

# CASCADE STYLE SHEET (CSS)

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## **CSS Background**

- CSS background property is used to define the background effects on element.
- 5 CSS background properties
- 1. background-color
- 2. background-image
- 3. background-repeat
- 4. background-attachment
- 5. background-position

## CSS background-color

 The background-color property is used to specify the background color of the element.

```
e.g., <style type="text/css">
    body {background-color: yellow}
h1 {background-color: #00FF00}
h2 {background-color: transparent}
    p {background-color: rgb(250,3,255)}
<style>
```

# CSS background-image

- The background-image property is used to set an image as a background of an element.
- By default the image covers the entire element.

```
e.g., <style>
  body
{
  background-image: url("IMG_8254.jpg");
}
```

## **CSS** background-repeat

- background-image property repeats the background image horizontally and vertically.
- Some images are repeated only horizontally or vertically.

```
e.g.,
background-image: url("img1.png");
background-repeat: repeat-x;
```

background-image: url("img1.png");

background-repeat: repeat-y;

## CSS background-attachment

 The background-attachment property is used to specify if the background image is fixed and scroll the remaining page with the background color in browser window.

```
e.g., body {

background: red url('img1.png');

background-repeat: no-repeat;

background-attachment: fixed;

margin-left:200px;
```

## **CSS** background-position

- The background-position property is used to define the initial position of the background image.
- By default, the background image is placed on the top-left of the webpage.

```
e.g.,
background: pink url('fig1.jpg');
background-repeat: no-repeat;
background-attachment: fixed;
```

background-position: center;