

Press Release Central Agency for Public Mobilization And Statistics

On the occasion of the International Women's Day

Quarter of workers in governmental sector are female

Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics issued today SUN DAY \$\frac{1}{3}/2015\$ a press release on the occasion of International Women's Day which being celebrated on 8th March every year, the celebration has been held after the first conference of world Democratic Women's Federation in 7/3/1945.such press release presents the Egyptian women situation, and their extent contribution in various fields such as labor force, education, political, participation in vocational syndicates', This would be most clear through the following indicators:

43.1 million Of the population inside the country are females

According to CAPMAS 2014 estimates

- -The population Clock of capmas announced that the number of population inside Egypt reached 88 million in 11/2/2015, 44.8800 of them are males (51%), and 43.12000 million are females (49%) .With a sex ratio 104.2 male for each 100 female.
- The life expectancy at birth for females reached 72.5 years, versus 69.7 years for males in 2014.

24.1 years the females average age of marriage

According to marriage and divorce bulletin data 2013

- The average age of females marriage reached 24.3 years, compared to 29, 2 years for males in 2013.
- -The number of divorce certificates reached 162,583 in 2013, compared to 155, 261 in 2012, an increase of 7.322 by 4.7%

The percentage of women participation in labor force was one-third of men Participation

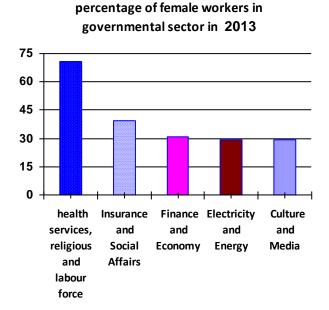
According to labor force survey2013

- Percentage of Women participation in Labor force reached 22.9% of total labor force which accounted for nearly one-third of men participation in labor force (15-64 years old) which was 73.4%.
- Percentage of illiteracy rate was 33.5% among females, versus 18.5% for males.
- -Unemployment rate of females increased from 22.7% in 2011 to 24.2% in 2013, while it was 8.9% for males 2011, 9.8% in 2013.
- Percentage of females in permanent work reached 85.4%, versus 62.8% for males.
- Percentage of women registered in social insurances reached 82.3% versus, 54.2% for males in 2012, also the percentage of women who have in health insurance reached 78%, versus 44.4 % for males.
 - 18.4% of households' heads are females from the total household

24.5% of the workers in the governmental sector in 2013/2014 are females

According to "workers in governmental sector bulletin" data 2013/2014

- Percentage of women workers in governmental sector reached 24.5%, versus 74.5% for males.
- 61.5% percentage of females workers in health, religious, and labor force services sector, 38.8% percentage of female workers in insurance and social affairs sector, followed by the financial and the economic sector 29.4%, then the electricity and energy sector27.4%.
- -Percentage of women of paid working in the non-agriculture activities reached to 18.6%

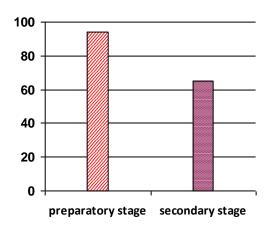


45% of females enrolled in higher education

According to pre-university education bulletin 2012/2013

- Dropout rate at the primary education reached 0.6 % for females compared to 1 % for males in, 2012/2013 while in preparatory education reached 4.9 % for both sexing the same year.
- -Percentage of females' net enrollment in the preparatory stage reached 94% in 2013/2014compared to 83.7% in 2011/2012, while the percentage of net enrollment in the secondary education reached 65% in 2013/2014 compared to 58.2% in 2011/2012.
- -Percentage of females enrolled in higher education, was 45.4% of the total enrolled in the higher education.

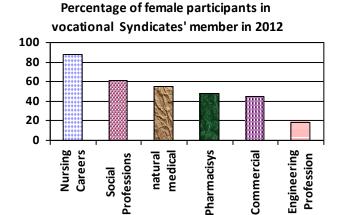
Total enrollment ratio for females in the preparatory and secondary school in 2013/2014



88.1 % representation rate of women at nursing vocational syndicates

According to the 2013 social services bulletin:

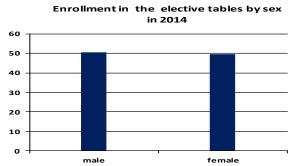
- -Percentage of female participants in vocational syndicates' members reached 35.6 % compared to 64%, for males.
- The highest percentage of women representation is in nursing vocation which reached 88.1%, followed by women in social vocation with approximately 61%, while it was 55% for natural medical, then pharmacists which reached 48 %, followed by commercials which reached 44.6% and the least one was engineering vocations which reached 18%.



About half of the registered in the elective tables for 2014 are females

According to the ministry of interior data2014

- Percentage of females enrolled in the elective tables reached 49.4%, compared to 50.6 % for males.



According to the Demographic health survey (preliminary data) 2014:

- -The total fertilely rate was 3.5 child for each women.
- The rate of the current use of contraceptive reached 58.5%.
- -Percentage of mothers obtaining pregnancy care 90.3%.
- -More than 90% percentage of medically-assisted deliveries.
- -The caesarean deliveries rate increased from 28% in 2008 to 52% in 2014.
- 75% Percentage of mothers obtaining tetanus taxied injection

According to the ministry of health 2013 data:

- Maternal mortality rate decreased from 54 deaths per 100.000 births in 2011 to 52 deaths 2013.
- Number of infection cases with HIV (AIDS) for females decreased from 87 cases in 2012to 65 cases in 2013.
- Percentage of malaria infection for female reached 16.5% in 2014 from the total malaria infection cases (339cases).
- Percentage of tuberculosis infection for female reached 41% in 2013 from total tuberculosis infection cases which have been discovered and receiving short-term treatment reached (8183 cases).