



## Press Release

# Central Agency for Public Mobilization And Statistics

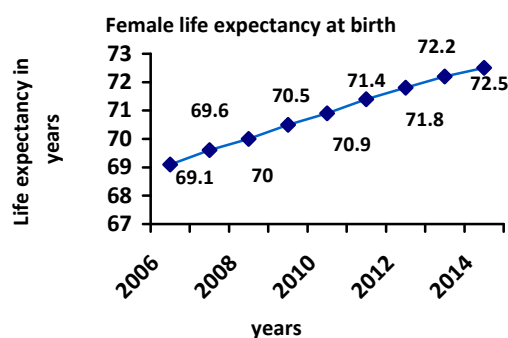
### On the occasion of international day of woman's health development 6.6% female deaths due to tumors

On the occasion of International Day of woman's health development, Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics issued on 27 /5/2015 a press release reviewing the current woman health status. Celebration of this day started on the occasion of the members of the Global Women's Network meeting for reproductive rights in Costa Rica in 1987, in which was determined May 28<sup>th</sup> the International Day for Woman's Health development.

The most important health indicators for Egyptian woman are presented as follows:

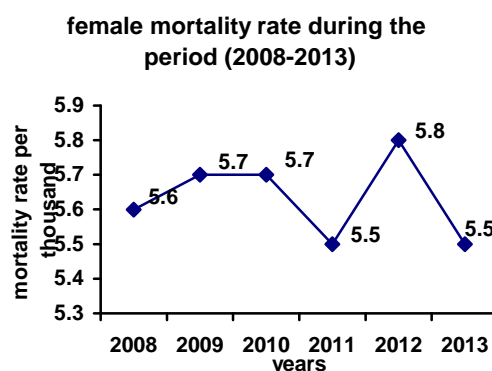
- **Female Life expectancy at birth**

Female Life expectancy at birth Increased from 69.1 years old in 2006 to 70.5 years old in 2009 and continued rising till it reached 72.5 years old in 2014.



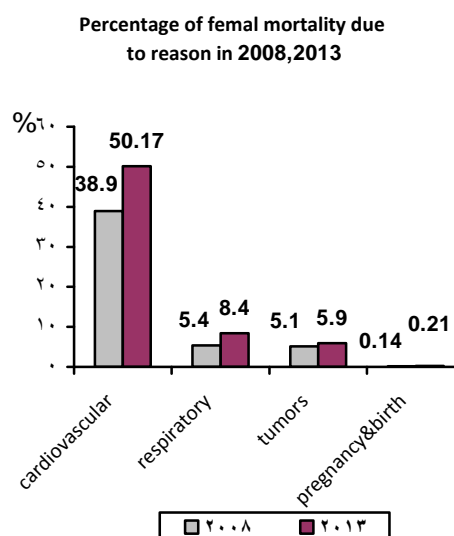
- **Female mortality rate**

There is a fluctuation in female mortality between increase and decrease, rising from 5.6 per thousand females in 2008 to 5.7 in 2009, 2010 then dropped to 5.5 in 2011 compared to 5.8 in 2012 and dropped again to 5.5 in 2013.



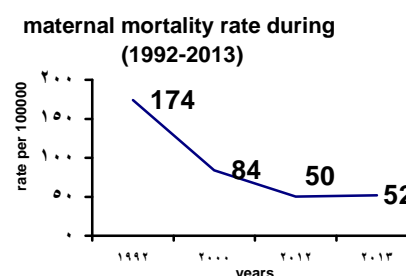
## • Causes Female mortality

cardiovascular system diseases was the highest reason for female mortality by 50.17% of the total female deaths in 2013 compared to 38.9% in 2008, then mortality due to respiratory system diseases by 8.4% of the total female deaths in 2013 compared to 5.4% in 2008, also Deaths due to tumors reached to 6.6% in 2013 compared to 5.1% in 2008, while the lowest percentage of female deaths was due to pregnancy and birth by 0.21% in 2013 compared to 0.14% in 2008.



## • Maternal mortality rate

Maternal mortality rate reached 174 women per 100.000 living births in 1992, dropped to 84 women in 2000 and continued to decline reaching 50 women in 2012, while it increased to 52 women in 2013.



## • Reproductive Health

- The current use of family planning methods reached 58.5% in 2014.
- Total reproductive rate reached 3.5 births per woman in 2014 compared to 3 births per woman in 2008.
- 75.8% of mothers received a tetanus Vaccination during pregnancy in the last live birth in 2014 compared to 72.1% in 2008.
- Percentage of Caesarean births reached 60.1% in urban versus 48.1% in rural areas in 2014.
- Percentage of women who had Pregnancy care reached 90.3% in 2014 versus 74.2% in 2008.
- Number of family medicine centers reached 367 centers governmental sector in 2013.

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