Comprehensive Linux Systems Programming Course Outline

This course offers a thorough exploration into the world of Linux systems programming and kernel architecture. Each module is designed to provide detailed insights into key areas, ensuring a structured learning experience for advanced learners. Below is a breakdown of each section along with their objectives and key topics:

1. Introduction to Assembly Language

 Objective: Demonstrate the portability of the UNIX/Linux interface through the use of assembly system calls in Glibc.

Key Topics:

- Basics of assembly language and its importance in low-level programming.
- How system calls are implemented in assembly within the Glibc environment.
- Calling conventions across different processors (e.g., x86, ARM).

2. Tutorial on POSIX Threads

 Objective: Explore the Native POSIX Thread Library (NPTL) and relevant kernel implementations.

Key Topics:

- Overview of POSIX threads (pthreads) and thread management.
- Detailed walkthrough of thread creation, synchronization, and management in Linux.
- o Examination of kernel-level support for threading.

3. Signals as a Means of Interprocess Communications

- Objective: Discuss the role of signals in IPC and related system concepts.
- Key Topics:
 - Fundamentals of UNIX signals and their role in controlling processes.
 - Process states, Job Control, and pseudo terminals (PTYs).
 - Use cases and limitations of signals in modern IPC.

4. Introduction to Kernel Modules

- Objective: Explore kernel modules and pseudo file systems crucial for system monitoring.
- Key Topics:
 - Concepts and creation of Linux kernel modules.
 - o Deep dive into /proc, /sys filesystems and their role in the Linux ecosystem.
 - o Understanding Cgroup filesystem and its usage in resource management.

5. Building Embedded Linux File Systems and Kernel using Yocto Build System

- Objective: Learn to build customized Linux environments using different build systems.
- Key Topics:
 - Introduction to the Yocto project and its architecture.
 - Building a minimal Linux system for embedded devices.
 - Comparison with Debian-like file systems built using Bootstrap and Multistrap.

6. Kernel Namespaces and Container Software

- Objective: Examine how Linux namespaces support containerization technologies.
- Key Topics:
 - Overview of Linux namespaces (PID, net, IPC, mount, etc.).
 - o Practical demonstrations using Docker, Podman, and Systemd-nspawn.
 - System calls associated with namespaces management.

7. Fundamentals of TCP/IP and Socket Programming

- **Objective**: Detailed study of network programming and the Linux network stack.
- Key Topics:
 - TCP/IP fundamentals and socket programming concepts.
 - Exploring the Linux kernel network stack.
 - Hands-on coding examples in creating network applications.

Fridays

- Special sessions dedicated to fundamental computer science concepts necessary for understanding deeper system-level functionalities.
- Topics include implementation of classes and objects in non-object-oriented languages like C, with parallels drawn in C++, Python, and JavaScript.
- Additional fundamental topics necessary for a rounded understanding of system programming.

Each topic is paired with practical labs and real-world examples to enhance learning and retention, making it ideal for those aiming to deepen their understanding of Linux internals and system programming.