

# **Exercises** — Seq

version #cb69afd89690e908c9ef3ff2545b93df54f86b1f



ASSISTANTS C/UNIX 2024 <assistants@tickets.assistants.epita.fr>

# Copyright

This document is for internal use at EPITA (website) only.

Copyright © 2023-2024 Assistants <assistants@tickets.assistants.epita.fr>

## The use of this document must abide by the following rules:

- ▶ You downloaded it from the assistants' intranet.\*
- ▶ This document is strictly personal and must **not** be passed onto someone else.
- ▷ Non-compliance with these rules can lead to severe sanctions.

### **Contents**

1	1 Goal	3
2	2 Examples	L

<sup>\*</sup>https://intra.forge.epita.fr

#### File Tree

```
seq/
    seq.sh (to submit)
```

Authorized commands: You are only allowed to use the following commands

builtins

**Reminder**: Grant execution permission to your scripts before pushing them

#### 1 Goal

You have to write a shell script allowing to generate ranges of numbers. The expected usage is:

```
42sh$ ./seq.sh FIRST INCREMENT LAST
```

If the number of arguments is not correct, the script has to return 1 and display the usage on the standard error output (see examples).

The argument INCREMENT must not be zero. If this is the case, the script must not display anything and return 1.

The script must behave as follow:

- If FIRST = LAST, you must display FIRST.
- If FIRST < LAST, you must display the numbers n in ascending order, such that:
  - $FIRST \le n \le LAST$
  - $n = \text{FIRST} + i \times \text{INCREMENT} (\forall i \in \mathbb{N}, i \geq 0)$

In that case, the INCREMENT must be strictly positive. Otherwise, your script must not display anything and return 1.

- If FIRST > LAST, you must display the number n in descending order, such that:
  - LAST < n < FIRST
  - $n = \text{FIRST} + i \times \text{INCREMENT} (\forall i \in \mathbb{N}, i \geq 0)$

In that case, the INCREMENT must be strictly negative. Otherwise, your script must not display anything and return 1.

Your script must return 0 on success.

# 2 Examples

```
42sh$ ./seq.sh 1 -1 1
1
42sh$ ./seq.sh 42 -1 42
42
42sh$ ./seq.sh 42 -2 40
42
40
42sh$ ./seq.sh 10 3 23
10
13
16
19
22
42sh$ ./seq.sh 42
Usage: ./seq.sh 42
Usage: ./seq.sh FIRST INCREMENT LAST
42sh$ echo "$?"
1
42sh$ ./seq.sh 3 2 1
42sh$ echo "$?"
```

I must not fear. Fear is the mind-killer.