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**Started on** Saturday, 17 May 2025, 8:14 AM

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**State** Finished

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**Completed on** Saturday, 17 May 2025, 8:34 AM

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**Time taken** 19 mins 6 secs

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**Grade** 100.00 out of 100.00

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## Question 1

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Write a Python program using A Naive recursive implementation of Minimum Cost Path Problem.

For example:

Input	Result
3 3	8

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```

1 R = int(input())
2 C = int(input())
3 import sys
4 def minCost(cost, m, n):
5     if (n < 0 or m < 0):
6         return sys.maxsize
7     elif (m == 0 and n == 0):
8         return cost[m][n]
9     else:
10        return cost[m][n] + min( minCost(cost, m-1, n-1),
11                                minCost(cost, m-1, n),
12                                minCost(cost, m, n-1) )
13 def min(x, y, z):
14     if (x < y):
15         return x if (x < z) else z
16     else:
17         return y if (y < z) else z
18 cost= [ [1, 2, 3],
19         [4, 8, 2],
20         [1, 5, 3] ]
21 print(minCost(cost, R-1, C-1))

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 3	8	8	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

Question **2**

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

**LONGEST PALINDROMIC SUBSEQUENCE**

Given a sequence, find the length of the longest palindromic subsequence in it.

For example:

Input	Result
ABBDACAB	The length of the LPS is 5

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 def Lps(X):
2     n=len(X)
3     dp=[[0 for _ in range(n)] for _ in range(n)]
4     for x in range(n):
5         dp[x][x]=1
6
7     for l in range(2,n+1):
8         for i in range(n-l+1):
9             j=i+l-1
10            if X[i]==X[j]:
11                dp[i][j]=dp[i+1][j-1]+2
12            else:
13                dp[i][j]=max(dp[i+1][j],dp[i][j-1])
14    return dp[0][n-1]
15
16
17 X=input()
18 print("The length of the LPS is",Lps(X))

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	ABBDACAB	The length of the LPS is 5	The length of the LPS is 5	✓
✓	BBABCBCAB	The length of the LPS is 7	The length of the LPS is 7	✓
✓	cbbd	The length of the LPS is 2	The length of the LPS is 2	✓
✓	abbab	The length of the LPS is 4	The length of the LPS is 4	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

Question **3**

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a python program to find Minimum number of jumps to reach end of the array using naive method(recursion) using float values

For example:

Test	Input	Result
minJumps(arr, 0, n-1)	6 2.3 7.4 6.3 1.5 8.2 0.1	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```

1 def minJumps(arr, l, h):
2     if (h == l):
3         return 0
4     if (arr[l] == 0):
5         return float('inf')
6     min = float('inf')
7     for i in range(l + 1, h + 1):
8         if (i < l + arr[l] + 1):
9             jumps = minJumps(arr, i, h)
10            if (jumps != float('inf') and
11                jumps < min):
12                min = jumps + 1
13    return min
14 arr = []
15 n = int(input())
16 for i in range(n):
17     arr.append(float(input()))
18 print('Minimum number of jumps to reach','end is', minJumps(arr, 0, n-1))

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	minJumps(arr, 0, n-1)	6 2.3 7.4 6.3 1.5 8.2 0.1	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2	✓

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	minJumps(arr, 0, n-1)	10 3.2 3.2 5 6.2 4.9 1.2 5.0 7.3 4.6 6.2	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2	Minimum number of jumps to reach end is 2	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

## Question 4

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a python Program to find the maximum contiguous sub array using Dynamic Programming.

For example:

Test	Input	Result
maxSubArraySum(a, len(a))	8 -2 -3 4 -1 -2 1 5 -3	Maximum contiguous sum is 7

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 def maxSubArraySum(a,size):
2     max_till_now = a[0]
3     max_ending = 0
4
5     for i in range(0, size):
6         max_ending = max_ending + a[i]
7         if max_ending < 0:
8             max_ending = 0
9
10
11         elif (max_till_now < max_ending):
12             max_till_now = max_ending
13
14     return max_till_now
15 n=int(input())
16 a=[]
17 for i in range(n):
18     a.append(int(input()))
19
20 print("Maximum contiguous sum is", maxSubArraySum(a,n))

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	maxSubArraySum(a, len(a))	8 -2 -3 4 -1 -2 1 5 -3	Maximum contiguous sum is 7	Maximum contiguous sum is 7	✓
✓	maxSubArraySum(a, len(a))	5 1 2 3 -4 -6	Maximum contiguous sum is 6	Maximum contiguous sum is 6	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

## Question 5

Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Create a Python Function to find the total number of distinct ways to get a change of 'target' from an unlimited supply of coins in set 'S'.

For example:

Test	Input	Result
count(S, len(S) - 1, target)	3 4 1 2 3	The total number of ways to get the desired change is 4

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```

1 def count(S, n, target):
2     if target == 0:
3         return 1
4     if target < 0 or n < 0:
5         return 0
6     incl = count(S, n, target - S[n])
7     excl = count(S, n - 1, target)
8     return incl + excl
9
10
11
12 if __name__ == '__main__':
13     S = []
14     n=int(input())
15     target = int(input())
16     for i in range(n):
17         S.append(int(input()))
18     print('The total number of ways to get the desired change is',
19         count(S, len(S) - 1, target))
20
21
22

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	count(S, len(S) - 1, target)	3 4 1 2 3	The total number of ways to get the desired change is 4	The total number of ways to get the desired change is 4	✓
✓	count(S, len(S) - 1, target)	3 11 1 2 5	The total number of ways to get the desired change is 11	The total number of ways to get the desired change is 11	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.



