



Press Release

Central Agency for Public Mobilization And Statistics

Demographic Analysis of Population, Housing, and Establishments Census Data in2017

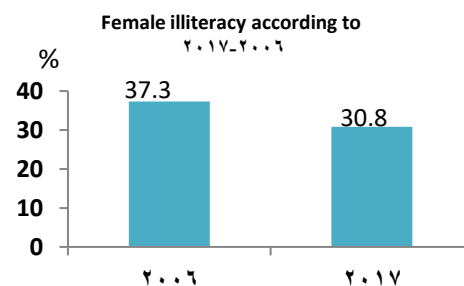
Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics (CAPMAS) issues today 30/5/2018 a press release for A number of the analytical studies of population, housing and establishment census data 2017. these studies includes: Development of Demographic and Social Status of Women during the Period 2006-2017, Characteristics of Youth (18-29 years) in Census (2006, 2017) and Characteristics of Children (0-17 years).CAPMAS hopes that these studies will achieve its desired benefits.

Main objectives of these studies are as follows:

- **Development of women's demographic and social status during the period (2006-2017):**

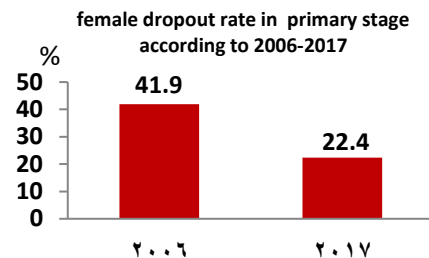
This study aims at shedding light on the development of the demographic and social status of women in Egyptian society during the period 2006-2017. The study has concluded the following indicators:

- The percentage of illiterates decreased from 37.3% in 2006 to 30.8% in 2017.

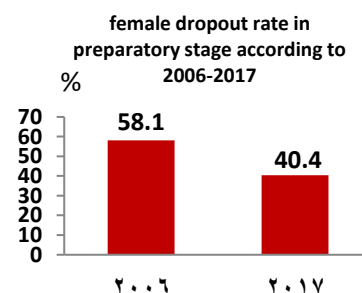


There was an improvement in females illiteracy rate of compared to males during the same period 2006 -2017. Gender parity index decreased from 1.66 in 2006 to 1.45 in 2017 for the favor of females.

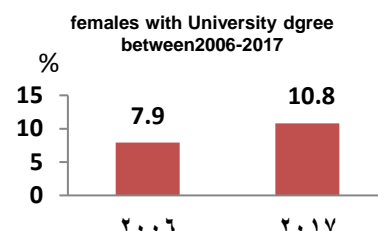
- Dropout rate of females in primary school decreased from 41.9% in 2006 to 22.4 % in 2017.



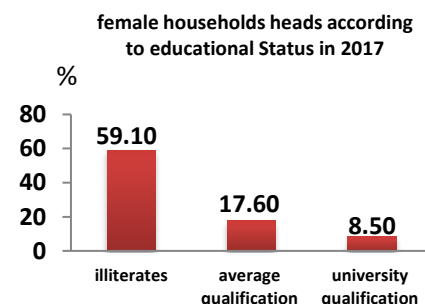
- Dropout rates of females in preparatory stage decreased from 58.1% in 2006 to 40.4% in 2017, resulting in an improvement in gender parity index, which dropped from 1.1 in 2006 to 1.07 in 2017 for females.



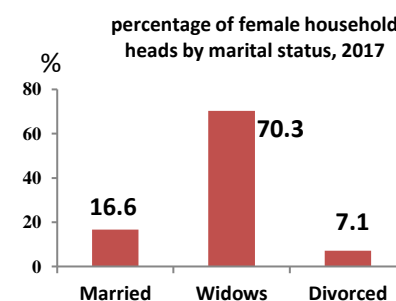
- Percentage of females with a university qualification increased between 2006-2017 and reached 7.9% in 2006, compared to 10.8% in 2017.



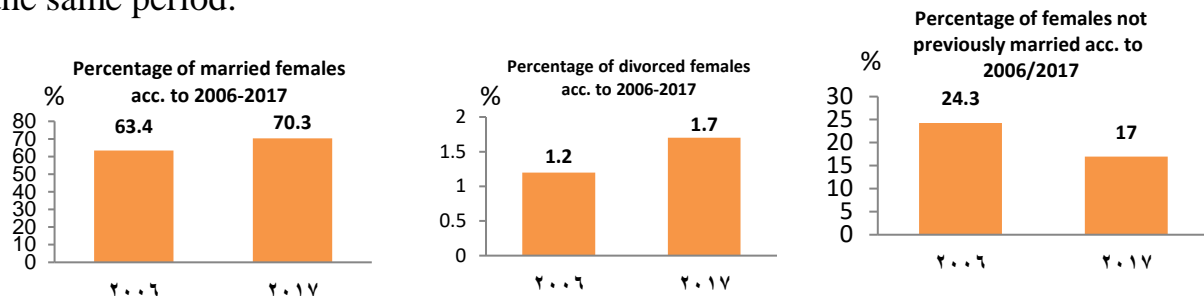
- Number of female heads of households recorded (3.3) millions in 2017 census and percentage of illiterate females was 59.1% of total family household heads level of the total followed by those intermediate certificate of 17.6% and those with a university degree at 8.5%.



- Most of female heads of households in 2017 census are widows 70.3% of total female household heads in total state level, followed by married women by 16.6% and divorced women 7.1%.



- Percentage of married women increased from 63.4% to 70.3% in 2017. Divorce rate rose from 1.2% to 1.7%.while percentage of unmarried females dropped from 24.3% in 2006 to 17% during the same period.

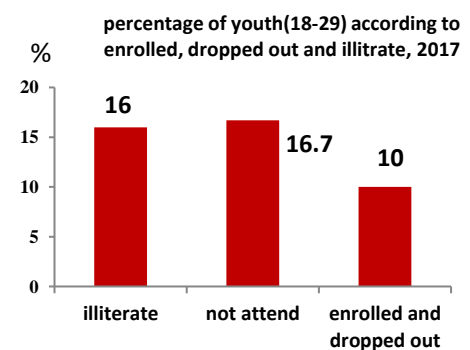
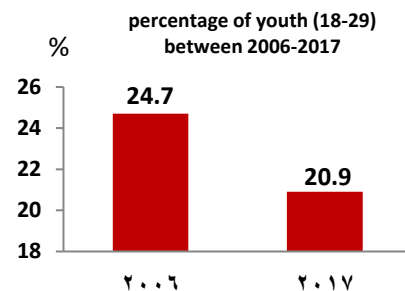


Characteristics of youth (18-29 years) in the census of 2006 and 2017:

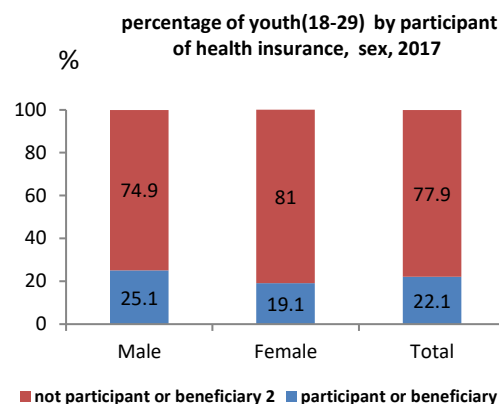
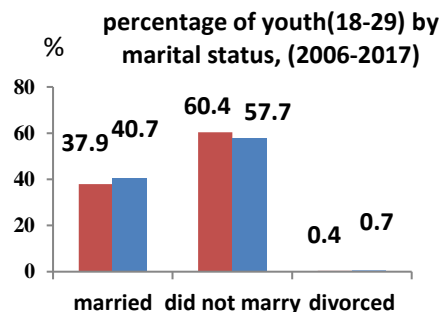
This study aims at identifying the demographic and social characteristics of young, coverage of youth health insurance, and the extent to which youth uses means of technology and information.

Some findings of the study:

- Percentage of youth decreased from 24.7% in 2006 to 20.9% in 2017, with a higher percentage of females than males in the two censuses as it recorded (24.3% for males and 25% for females) in 2006 compared to 20.5% for males and 21.3% for females in 2017.
- Percentage of illiterate youth decreased from 16.3% in 2006 to 16% of the total youth in 2017.
- 16.7% of the total youth did not attend school and the percentage of females is higher than that of males (19.3% for females versus 14.2% for males). The percentage of youth who enrolled and dropped out reached 10%.



- Percentage of married youth increased from 37.9% in 2006 to 40.7% in 2017.
- Percentage of unemployed youth increased from 0.4% in 2006 to 0.7% in 2017 at the total level.
- Percentage of youth with any difficulties (from simple to absolute type of disability) at the total level is 5.16% (5.8% in urban versus 4.8% in rural areas), and the percentage of males with difficulties in both urban and rural areas has increased.
- About 22% of total youth (18-29 years) is a participant or beneficiary of health insurance (25% for males versus 19% for females).

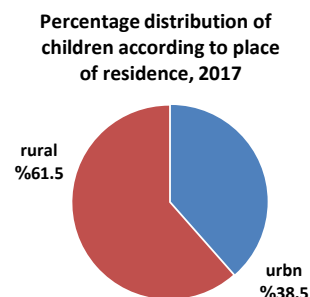


• Characteristics of children (0-17 years old)

This study aims to identify size and characteristics of children (under 18).

Hereby the main indicators of the study:

- 40% of total population is Children (under the age of 18), more than one third of Egypt's populations are children, 61.5% of them in rural and 38.5% in urban.
- Number of females less than 18 years who have been ever married (about 12 thousand girls) 1.6% of the girls in the same age group.



- 89.5% of children are enrolled in education and about 10% of them did not attend or dropped out of education, the main reasons were lack of family or individual desire for education, family Finance conditions, difficulty of reaching school, and repetition caused about 9% Dropouts.
- 1.5% of children with disabilities suffer from minor to absolute disability, the highest disability rate for children who have difficulty caring for themselves is 0.7%.
- 95 % of children are participants or beneficiaries of health insurance.

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