

# **Revolutionizing Liver Care: Predicting Liver Cirrhosis Using Advanced Machine Learning Techniques**

## **1. INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 Project Overview**

A Machine Learning-based system designed to predict liver cirrhosis using clinical data. Aims to support early diagnosis and improve liver disease management.

### **1.2 Purpose**

To provide a predictive model that assists healthcare professionals in identifying liver cirrhosis at an early stage.

Reduce mortality rates and enable preventive treatments.

## **2. IDEATION PHASE**

### **2.1 Problem Statement**

Liver cirrhosis is often diagnosed late, leading to high fatality.

There is a need for a reliable ML system that predicts cirrhosis using patient data.

### **2.2 Empathy Map Canvas**

Users: Patients, doctors, healthcare institutions.

Pain: Late diagnosis, manual errors, high treatment costs.

Gain: Early prediction, reduced costs, improved care.

Think/Feel/Say/Do: Accurate diagnosis tools, AI integration in hospitals, better decision-making.

### **2.3 Brainstorming**

Identification of relevant datasets (e.g., liver patient dataset).

Selection of features affecting liver health (e.g., bilirubin, albumin, enzymes).

Selection of ML models: Logistic Regression, Random Forest, XGBoost, etc.

### **3. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS**

#### **3.1 Customer Journey Map**

Awareness → Consultation → Data Collection → Prediction → Treatment Planning.

#### **3.2 Solution Requirement**

Functional: Upload patient data, display prediction results.

Non-functional: Fast processing, high accuracy, scalable system.

#### **3.3 Data Flow Diagram**

Level 0: User inputs data → ML model processes → Result output Level

1: Input data → Preprocessing → Model → Output risk score

#### **3.4 Technology Stack**

Frontend: Flask (for UI)

Backend: Python, Scikit-learn, Pandas Data

Visualization: Seaborn, Matplotlib

### **4. PROJECT DESIGN**

#### **4.1 Problem-Solution Fit**

Addresses the challenge of late diagnosis using data-driven predictive analytics.

#### **4.2 Proposed Solution**

A web-based tool where doctors can input patient parameters and receive instant predictions about cirrhosis likelihood.

#### **4.3 Solution Architecture**

Input Layer → Data Preprocessing → Model Training/Prediction → Result Visualization

## 5. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

### 5.1 Project Planning

Use the below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule

| Sprint   | Functional Requirement (Epic)             | User Story Number | User Story / Task                                                                                   | Story Points | Priority | Team Members    |
|----------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------|-----------------|
| Sprint-1 | Data Collection and Pre processing        | USN-1             | Understanding & loading data, Data cleaning, Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)                        | -            | High     | Gayatri Chavan  |
| Sprint-1 | Feature Engineering                       | USN-2             | Handling missing values and encoding categorical variables, Engineering features                    | -            | High     | Sakshi Salunkhe |
| Sprint-2 | Model Development                         | USN-3             | Training the machine learning model, Evaluating the model                                           | -            | High     | Indrajit Shinde |
| Sprint-2 | Model Development                         | USN-4             | Creating a Flask app to deploy the model, Developing the front-end using HTML, CSS, and JS          | -            | Medium   | Omkar Pawar     |
| Sprint-2 | Testing, Validation, and Final Deployment | USN-5             | Testing the application ,validating model predictions, Deploying on a cloud platform, Final testing | -            | High     | Indrajit Shinde |

## 6. FUNCTIONAL AND PERFORMANCE TESTING

### 6.1 Performance Testing

Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1-score evaluated.

Cross-validation and ROC curve used for model evaluation. Confusion matrix used for performance analysis.

## 7. RESULTS

### 7.1 Output Screenshots

UI showing input form and prediction results.

Hemoglobin (g/dl)

PCV (%)

USG Abdomen (diffuse liver or not)

Outcome

submit

**The predicted value is 'Diabetes' You are consult the doctor and follow the instructions strictly Taking vitamins, Exercising, losing weight and medicines prescribed by your health care provider avoid consumption of food that affects the liver (like alcohol, Added sugar, fried foods,salt..)Avoid risky behavior and Get vaccinated**

|                                         |                                       |                                    |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Obesity                                 | Monocytes (%)                         | ALPhosphatase (U/L)                |
| <input type="text"/>                    | <input type="text"/>                  | <input type="text"/>               |
| Family history of cirrhosis/ hereditary | Eosinophils (%)                       | SGOT/AST (U/L)                     |
| <input type="text"/>                    | <input type="text"/>                  | <input type="text"/>               |
| Hemoglobin (g/dl)                       | <input type="button" value="submit"/> | USG Abdomen (diffuse liver or not) |
| <input type="text"/>                    |                                       | <input type="text"/>               |
| PCV (%)                                 |                                       | Outcome                            |
| <input type="text"/>                    |                                       | <input type="text"/>               |

**The predicted value is 'Non-Diabetes' Your liver is healthy enough and No need to worry Consume healthy food with balanced diet and take care**

Model comparison: Accuracy scores of different models.

| Model                     | Accuracy | Precision | Recall | F1-Score |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|----------|
| Naive Bayes               | 35.79%   | 0.00      | 0.00   | 0.00     |
| Random Forest             | 35.79    | 0.00      | 0.00   | 0.00     |
| Logistic Regression CV    | 81.58%   | 91.80     | 79.43% | 86.49    |
| Ridge Classifier          | 84.21%   | 93.44     | 83.82  | 88.37    |
| Support Vector Classifier | 35.79%   | 0.00      | 0.00   | 0.00     |
| Logistic Regression       | 79.47%   | 91.80     | 79.43  | 85.58    |
| KNN                       | 86.32%   | 94.26     | 85.82  | 89.84    |
| XG Boost                  | 35.79%   | 3.28      | 50.00  | 6.15     |

## 8. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

### Advantages

Early prediction of liver cirrhosis  
Non-invasive data input  
Scalable and user-friendly interface

### Disadvantages

Prediction depends on data quality  
May not replace professional diagnosis  
Requires regular model retraining for accuracy

## 9. CONCLUSION

ML models can assist in early detection of liver cirrhosis.  
This system can be used as a supportive tool in hospitals and clinics to improve patient care.

## 10. FUTURE SCOPE

Integration with Electronic Health Records (EHRs)  
Inclusion of image-based diagnostics (like liver scans)  
Real-time prediction system with API integration  
Deploying mobile app version for remote use

## 11. APPENDIX

### Source Code

GitHub Repository: (Code File: liver\_cirrhosis.ipynb)  
<https://github.com/MaleNamitha/Revoutionizing-Livercarre>

### Demo link

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/144Pcti74Uj5ZwhzhJNM9ExEmatZ7vXY9/view?usp=drivesdk>

