

## Press Release Central Agency for Public Mobilization And Statistics

%2.13increaseing the amount of emissions of carbon dioxide

Resulting from the consumption of petroleum products and

natural gas 2014/2015

Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics (CAPMAS) issued on 23 / 5 /2016 "Annual Report of the Environmental Statistics 2014".

## **The Most Important Indicators:**

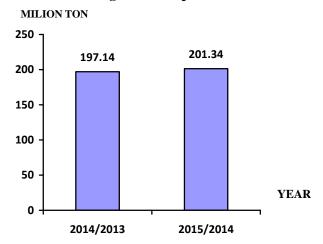
• Reached the consumption of petroleum products and natural gas and 73.36 million tons in 2014/2015 compared to 73.04 million tons in 2013/2014, an increase 0.43%.

• Reached The amount of emissions of carbon dioxide resulting from the consumption of petroleum products and natural gas 201.34 million metric tons in 2014/2015 compared to 197.14 million tons in 2013/2014, an increase 2.13%

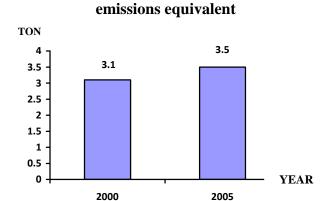
The amount of consumption of petroleum and natural gas Products



The amount of emission of carbon dioxide resulting from petroleum products and natural gas consumption



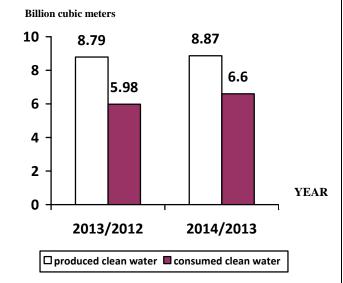
## •Reached Average of emissions per capita for carbon dioxide 3.5 tons of carbon equivalent in 2005, up from 3.1tons in 2000, an increase of 12.9% as a result of increasing population and industrial activities that lead to increased thermal emission $0\square$



Average per capita Of carbon dioxide

•The total amount of produced clean water reached 8.87 billion cubic meters in 2013/2014 compared to 8.79 billion cubic meters in 2012/2013, an increase of 0.9%.

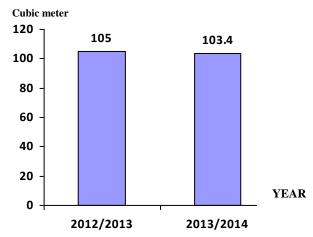
A total of produced and consumed clean water



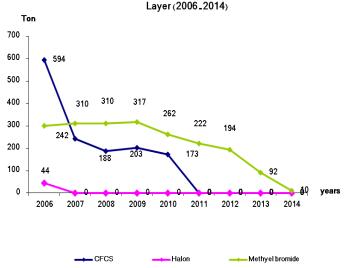
•The total amount of consumed clean water reached 6.60 billion cubic meters in 2013/2014 compared to 5.98 billion cubic meters in 2012/2013, a increase of 10.4%.

• The average annual per capita of clean produced water 103.4 cubic meters in 2013/2014 compared to 105.0 cubic meters in 2012/2013, in decrease of 1.5% due to the population increase.

Average consumption per capita of clean water



• In the framework of commitment to the Montreal Protocol on gradual reduction of consumption that Deplete the Ozone Layer with the phasing-out data indicates to stop the use of halon gas since 2007, and the Gradual while the gradual reduction of gas methyl bromide where it reached 10 tons in 2014 compared to 92 tons in 2013, a decline of 89.1%.



The quantity consumed of Substances that Deplete the Ozone

P.O. Box 2086 Salah Salem, Nasr City, Cairo, Egypt

Telephone: Public Relations: (02) 24020231. National Center for Information: (02) 240201559