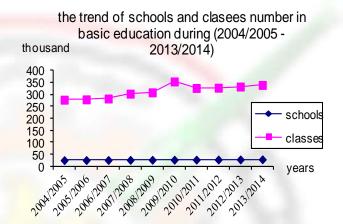


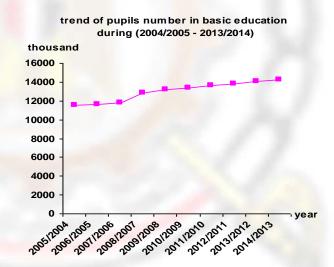
## Press Release Central Agency for Public Mobilization And Statistics

## 6.6% is the ratio of public expenditure on basic education of total public expenditure in 2013/2014

Today 8 /6/2015 the Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics issues a study entitled "development of basic education in Egypt"
This study has a lot of indicators, the most important are:

- The number of basic education schools increased from 25.1 thousand schools in 2004/2005 to 28.5 thousand schools in2013/2014 by 13.5% and it is expected that this number will increase to 34.2 thousand schools in 2024/2025.
- The number of classes in basic education schools increased from 277.4 thousand classes in 2004/2005 to 338.9 thousand classes in 2013/2014 by 22.2 %, and it is expected that this number will increase to 407.5 thousand classes in 2024/2025.
- The number of pupils in basic education stage increased from 11.5 million pupils in 2004/2005 to 14.2 million pupils in 2013/2014 by 23.5%, and it is expected that this number will increase to 17.1 million pupils in 2024/2025.





• The number of teachers in basic education stage increased from 542.4 thousand teachers in 2004/2005 to 636.9 thousand teachers in2013/2014 by 17.5%, and it is expected that this number will increase to 765.5 thousand teachers in 2024/2025.

- Average Class density of primary education stage reached 42.8 pupil/ class in 2013/2014, it
  increases to 48 pupil/ class in Giza, Qaliubiya, and Kafr El-Sheikh, while it decrease to
  19.7 pupil/ class in South Sinai.
- Average Class density of preparatory education stage reached 40.3 pupil/ class in 2013/2014, it increases to 44.8, 43.7 pupil/ class in Giza and Qaliubiya, while it decrease to 21.3, 21.8 pupil/ class in the new Valley and South Sinai.
- The number of azhari institutions in basic education increased from 5.4 thousand institutes in 2004/2005 to 6.8 thousand institutes in2013/2014 by 25.9 %, and it is expected that this number will increase to 8.1 thousand institutes in 2024/2025.
- The number of azhari institution's classes in basic education increased from 37.5 thousand classes in 2004/2005 to 47.3 thousand classes in 2013/2014 by 26.1 %, and it is expected that this number will increase to 56.5 thousand classes in 2024/2025.
- The number of pupils in azhari basic education increased from 1.3 million pupils in 2004/2005 to 1.6 million pupils in 2013/2014 by 23.1% and it is expected that this number will increase to 1.9 million pupils in 2024/2025.
- Average Class density of azhari primary education stage is 33.8 pupil/ class in 2013/2014, it
  increases to 45, 44.1 pupil/ class in Alexandria and Giza, while it decrease to 12.6 pupil/ class
  in the new Valley.
- Average Class density of azhari preparatory education stage is 31.7 pupil/ class in 2013/2014, it increases to 41.5 pupil/ class in Giza, while it decrease to 7.5 pupil/ class in the new Valley.
- The number of teachers in azhari basic education stage increased from 7.1 thousand teachers in 2004/2005 to 11.8 thousand teachers in 2013/2014 by 66.2%, and it is expected that this number will increase to 14.5 thousand teachers in 2024/2025.
- The total number of Community education schools reached 4.8 thousand schools in 2013/2014, and it is expected that this number will increase to 6.2 thousand schools in 2024/2025. The total number of classes reached 4.8 thousand classes in 2013/2014, and it is expected that this number will increase to 6.2 thousand classes in 2024/2025. The total number of pupils reached 99.5 thousand pupils in 2013/2014 and it is expected that this number will increase to 129.1 thousand pupils in 2024/2025. The total number of teachers reached 8.3 thousand teachers in 2013/2014, and it is expected that this number will increase to 10.8 thousand teachers in 2024/2025.

- The total number of special education schools reached 903 schools contain 4.6 thousand classes, the total number of pupils reached 36.1 thousand pupils (22.7 thousand pupils are males by 62.9%, and 13.4 thousand pupils are females by 37.1) of total number of pupils in 2013/2014.
- Absorption rate of first primary grade reached 91.5 % in 2013/2014.
- The number of dropouts in primary stage decreased from 108.1 thousand dropouts during 2005/2006 - 2006/2007 to 73.3 thousand dropouts during 2011/2012 - 2012/2013.
- The number of dropouts in preparatory stage increased from 30.1 thousand dropouts during 2005/2006 - 2006/2007 to 187.6 thousand dropouts during 2011/2012 - 2012/2013.
- The Gross enrollment rate of primary stage decreased from 96.6% of total population (6 years) in 2006/2007 to 95.2% in 2013/2014.
- The value of public expenditure on basic education reached 45.3 billion LE is by 6.6% of total public expenditure, and 56% of total expenditure on education in 2013/2014.
- The most important problems in basic education refer to lack of education enrollment, lack of full capacity of each commitment, classes high density, work shifting, education dropouts.

Fax of CAPMAS chairmanship: 24024099