



Press Release

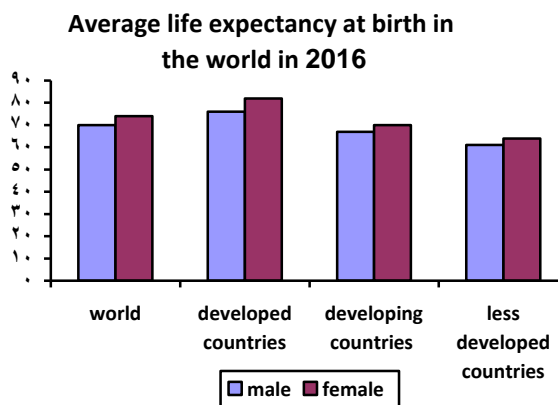
Central Agency for Public Mobilization And Statistics

On the occasion of the World Population Day 2.7 million is the total births of Egypt on 2016

Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics issued on 11 / 7 / 2017 a press release on the occasion of World Population Day which held on July 11 annually, the celebration started since 1987 when the world total population reached five billion in order to draw attention to population issues particularly population growth, health, education and poverty reduction.

World population Status:

- World population reached 7.4 billion on 15 July 2016 (according to the Population reference bureau of Washington), 1.3 billion live in more developed countries, 6.2 billion live in less developed countries, also 54% of the world's population live in urban areas .
- The world population is expected to reach 9.9 billion by 2050.
- World natural increase rate was 1.2% in 2016 and it declines in more developed countries as it doesn't exceed 0.1% in some of these countries, while it rises in the world's poorest countries to reach 2.4 %, so the gap among the most developed countries and poor countries in the field of health and population Characteristics increases.
- The world infant mortality rate was 36 children per thousand live births in 2016, only 5 children in developed countries, while it rose to 43 children in developing countries, 59 children in the less developed countries.
- The world life expectancy at birth in 2016 was 70 years for males and 74 years for females, in developed countries, 76 years for males and 82 years for females, in developing countries 67 years for males and 70 years for females, while it was 61 years for males and 64 years for females in less developed countries.



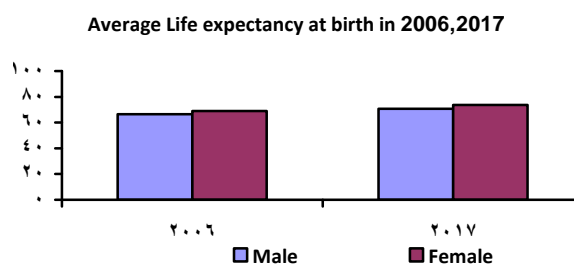
- The world average total fertility rate in 2016 was 2.5 for each reproductive woman in childbearing age, in developed countries 1.7 children and in developing countries 3.0 children while it was 5.0 children in sub-Saharan Africa in the same year.
- 62% was the world proportion of married women who use family planning methods in age group (15-49 years) in 2016, 70% in developed countries, 54% in developing countries and 36% in less developed countries, while it reached 31% in sub-Saharan Africa.

According to CAPMAS estimates in 2017

- Population number increased from 72.8 million in 2006 (the last census) to 76.1 million at the beginning of 2009 to reach about 92.1 million at the beginning of 2017. With 19.3 million increase from the last census, (the percentage of males 51.0% and females 49.0%, with sex ratio 104.1 males per 100 females), it is expected that population will reach 93.332 million in

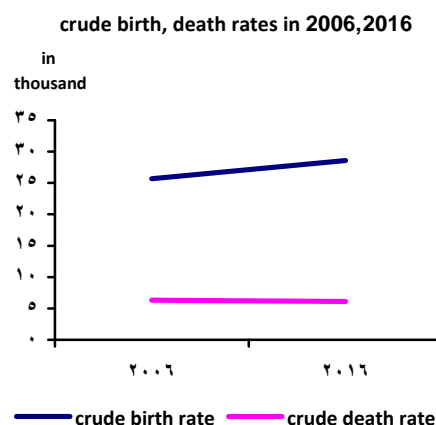


- Cairo is considered the largest governorate in terms of population number, where its population was about 9.6 million, where South Sinai was the least by 173 thousand in 1/1/2017.
- Egyptian society is considered a young one as the age less than 15 years constitutes one-third of the population by 31.3%, while the elderly proportion (65 +) was 4.3% at the beginning of 2017.
- Percentage of urban population was 43% and of rural population was 57%.
- Age dependency ratio reached 54.9% on January 2017 (i.e. each 100 persons support 54.9 from total population).
- Population density increased from 71.5 persons / km² in 2006 to 92.4 persons / km² in 2017.
- Average life expectancy at birth increased for males from 66.5 years in 2006 to 70.8 years in 2017 and for females from 69.1 years in 2006 to 73.6 years in 2017.



Comparing data of vital statistics (births,deaths)between 2006,2016

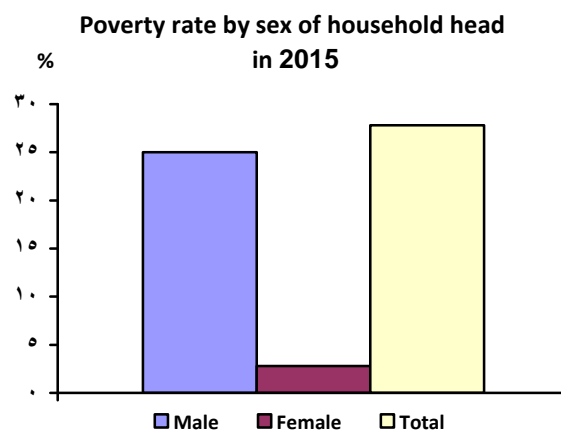
- The crude birth rate increased from 25.7 live births per thousand in 2006 to 28.6 live births per thousand in 2016.
- Mortality rate declined slightly from 6.3 deaths per thousand in 2006 to 6.1 deaths per thousand in 2016.
- Natural increase rate declined from 2.1% during (2001-2006), while it increased during (2006-2016) by 0.4% to reach 2.3%.



According to income expenditure and consumption survey data 2015

- The average household size for total Egypt was 4.3 persons (4.0 persons in urban compared to 4.5 persons in rural).
- The percentage of households headed by women 18% and the average household size for them was 3 persons.
- The percentage of annual household expenditure on food and beverage was 34.4% (30.4% in urban compared to 38.9% in rural).

- Percentage of the poor for total Egypt was 27.8 %, and the poverty rate for households headed by men 25% compared to 2.8% for households headed by women, and rural Upper Egypt is considered the poorest region in Egypt as 56.7% of its population couldn't meet their basic needs like food and other.



- Percentage of households using a public network as a source of drinking water was 97.3% in urban versus 89.2% in rural.
- There are a high proportion of buildings connected to sanitation in urban as it reached 89.8% versus 30.0% in rural.

According to the data of basic indicators project measuring the information society 2016.

- Percentage of households own personal computer / Laptop was 50.7 % for total Egypt (57.2% for Urban versus 45.7 for rural)
- Percentage of households having an internet connection from home was 42.3% for total Egypt (51.9 % for urban versus 34.9 % for rural).
- Percentage of households having an internet connection in which any of its members uses the internet from anywhere 46.2 % for total Egypt (54 % for urban versus 40.2 % for rural).

According to labor force survey data 2016

- Total labor force (15 years and over) reached 28.9 million people by 46.2% of total population (21.9 million male , 7.0 million female), and the women contribution rate in labor force reached 22.9%, the total unemployment rate was 12.5%, and it increased among females to reach 23.6%, compared to 8.9% for males.



- Percentage of illiteracy (10 years and over) for total Egypt was 20.1% (26% for females compared to 14.4% for males).

According to Demographic and Health Survey 2008 ,2014

- The total fertility rate increased from 3.0 children per woman in 2008 to 3.5 children per woman in 2014.
- Infant mortality rate decreased from 24.5 children per thousand live births in 2008 to 22 children per thousand live births in 2014, which refers to health services improvement, the provision of necessary vaccinations and the increase in mothers' awareness concerns the importance of their children health care, especially after providing services to them in the poorest areas.
- Percentage of current use of family planning methods decreased slightly for married women (15-49 years) from 60.3% in 2008 to 58.5% in 2014.

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