THE ACTUAL DOCUMENT STARTS ON NEXT PAGE. SOME INSTRUCTIONS:

HOW TO TRACK CHANGES

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- This is how you add (with comment) text:
 \added[id=HN, remark={comment}] {add (with comment)}

[HN 1] comment

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• This is how you delete (with comment) text: \deleted[id=HN, remark={comment}]{delete (with comment)}

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[HN 4] misspelled

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OpenFOAM® JOURNAL PUBLICATION

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Version: OpenFOAM® v19xx Repo: https://github.com/xxx

ABSTRACT. This is the place for an abstract.

1. Introduction

This is the place for introduction.

1.1. Subsection. TEST TEST TES

Example text:

We shall consider the specific transport property ϕ and note that its spatial and temporal variation is governed by a second-order partical differential equation (PDE), viz.

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\rho\phi) + \nabla \cdot (\rho\phi \mathbf{U}) - \Gamma_{\phi}\nabla^{2}\phi - S_{\phi}(\phi) = 0. \tag{1.1}$$

Herein, $\phi = \phi(\mathbf{x}, t)$ is an arbitrary general intensive physical quantitity, e.g., a fluid property (scalar or tensor of any rank). Thus, (1.1) is often referred to as generic transport equation.

OpenFOAM® (Open Field Operation And Manipulation) is a flexible and mature C++ Class Library for Computational Continuum Mechanics (CCM) and Multiphysics. Its Object-Oriented-Programming (OOP) paradigm enables to *mimic data types and basic operations* of CCM using top-level syntax as close as possible to the conventional mathematical notation for tensors and partial differential equations:

```
1 solve
2  (
3   fvm::ddt(rho,Phi)
4   + fvm::div(phi, Phi)
5   - fvm::laplacian(Gamma, Phi)
6   ==
7   Sphi
```

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Table 1. Finite Volume Notation

implicit differential operators	
rate of change	$\left[\!\!\left[rac{\partial [ho\phi]}{\partial t} ight]\!\!\right]$
convection term	$\left[\nabla \cdot \left(F[\phi]_{f(F,S,\gamma)} \right) \right]$
diffusion term	$\llbracket \nabla \cdot (\dot{\Gamma} \nabla [\phi]) \rrbracket$
linear part of source term	$\llbracket S_p \left[\phi \right] rbracket$
explicit differential operators	
temporal term	$rac{\partial ho \phi}{\partial t}$
divergence term	$\nabla \bullet (ho \mathbf{U} \phi_{f(ho \mathbf{U}, S, \gamma)})$
laplacian term	$\nabla \cdot (\Gamma \nabla \phi)$
constant part of source	S_u
term	

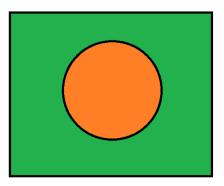


FIGURE 1. Examplary figure

8);

Beside providing OpenFOAM code itself, spatial and temporal discretisation of Eq. 1.1 can be also described in a precise and concise manner using the finite-volume notation [1] - see Tab. 1.

2. Theoretical backgroud

Text in this section. Here is an examplary figure 1.

3. Conclusion

This is a conclusion.

References

[1] H. Rusche. Computational Fluid Dynamics of Dispersed Two-Phase Flows at High Phase Fractions. PhD thesis, Imperial College of Science, Technology & Medicine London, 2002.