1. The	1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53						
Sunday is:							
(a)	53/ 366	(b) 1/7	(c) 2	<mark>/7</mark>	(d) 53/365		
2. A b	ag contaiı	ns 3 red and	l 2 blue n	narbles. <i>A</i>	A marble is drawn at		
random.	The proba	bility of dra	wing a b	lack ball	is:		
		(b) 2/5					
					0.85. What is the		
	-	vill not rain t					
					(d) none of these 4.		
					elected from the		
		(1, 2, 3,	-				
		(b) 4/5		_			
		• •	, ,		three coins?		
		(b) 5					
		• •			d at random from the		
_	_	,35)					
	, , ,	• •		c) 13/35	(d) none of these		
, ,				•	nt and non event is:		
) <u> </u>	-				
` '			*	, ,	the correct answer		
		t possible.	are give	, 0000			
		•	(c) 7	1/5	(d) none of these. 9.		
		, ,			• •		
If three coins are tossed simultaneously, than the probability of getting at least two heads, is:							
		b) 3/8	(c) ½		(d) 1/8		
10. A letter is chosen at random from the letters of the word ASSASSINATION. The probability that the letter chosen has:							
	6/13	-	-		(d) none of these.		
(a)	0/13	(b) // 13		(6) 1	(u) Holle of these.		
11. A dice is thrown. Find the probability of getting an even							
number.							
(A) 2/3		(B) 1	(C) 5/6	(F	0) 1/2		
(11) 2/0		(2)	(0) 0/0	\ <u>-</u>	7 17 4		
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of							
getting both heads.							
(A) 3/4	(B) 1/4	(C) 1/2		(D) 0			

13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a sum of 9 is:								
(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/	'9 (D) ⁴	1/9				
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number. (A) 3/4 (B) 27/50 (C) 1/4 (D) 29/100								
15. A bag contains 5 red balls and some blue balls .If the probability of drawing a blue ball is double that of a red ball, then the number of blue balls in a bag is: (A) 5 (B) 10 (C) 15 (D) 20								
16. A box of 600 bulbs contains 12 defective bulbs. One bulb is taken out at random from this box. Then the probability that it is non-defective bulb is: (A) 143/150 (B) 147/150 (C) 1/25 (D) 1/50								
17. Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box randomly, then the probability that the number on card is a perfect square. (A) 9/100 (B) 1/10 (C) 3/10 (D) 19/100								
18. What is the probability of getting 53 Mondays in a leap year? (A) 1/7 (B) 53/366 (C) 2/7 (D) 7/366								
 19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit. (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13 								
20. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest pointing to one of the number 1,2,312 ,then the probability that it will point to an odd number is: (A) $1/6$ (B) $1/12$ (C) $7/12$ (D) $5/12$								
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same								

result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the								
probability that Aryan will lose the game. (A) 3/4 (B) 1/2 (C) 1 (D) 1/4								
		` '	` '		` '	that hoth	will have	the
	•	-	the sam		-	tilat boti	i wili liave	uic
		-			(C) 1/3	865	(D) 1/1	133225
2. Th	23. A number x is chosen at random from the numbers -2, -1, 0, 1, 2. Then the probability that $x^2 < 2$ is? (A) $1/5$ (B) $2/5$ (C) $3/5$ (D) $4/5$							
(/ ()	, 0	(b) 2/0		0/0	(D) 4/ O			
a is	24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is: (A) 10 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7							
Then	the	probabil	ity that	it is a m	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	f 3 and 4	atural nun is:	าbers.
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?								
1		b.	5 \		1		4 -1)	
a) 7		b)	42		C) 21		J) 21	
27. Runs scored by batsman in 5 one day matches are 50, 70, 82, 93, and 20. The standard deviation is								
a) 25	5.79	b)	25.49	(c) 25.29		d) 25.69	
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.								
a) 13	3, 15	l) 13, 18		c) 18, 1	15	d)	13, 16
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is								

a) $\frac{1}{2}$	b) ¹ /3		c) ¹ /4	d)				
30. X is a variate between 0 and 3. The value of E(X²) is a) 8								
33.If E(x) = 2 and E(z) = 4, then E(z - x) =? a) 2 b) 6 c) 0 d) Insufficient data 34.The covariance of two independent random variable is								
•	a) 1 b) 0 c) -1 d) Undefined							
a) 0	35.If $\Sigma P(x) = k^2 - 8$ then, the value of k is? a) 0 b) 1 c) 3 d) Insufficient data 36.If $P(x) = 0.5$ and $x = 4$, then $E(x) = ?$							
a) 1	b) 0.5	c) 4	d) 2					
37.In a discrete probability distribution, the sum of all probabilities is always?								
a) 0	b) Infinite	c) 1	d) Un	defined				
38.If the probability of hitting the target is 0.4, find mean and variance.								
a) 0.4, 0.24	b) 0.6, 0	.24	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 0.6, 0.16				
39.If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the target is 60% and if 10 bombs are dropped, find mean and variance? a) 0.6, 0.24 b) 6, 2.4 c) 0.4, 0.16 d) 4, 1.6								

40. Find the mean of tossing 8 coins.

a) 2		b) 4	c) 8	onee for	d) 1		diatributian?		
41.	whatis	me mean	anu vari	ance for	Standard	a normai (distribution?		
	 a) Mean is 0 and variance is 1 b) Mean is 1 and variance is 0 c) Mean is 0 and variance is ∞ d) Mean is ∞ and variance is 0 								
42. a) E		of a rand b) E(X			given by		d) (E(X))2		
	43.Mean of a random variable X is given by a) E(X)								
44 N	Mean of a	a constant	t 'a' is						
a) 0			. u 10			d) 1			
a) 0		of a cons b) a mean and		c) a/2		d) 1			
40.F					2	4			
	X	0	1	2	3	4			
	f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9			
	<mark>, 4/3</mark> Find the e	b) 3 expectation	, 4/3 on of a ra		•	?	d) 3, 2/3		
	x C) 1	2 3						
		/6 2/6 							
a) 0	.5	b) 1.5	•	c) 2.5		d) 3.5			

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

a) np b) npq c) np2q d) npq2

49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use Binomial Distribution .

a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx

b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)

c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)

d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx

50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard Deviation?

a) \sqrt{np} b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2 d) \sqrt{npq}