

Accenture Sections	Information	Questions and Time
Cognitive Ability	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• English Ability• Critical Thinking and Problem Solving• Abstract Reasoning	50 Ques in 50 mins
Technical Assessment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Common Application and MS Office• Pseudo Code• Fundamental of Networking, Security and Cloud	40 Ques in 40 mins
Coding Round	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• C• C++• Dot Net• JAVA• Python	2 Ques in 45 mins

DEBUG WITH SHUBHAM

Accenture Technical Assessment Detailed Overview

14-SEP-2024 Coding Question



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Question -1

Python

Question 1

How to Attempt?

Find Dividend

You are given array **A**, having some dividends. Further, you are given 3 numbers **D**, **Q** and **R**. A dividend can be found using a rule that states:

- Dividend = Divisor x Quotient + Remainder

Your task is to find and return an integer value representing the index of the dividend if present in array. If dividend not found return -1.

Input Specification:

input1 : An integer array A, containing dividends

input2 : An integer D, representing divisor

input3 : An integer Q, representing quotient

input4 : An integer R, representing remainder

input5 : An integer N, representing length of array A

Output Specification:

Return an integer value representing the index of the dividend if present in array. If dividend not found return -1.

Example 1:

Java

```
1 public class Main {
2     public static int findDividendIndex(int[] A, int D, int Q, int R)
3     {
4         int targetDividend = D * Q + R;
5         for (int i = 0; i < A.length; i++) {
6             if (A[i] == targetDividend) {
7                 return i;
8             }
9         }
10        return -1;
11    }
12    public static void main(String[] args) {
13        int[] A = {15, 25, 35, 45, 55};
14        int Q = 7;
15        int R = 0;
16        int D = 5; // The missing value of D
17        int index = findDividendIndex(A, D, Q, R);
18        System.out.println(index);
19    }
20 }
21
```

main.py

+

```
1 def find_dividend_index(A, D, Q, R):
2     target_dividend = D * Q + R
3     for i in range(len(A)):
4         if A[i] == target_dividend:
5             return i
6     return -1
7 A = [15, 25, 35, 45, 55]
8 Q = 7
9 R = 0
10 N = len(A)
11 index = find_dividend_index(A, D, Q, R)
12 print(index)
13
14
```

C++

main.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 int findDividendIndex(int A[], int N, int D, int Q, int R) {
4     int targetDividend = D * Q + R;
5     for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
6         if (A[i] == targetDividend) {
7             return i;
8         }
9     }
10    return -1;
11 }
12 int main() {
13     int A[] = {15, 25, 35, 45, 55};
14     int Q = 7;
15     int R = 0;
16     int D = 5;
17     int N = sizeof(A) / sizeof(A[0]);
18     int index = findDividendIndex(A, N, D, Q, R);
19     cout << index << endl;
20
21     return 0;
22 }
23
```


Question -2

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1. Coding

Question 1

How to Attempt?

Reverse Array

Ian has been given an array **A** of length **N** and he wants to find the sum of even positions after reversing the array. Your task is to help him find and return an integer value representing sum of the array elements present at the even positions of the reversed array.

Input Specification:

input1 : A reversed integer array A
input2 : An integer N, representing length of the array.

Output Specification:

Return an integer value representing sum of the array elements present at the even positions of the array.

Example 1:

input1 : {10,20,30,40,50,60}
input2 : 6

SWIFT2
Compiler: Swift - 2.2
Attempted: 1/2

```
1 // Read only region start
2 enum EmptyReturn : ErrorType {
3     case EmptyReturnValue
4 }
5
6
7 class UserMainCode {
8     func evensum(input1: [Int], input2: Int) throws -> Int {
9
10
11         // Read only region end
12         // Write code here
13
14         throw EmptyReturn.EmptyReturnValue
15     }
16 }
17
18
```

☐ Use Custom Input

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Exam Browser 1.5.5

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1. Coding

Example 1:

input1 : {10,20,30,40,50,60}
input2 : 6

Output : 120

Explanation:
Here the array A is = {10,20,30,40,50,60} and reversed array is {60,50,40,30,20,10} and length is 6. The elements at the even position are 60, 40 and 20. The sum of the elements is $60+40+20 = 120$. Therefore, **120** is returned as the output.

Example 2:

input1 : {21,24,67,13,24,27}
input2 : 6

Output : 64

Explanation:
Here the array A is = {21,24,67,13,24,27} and reversed array is {27,24,13,67,24,21} and length is 6. The elements at the even position are 27, 13 and 24. The sum of the elements are $27+13+24 = 64$. Therefore, **64** is returned as the output.

SWIFT2
Compiler: Swift - 2.2
Attempted: 1/2

```
1 // Read only region start
2 enum EmptyReturn : ErrorType {
3     case EmptyReturnValue
4 }
5
6
7 class UserMainCode {
8     func evensum(input1: [Int], input2: Int) throws -> Int {
9
10
11         // Read only region end
12         // Write code here
13
14         throw EmptyReturn.EmptyReturnValue
15     }
16 }
17
18
```

☐ Use Custom Input

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Browser 1.5.5

Python

main.py +

```
1 arr = [10,20,30,40,50,60]
2 n = len(arr)
3 arr.reverse()
4 cnt = 0
5 for i in range(n):
6     if i%2 ==0:
7         cnt += arr[i]
8 print(cnt)
9
```

Java

Execute | Beautify | Share | Source Code | Help

```
1 public class Main {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         int[] arr = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60};
4         int n = arr.length;
5
6         // Reverse the array
7         for (int i = 0; i < n / 2; i++) {
8             int temp = arr[i];
9             arr[i] = arr[n - i - 1];
10            arr[n - i - 1] = temp;
11        }
12
13        int cnt = 0;
14        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
15            if (i % 2 == 0) {
16                cnt += arr[i];
17            }
18        }
19
20        System.out.println(cnt);
21    }
22 }
23
```

C++

main.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <algorithm>
3
4 int main() {
5     int arr[] = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60};
6     int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
7     std::reverse(arr, arr + n);
8
9     int cnt = 0;
10    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
11        if (i % 2 == 0) {
12            cnt += arr[i];
13        }
14    }
15    std::cout << cnt << std::endl;
16
17    return 0;
18 }
19
```

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