

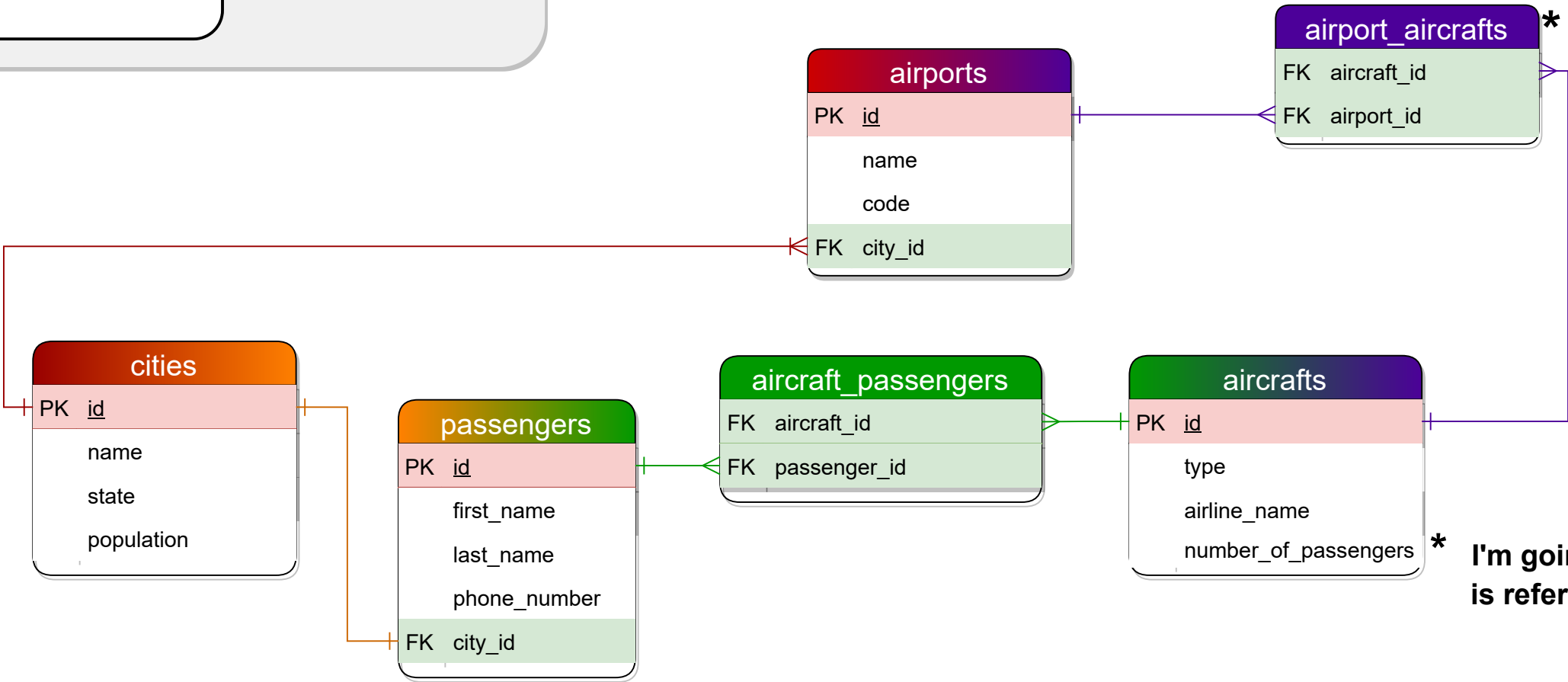
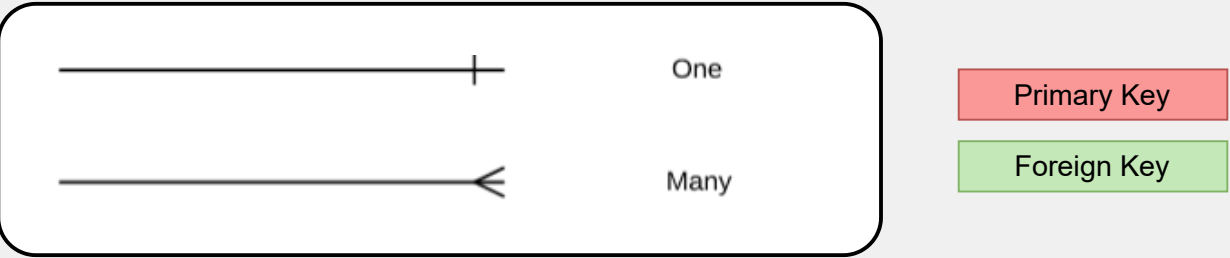
Key Relationship Information* (These are all different colors because it helps me visualize relationships)

- Cities can have many airports
- Passengers can fly on many aircraft
- Passengers can live in one city
- Aircraft can have many passengers
- Aircraft can land/take off from many Airports
- Airports can only be in one city

* In my mind this also means that an airport can house many different aircraft - AKA a **many-to-many relationship**, not sure if this line of thinking is correct but it's what I'm going with.

My logic is based on this statement from the docs, under "Many-to-Many" (https://launchschool.com/books/sql_first_edition/read/multi_tables):
---> "Example: A user has many books checked out or may have checked them out in the past. A book has many users that have checked a book out."
So, if I convert that logic to work with our air travel case study:
---> An aircraft can take off/land from many airports or may have landed/taken off from them in the past. An airport houses many aircraft that may have landed/taken off.
or...
---> An airport can house many aircraft or may have housed them in the past. An aircraft can have many airports that it lands at/takes off from.

Legend



Based on discussions from class, I *believe* the keys on these bridge tables could either be two foreign keys, or one composite primary key.

* I'm going to assume 'number of passengers' is referring to the maximum passenger capacity