

Web Application Development using Python

Introduction to Data Structures and Lists

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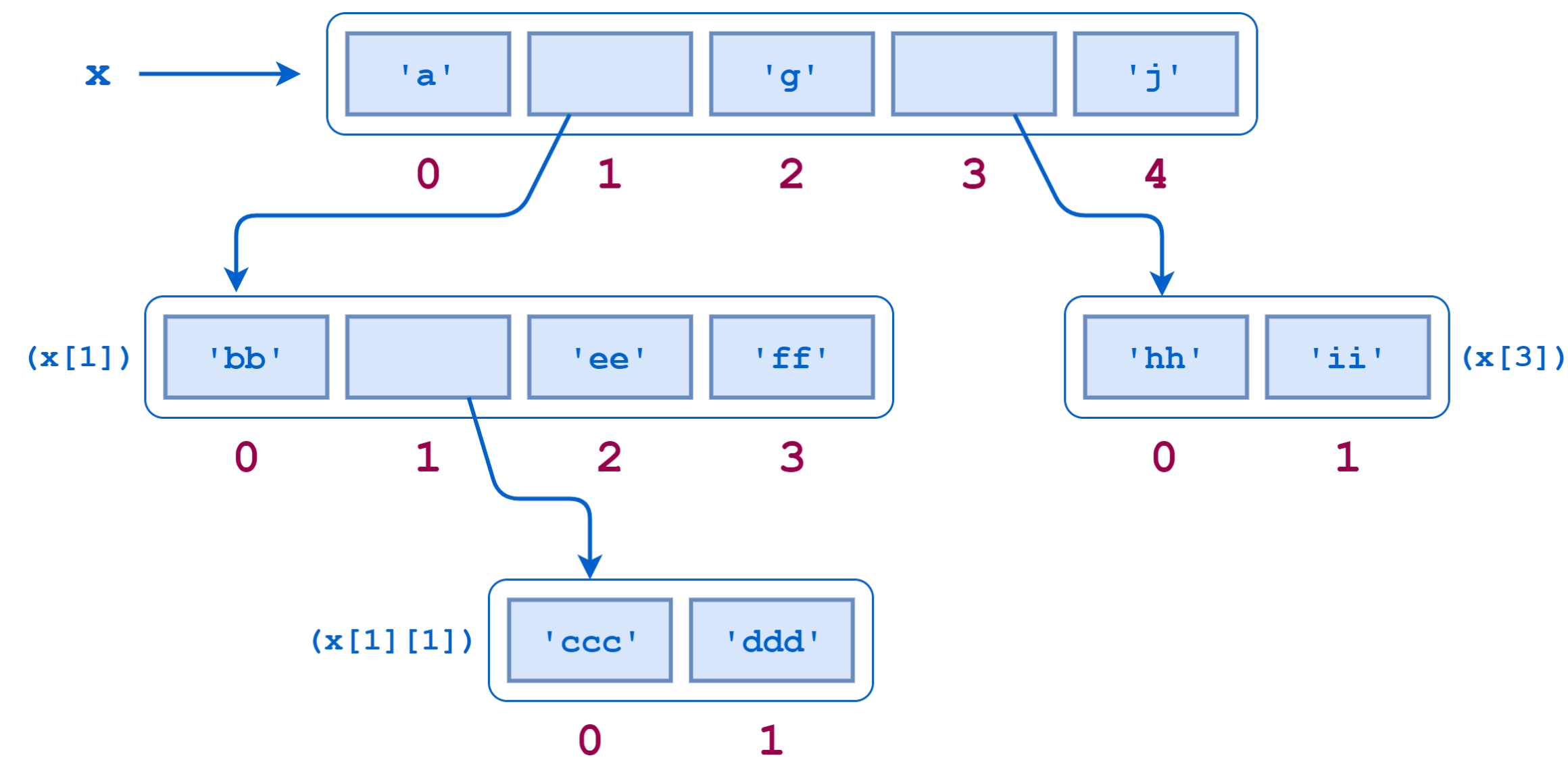


Outline

- **Lists**
- Tuples
- Sets
- Dictionaries



Lists



Lists

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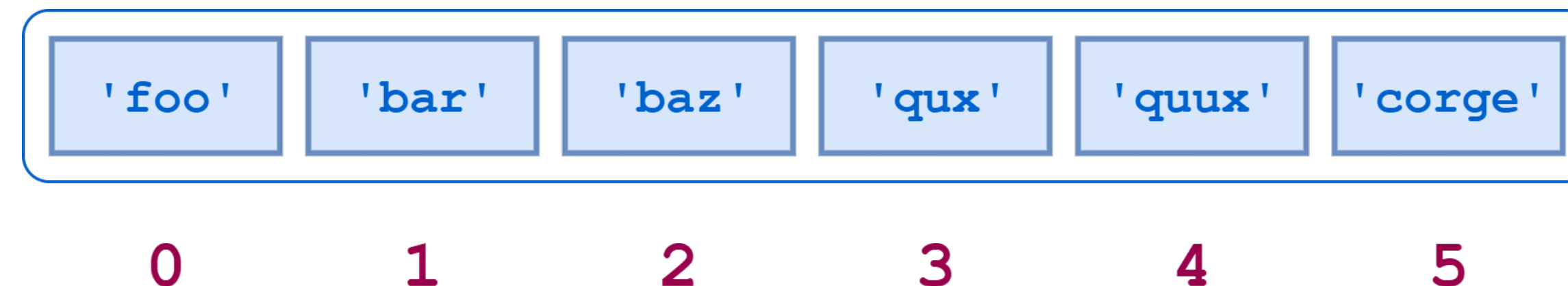
- Lists are **mutable** sequences, typically used to store collections of similar items.
- A list can be written as a list of comma-separated values (items) between square brackets.

```
my_string = 'Hello, world!'  
print(my_string)
```

Lists

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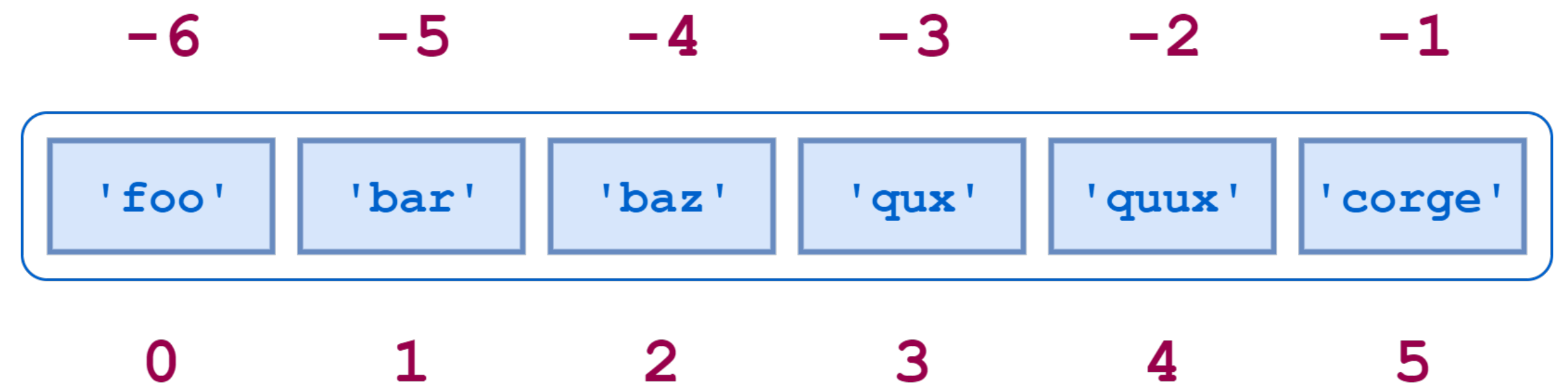
- **Declaring a list**
 - `linux_distros = ['Debian', 'Ubuntu', 'Fedora', 'CentOS', 'OpenSUSE', 'Arch', 'Gentoo']`
- **Indexing - Accessing an element**
 - `linux_distros[0]`
 - `linux_distros[1]`
- **Slicing a list**
 - `another_list = linux_distros[1:2]`
- **Updating an element — Lists are mutable**
 - `linux_distros[0] = 'Fedora'`
 - `linux_distros[1] = 'Kali Linux'`
- **Updating a slice — Lists are mutable**
 - `linux_distros[2:3] = [1,1]`



List operations

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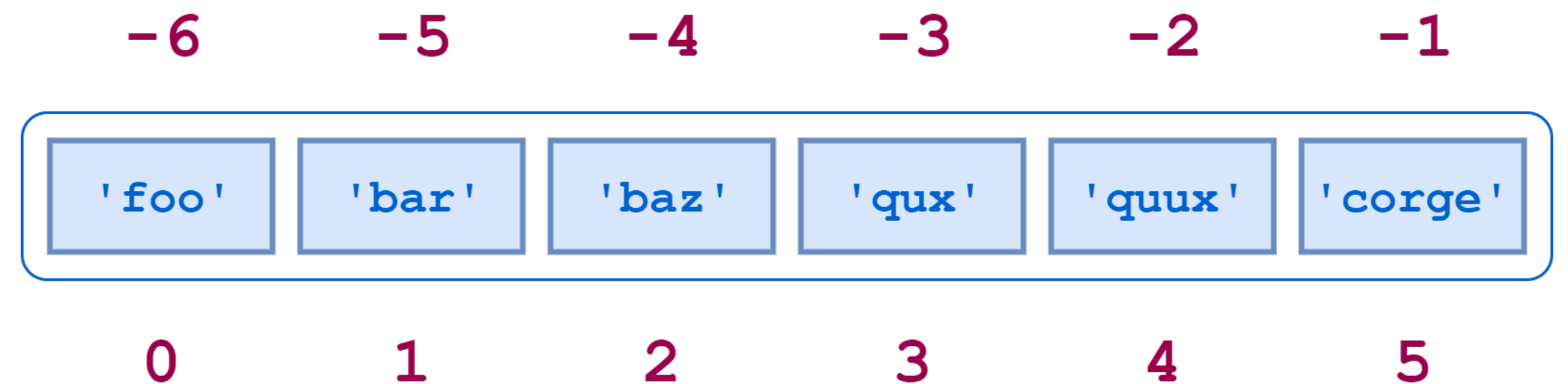
- There are many operations that can be performed with lists which makes it one of the most used data types in Python.
 - List length
 - List concatenation
 - List repetition
 - Iterating through a string
 - List membership test
 - Other built-in functions



List functions

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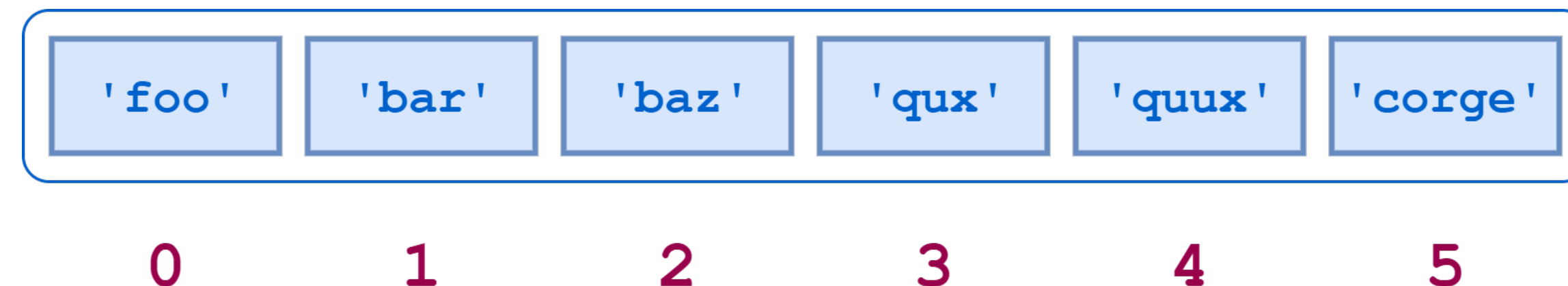
- There are numerous built-in functions available to use with lists.
- Some of the commonly used methods are
 - `len()`
 - `min()`, `max()`
 - `sum()`
- Additional methods can be found here.
 - <https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#string-methods>



List methods

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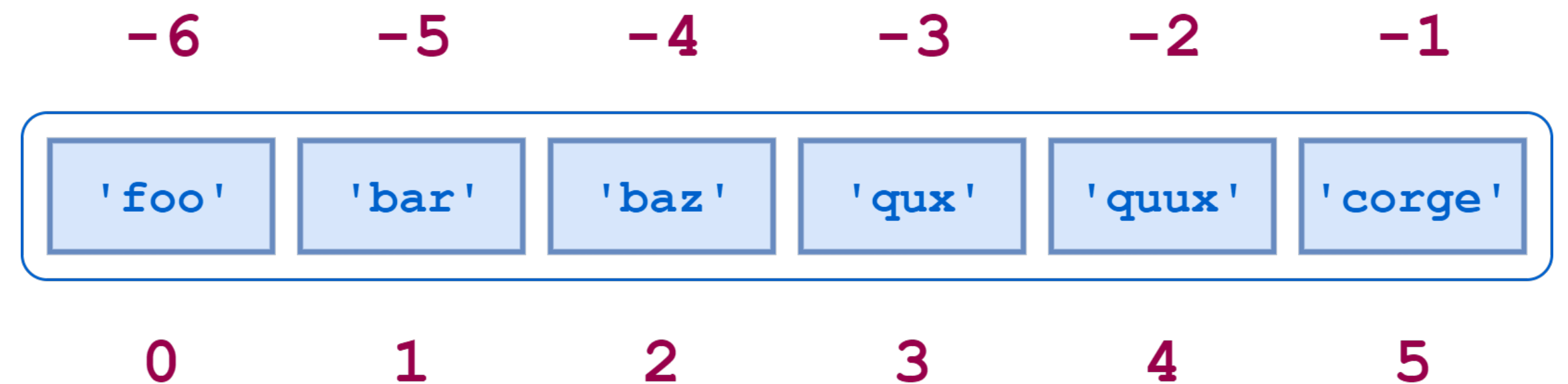
- **append(obj)** — Adds an element at the end of the list
- **clear()** — Removes all elements from the list
- **count(obj)** — Count the number of elements in the list
- **index(obj)** — Returns the index of the first occurrence of an object
- **extend(list)** — Joins lists together
- **insert(i, obj)** — Inserts **obj** at index **i**
- **remove(obj)** — Removes an element from the list
- **pop()** / **pop(i)** — Removes and returns the last element in the list / element at index **i**
- **reverse()** — Reverses the order of elements
- **sort()** — Sorts the list in ascending order



List methods

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- Additional methods can be found here.
- <https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#lists>
- <https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/datastructures.html#more-on-lists>



Resources

- <https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/introduction.html#lists>
- <https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/datastructures.html#more-on-lists>
- <https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/datastructures.html#tuples-and-sequences>
- <https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/datastructures.html#sets>
- <https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/datastructures.html#dictionaries>