



American International University-Bangladesh

Faculty of Science & Technology (CSE)

Introduction to Database

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Football Ground Management System

Supervised by

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INTRODUCTION

In the world of sports, managing football grounds efficiently is essential to provide a great experience for both players and fans. A Football Ground Management System is a software tool designed to help stadiums and organizations oversee various aspects of their operations, such as scheduling matches, selling tickets, managing staff, and ensuring the safety and enjoyment of spectators.

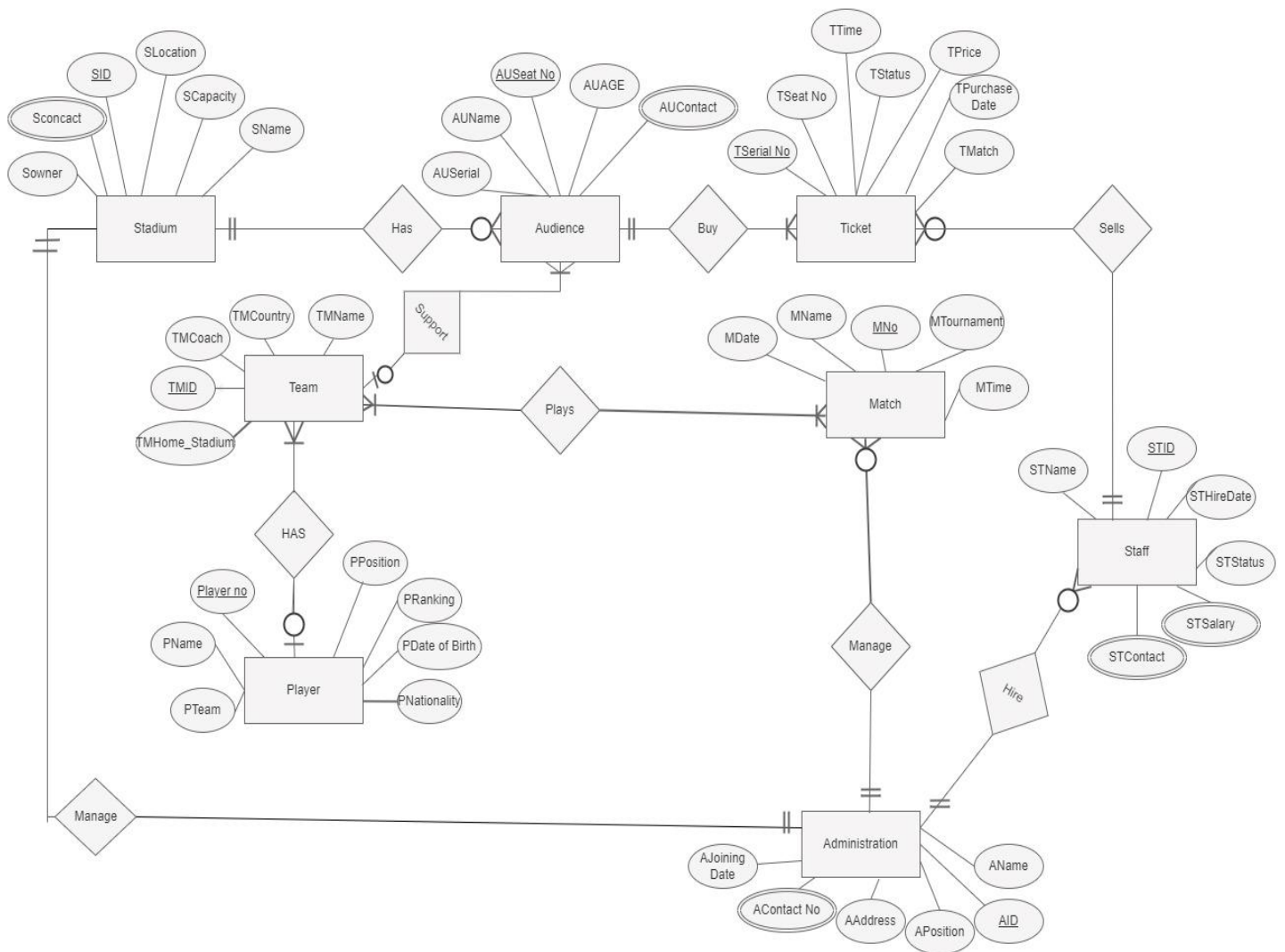
This system streamlines processes and improves communication between different stakeholders involved in running a football ground. By digitizing tasks like ticket sales, audience management, and match scheduling, the system enhances efficiency and reduces the likelihood of errors or oversights.

Overall, the Football Ground Management System plays a vital role in ensuring that football stadiums run smoothly, allowing everyone involved to focus on what matters most: enjoying the beautiful game of football.

CASE STUDY

In the Football Stadium Management System all the necessary information will be stored in a database. From the database we can access and manage the necessary information to manage a football ground. For a football ground management system there must be a stadium which can be identified by its name. stadium will also have stadium ID, location, capacity, owner and contact information. A stadium can have many audiences who can be identified by their serial number. The audience will also have name, seat number, age and contact information stored in the database. To manage a stadium there must be at least one admin. Admin information will be stored in the database as administration. Admin will have an unique ID, and also have a name, position, address, contact info and joining date. For a stadium there will be at least one admin. An admin can hire many stuffs all the information of the staff will be stored staff information. Staff can be identified by their ID. The database will also store stuff name, hire date, status, salary and contact information. Staff can sell zero to many tickets. Tickets can be identified by their serial number. the database will also store sit number, status, price, purchase date, match name and time information on of a ticket. An audience must buy a ticket to watch a game. The database will also store the information of the teams every team who can be identified by their team ID the database will also store team name, country, coach and home stadium. Every team will have many players. Players can be identified by their international ranking. The players will also have name, jersey number, nationality, position, date of birth and team name. A team must play a match. A match will have a match number which is unique. It will also have a name, tournament, date and time stored in the database.

ENTITY – RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM



NORMALIZATION

Sells (STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact, TSerial No, TSeat_No, TTime, TStatus, TTPrice, TPurchase_Dale, TMatch)

1NF: STSalary, STcontact are multivalued attributes

2NF: STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact
TSerial No, TSeat No, TTime, TStatus, TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, STID

3NF: STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact
TSerial No, TSeat No, TTime, TStatus, TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, STID

No transitive dependency

Table:

STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact
TSerial No, TSeat No, TTime, TStatus, TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, STID

HIRE (AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, Acontact_No, AJoining Date,
STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact)

1NF: Acontact_No, STContact, STSalary are multivalued attributes

2NF: AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, Acontact_No, AJoining Date
STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact, AID

3NF: AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, Acontact_No, AJoining Date
STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact, AID

No transitive dependency

Table:

AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, Acontact_No, AJoining Date
STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact, AID

HAS (Player no, PName, PTeam, PPosition, PRanking, PDate_of_birth, PNationality, TMID, TMCoach, TMHome_Stadium, TMCountry, TMName)

1NF: NO multivalued attribute

2NF: Player no, PName, PTeam, PPosition, PRanking, PDate_of_birth, PNationality
TMID, TMCoach, TMHome_Stadium, TMCountry, TMName, Player_no

3NF: Player no, PName, PTeam, PPosition, PRanking, PDate_of_birth, PNationality
TMID, TMCoach, TMHome_Stadium, TMCountry, TMName, Player_no

No transitive dependency

Table:

Player no, PName, PTeam, PPosition, PRanking, PDate_of_birth, PNationality
TMID, TMCoach, TMHome_Stadium, TMCountry, TMName, Player_no

SUPPORT(TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry, AUSeal No, AUName, AUNumber, AUAGE, AUContact)

1NF: AUContact is a multivalued attribute

2NF: TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry
AUSeal No, AUName, AUNumber, AUAGE, AUContact, TMID

3NF: TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry
AUSeal No, AUName, AUNumber, AUAGE, AUContact, TMID

No transitive dependency

Table:

TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry
AUSeal No, AUName, AUNumber, AUAGE, AUContact, TMID

PLAYS (TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry, MNO, MName, MDate, MTime, MTournament)

1NF: No multivalued attribute

2NF: TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry
MNO, MName, MDate, MTime, MTournament
MTMID, TMID, MNo

3NF: TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry
MNO, MName, MDate, MTime, MTournament
MTMID, TMID, MNo

No transitive dependency

Table:

TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry
MNO, MName, MDate, MTime, MTournament
MTMID, TMID, MNo

MANAGE (AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date, MNo, MName, MDate, MTournament, MTime)

1NF: AContact is a multivalued attribute.

2NF: AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date
MNo, MName, MDate, MTournament, MTime , AID

3NF: AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date
MNo, MName, MDate, MTournament, MTime , AID

No transitive dependency

TABLE:

AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date
MNo, MName, MDate, MTournament, MTime, AID

MANAGE (AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date, SID, SOwner, SName, SCapacity, SLocation, SContact)

1NF: AContact_No , SContact are multivalued attributes.

2NF: AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date
SID, SOwner, SName, SCapacity, SLocation, SContact, AID

3NF: AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date
SID, SOwner, SName, SCapacity, SLocation, SContact, AID

No transitive dependency

TABLE:

AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date
SID, SOwner, SName, SCapacity, SLocation, SContact, AID

HAS (SID, SOwner, SContact , SLocation ,SCapacity, SName ,
AUSeat_no ,AUSerial, AUName ,AUAage ,AUContact)

1F: SContact and AUContact are multivalued attributes.

2F: SID, SOwner, SContact , SLocation ,SCapacity, SName
AUSeat_no ,AUSerial, AUName ,AUAage ,AUContact, SID

3F: SID, SOwner, SContact , SLocation ,SCapacity, SName
AUSeat_no ,AUSerial, AUName ,AUAage ,AUContact, SID

No Transitive dependency

Table:

SID, SOwner, SContact , SLocation ,SCapacity, SName
AUSeat_no ,AUSerial, AUName ,AUAage ,AUContact, SID

BUY(AUSeat_no ,AUSerial, AUName ,AUAage ,AUContact ,
Tseat no , TTime, TStatus , TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch)

1F: AUContact multivalued attributes

2F: AUSeat_no ,AUSerial, AUName ,AUAage ,AUContact
Tseat no , TTime, TStatus , TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, AUSeat no

3F: AUSeat_no ,AUSerial, AUName ,AUAage ,AUContact
Tseat no , TTime, TStatus , TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, AUSeat no

No Transitive dependency

Table:

AUSeat_no ,AUSerial, AUName ,AUAage ,AUContact
Tseat no , TTime, TStatus , TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, AUSeat no

TOTAL TABLE

1. STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact **X**
2. TSerial No, TSeat No, TTime, TStatus, TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, STID ✓
3. AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, Acontact_No, AJoining Date ✓
4. STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact, AID ✓
5. Player_no, PName, PTeam, PPosition, PRanking, PDate_of_birth, PNationality ✓
6. TMID, TMCoach, TMHome_Stadium, TMCountry, TMName, Player_no ✓
7. TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry **X**
8. AUSeat No, AUName, AUSerial, AUAGE, AUContact, TMID ✓
9. TMID, TMName, TMCoach, TMHome_stadium, TMcountry **X**
10. MNO, MName, MDate, MTime, MTournament **X**
11. MTMID, TMID, MNo ✓
12. AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date **X**
13. MNo, MName, MDate, MTournament, MTime, AID ✓
14. AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, AContact_No, AJoining_date **X**
15. SID, SOwner, SName, SCapacity, SLocation, SContact, AID ✓
16. SID, SOwner, SContact, SLocation, SCapacity, SName **X**
17. AUSeat_no, AUSerial, AUName, AUAage, AUContact, SID ✓
18. AUSeat_no, AUSerial, AUName, AUAage, AUContact **X**
19. Tseat no, TTime, TStatus, TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, AUSeat no ✓

FINAL TABLE

1. TSerial No, TSeat No, TTime, TStatus, TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, STID
2. AID, AName, APosition, AAddress, Acontact_No, AJoining Date
3. STID, STName, STHireDate, STStatus, STSalary, STcontact, AID
4. Player_no, PName, PTeam, PPosition, PRanking, PDate_of_birth, PNationality
5. TMID, TMCoach, TMHome_Stadium, TMCountry, TMName, Player_no
6. AUSeat No, AUName, AUSerial, AUAGE, AUContact, TMID
7. MTMID, TMID, MNo
8. MNo, MName, MDate, MTournament, MTime, AID
9. SID, SOwner, SName, SCapacity, SLocation, SContact, AID
10. AUSeat_no, AUSerial, AUName, AUAage, AUContact, SID
11. Tseat no, TTime, TStatus, TPrice, TPurchase_Date, TMatch, AUSeat no