

Press Release Central Agency for Public Mobilization And Statistics

On the occasion of international day of action for woman's health Average age of females in Egypt increased to 73.6 years in 2017

On the occasion of International Day of action for woman's health, Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics issued on 27/5/2017 a press release reviewing the current woman health status. Celebration of this day started on the occasion of the members of the Global Women's Network meeting for reproductive rights in Costa Rica in 1987, in which was determined May 28th as the International Day of action for Woman's Health.

<u>The most important health indicators of Egyptian women, according to CAPMAS statistics:</u>

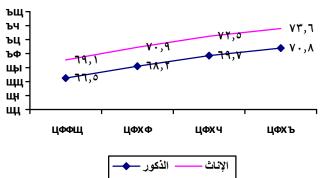
Females' Life expectancy at birth

(73.6 years) Females' Life expectancy at birth in 2017

Female's Life expectancy at birth increased from 97,1 years, compared to 66.5 years for males in 2006. to 73.6 years for females, compared to 70.8 years for males in-2017.

- The highest life expectancy for female elderly in the age group (60-64 years) was 16.9 years compared to 16.3 years for males, and the lowest life expectancy for females was in the age group (80+ years) 2.4 years compared to 3.6 years for males in 2016

life expectancy at birth according to gender ($Y \cdot \cdot 9 - Y \cdot 17$)

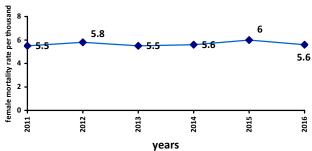


Female mortality

female's mortality rate is 5.6 per1000 females in 2016

Female mortality rate ranged between (5.5-6) deaths per 1000 females during the period (2011-2015) which reached to 5.5 in 2011, rising to 6 deaths in 2015 and then decreased to 5.6 deaths per 1000 Females in 2016

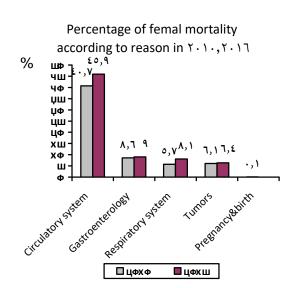
female mortality during (2011-2016)



Female mortality Causes

45.9% of female mortality was due to circulatory system diseases in 2016

- The highest for female reason mortality was due to circulatory system diseases by 48.1% of the total female mortality in 2016, compared to 40.7% in 2010, then mortality due to Gastroenterology by 9% of the total female mortality in 2016, compared to 8.6% in 2010.
- Mortality due to respiratory system diseases increased to 8.1% in 2016, compared to 5.7% in 2010, female mortality rate for tumors was 6.4 in 2016, compared to 6.1% in 2010.
- The lowest percentage of female mortality was due to pregnancy and birth by 0.1% in 2016.



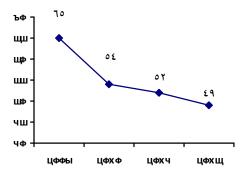
Maternal mortality

49 women was maternal mortality rate per 100 thousand live births in 2016

Maternal mortality rate is defined as number of mothers who die during a specific calendar year due to pregnancy, childbirth or during the fourty days following birth for every 100,000 live births within the geographical boundaries of the country or a specific administrative unit.

Maternal mortality rate was 49 women per 100,000 live births in 2016, compared with 65 women in 2008.

Maternal mortality rate during $(Y \cdot \cdot \Lambda - Y \cdot 1 \gamma)$



7,0% Percentage of females with functional difficulties (from large to absolute) in 2017

According to the population census data for 2017

- Percentage of females (5 years +) who have difficulty (from large to absolute) was 2.5% compared to 2.7% for males.
- walking or climbing stairs difficulty was the highest among the difficulties, reaching about 1.4% for both males and females, reached its maximum by 9.86% for females in the age group 60+.

46.9% Percentage of female participants / beneficiaries of health insurance in 2017

- 46.9% of females are participants / beneficiaries of health insurance compared to 54.6% for males.

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