

Question:1

Implement Stack using Python.

```
python.py > ...
1  class Stack:
2      def __init__(self):
3          self.stack = []
4
5      def push(self, item):
6          self.stack.append(item)
7
8      def pop(self):
9          if not self.is_empty():
10             return self.stack.pop()
11         return None
12
13     def peek(self):
14         if not self.is_empty():
15             return self.stack[-1]
16         return None
17
18     def is_empty(self):
19         return len(self.stack) == 0
20
21     def size(self):
22         return len(self.stack)
23
24  s = Stack()
25  print("Is stack empty?", s.is_empty())
26  s.push(10)
27  s.push(20)
28  s.push(30)
29  print("Stack size is:", s.size())
30  print("Stack top is:", s.peek())
31  print("Popped:", s.pop())
32  print("Stack size is:", s.size())
33  print("Is stack empty?", s.is_empty())
```

Question:2

Implement Queue using Python.

```
python.py > ...
1  from collections import deque
2
3  class Queue:
4      def __init__(self):
5          self.queue = deque()
6
7      def enqueue(self, item):
8          self.queue.append(item)
9
10     def dequeue(self):
11         if not self.is_empty():
12             return self.queue.popleft()
13         return None
14
15     def front(self):
16         if not self.is_empty():
17             return self.queue[0]
18         return None
19
20     def is_empty(self):
21         return len(self.queue) == 0
22
23     def size(self):
24         return len(self.queue)
25
26
27  q = Queue()
28  q.enqueue(10)
29  q.enqueue(20)
30  q.enqueue(30)
31  print("Queue front is:", q.front())
32  print("Dequeued:", q.dequeue())
33  print("Queue size is:", q.size())
```

Question:3

Binary Search in python.

```
python.py > ...
1  def binary_search(sorted_list, target):
2      start_index = 0
3      end_index = len(sorted_list) - 1
4
5      while start_index <= end_index:
6          middle_index = (start_index + end_index) // 2
7          middle_value = sorted_list[middle_index]
8
9          if middle_value == target:
10             return middle_index
11         elif middle_value < target:
12             start_index = middle_index + 1
13         else:
14             end_index = middle_index - 1
15
16     return -1
17
18 if __name__ == "__main__":
19     numbers = [1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 20]
20     target_value = 14
21     result_index = binary_search(numbers, target_value)
22     if result_index != -1:
23         print(f"Target {target_value} found at index {result_index}.")
24     else:
25         print(f"Target {target_value} not found in the list.")
```