CS 186 Fall 2020

Introduction to Database Systems Alvin Cheung, Aditya Parameswaran

DIS 4

1 Buffer Management

(a) Fill in the following tables for the given buffer replacement policies. You have 4 buffer pages, with the access pattern **A B C D A F A D G D G E D F**

Least Recently Used (LRU)

Α									Hit Rate
	В								
		С							
			D						14

Most Recently Used (MRU)

Α									Hit Rate
	В								
		С							
			D						

CLOCK ("second chance LRU")

Α									Hit Rate
	В								
		С							
			D						

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(b) Fill in the following tables for the given buffer replacement policies. You have 4 buffer pages, with the access pattern **A**, **B**, **C**, **D**, **A**, **F** (remains pinned), **D**, **G**, **D**, unpin **F**, **G**, **E**, **D**, **F** Remember that unpinning does not contribute to the hit count!

Least Recently Used w/ Pinning

Α									
	В								
		С							13
			D						

Most Recently Used w/ Pinning

Α									
	В								
		С							
			D						

(c) Is MRU ever better than LRU?

(d) Why would we use a clock replacement policy over LRU?

(e) Why would it be useful for a database management system to implement its own buffer replacement policy? Why shouldn't we just rely on the operating system?

2 Relational Algebra

Consider the schema:

```
Songs (song_id, song_name, album_id, weeks_in_top_40)

Artists(artist_id, artist_name, first_year_active)

Albums (album id, album name, artist id, year released, genre)
```

Write relational algebra expressions for the following queries:

- (a) Find the names of the artists who have albums with a genre of either 'pop' or 'rock'.
- (b) Find the names of the artists who have albums of genre 'pop' and 'rock'.
- (c) Find the id of the artists who have albums of genre 'pop' or have spent over 10 weeks in the top 40.
- (d) Find the names of the artists who do not have any albums.

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