Raport for Flight Delay Predicion Project

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1 Problem Statement

Our goal is to predict flight delays and, in the future, expand the program to calculate the most probable delay values. Throughout our work, we will utilize a dataset containing flight information from 2017 to 2018, provided by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics in conjunction with the Weather API. The primary focus is to examine the correlation between weather conditions and flight delays.

Our approach centers around machine learning techniques, and we will employ statistical learning models using Python. The aim is to forecast flight delays and in future provide precise values of delays. We believe that our project can contribute to improving the travel experience by offering more accurate information about potential flight delays.

2 Data downloading

Getting data for our machine learning models requires two combined datasets, flights and weather:

2.1 Flights data

We are getting 2017-2018 flights data from kaggle.com website. It contains of columns:

- Airline company name of airline operating flight
- Origin city city of departure
- Destination city city of arrival
- CRS dep time, CS arr time expected time of departure and arrive in (weirdly represented) unsigned integer in which least significant digits represent minutes and most significant represent hours
- Arr time factual time of arrive
- Cancelled, Delay boolean values signifying whether the flight was cancelled or (respectively) delayed

- Distance distance between origin and destination
- Arrive delay signed integer value of delay

2.2 Weather data

Fetching data for weather requires more work than just downloading a csv file. We will be downloading it by making api requests to https://www.visualcrossing.com. Thanks to Visual Crossing® company, we were able to make those requests in unlimited way. We contacted their support and then they gave us access to unlimited api key.

However, we couldn't make 12 millions of api queries. Here we encounter our first problem.

Solution:

It wasn't that easy, we came up with idea of sending one request for one year for certain place. Api allowed us to make such queries. So in order to do this, we send request of getting timeline of whole year, given city, year (2017 and later 2018), state, starting and finishing date (1'st january to 31'st december). What we get is a whole timeline for the city. We can now easily merge data from flights with weathers, using matrix with weather for according place and time.

We get columns:

- Temperature in fahrenheit scale
- Cloudcover how much of the sky is covered in percentage
- Monphase fractional portion through moon lunation cycle, 0-new moon to 0.5 ful moon and back to 1.0 next new moon
- Windspeed, windgust and winddir
- Snow and snowdepth amount of snow that fell and depth of snow on the ground
- Dew dew point temperature in fahrenheit
- Humidity percentage of relative humidity
- Boolean represented variables:
 - ice
 - freezing rain
 - snow
 - rain

3 Data preprocessing

3.1 NaN's removal

Dataset contains of lots of NaN's. We removed all of them, by removing rows that contained them. Data loss was incredibly low, we lost about 10,000 of rows that contained at least one NaN, which is great. Additionally, we removed columns that contained A LOT of NaN's. Those columns were:

- \bullet Windgust -75.22% NaNs
- Snow 8.13% NaNs
- Snowdepth 8.13% NaNs
- ID,id 55% and 44% respectively,no idea why so many nans, its just id's whose we don't even use in our model.

However, we are not sure if that was proper way of doing this, hence we ask ourselves: does snow affect flight delays? How about snowdepth and wingust? Later on we can always retrieve those columns and check correlation.

3.2 Normalization

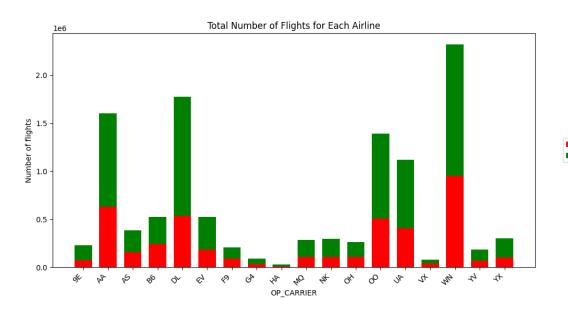
3.3 Mapping strings to integers

In machine learning we would like to represent strings as integers. We will do that, by mapping destination and origin cities to integers as json file. This file is in *Flight-Delay-Prediction/ml* folder, named mappings.json. Additionally, we will map some weather data. Under column conditions there are many string representations, but we will represent it as integers (also in file mappings.json).

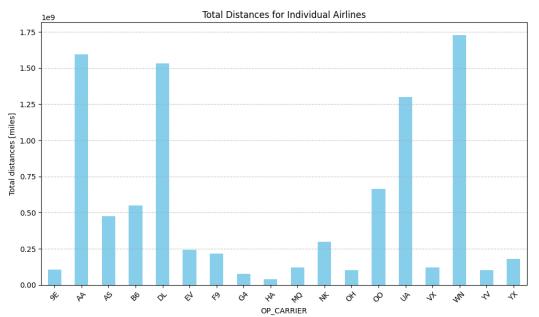
4 Explanatory Data Analysis (EDA) plots

In this section we will look at plots describing data in our dataset. Those plots are constructed in python' file $EDA_plottings.py$





Delayed
On Time



5 Machine learning part