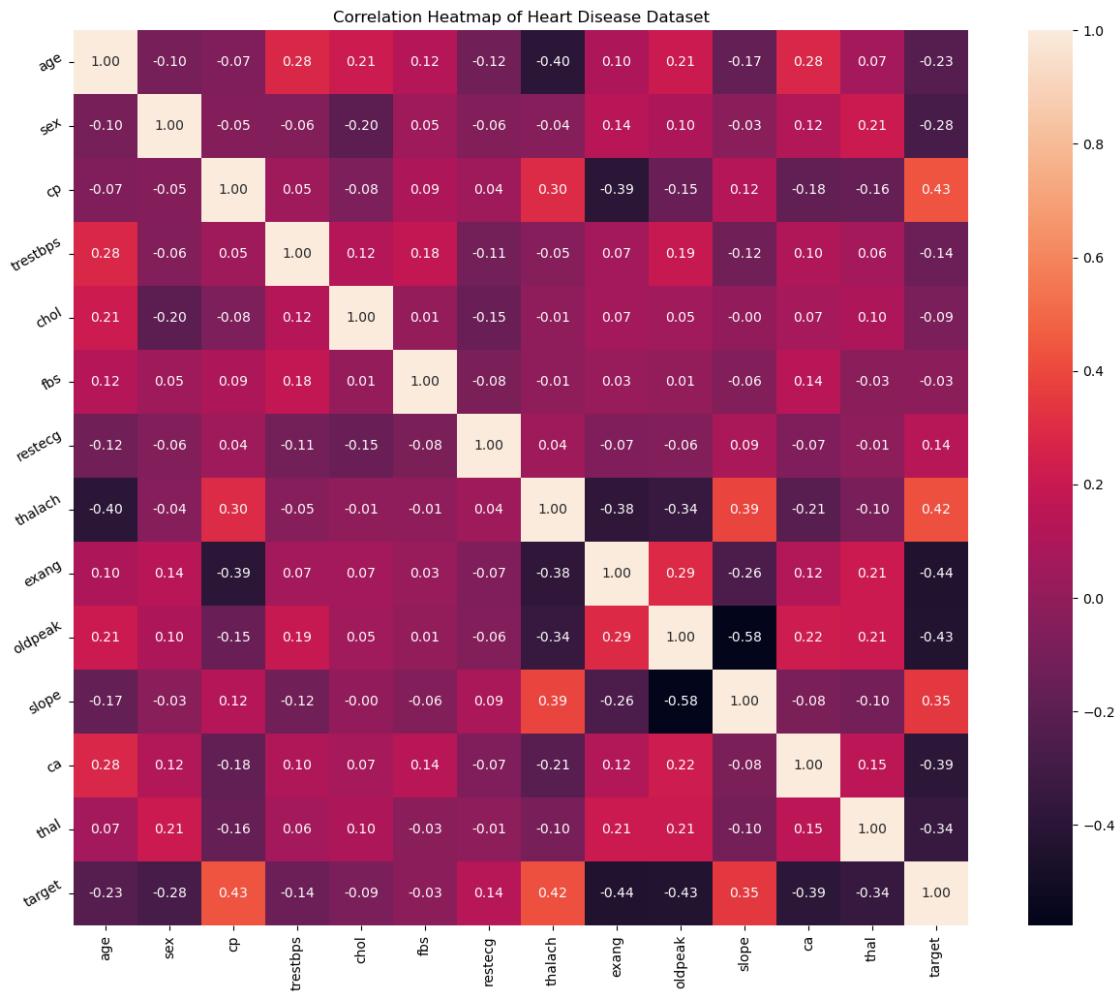
```
[69]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.stripplot(x="target", y="thalach", data=health, jitter = 0.01)
plt.show()
```



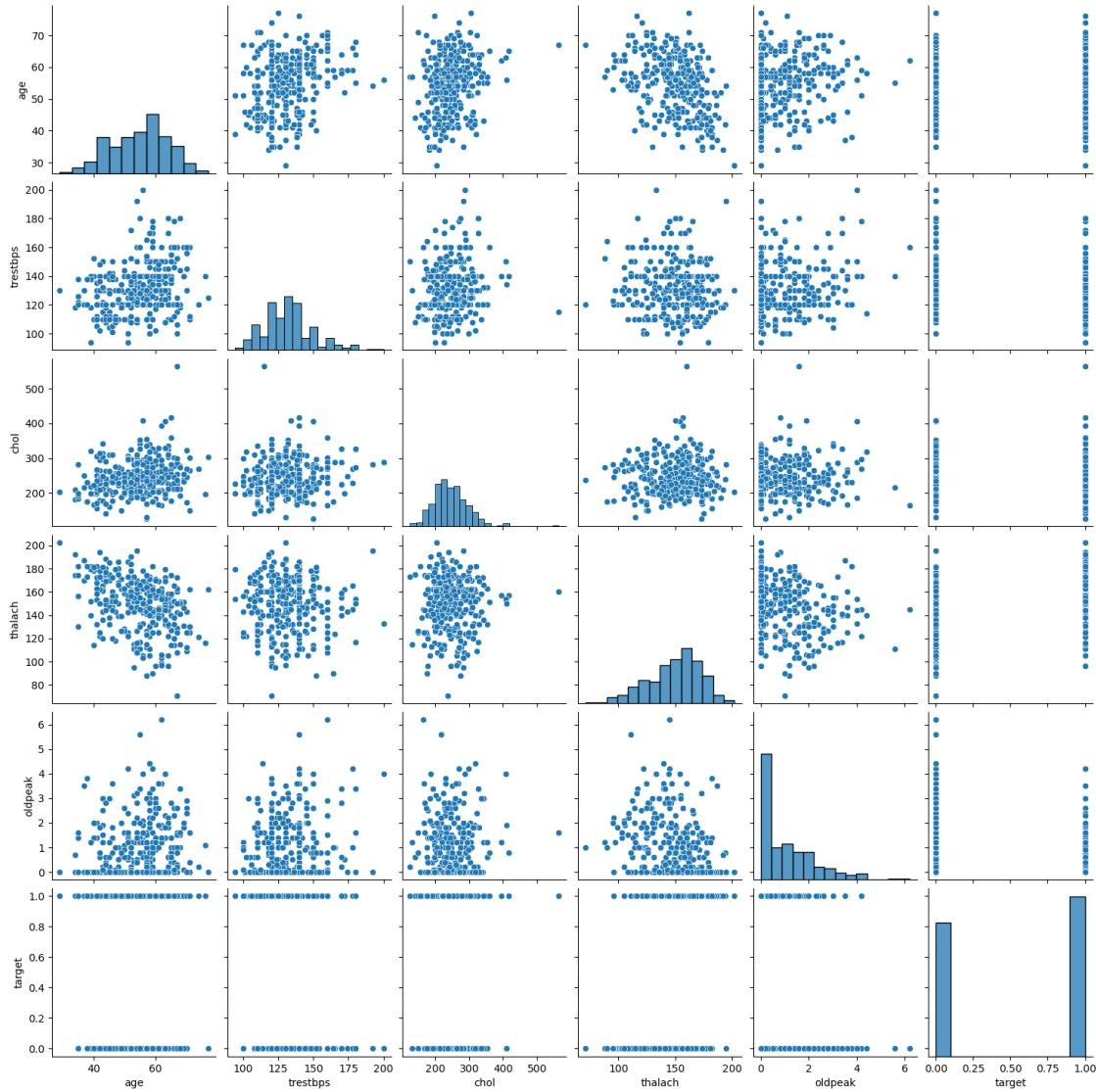
```
[70]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(x="target", y="thalach", data=health)
plt.show()
```



```
[71]: #multivariate
plt.figure(figsize=(16,12))
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap of Heart Disease Dataset')
a = sns.heatmap(correlation, square=True, annot=True, fmt='.2f',  
    linecolor='white')
a.set_xticklabels(a.get_xticklabels(), rotation=90)
a.set_yticklabels(a.get_yticklabels(), rotation=30)
plt.show()
```



```
[73]: num_var = ['age', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'thalach', 'oldpeak', 'target' ]
sns.pairplot(health[num_var], kind='scatter', diag_kind='hist')
plt.show()
```



```
[74]: health['age'].nunique()
```

```
[74]: 41
```

```
[75]: health['age'].describe()
```

```
[75]: count      303.000000
mean       54.366337
std        9.082101
min       29.000000
25%      47.500000
50%      55.000000
75%      61.000000
```

```
max      77.000000  
Name: age, dtype: float64
```

```
[76]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))  
x = health['age']  
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10)  
plt.show()
```

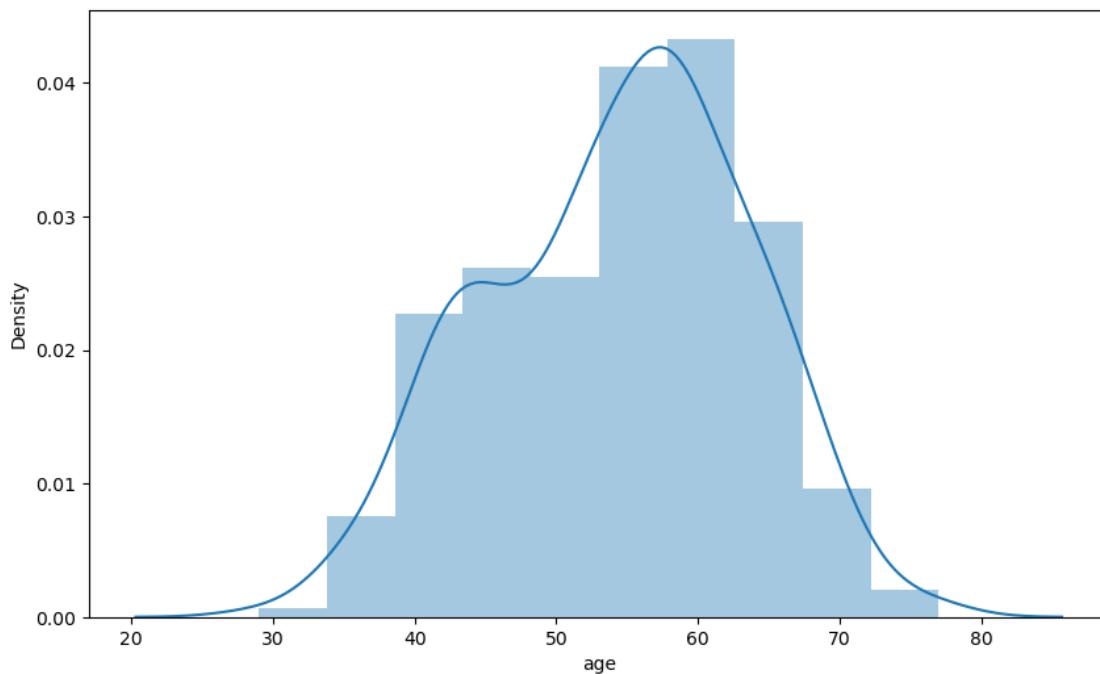
```
/var/folders/n0/q93fxsqn4kg2w2bw6zpftbth0000gn/T/ipykernel_15450/211720129.py:3:  
UserWarning:
```

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

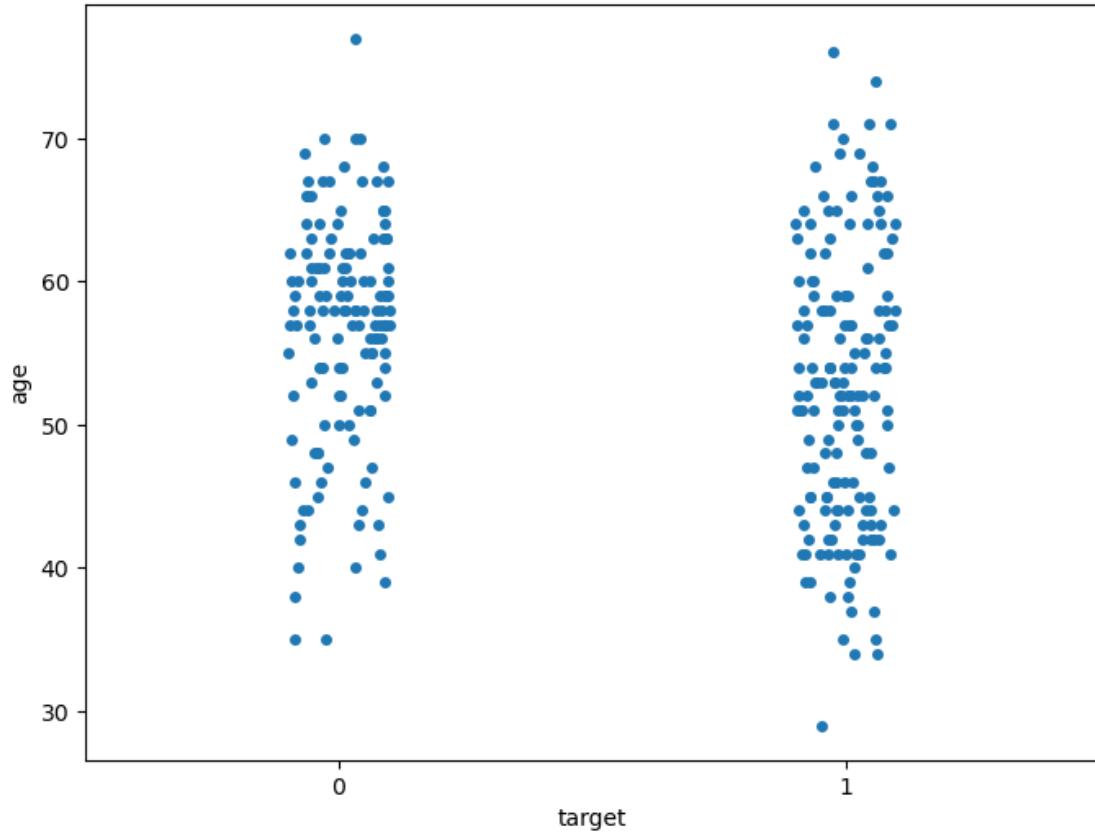
Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see
<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

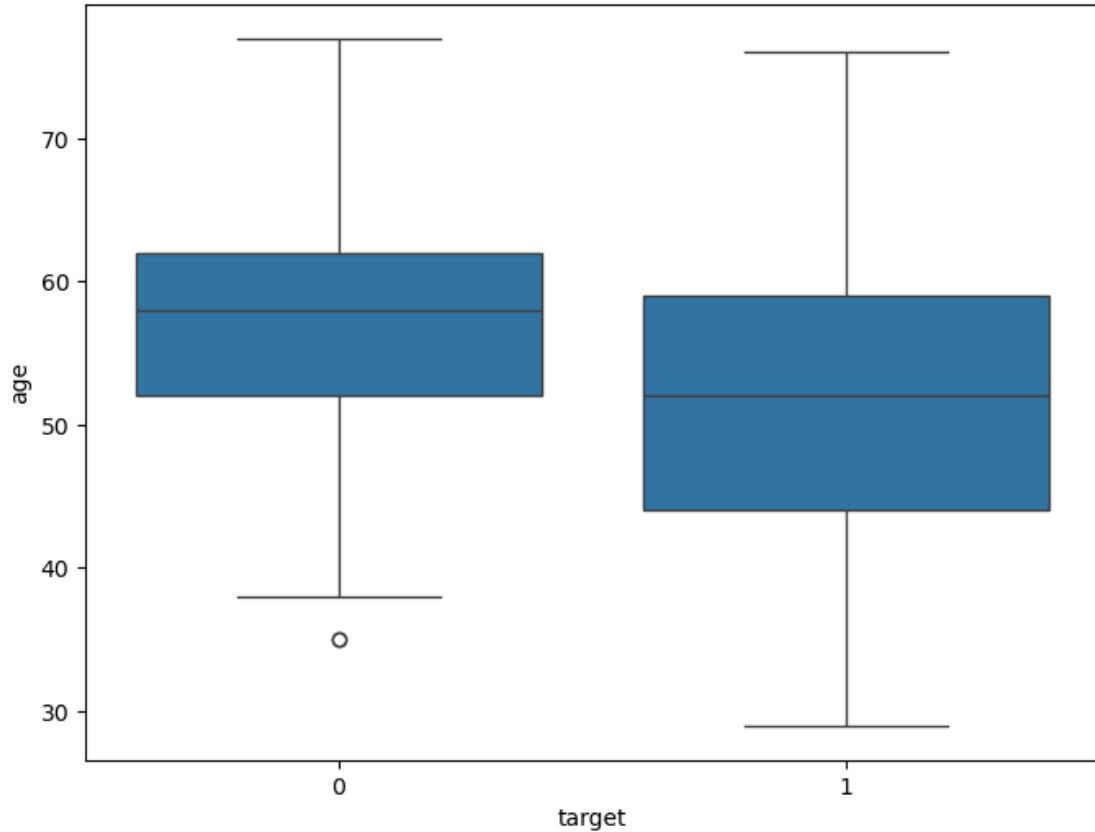
```
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10)
```



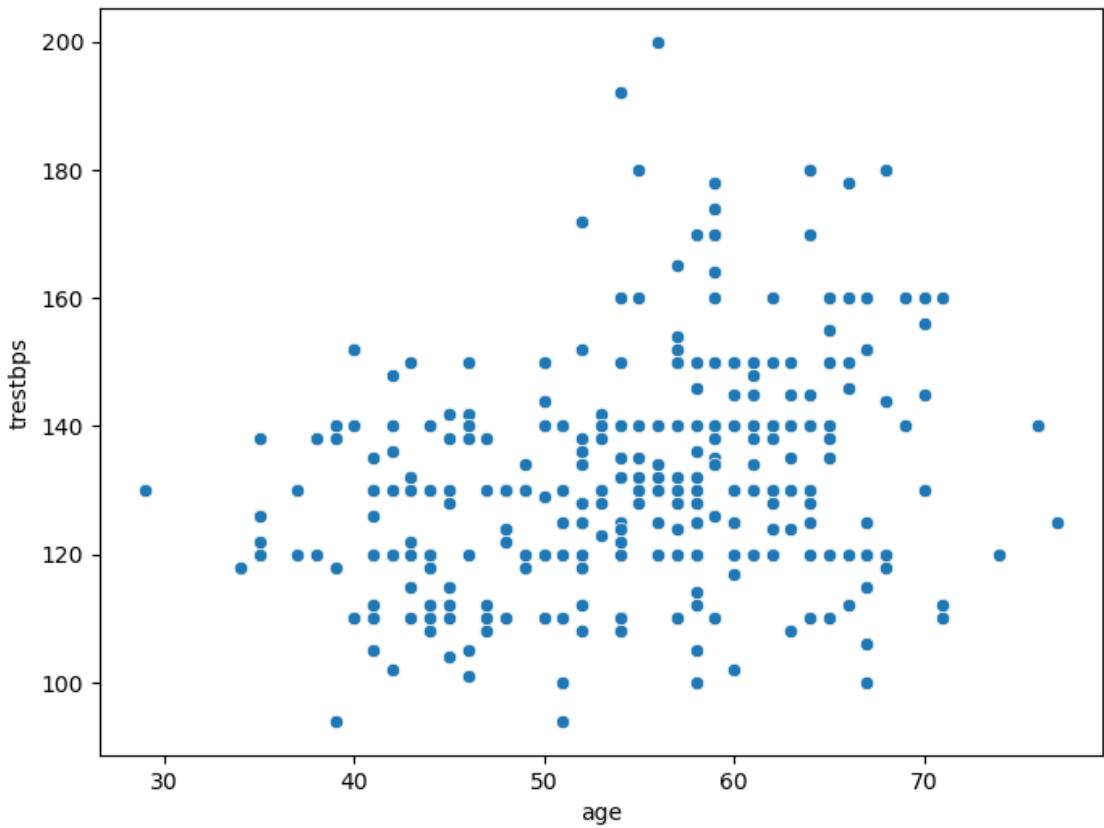
```
[77]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.stripplot(x="target", y="age", data=health)  
plt.show()
```



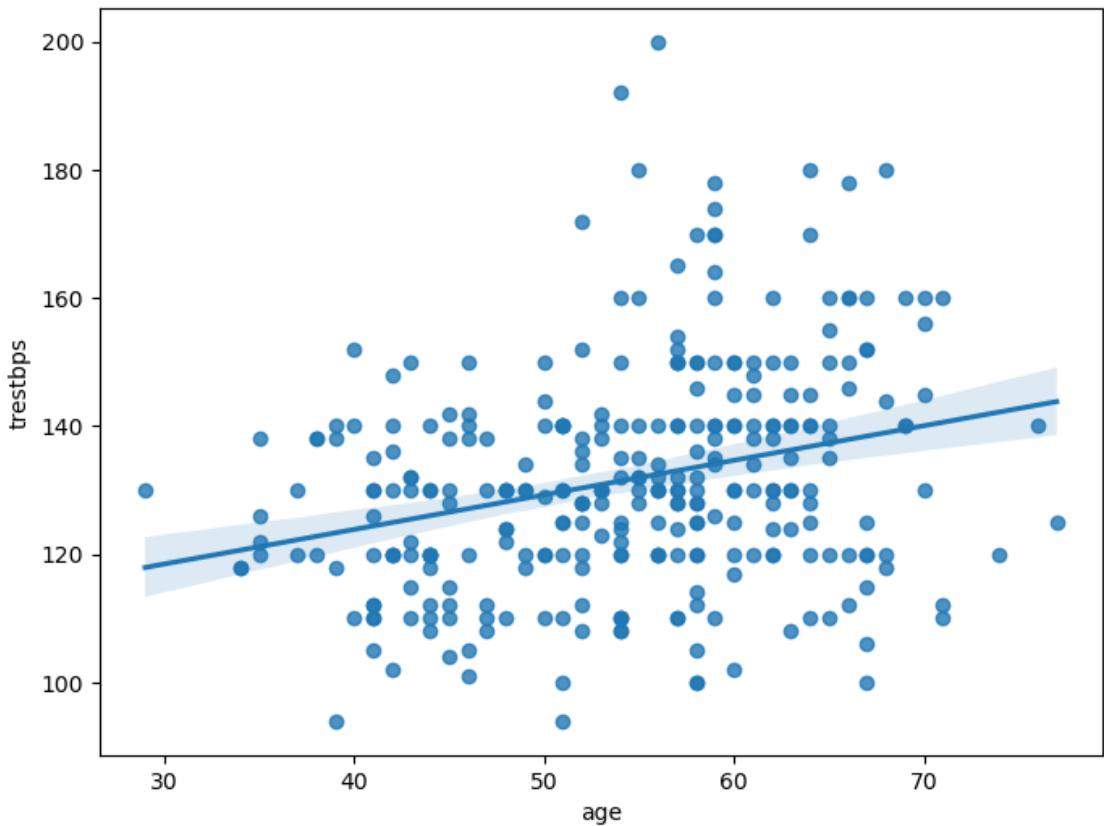
```
[78]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(x="target", y="age", data=health)
plt.show()
```



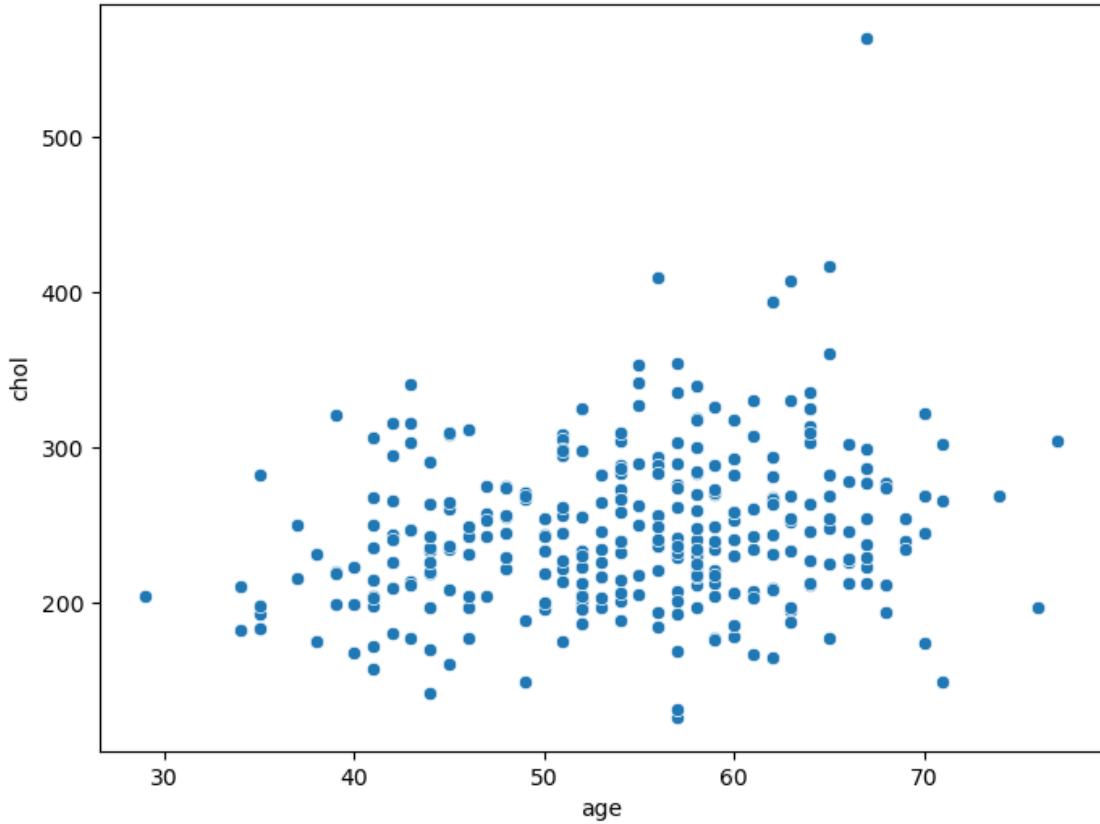
```
[79]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.scatterplot(x="age", y="trestbps", data=health)
plt.show()
```



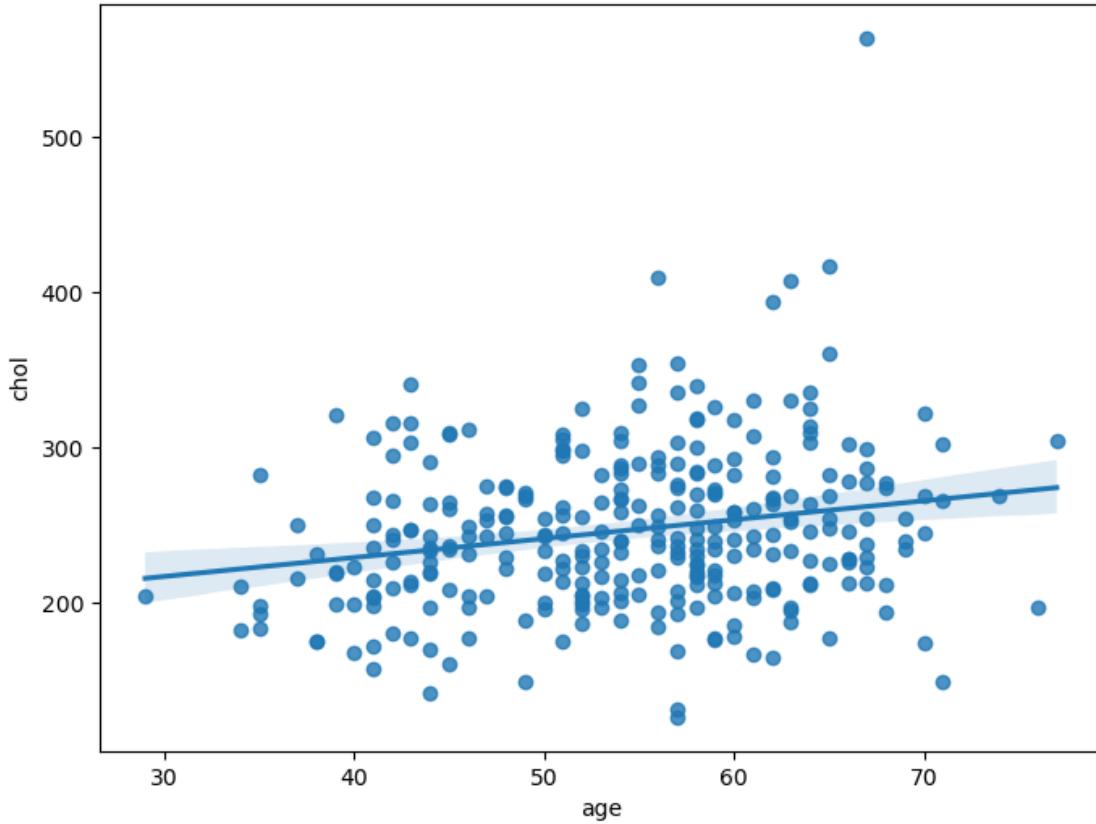
```
[80]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.regplot(x="age", y="trestbps", data=health)
plt.show()
```



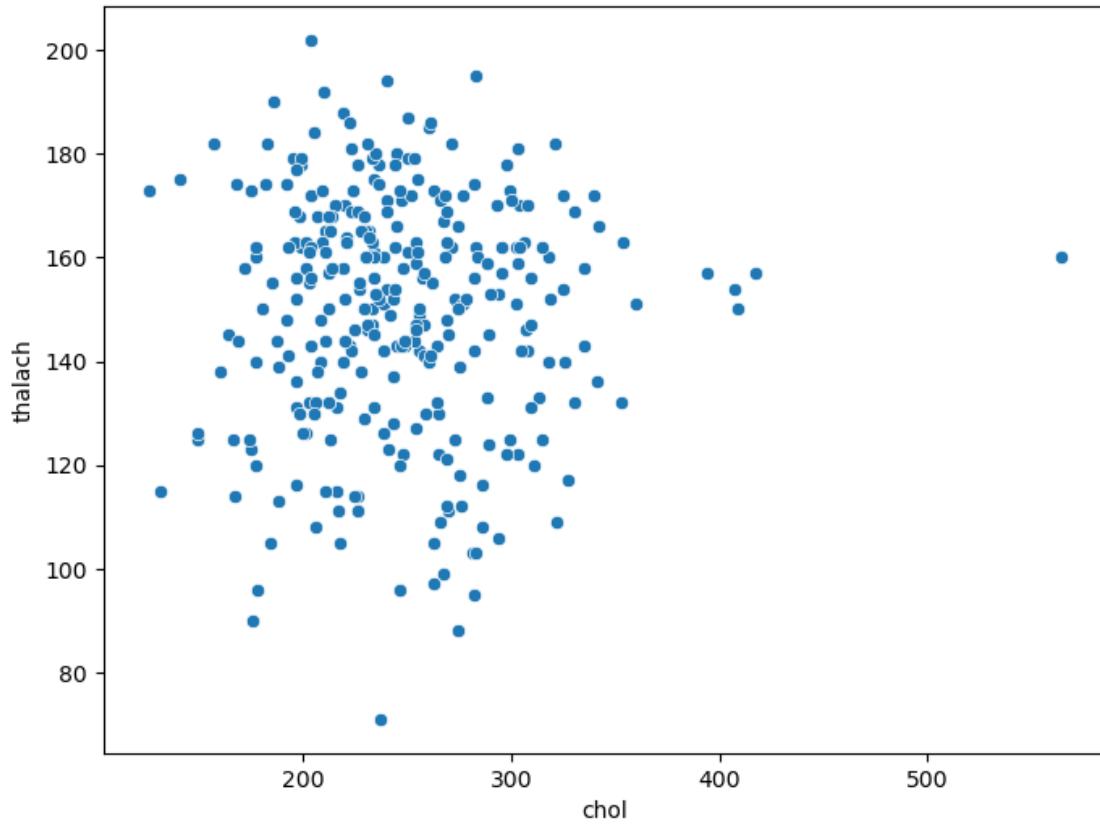
```
[81]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.scatterplot(x="age", y="chol", data=health)
plt.show()
```



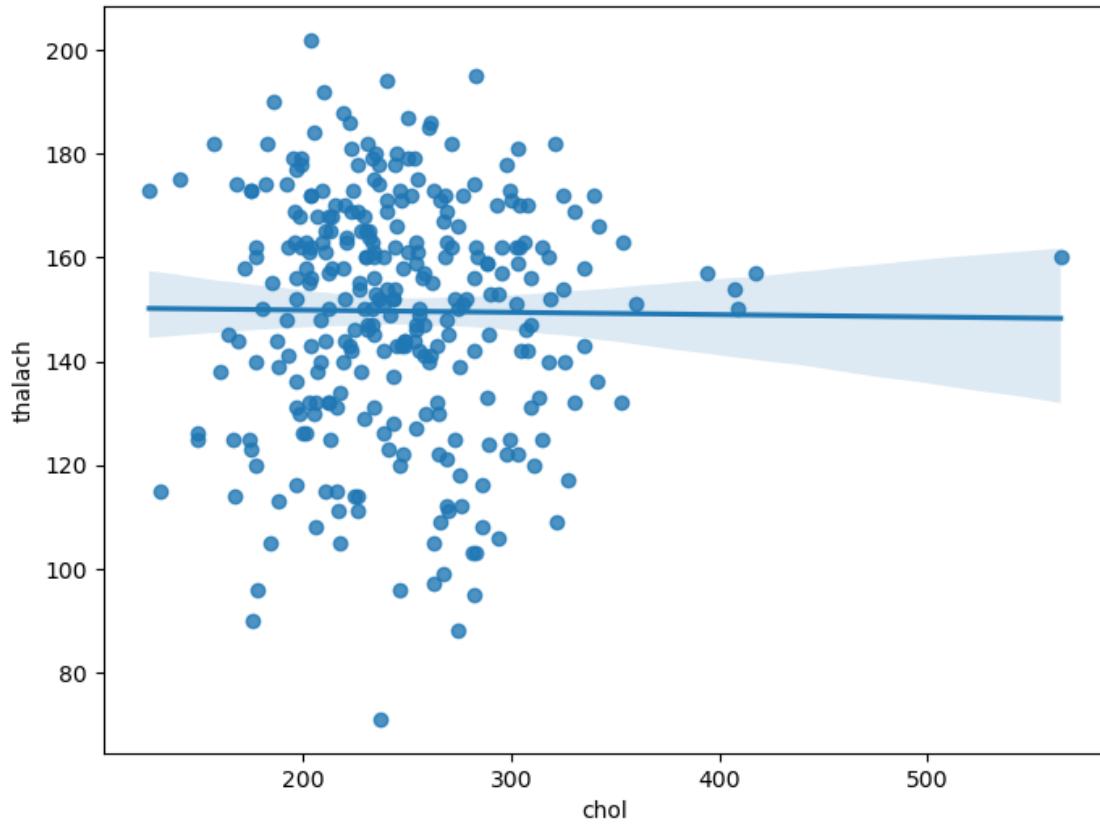
```
[82]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.regplot(x="age", y="chol", data=health)
plt.show()
```



```
[83]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.scatterplot(x="chol", y = "thalach", data=health)
plt.show()
```



```
[84]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.regplot(x="chol", y="thalach", data=health)
plt.show()
```



```
[85]: health.isnull().sum()
```

```
[85]: age      0
       sex     0
       cp      0
       trestbps 0
       chol     0
       fbs      0
       restecg  0
       thalach  0
       exang    0
       oldpeak  0
       slope    0
       ca       0
       thal     0
       target   0
       dtype: int64
```

```
[86]: health.isnull().sum().sum()
```

```
[86]: np.int64(0)
```

```
[87]: health.isnull().mean()
```

```
[87]: age      0.0
       sex      0.0
       cp      0.0
       trestbps 0.0
       chol      0.0
       fbs      0.0
       restecg  0.0
       thalach   0.0
       exang     0.0
       oldpeak   0.0
       slope     0.0
       ca      0.0
       thal      0.0
       target    0.0
       dtype: float64
```

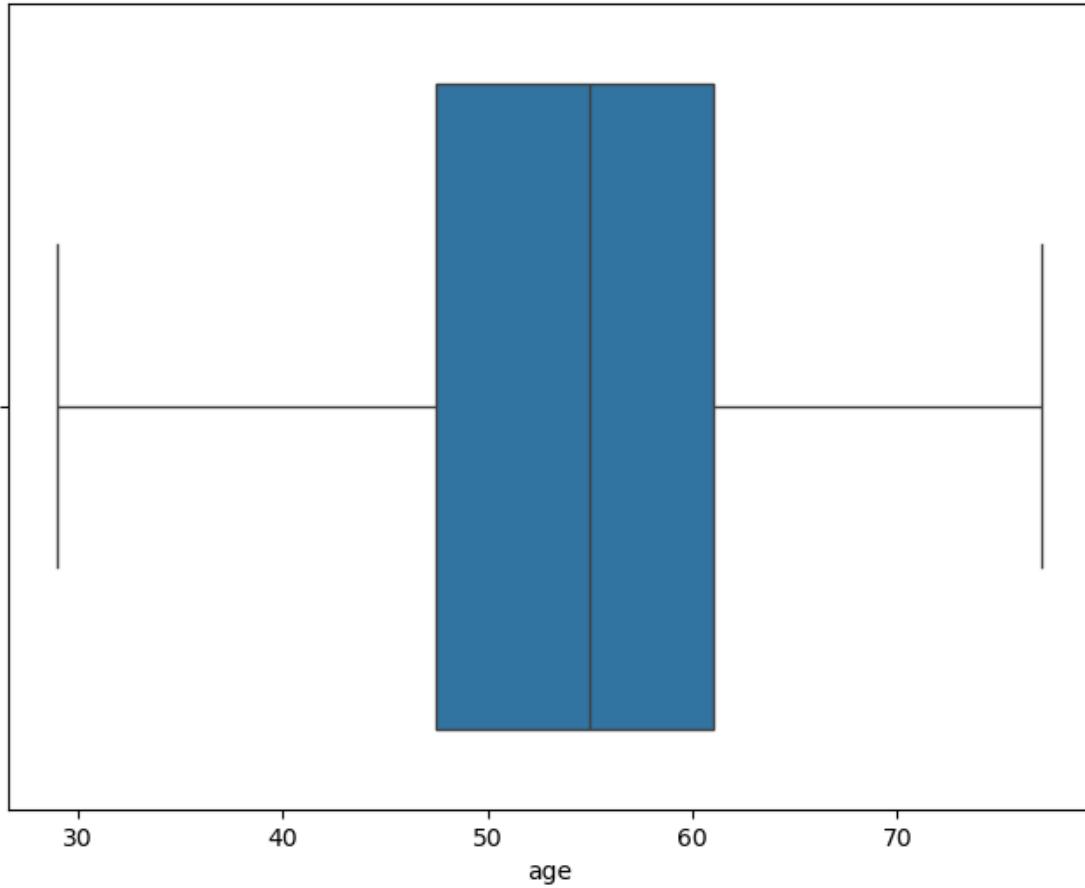
```
[88]: assert pd.notnull(health).all().all()
```

```
[89]: assert (health >= 0).all().all()
```

```
[90]: health['age'].describe()
```

```
[90]: count    303.000000
       mean     54.366337
       std      9.082101
       min     29.000000
       25%     47.500000
       50%     55.000000
       75%     61.000000
       max     77.000000
       Name: age, dtype: float64
```

```
[91]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(x=health["age"])
plt.show()
```



```
[92]: health['trestbps'].describe()
```

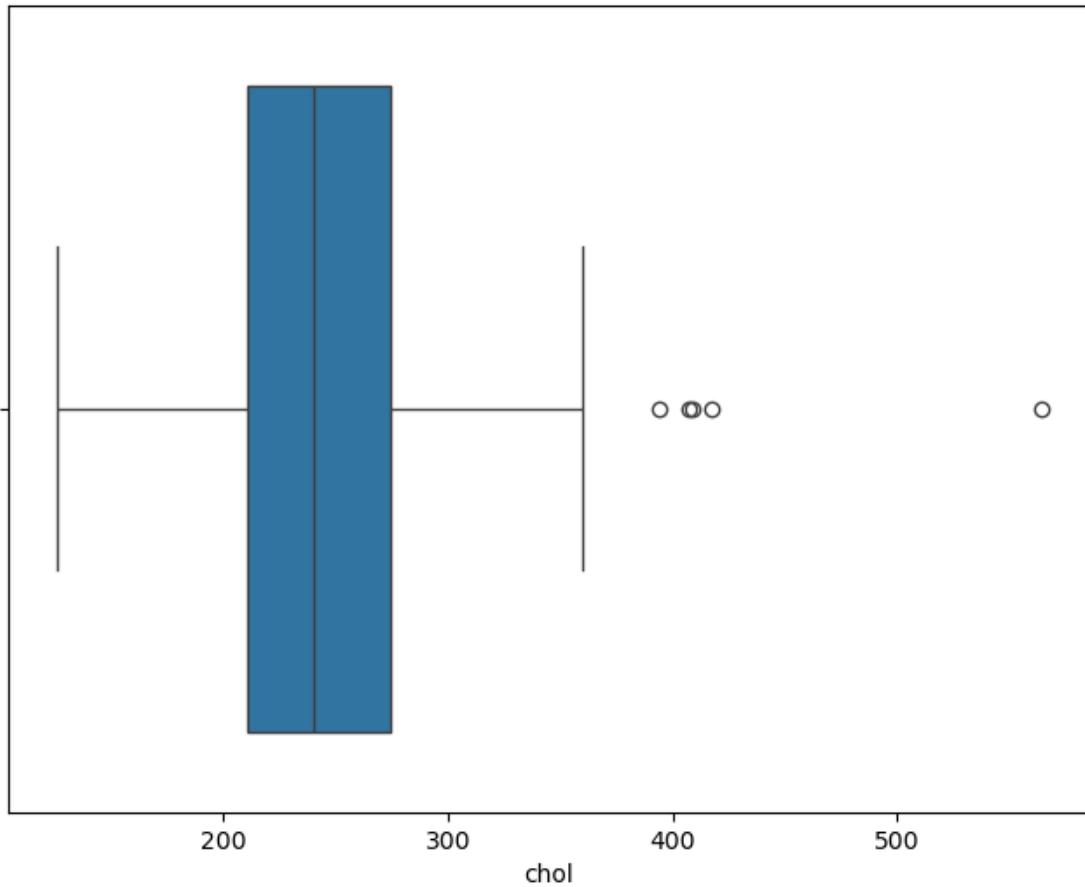
```
[92]: count    303.000000
mean     131.623762
std      17.538143
min      94.000000
25%     120.000000
50%     130.000000
75%     140.000000
max     200.000000
Name: trestbps, dtype: float64
```

```
[93]: health['chol'].describe()
```

```
[93]: count    303.000000
mean     246.264026
std      51.830751
min     126.000000
25%     211.000000
```

```
50%      240.000000
75%      274.500000
max      564.000000
Name: chol, dtype: float64
```

```
[94]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(x=health["chol"])
plt.show()
```

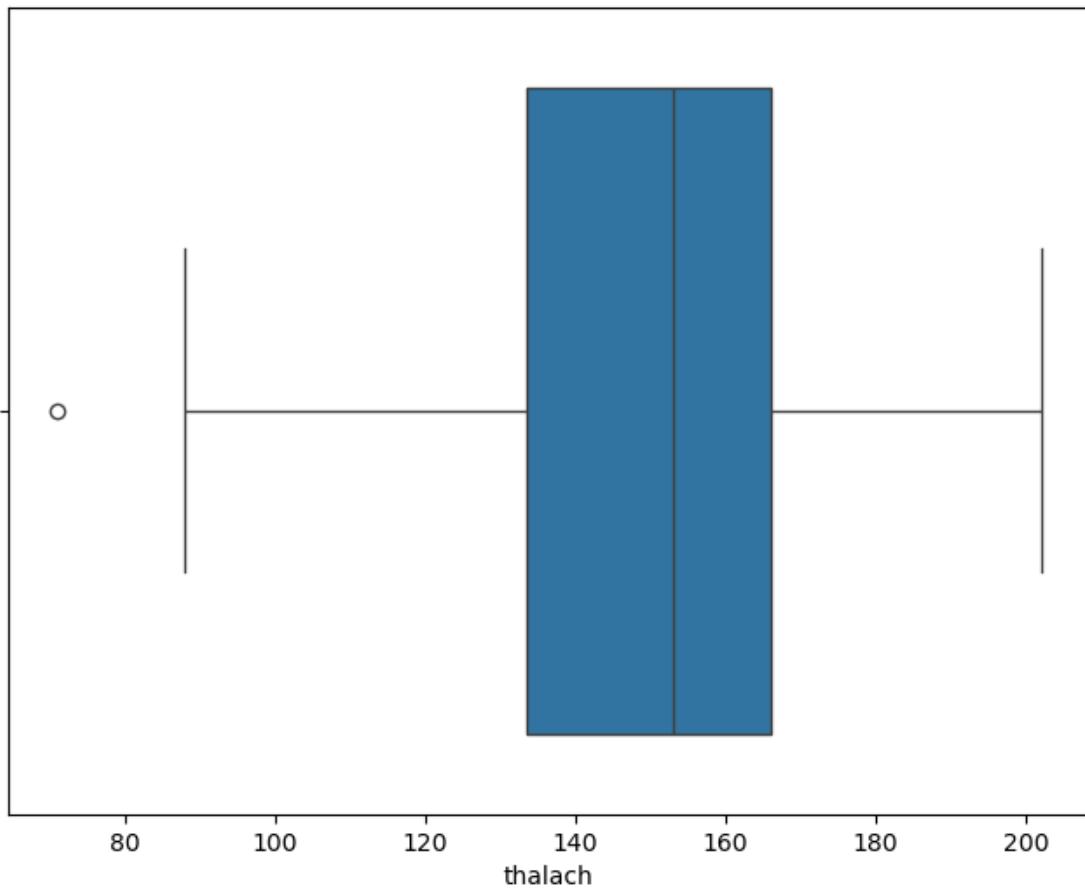


```
[95]: health['thalach'].describe()
```

```
[95]: count    303.000000
mean     149.646865
std      22.905161
min      71.000000
25%     133.500000
50%     153.000000
75%     166.000000
```

```
max      202.000000  
Name: thalach, dtype: float64
```

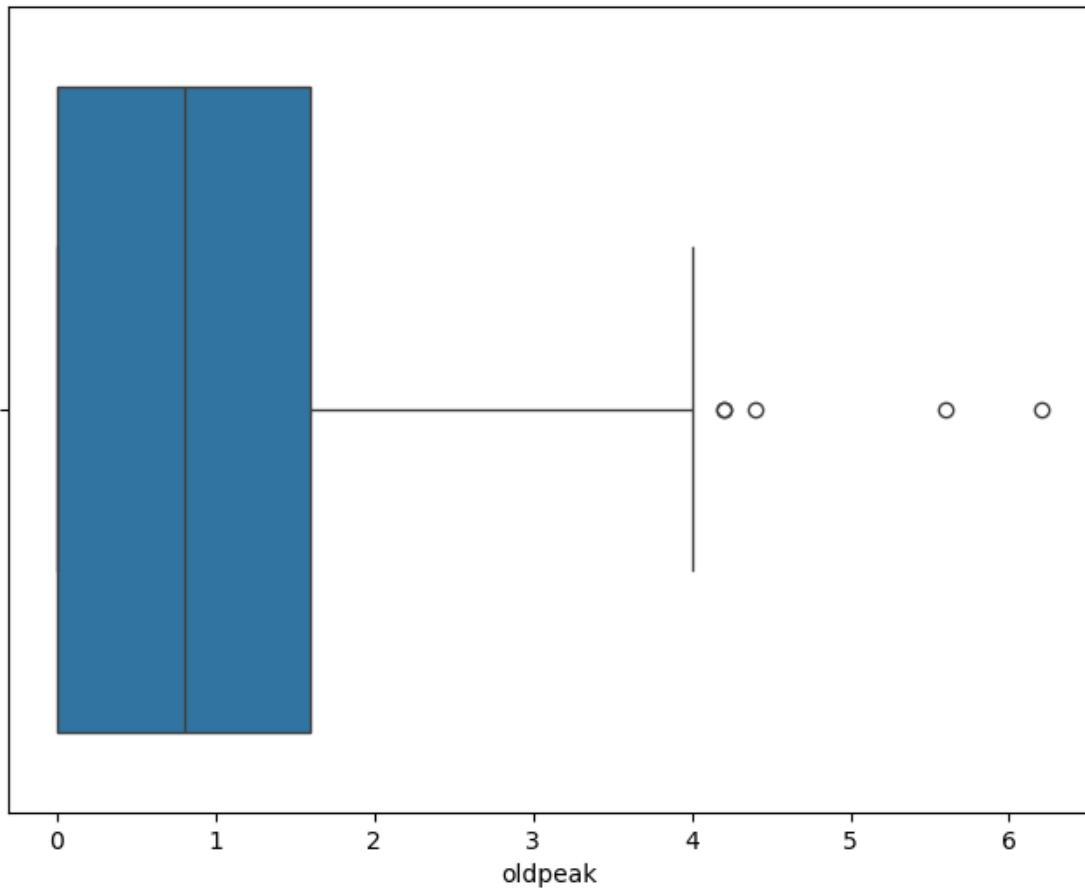
```
[96]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.boxplot(x=health["thalach"])  
plt.show()
```



```
[97]: health['oldpeak'].describe()
```

```
[97]: count    303.000000  
mean     1.039604  
std      1.161075  
min     0.000000  
25%     0.000000  
50%     0.800000  
75%     1.600000  
max     6.200000  
Name: oldpeak, dtype: float64
```

```
[98]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(x=health["oldpeak"])
plt.show()
```



[]:

[]:

[]:

[]:

[]:

[]:

[]: