Intro to SQL

SQL

Example DB

Students

ID	Name	Age	Gender	Address
1	Nick D.	20	M	2
2	Andy D.	28	M	2
3	Beth M.	23	F	
4	Lisa N.	20	F	4

Addresses

ID	Street	Zip	City	State
1	423 Main St.	60647	Chicago	IL
2	13 Main St	60655	Barrington	IL
3	15 Main St	60651	Elsewhere	IL
4	14 Main St	60650	Chicago	IL

All 20 Year Old Students

Students

ID	Name	Age	Gender	Address
1	Nick D.	20	M	2
2	Andy D.	28	M	2
3	Beth M.	23	F	
4	Lisa N.	20	F	4

20 Year Old Students

ID	Name	Age
1	Nick D.	20
4	Lisa N.	20

SELECT ID, Name, Age
FROM Students
WHERE Age = 20;

Students

ID	Name	Age	Gender	Address
1	Nick D.	20	M	2
2	Andy D.	28	М	2
3	Beth M.	23	F	I
4	Lisa N.	20	F	4

Addresses

ID	Street	Zip	City	State
1	423 Main St.	60647	Chicago	IL
2	13 Main St.	60655	Barrington	IL
3	15 Main St.	60651	Elsewhere	IL
4	14 Main St.	60650	Chicago	IL

SELECT Students.ID, Name, Street, Zip, City FROM Students

JOIN Addresses

ON Students.Address = Addresses.ID

Students with Addresses

Student.ID	Name	Street	Zip	City
1	Nick D.	13 Main St.	60655	Barrington
2	Andy D.	13 Main St.	60655	Barrington
3	Beth M.	423 Main St.	60647	Chicago
4	Lisa N.	14 Main St.	60650	Chicago

Students

ID	Name	Age	Gender	Address
1	Nick D.	20	M	2
2	Andy D.	28	M	2
3	Beth M.	23	F	
4	Lisa N.	20	F	4

Addresses

ID	Street	Zip	City	State
1	423 Main St.	60647	Chicago	IL
2	13 Main St.	60655	Barrington	IL
3	15 Main St.	6065 I	Elsewhere	IL
4	14 Main St.	60650	Chicago	IL

SELECT Student.ID, Name, Street, Zip, City
FROM Students

JOIN Addresses
ON Students.Address = Addresses.ID

WHERE Adresses.City = 'chicago';

Students with Addresses

Student.ID	Name	Street	Zip	City
3	Beth M.	423 Main St.	60647	Chicago
4	Lisa N.	14 Main St.	60650	Chicago



Some Common SQL Keywords

Keyword	Action
SELECT	Which COLUMNS to include in output table (shrinks the result horizontally!)
FROM	Which TABLE to pull data from
JOIN	Another TABLE to glue / concatenate to the output
ON	What COLUMNS must match when joining two tables
WHERE	Which ROWS to include in the output table (shrinks the result vertically!)



CRUD Operations

SQL is used to create/read/update/delete (CRUD) data from a database

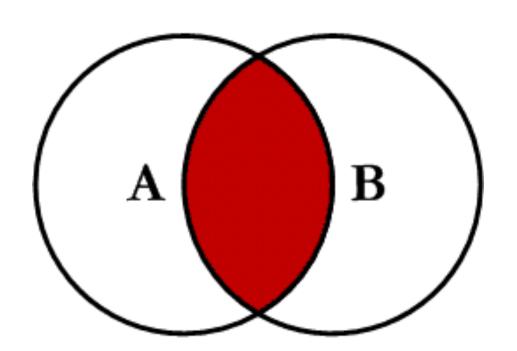
- INSERT: Insert new rows into a table
- SELECT: Get data from a database
- UPDATE: Update existing rows in a table
- DELETE: Delete rows from a table

CREATE / DROP: Make / delete new dbs/tables/views/indexes

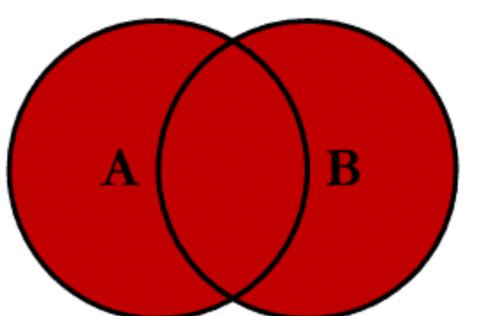


Inner Join

Outer Join



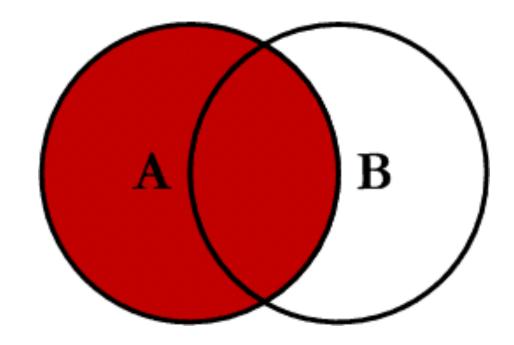
SELECT *
FROM A
INNER JOIN B
ON A.Key = B.Key



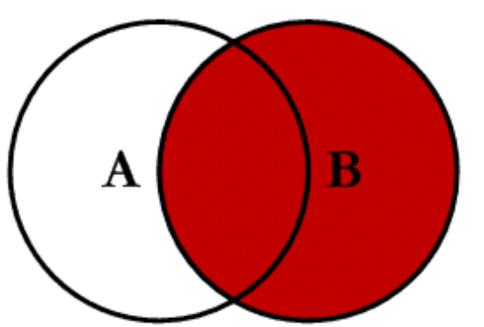
SELECT *
FROM A
FULL OUTER JOIN B
ON A.Key = B.Key

Left Join

Right Join



SELECT *
FROM A
LEFT JOIN B
ON A.Key = B.Key

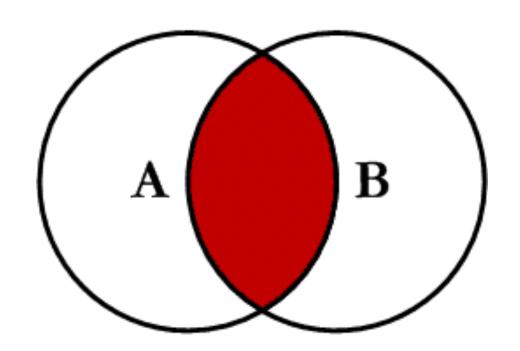


SELECT *
FROM A
RIGHT JOIN B
ON A.Key = B.Key

http://www.codeproject.com/Articles/33052/Visual-Representation-of-SQL-Joins



Inner Join



SELECT pets.name, owners.name
FROM owners
INNER JOIN pets
ON pets.ownerID = owners.ID

OVVNERS

ID	name
I	Geordi
2	Janeway
3	Data
4	Spock

PETS

ID	ownerID	type	name
- 1	4	Monkey	Mittens
2	null	Lizard	Carol
3		Dog	Rufus
4	2	Cat	Fireball

pets.name	owners.name
Mittens	Spock
Rufus	Geordi
Fireball	Janeway



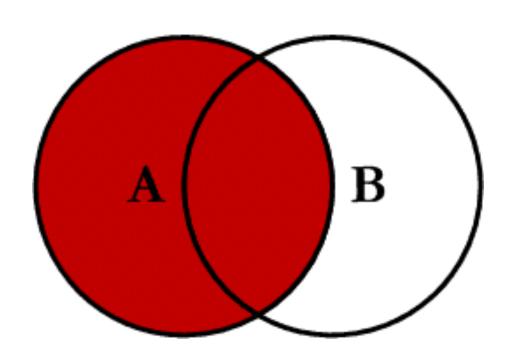
PETS

ID	ownerID	type	name
I	4	Monkey	Mittens
2	null	Lizard	Carol
3		Dog	Rufus
4	2	Cat	Fireball

pets.name	owners.name
Mittens	Spock
Rufus	Geordi
Fireball	Janeway
null	Data



Left Join



SELECT pets.name, owners.name
FROM owners
LEFT JOIN pets
ON pets.ownerID = owners.ID

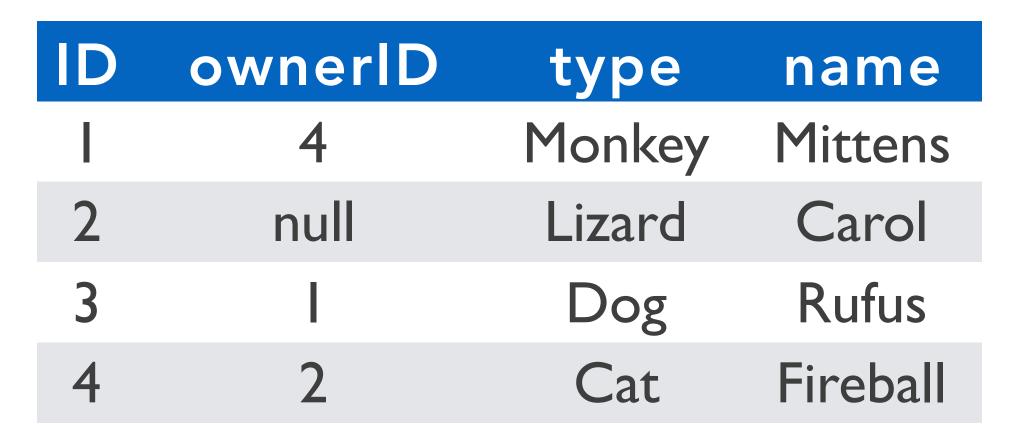
OWNERS

ID	name	
I	Geordi	
2	Janeway	
3	Data	
4	Spock	



PETS

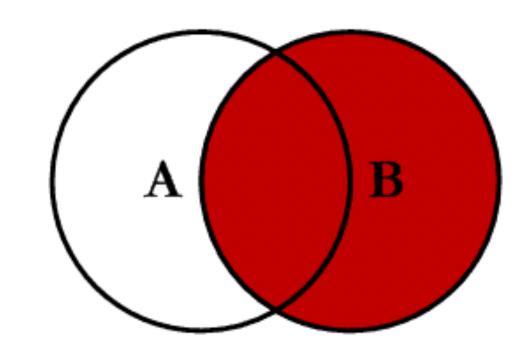
pets.name	owners.name
Mittens	Spock
Carol	null
Rufus	Geordi
Fireball	Janeway



OWNERS

ID	name
	Geordi
2	Janeway
3	Data
4	Spock

Right Join



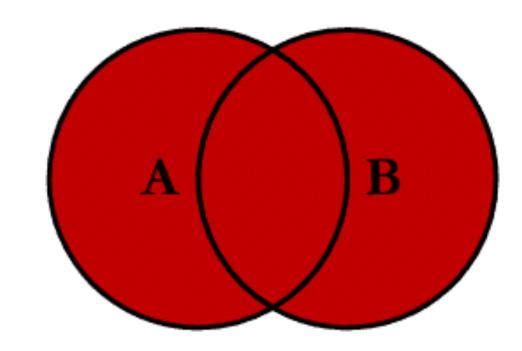
SELECT pets.name, owners.name
FROM owners
RIGHT JOIN pets
ON pets.ownerID = owners.ID



OWNERS

ID	name
	Geordi
2	Janeway
3	Data
4	Spock

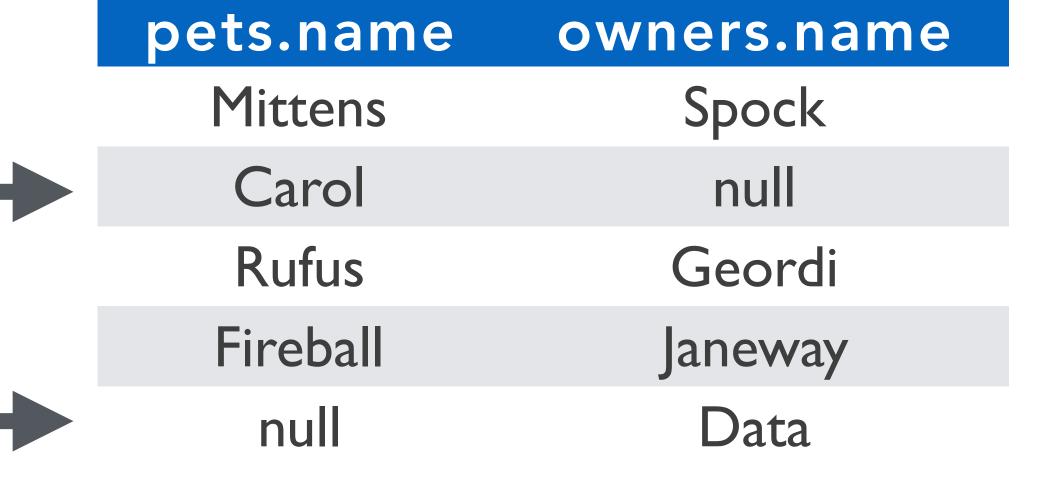
Outer Join



SELECT pets.name, owners.name
FROM owners
FULL OUTER JOIN pets
ON pets.ownerID = owners.ID

PETS

ID	ownerID	type
	4	Monkey
2	null	Lizard
3		Dog
4	2	Cat



name

Mittens

Carol

Rufus

Fireball

AS

ID	Name	Age
I	Bart S.	10
2	Lisa S.	8
3	Jim F.	13
4	Joan B.	15

StudentID	SchoolID	
I	I	
2		
3	2	
4	3	

Name	Level
Springfield Elementary	E
Brook Middle	M
Springbrook High	Н
Springfield University	U
	Springfield Elementary Brook Middle Springbrook High Springfield

SELECT *	
FROM Student AS st	
INNER JOIN Enrollment AS	e
<pre>ON st.ID = e.StudentID</pre>	
INNER JOIN School as sc	
<pre>ON e.SchoolID = sc.ID;</pre>	

st.ID	st.Name	Age	StudentID	SchoolID	sc.ID	sc.Name	Level
I	Bart S.	10	I	I	I	Springfield Elementary	E
2	Lisa S.	8	2	I	I	Springfield Elementary	E
3	Jim F.	13	3	2	2	Brook Middle	M
4	Joan B.	15	4	3	3	Springbrook High	Н

AS (without AS)

ID	Name	Age	StudentID SchoolID
I	Bart S.	10	
2	Lisa S.	8	2
3	Jim F.	13	3 2
4	Joan B.	15	4 3

ID	Name	Level
I	Springfield Elementary	E
2	Brook Middle	M
3	Springbrook High	Н
4	Springfield University	U

SELECT	*				
FROM	Studer	nt st			
INNEF	R JOIN	Enro	ollm	ent	е
ON	st.ID	= e.	.Stu	ident	:ID
INNEF	R JOIN	Scho	ool	sc	
ON	e.Scho	olII) =	sc.]	[D;

st.ID	st.Name	Age	StudentID	SchoolID	sc.ID	sc.Name	Level
I	Bart S.	10			I	Springfield Elementary	E
2	Lisa S.	8	2	l	I	Springfield Elementary	E
3	Jim F.	13	3	2	2	Brook Middle	M
4	Joan B.	15	4	3	3	Springbrook High	Н

GROUP BY + COUNT

ID	Name	Age
	Bart S.	10
2	Lisa S.	8
3	Jim F.	13
4	Joan B.	15

StudentID	SchoolID
I	I
2	
3	2
4	3

ID	Name	Level
I	Springfield Elementary	E
2	Brook Middle	M
3	Springbrook High	Н
4	Springfield University	U

SELECT Name, COUNT(*)
FROM School
INNER JOIN Enrollment
ON School.ID = Enrollment.StudentID
GROUP BY Name;

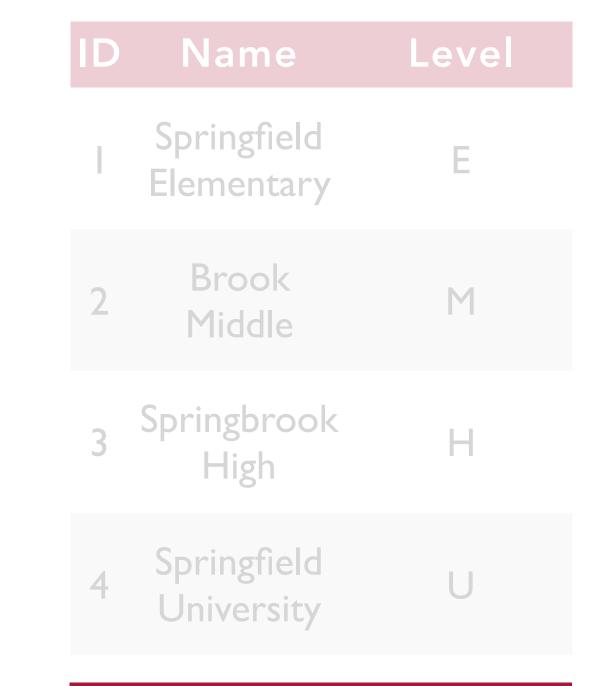
Name	COUNT(*)
Springfield Elementary	2
Brook Middle	
Springbrook High	
Springfield University	0



ORDER BY

ID	Name	Age
I	Bart S.	10
2	Lisa S.	8
3	Jim F.	13
4	Joan B.	15

StudentID	SchoolID
2	
3	2
4	3



ID	Name	Age
4	Joan B.	15
3	Jim F.	13
I	Bart S.	10
2	Lisa S.	8

SELECT *
 FROM Student
 ORDER BY Age DESC;

ID	Name	Age	StudentID Sch
I	Bart S.	10	
2	Lisa S.	8	2
3	Jim F.	13	3
4	Joan B.	15	4

ID	Name	Level
I	Springfield Elementary	Е
2	Brook Middle	M
3	Springbrook High	Н
4	Springfield University	U

ID	Name	Age		
ı	Bart S.	10		

	3	Jim F.	13	3		
SELECT ID, Name, Age FROM Student TNNED TOTAL Envolument	4	Joan B.	15	4		
<pre>INNER JOIN Enrollment ON Student.ID = Enrollment.StudentID INNER JOIN (</pre>						
SELECT SchoolID FROM Student						
<pre>WHERE Student.Name = 'Lisa S.' INNER JOIN Enrollment ON Student.ID = Enrollment.StudentID</pre>						
) AS LisaSchools ON LisaSchools.Schoo WHERE Name != 'Lisa S.	_	= Enrol	lment.Sc	hoolID		

SUB-QUERIES

WORKSHOP