

# Pattern Recognition practical 1

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September 2015

## 1 Assignment 1

### 1

Consider it done

### 2

To compute the pair-wise correlation coefficients we used the following command:

Input

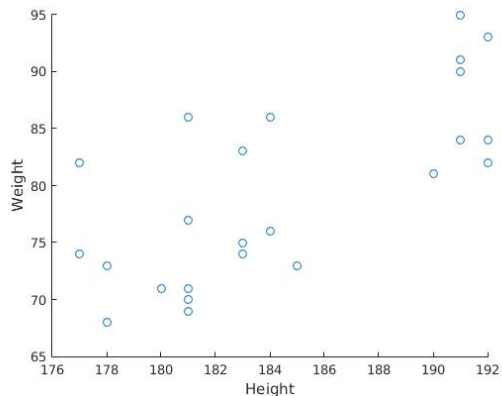
```
load('lab1_1.mat')  
corrcoef(lab1_1)
```

This yields us the following table of correlation coefficients:

Table 1: *Pair-wise correlation coefficients*

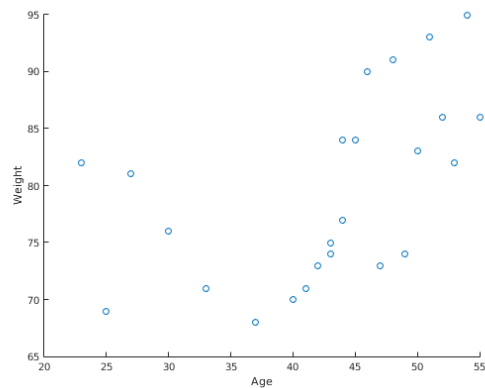
	Length	Age	Weight
Length	1	-0.0615	0.7156
Age	-0.615	1	0.5142
Weight	0.7156	0.5142	1

The two features for which the correlation is the largest are the first and third column, respectively the height and the weight.



(a) Scatterplot of weight to length

The two features for which the correlation is the second largest are the second and third column, respectively the height and the weight.



(b) Scatterplot of weight to age

Figure 1

From a scatterplot alone it is hard to draw conclusions about any possible relationships between the different features. We do get indications though; figure 1a shows that there is likely to be a correlation between the weight and the height. An increase in weight seems to correspond to a (somewhat linear) increase in height. A similar kind of relationship can be seen in figure 1b, between the factors weight and age.

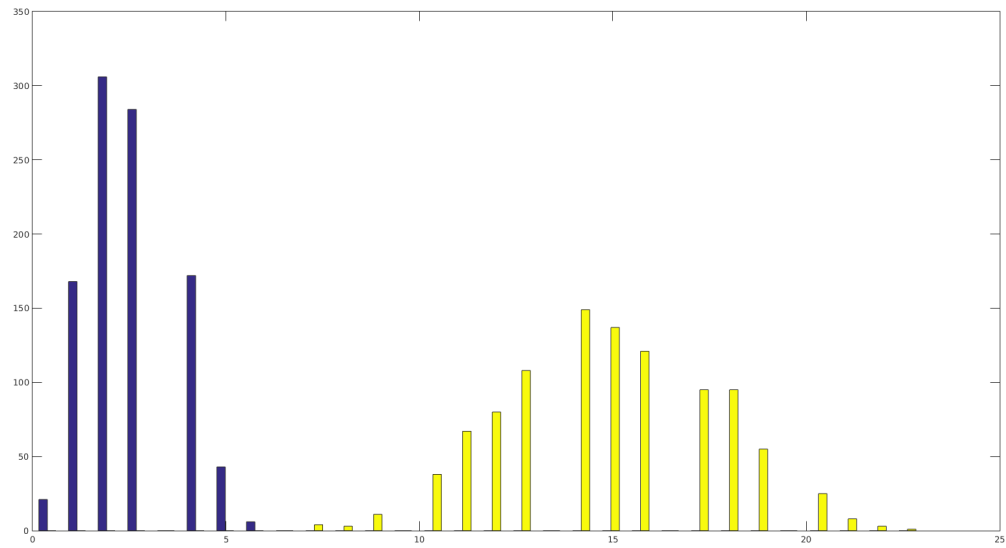
## 2 Assignment 2

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