

Answer all Questions.

1. *(ELEMENT-WISE ARRAY MULTIPLICATION) Create a 3-by-3 array containing the even integers from 2 through 18. Create a second 3-by-3 array containing the integers from 9 down to 1, then multiply the first array by the second.*
2. *(ARRAY FROM LIST OF LISTS) Create a 2-by-5 array from an argument which is a list of the two five-element lists [2, 3, 5, 7, 11] and [13, 17, 19, 23, 29].*
3. *(FLATTENING ARRAYS WITH FLATTEN VS. RAVEL) Create a 2-by-3 array containing the first six powers of 2 beginning with 20. Flatten the array first with method flatten, then with ravel. In each case, display the result then display the original array to show that it was unmodified.*
4. *(INDEXING AND SLICING ARRAYS) Create an array containing the values 1–15, reshape it into a 3-by-5 array, then use indexing and slicing techniques to perform each of the following operations:*
 - a. *Select row 2.*
 - b. *Select column 5.*
 - c. *Select rows 0 and 1.*
 - d. *Select columns 2–4.*
 - e. *Select the element that is in row 1 and column 4.*
 - f. *Select all elements from rows 1 and 2 that are in columns 0, 2 and 4.*
5. *(HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL STACKING) Create the two-dimensional arrays*

```
array1 = np.array([[0, 1], [2, 3]])
```

```
array2 = np.array([[4, 5], [6, 7]])
```

- a. *Use vertical stacking to create the 4-by-2 array named array3 with array1 stacked on top of array2.*
- b. *Use horizontal stacking to create the 2-by-4 array named array4 with array2 to the right of array1.*
- c. *Use vertical stacking with two copies of array4 to create a 4-by-4 array5.*
- d. *Use horizontal stacking with two copies of array3 to create a 4-by-4 array6.*

6. (PANDAS: SERIES) Perform the following tasks with pandas Series:

- a. Create a Series from the list [7, 11, 13, 17].
- b. Create a Series with five elements that are all 100.0.
- c. Create a Series with 20 elements that are all random numbers in the range 0 to 100. Use method `describe` to produce the Series' basic descriptive statistics.
- d. Create a Series called `temperatures` of the floating-point values 98.6, 98.9, 100.2 and 97.9. Using the `index` keyword argument, specify the custom indices 'Julie', 'Charlie', 'Sam' and 'Andrea'.
- e. Form a dictionary from the names and values in Part (d), then use it to initialize a Series.

7. (PANDAS: DATAFRAMES) Perform the following tasks with pandas DataFrames:

- a. Create a DataFrame named `temperatures` from a dictionary of three temperature readings each for 'Maxine', 'James' and 'Amanda'.
- b. Recreate the DataFrame `temperatures` in Part (a) with custom indices using the `index` keyword argument and a list containing 'Morning', 'Afternoon' and 'Evening'.
- c. Select from `temperatures` the column of temperature readings for 'Maxine'.
- d. Select from `temperatures` the row of 'Morning' temperature readings.
- e. Select from `temperatures` the rows for 'Morning' and 'Evening' temperature readings.
- f. Select from `temperatures` the columns of temperature readings for 'Amanda' and 'Maxine'.
- g. Select from `temperatures` the elements for 'Amanda' and 'Maxine' in the 'Morning' and 'Afternoon'.
- h. Use the `describe` method to produce `temperatures`' descriptive statistics.
- i. Transpose `temperatures`.
- j. Sort `temperatures` so that its column names are in alphabetical order.