# **Problem H: Nada and her array of colors**

#### **Statement:**

Nada is into painting and coloring so her friends got her a present for her birthday, a ribbon to color on.

However this ribbon was divided into  $\mathbf{n}$  cells and some of them had already been colored.

Nada wants to color the ribbon using the minimum number of colors in such a way that no two adjacent cells have the same color.

You are given the description of a ribbon, your task is to determine the minimum number of colors the ribbon can be colored in such that no two adjacent cells have the same color. Or print -1 if it is impossible.

#### Input:

The first line contains a single integer T ( $1 \le T \le 100$ ) — the number of test cases. Then the test cases follow. Each test case consists of one line.

The first line contains an integer n ( $1 \le n \le 10^5$ ) — where n is the length of the ribbon.

The next line contains n integers ai, the description of the ribbon. If the ai is -1 then it isn't colored, otherwise ai is the reference (just an integer) of the color used. ( $1 \le ai \le 10^5$ ).

### **Output:**

For each test case, output the minimum number of colors that can appear on the ribbon while coloring it in such a way that no two adjacent cells are the same color. Or print -1 if it is impossible.

## **Example:**

Input:

```
4
1
1
6
1 2 -1 9 -1 1
2
1 1
```

Output:

```
1
3
-1
```

In the second test case one way to color the ribbon only using 3 colors is as follows:

```
1 2 1 9 2 1
```