

Overview

This project demonstrates the implementation of a DevOps pipeline using Docker, Kubernetes, and Jenkins. It automates the build, testing, and deployment of an application.

Technologies Used

- **Docker:** Containerization of the application
- **Jenkins:** CI/CD automation
- **Kubernetes:** Deployment and management of containers
- **Shell Scripting:** Automating deployment tasks
- **YAML:** Configuration management for Kubernetes

Setup Instructions

Prerequisites

Ensure the following tools are installed:

- Docker
- Kubernetes (Minikube or a cluster)
- Jenkins □ Git

Dockerization

Build and run the application using Docker:

```
docker build -t devopstask04 .
docker run -p 80:80 devopstask04
```

CI/CD Pipeline

The **Jenkinsfile** automates:

1. **Cloning the repository**
2. **Building the Docker image**
3. **Pushing the image to Docker Hub**
4. **Deploying to Kubernetes**

Kubernetes Deployment

Apply the Kubernetes configurations:

```
kubectl apply -f deployment.yaml
```

```
kubectl apply -f service.yaml
```

 Check

running pods and services:

```
kubectl get pods
```

```
kubectl get services
```

YAML File Usage

The .yaml files define Kubernetes configurations:

- **deployment.yaml:** Describes the deployment, including the number of replicas, container specifications, and update strategies.
- **service.yaml:** Defines how the application is exposed, including the type of service (e.g., ClusterIP, NodePort, or LoadBalancer).

Deployment Script

The deploy.sh script automates the Kubernetes deployment:

```
chmod +x deploy.sh ./deploy.sh
```

Accessing the Application

Find the service IP using:

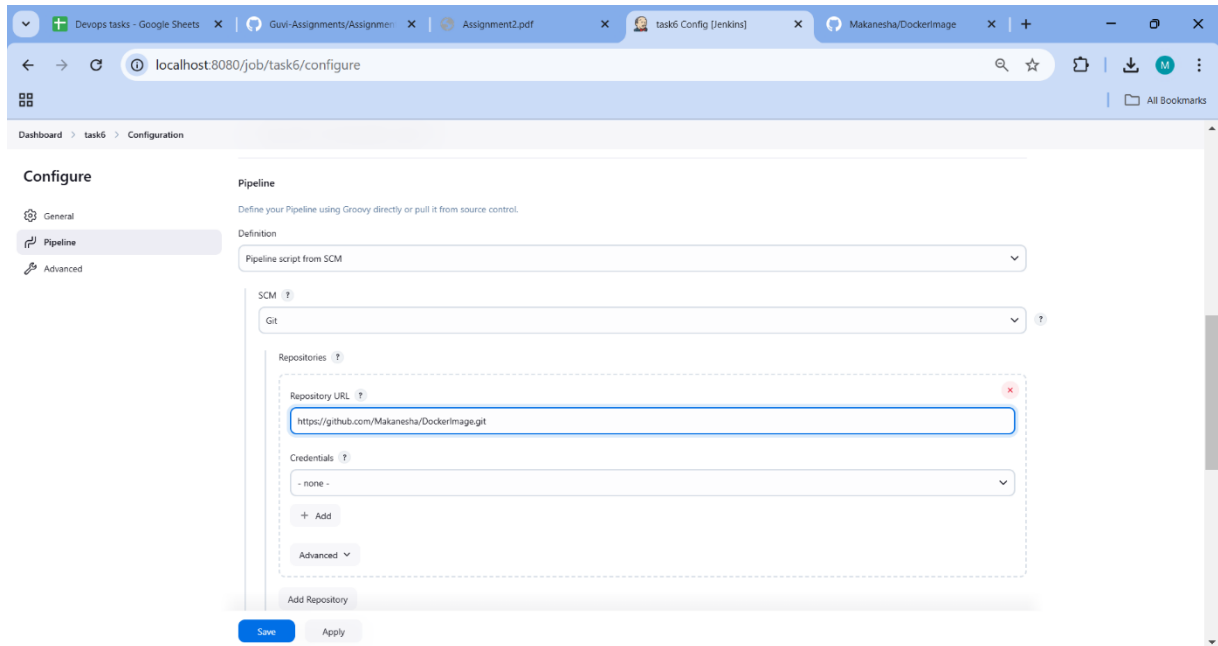
```
kubectl get svc
```

Then access the application in the browser or via curl:

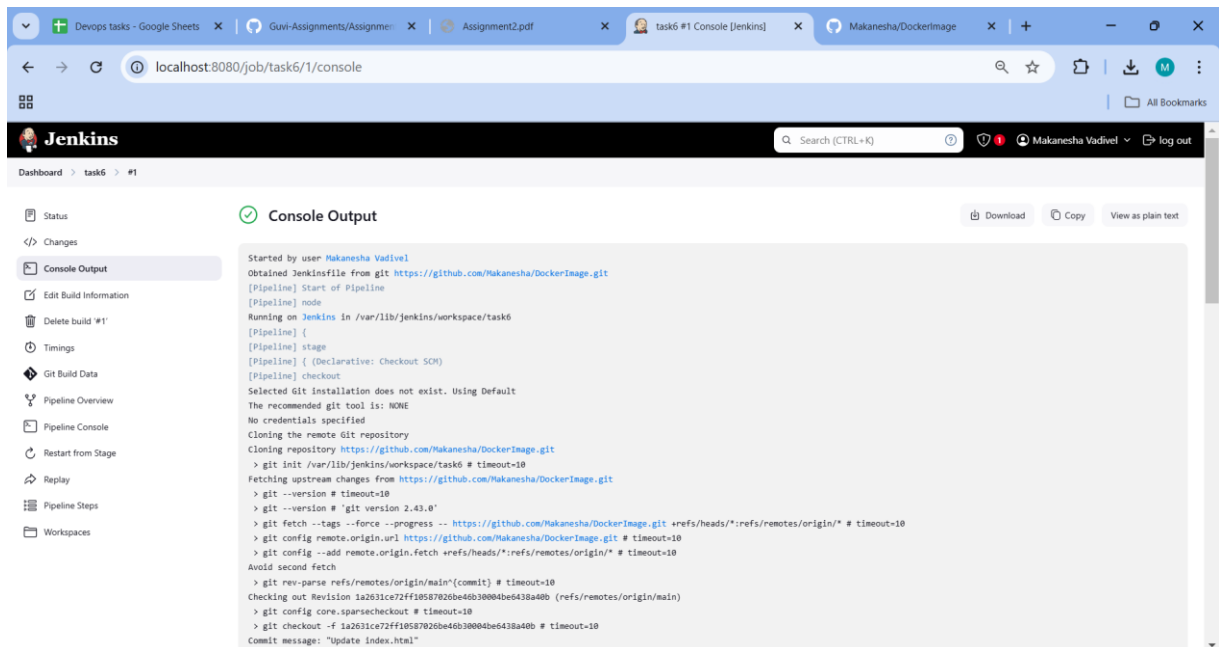
```
http://<EXTERNAL-IP>:80
```

Conclusion

This DevOps pipeline ensures continuous integration and delivery, allowing automated testing and seamless deployment.



Console Output



```
makanesha@LAPTOP-6I1 x + v
Did you mean this?
port-forward
jenkins@LAPTOP-6I133M48:/home/makanesha$ kubectl port-forward svc/devopstask04 8070:8070
error: Service devopstask04 does not have a service port 8070
jenkins@LAPTOP-6I133M48:/home/makanesha$ minikube service devopstask04
-----
| NAMESPACE | NAME       | TARGET PORT | URL                |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| default   | devopstask04 | 80          | http://192.168.49.2:32219 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
🔗 Opening service default/devopstask04 in default browser...
👉 http://192.168.49.2:32219
jenkins@LAPTOP-6I133M48:/home/makanesha$ minikube service devopstask04
-----
| NAMESPACE | NAME       | TARGET PORT | URL                |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| default   | devopstask04 | 80          | http://192.168.49.2:32219 |
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|-----|-----|-----|-----|
🔗 Opening service default/devopstask04 in default browser...
👉 http://192.168.49.2:32219
jenkins@LAPTOP-6I133M48:/home/makanesha$ |
```

