## Geometry on a Line — Modeling with Distances

"Add segments carefully, measure distances precisely, and place points with intent."

## Mini-Review: Betweenness (Segment Addition)

If B is **between** A and C on a straight line, then AB + BC = AC.

## Mini-Review: Euclidean Distance

On a number line (1D): distance between  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  is  $|x_2 - x_1|$ . In the plane (2D): distance between  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$  is  $\sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$ .

## Mini-Review: Placing a Point by Fraction or Ratio

Fraction f of the way from A to B (on a number line):  $P = A + f(B - A) \quad (0 \le f \le 1)$ . Partition with ratio AP : PB = m : n (directed  $A \to B$ ):  $P = A + \frac{m}{m+n}(B-A)$ .

- (Segment addition—warmup) Bus stops A, B, C lie on one straight road with B between A and C. If AB = 1.8 miles and BC = 2.4 miles, find AC.
  (Solve with a diagram-in-your-head) On a number line, A = -5 and C = 9. Point B is between them. If AB = 2x + 1 and BC = 3x 5, find x and the coordinate of B.
  (Direction awareness) On a number line, A = 12 and C = -6 (so C is left of A). A point B lies between them with AB = 4 + k and BC = 2k. Find k, then the coordinate of B.
  - of B.

4. (2D distance) A ranger walks from P(-3,4) to Q(9,-8). How far did the ranger travel? Give an exact answer (simplified radical).

5. (Coverage ring) A cell tower is at (2,5). A device at (x,1) is exactly 10 units away. Find all possible x-coordinates of the device.

6. (Fractional placement) On a number line, A = -6 and B = 10. Point P is  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the way from A to B. Find P.

7. (Gentle trap: negatives + fractions) On a number line, A = -3 and B = 9. Point P is  $\frac{1}{5}$  of the way from A to B. Find P.

8. (**Highway sign**) Mile marker A is at 2, and mile marker B is at 14 on a straight highway. A sign is placed 60% of the way from A toward B. What mile marker is the sign at?

9. (Partition by ratio) On a number line, A=2 and B=18. Find the coordinate P

that divides  $\overline{AB}$  in the ratio AP : PB = 3 : 5 (directed from A to B). 10. (Ratio + negatives) On a number line, A = -12 and B = 6. Find the coordinate P so that AP : PB = 1 : 3 (directed  $A \rightarrow B$ ). 11. (Work backward from a partition) On a number line, A = 4 and point P = 10 lies on the directed segment from A to B with AP : PB = 1 : 3. Find B. 12. (Ratio + segment addition together) Points A = -2 and C = 11 are endpoints of a straight walkway, with B between them such that AB:BC=2:3. Find the coordinate of B, then verify AB + BC = AC. 13. (Percent-of-length placement) On a number line, A = -8 and C = 7. Point P lies on  $\overline{AC}$  so that AP is 70% of AC. Find P.

14. (Another ratio for fluency) On a number line, A = 1 and B = 15. Find the coordinate

that partitions the directed segment $A \rightarrow B$ in the ratio 5 : 2 (that is	s, $AP : PB = 5 : 2$ ).