

Assignment - 2

Name : Makima Das, Dept. - ECE - I

Roll No. : 17/ECE/124 Makaut Roll No. - 14800317075.

① Find $X(k)$ by DIT FFT Algorithm, of given $x(n) = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 7\}$
 $\Rightarrow N=8, \therefore M=3$

Twiddle Factor for each stage $K = \frac{Nt}{2^m}$; $t = 0, 1, 2, \dots, 2^{m-1}-1$

① For stage 1, $m=1, t=0$

$$K = \frac{8 \times 0}{2^1} = 0 \quad \therefore \omega_8^0 = e^{-j \frac{2\pi \times 0}{8}} = 1$$

② For stage 2, $m=2, t=0, 1$

$$\therefore K = \frac{8 \times 0}{2^2} = 0 \quad \therefore \omega_8^0 = 1$$

$$\therefore K = \frac{8 \times 1}{2^2} = 2 \quad \therefore \omega_8^2 = e^{-j \frac{\pi}{2}} = -j$$

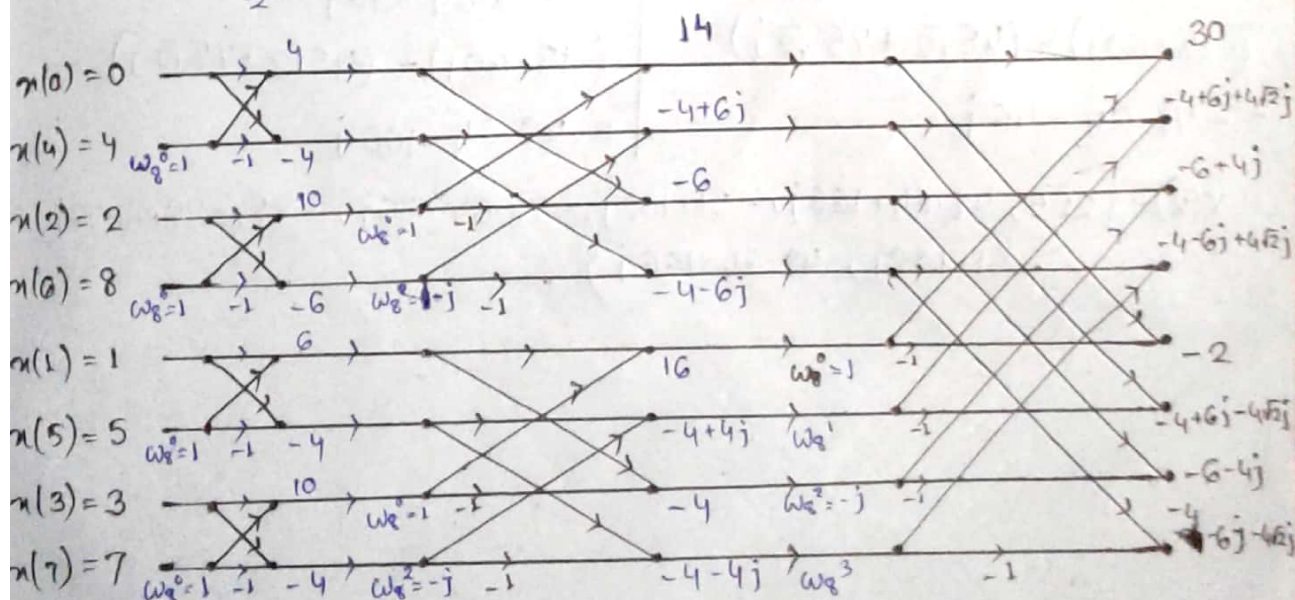
③ For stage 3, $m=3, t=0, 1, 2, 3$

$$\therefore K = \frac{8 \times 0}{2^3} = 0 \quad \therefore \omega_8^0 = 1$$

$$\therefore K = \frac{8 \times 1}{2^3} = 1 \quad \therefore \omega_8^1 = e^{-j \frac{\pi}{4}} = 0.707 - j0.707$$

$$\therefore K = \frac{8 \times 2}{2^3} = 2 \quad \therefore \omega_8^2 = -j$$

$$\therefore K = \frac{8 \times 3}{2^3} = 3 \quad \therefore \omega_8^3 = e^{-j \frac{3\pi}{4}} = -0.707 - j0.707$$



$$(-4+6j) + (-4+4j) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \quad | \quad (-4-6j) + (-4-4j) \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

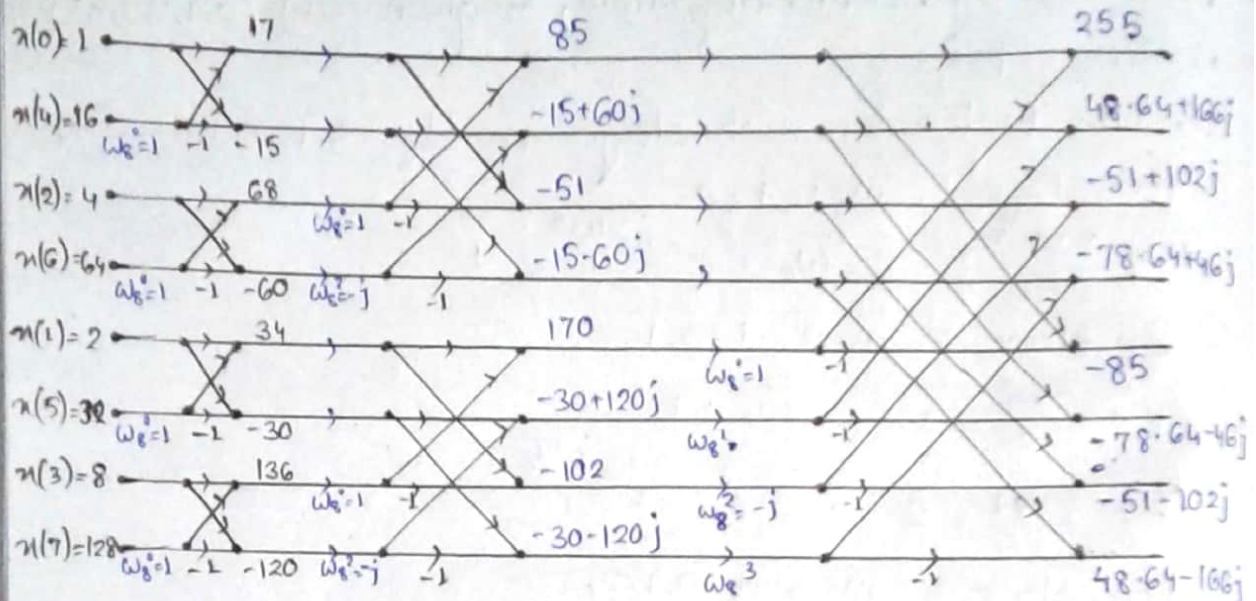
$$= (-4+6j) + (-2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2}j + 2\sqrt{2}j) \quad | \quad = (-4-6j) + (4+4j) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$= (-4+6j) + 4\sqrt{2}j \quad | \quad = (-4-6j) + (2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2}j + 2\sqrt{2}j + 4\sqrt{2})$$

$$\therefore X(k) = \{30, -4 + (6+4\sqrt{2})j, -6+4j, -4-(6-4\sqrt{2})j, -2, -4+(6-4\sqrt{2})j, -6-4j, -4-(6+4\sqrt{2})j\}$$

② Given $x(n) = 2^n$ & $N=8$, Find $X(k)$ using DITFFT Algorithm.

$$\Rightarrow x(n) = \{1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128\}$$



$$(-30+120j) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$= -15\sqrt{2} + 15\sqrt{2}j + 60\sqrt{2}j + 60\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 45\sqrt{2} + 75\sqrt{2}j$$

$$(-15+60j) + (45\sqrt{2} + 75\sqrt{2}j)$$

$$= 48 \cdot 64 + 166j$$

$$(-15+60j) - (45\sqrt{2} + 75\sqrt{2}j)$$

$$= -78 \cdot 64 - 46j$$

$$(-30-120j) \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$= (15\sqrt{2} + 60\sqrt{2}j + 15\sqrt{2}j - 60\sqrt{2})$$

$$= (-45\sqrt{2} + 75\sqrt{2}j)$$

$$(-15-60j) + (-45\sqrt{2} + 75\sqrt{2}j)$$

$$= -78 \cdot 64 + 46j$$

$$(-15-60j) - (-45\sqrt{2} + 75\sqrt{2}j)$$

$$= 48 \cdot 64 - 166j$$

$$\therefore X(k) = \{255, 48 \cdot 64 + 166j, -51 + 102j, -78 \cdot 64 + 46j, -85, -78 \cdot 64 - 46j, -51 - 102j, 48 \cdot 64 - 166j\}$$