Aim

To write a JDBC application that interacts with the database using PreparedStatement to:

- Create a Student table.
- Insert, display, update, and delete records.

Technologies Used

Java, JDBC, MySQL Database, MySQL JDBC Driver

Database Table Structure

Table Name: Student

Columns:

- RollNo (INT)
- Name (VARCHAR)
- Address (VARCHAR)

Procedure

- 1. Load JDBC driver.
- 2. Establish a connection to MySQL.
- 3. Use PreparedStatement for the following operations:
 - Create Table
 - Insert Initial Records
 - Display Records
 - Insert 2 More Records
 - Update 1 Record
 - Delete 1 Record
 - Display Final Records

Java Program

```
import java.sql.*;
public class StudentPreparedStatementApp {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/college";
        String username = "root";
        String password = "your_password";
        try {
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, username, password);
            Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
            stmt.executeUpdate("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Student (" +
                               "RollNo INT PRIMARY KEY, Name VARCHAR(50), Address VARCHAR(100))");
            String insertSQL = "INSERT INTO Student VALUES (?, ?, ?)";
            PreparedStatement psInsert = con.prepareStatement(insertSQL);
            psInsert.setInt(1, 1);
            psInsert.setString(2, "John");
            psInsert.setString(3, "Hyderabad");
            psInsert.executeUpdate();
            psInsert.setInt(1, 2);
            psInsert.setString(2, "Alice");
            psInsert.setString(3, "Mumbai");
            psInsert.executeUpdate();
            psInsert.setInt(1, 3);
            psInsert.setString(2, "Bob");
            psInsert.setString(3, "Chennai");
            psInsert.executeUpdate();
            System.out.println("--- Initial Records ---");
            PreparedStatement psSelect = con.prepareStatement("SELECT * FROM Student");
            ResultSet rs1 = psSelect.executeQuery();
            while (rs1.next()) {
                System.out.println(rs1.getInt("RollNo") + ", " +
                                   rs1.getString("Name") + ", " +
                                   rsl.getString("Address"));
            psInsert.setInt(1, 4);
            psInsert.setString(2, "David");
            psInsert.setString(3, "Delhi");
```

```
psInsert.executeUpdate();
    psInsert.setInt(1, 5);
    psInsert.setString(2, "Eva");
   psInsert.setString(3, "Bangalore");
   psInsert.executeUpdate();
    String updateSQL = "UPDATE Student SET Address=? WHERE RollNo=?";
    PreparedStatement psUpdate = con.prepareStatement(updateSQL);
   psUpdate.setString(1, "Pune");
   psUpdate.setInt(2, 2);
   psUpdate.executeUpdate();
    String deleteSQL = "DELETE FROM Student WHERE RollNo=?";
    PreparedStatement psDelete = con.prepareStatement(deleteSQL);
   psDelete.setInt(1, 1);
   psDelete.executeUpdate();
    System.out.println("--- Final Records ---");
   ResultSet rs2 = psSelect.executeQuery();
   while (rs2.next()) {
        System.out.println(rs2.getInt("RollNo") + ", " +
                          rs2.getString("Name") + ", " +
                           rs2.getString("Address"));
    }
   con.close();
} catch (Exception e) {
   e.printStackTrace();
}
```

Expected Output

```
Student table created successfully.

--- Initial Records ---
1, John, Hyderabad
2, Alice, Mumbai
3, Bob, Chennai

Two more records inserted.

Record updated where RollNo=2.

Record deleted where RollNo=1.

--- Final Records ---
2, Alice, Pune
3, Bob, Chennai
4, David, Delhi
5, Eva, Bangalore
```

Result

Successfully implemented a JDBC application using the PreparedStatement object to perform create, read, update, and delete operations on the Student table.