

# HTML



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*One Web* **W3C** *for All*

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## HTML Form

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# HTML FORM

- To collect different types of user inputs
- Form controls: input box, check box, radio button, submit button, labels, text area, etc

- **Syntax:**

```
<html>
```

```
  <body>
```

```
    <form>
```

```
      //input controls e.g. <input>, <label>, <textarea>, <select>
```

```
    </form>
```

```
  </body>
```

```
</html>
```



# <FORM> ELEMENT

- <form> tag is used to create an HTML form
- It contains form elements such as <input>, <textarea>, <label>.... elements.
- **Syntax:**  
    <form>  
    //Form elements  
    </form>



# <FORM> ELEMENT: ATTRIBUTES

Attribute	Description	Value	Syntax
name	Name of form	name	<form name="form_name ">
action	Specifies the document after the submission of the form data.	URL	<form action="URL">
method	HTTP method used for sending the data to the web server by the browser	get or post	<form method="get">



## <FORM> ELEMENT: ATTRIBUTES

Attribute	Description	Value	Syntax
target	To display response which is received after submitting the form	<code>_blank</code> <code>_self</code> <code>_parent</code> <code>_top</code>	<code>&lt;form target="_self"&gt;</code>
enctype	Encoding type of form	<code>multipart/form-data</code> <code>application/x-www-form-urlencoded</code>	



# <INPUT> ELEMENT

- <input> tag - text field to take one line input from the user.
- **Attributes:**

Attribute	Description	Value	Syntax
Type	Indicates the type of input control	Text, button, password, radio, checkbox, file, image, reset, submit	<input type="text">



# <INPUT> ELEMENT: ATTRIBUTES

Attribute	Description	Value	Syntax
Name	Unique name of control	Name	<input name="name">
value	Provide an initial value inside the control	text	<input type="radio" value=" Male">
size	Specifies the width of the input in characters	number	<input size="4">



# <INPUT> ELEMENT: TYPE ATTRIBUTE

## 1) text

- define a single-line input text field
- Syntax: `<input type="text" name="username">`

## 2) password

- Allow user to enter the password securely in a webpage.
- The entered text in password field converted into “●” character(s).
- Syntax: `<input type="password" name="Password">`

## 3) submit

- defines a submit button to submit the form to the server.
- Syntax: `<input type="submit" value="submit">`





# <INPUT> ELEMENT: TYPE ATTRIBUTE

## 4) reset

- define as button
- Reset all inputted values
- Syntax: `<input type="reset" value="Reset">`

## 5) radio

- Defines the radio buttons
- At a time only one radio button option can be selected
- Syntax: `<input type="radio" value="Male">`

## 6) checkbox

- Displayed as square boxes which can be checked or unchecked to select the choices from the given options
- Syntax: `<input type="checkbox" value="Reading">`

# <INPUT> ELEMENT: TYPE ATTRIBUTE

## 7) button

- define as simple push button
- To control a functionality on any event such as, click event.
- Syntax: `<input type="button" value="Click me" onclick="alert('Thank you')">`

## 8) file

- Select one or more files from client side.
- Syntax: `<input type="file">`

## 9) date

- used to add date control.
- Syntax: `<input type="date">`



# <INPUT> ELEMENT: TYPE ATTRIBUTE

## 10) number

- define number as value.
- Syntax: `<input type="number">`

## 11) max/min

- specify maximum and minimum range of control.
- Syntax: `<input type="number" min="2" max="5">`

## 12) email

- define a field for an e-mail address and validates automatically when submitted.
- Syntax: `<input type="email">`

## 13) image

- defines an image as a submit button.
- Syntax: `<input type="image" src="path">`



## <INPUT> ELEMENT: ATTRIBUTES

Attribute	Description	Value	Syntax
maxlength	Maximum number of characters to be entered by user	number	<input maxlength="10">
align	Defines the alignment of content	left, right, top, middle, bottom	<input align="right">
autofocus	Element get focus when the page loads	autofocus	<input type="text" autofocus>



# <INPUT> ELEMENT: ATTRIBUTES

Attribute	Description	Value	Syntax
checked	Specifies checked property	checked	<input type="radio" checked>
disabled	Disables the input control	disabled	<input type="checkbox" disabled>
placeholder	Specifies a short hint that describes the expected value	Text	<input type="text" placeholder="out of 100">
required	specifies input field must be filled before submitting the form	required	<input type="password" required>



## <LABEL> ELEMENT

- <label> tag – label for several form elements.
- **Syntax:**  
    <label>  
        form content...  
    </label>
- **Attribute:**  
    for - Id of control



## <TEXTAREA> ELEMENT

- <textarea> tag – multiple-line text input control

- **Attributes:**

Attribute	Description	Value	Syntax
rows	Indicates the number of rows of text area box.	number	<textarea rows="3" cols="30" name="address">
cols	Indicates the number of columns of text area box.	number	
name	Identity of text area.	text	

# SELECT BOX CONTROL

- A select box is a drop down list of options.
- Select box is created using the `<select>` element and `<option>` element.

- **Syntax:**

```
<select>
```

```
    <option>    </option>
```

```
    <option>    </option>
```

```
    ...
```

```
</select>
```





# SELECT BOX CONTROL

- Attributes of `<select>` tag:

Attribute	Description	Value	Syntax
name	specify a name of the drop-down list.	text	<code>&lt;select name="city" size="2" multiple="true"&gt;</code> <code>&lt;option&gt;Item1&lt;/option&gt;</code> <code>&lt;option&gt;Item2&lt;/option&gt;</code> <code>&lt;/select&gt;</code>
size	specify the number of visible options in a drop-down list.	number	
multiple	Identity of text area.	true/false	



# SELECT BOX CONTROL

- Attributes of `<option>` tag:

Attribute	Description	Value	Syntax
value	Specifies the value to be sent to a server.	text	<code>&lt;select name="city" size="2" multiple="true"&gt;</code> <code>&lt;option value="RJ" selected&gt;</code> Rajstan <code>&lt;/option&gt;</code> <code>&lt;/select&gt;</code>
selected	Specifies that an option should be pre-selected when the page loads.	selected	
label	Specifies a shorter label for an option.	text	

# SELECT BOX CONTROL

- **<optgroup> tag:**
- Make group of related options in a <select> element and label it.

- **Syntax:**

```
<select>
```

```
  <optgroup label="State of India">
```

```
    <option value="GJ"> Gujarat </option>
```

```
    <option value="RJ"> Rajstan </option>
```

```
    <option value="MH"> Maharastra </option>
```

```
  </optgroup>
```

```
</select>
```



# BUTTON CONTROL

**<button> tag** creates a clickable button

- Put content like text or image within the `<button>.....</button>` tag
- **Attributes:**
  - Name: unique identity
  - Value: display text
  - Type: specify type attribute for a `<button>` tag

- **Syntax:**

```
<form>
```

```
    <button name="button" value="OK" type="button">Click  
Here</button>
```

```
</form>
```



## <FIELDSET> AND <LEGEND> ELEMENTS

- The <fieldset> element is used to group the related information of a form.
- The <legend> element provide caption for the grouped elements.
- <legend> element always used inside the <fieldset> element.
- **Syntax:**

```
<form>
```

```
  <fieldset>
```

```
    <legend>User Information:</legend>
```

```
      <!-- form controls --->
```

```
  </fieldset>
```

```
</form>
```



## <FIELDSET> AND <LEGEND> ELEMENTS

- **Example:**

```
<form>
```

```
  <fieldset>
```

```
    <legend>User Information:</legend>
```

```
    <label for="name">Enter name</label>
```

```
    <input type="text" name="name"><br>
```

```
    <label for="pass">Enter Password</label>
```

```
    <input type="Password" name="pass"><br>
```

```
    <input type="submit" value="submit">
```

```
  </fieldset>
```

```
</form>
```



**Thank you**

