NETWORKING & SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION LAB

Experiment No.: 3

<u>Aim</u>

Familiarization of Linux commands.

Procedure

1. -n

This command is used to displays line numbers in contents.

Syntax:

```
student@S15:-/sample

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

student@S15:-$ mkdir sample

student@S15:-$ cd sample

student@S15:-$ cat sample

student@S15:-$ cat sample$

to create a new file and add the contents

Famtlarization of cat commands

cat having different options

New file

72

[1]+ Stopped cat > b1.txt

To^c

student@S15:-$ sample$ cat > b1.txt

To create a new file and add the contents

Famtlarization of cat commands

Cat having different options

New file

Updating^Z

[2]+ Stopped cat > b1.txt

Appending contents

72

[3]+ Stopped cat >> b1.txt

student@S15:-$ sample$ cat >> b1.txt

Appending contents

72

[3]+ Stopped cat >> b1.txt
```

```
student@S15: ~/sample

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
^Z
[3]+ Stopped cat >> b1.txt
student@S15: ~/sample$ cat b1.txt>b2.txt
student@S15: ~/sample$ cat b2.txt
To create a new file and add the contents
Familarization of cat commands
Cat having different options
New file
Appending contents
student@S15: ~/sample$ cat -n b1.txt
```

Output:

```
1 To create a new file and add the contents
2 Familarization of cat commands
3 Cat having different options
4 New file
5 Appending contents
```

Name: Mahima Manoj

Roll No: 15

Batch: RMCA2021-23 B

Date: 31/03/2021

2. -b

This command is used to removes the empty lines.

Syntax:

```
Output:

1 To create a new file and add the contents
2 Familarization of cat commands
3 Cat having different options
4 New file
5 Appending contents
```

3. touch

This command is used to create an empty file.

Syntax:

```
student@S15:~/sample$ touch b3.txt
student@S15:~/sample$ echo hi this is demo of touch command >> b3.txt
student@S15:~/sample$ cat b3.txt
```

Output:

```
hi this is demo of touch command
```

4. head, head -4

This head command is used to display the first ten line of contents and head -4 which displays the first four lines of contents.

Syntax:

```
student@515:~/sample$ cat b1.txt
To create a new file and add the contents
Familarization of cat commands
Cat having different options
New file
Appending contents
hai
hello
linux commands
student@515:~/sample$ head b1.txt
```

Output:

```
student@S15:~/sample$ head b1.txt
To create a new file and add the contents
Familarization of cat commands
Cat having different options
New file
Appending contents
hat
hello
linux commands
```

```
student@S15:~/sample$ head -4 b1.txt
To create a new file and add the contents
Familarization of cat commands
Cat having different options
New file
```

5. tail, -3

This tail command is used to displays the last ten lines of contents and tail -3 which displays the last 3 lines of contents.

Syntax:

```
student@S15:~/sample$ tail b1.txt
student@S15:~/sample$ tail -3 b1.txt
```

Output:

```
student@S15:~/sample$ tail b1.txt

To create a new file and add the contents

Familarization of cat commands

Cat having different options

New file

Appending contents

hai

hello

linux commands

student@S15:~/sample$ tail -3 b1.txt

hai

hello

linux commands
```