

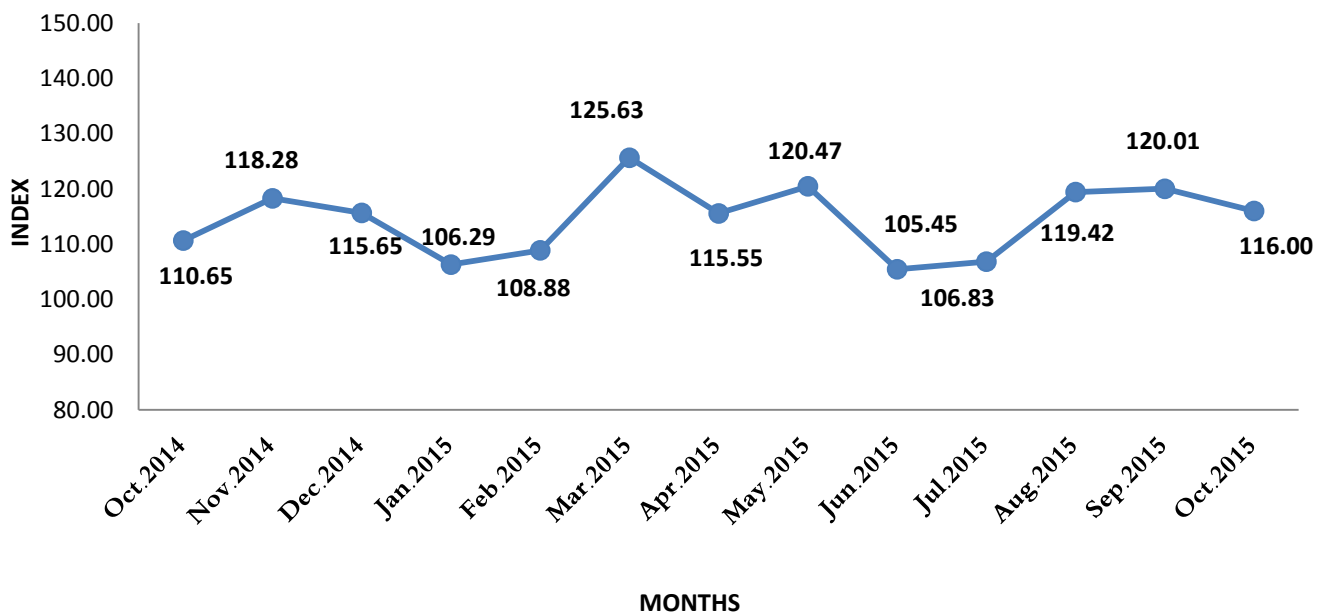


3.3% Decrease in the production index of manufacturing and extractive industries during October 2015 compared to September 2015

Central Agency for public mobilization and statistics (CAPMAS) issued on 16 /12 / 2015 metadata of the production index of manufacturing and extractive industries for October 2015 according to the base year 2006/2007.

Most important indicators are as follows:

The monthly index of manufacturing and extractive industries from Oct.2014 -Oct.2015



The production index of manufacturing and extractive industries (without crude oil and petroleum products) reached **116.00** in **October 2015 (primary)**, a decrease of 3.3% compared to **september 2015**, as it reached **120.01 (final)**.

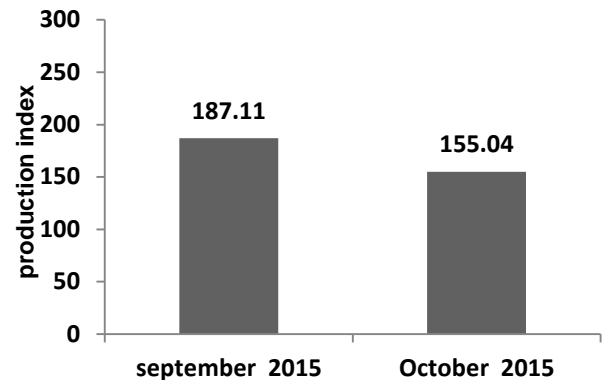


A decrease at the level of the following economic activities:



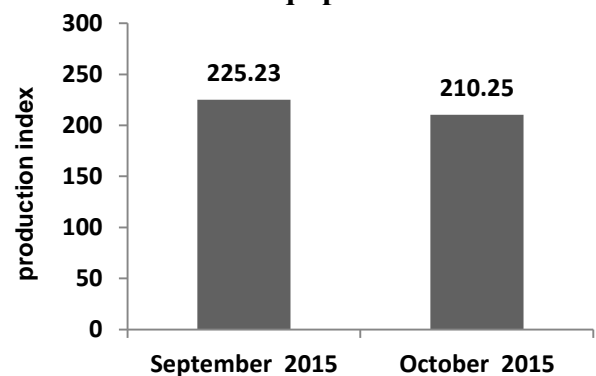
- Total index for manufacture of beverages reached 155.04 during October 2015, compared to 187.11 in September 2015, a decrease of 17.1% due to availability of inventory from the previous month and the beginning

Manufacture of beverages



- Total index for manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c. (engines- machines - and specialized machines, air-conditioners) reached 210.25 during October 2015 compared to 225.23 in September 2015, a decrease of 6.7% due to decrease in the production of air conditioners (early winter), equipment and other machines (non-availability of financial liquidity).

Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c

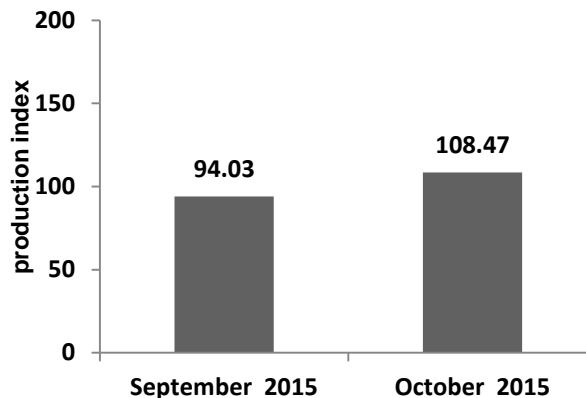


An increase at the level of the following economic activities:



Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products

- Total index for manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products reached 108.47 during October 2015, compared to 94.03 in September 2015, an increase of 15.4% due to increase the supply of energy for cement factories rate and increased demand for ceramic and earthenware products.



Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products

- Total index for manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products reached 92.36 during October 2015, compared to 57.70 in September 2015, an increase of 60.1% due to implementation of supply contracts and the availability of raw materials.

