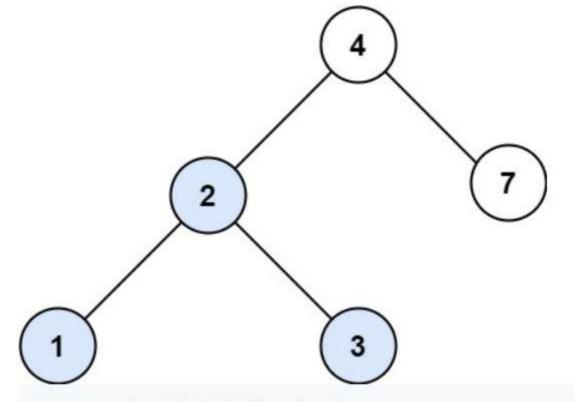
## 700. Search in a Binary Search Tree

You are given the root of a binary search tree (BST) and an integer val.

Find the node in the BST that the node's value equals val and return the subtree rooted with that node. If such a node does not exist, return null.

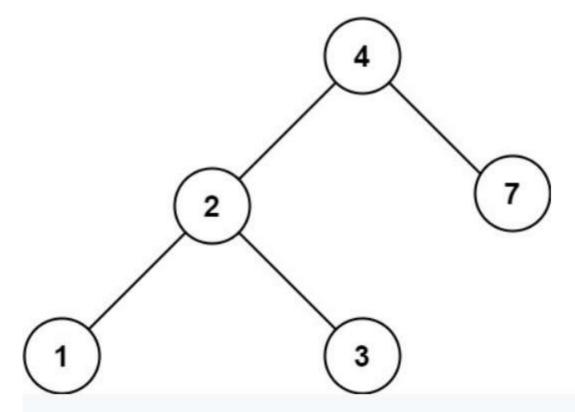
## Example 1:



Input: root = [4,2,7,1,3], val = 2

Output: [2,1,3]

## Example 2:



**Input:** root = [4,2,7,1,3], val = 5

Output: []

## Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range [1, 5000].
- 1 <= Node.val <= 10<sup>7</sup>
- root is a binary search tree.
- 1 <= val <= 10<sup>7</sup>

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