Thanks

Ms. Mr. X Y, Ms. and gentlemen x y, dear colleagues, dear friends,

Before getting to the heart of the presentation of my project submission work, I would like to thank the mentors for showing interest in my study and agreeing to participate in this project.

I would also like to personally thank my mentors x y, for the support they gave me during this project.

I would also like to take advantage of this speaking time granted to me to thank Ayitic .... thanks to which I was able to benefit from very good working conditions, both material and scientific, as well as the Digicel center, established in Turgeau, which has graciously welcomed me in recent months.

Finally, I warmly thank the audience here.

Subject presentation

To put it briefly, my thesis is on sexually educating our children, on how It’s important to sexually educating our children.

In reality,

In Haiti's poor neighbourhoods, many girls drop out of school because of premature or unwanted pregnancies. Some have had the support of the father of their children to raise them or of their parents, Others do not, some do not know the identity of the father because 40% of these pregnancies are due to rape and sexual abuse, so they have to raise their children alone. These young teenage girls between the ages of 12 and 19 years old make all kinds of activities and sacrifices to provide for their children, many go into the informal sector trade, some go into domestic work as housekeepers, and some go into prostitution in the hope of having enough to feed themselves and their children.

**Slides 3**

For everyone thousand (1000) girls between the ages of fifteen (15) and nineteen (19), sixty-six (66) have at least one early pregnancy in Haiti according to the MSSP. 11% of adolescents are already mothers, the general hypothesis is that socio-cultural, socio-economic and family factors influence the second birth of adolescents under the effect of certain variables such as early union, early sexuality, and under-use of contraception.

**Slide 4 Problems (mtap kite illustration yo Selman mtap retire text yo**

* - **Dropping out of school** - According to a study we conducted, 58 per cent of girls never or rarely return to school after having a child. This figure increases when girls are also married.
* - **Marginalization** - In many societies, family honour is based on girls' virginity. Girls who are pregnant out of wedlock are therefore discriminated against and marginalized. They may be rejected by their families and thus become vulnerable to violence and abuse, domestic slavery and sexual exploitation.
* - **Perpetuation of women's low status and poverty** - Early marriages and pregnancies keep girls in their inferior status to men and do not enable them to escape poverty. This is an unjust situation and a huge lost potential for the development of communities and countries.

**This consequences of early pregnancy, is the problem that our project want to try to find a solution for**

**Slides 5 Audience**

* All young mothers
* ONGs working with and for young people, women
* Corporate philanthropy
* **Slides 6**
* The three departments with the largest population are respectively (in descending order): West, Artibonite and North. So they're the three with the most young people(15-24 years).
* **Slides 7** illustration mpa konn ki text ou mete pou li
* **Slides 8**
* **Variables used are :**
* Percentage of youth who cannot read, Percentage of youth with completed primary education, Percentage of youth exposed to at least one media source (newspaper, radio, television) at least once a week, Percentage of youth currently married, Percentage of youth currently living together, Percentage of youth who had sexual intercourse before age 15, Percentage of youth who had sexual intercourse before age 18, Percentage of youth who have begun childbearing, Percentage of youth who have ever been pregnant, Percentage of youth currently using a modern contraceptive method, Percentage of sexually active youth who have ever used any contraceptive method, Percentage of youth who have had sexual intercourse and who say that their first experience was against their will
* That treats four age groups: 15-19 years old, 15-24 years old, 20-24 years old,18-24 years oold
* **Slides 10**
* The dataset
* **Slides 11**
* This chart shows that it's the young people most exposed to the media who have an early pregnancy.
* It’s same for group aged between 20 and 24 years old, it's them most exposed to the media who have an early pregnancy.
* **Slides 12**
* This chart shows that more the young people most exposed to the media more he has chance to have an early pregnancy.
* For group aged between 15 and 19 years old, it's them most exposed to the media who have an early pregnancy, follow by the percentage of sexually active youth who have ever used any contraceptive method
* **Slides 13**

**Slides 14**

* Whatever the age group, media exposure is the most recorded variable because:
* only 12% of sexual information is provided by family and 29% by friends;
* **All the variable let’s us know that**:
* the average age at first sexual intercourse is 13;
* 3% of teenage girls have already had 3 children;
* the maximum number of pregnancies is 5;
* only 16% of the progenitors are adolescents and 47% are over 28 years of age;
* 93% of adolescent girls do not use condoms or use them only sometimes;
* 90% do not know about family planning methods and how they work;
* 92% do not know their menstrual cycle and 88% do not know their fertile period

**Slides 15**

* A girl's pregnancy can radically change her life. She may be forced to drop out of school, reducing her employment prospects. She also becomes more vulnerable to poverty and exclusion. Her health can also suffer, as complications related to pregnancy and childbirth are one of the leading causes of death among adolescents.
* The Ministry of Education and Vocational Training should integrate sex education as a specific course in the academic curriculum. Not just for secondary school, but all three levels of formal education.
* Sexuality education consists of information about sexuality and the transmission of a number of values and recommendations.It begins in childhood and continues to some extent throughout life.

**Slides 16**

* It may include the expression and discussion of feelings of love, sexual practices, sexual and reproductive health, consent and mutual respect.
* Sexuality education should provide young people with reliable knowledge about sexuality, strengthen their ability to make responsible decisions, enable them to explore and define their own values, and provide them with a healthy model of sexual behaviour.
* An educational reintegration programme should be set up for them, which will be parallel to a programme of odd jobs conditional on prior training which they will have received in relation to the educational level they have reached before giving birth.

**Slides 17 Conclusion**

**to conclude I want to say that** *Haiti have a young age structure, it would not be wise to neglect teenage mothers in this way.  
Adolescent pregnancy is usually less a deliberate choice than a lack of choice: it is the consequence of little or no access to education, information and health care.****Take care of them***

***Thank you !!!***