

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

import os
for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('/kaggle/input'):
    for filename in filenames:
        print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))

import os
import torch
import torchvision
import pandas as pd
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
from tqdm.notebook import tqdm
import torchvision.models as models
from torch.utils.data import Dataset
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
from torch.utils.data import random_split
from torchvision.utils import make_grid
import torchvision.transforms as transforms
from torchvision.datasets.folder import default_loader
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

artists = pd.read_csv("artists.csv")

for i in artists['name']:
    print(i,end=" | ")

    Amedeo Modigliani | Vasiliy Kandinskiy | Diego Rivera | Claude Monet | Rene Magritte | Salvador Dali | Edouard Manet | Andrei Rublev |
    <

batch_size = 128
image_size = (64,64)
stats = (0.5, 0.5, 0.5), (0.5, 0.5, 0.5)

import torchvision.transforms as transforms
from torchvision import datasets
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader

# Define your image_size and stats variables

transform_ds = transforms.Compose([
    transforms.Resize(image_size),
    # transforms.RandomCrop(32, padding=2),
    # transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
    transforms.ToTensor(),
    transforms.Normalize(*stats)
])

train_ds = datasets.ImageFolder(root="/content/drive/My Drive/resized/", transform=transform_ds)

train_dl = DataLoader(train_ds, batch_size, shuffle=True, num_workers=3, pin_memory=True)
print(len(train_ds))

8358
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py:557: UserWarning: This DataLoader will create 3 worker processes
warnings.warn(_create_warning_msg(
    <

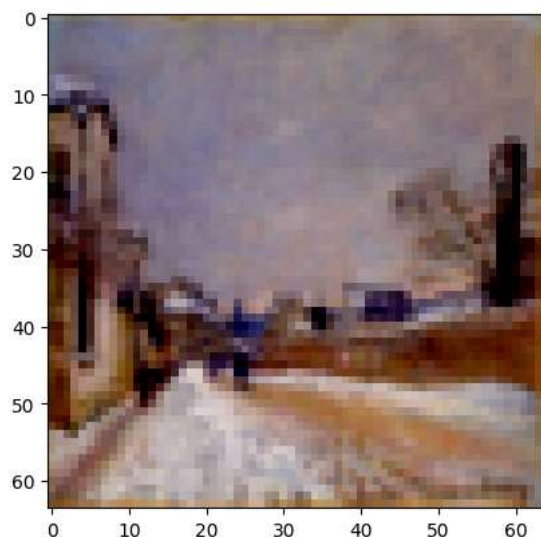
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

Mounted at /content/drive

images,_ = train_ds[382]
print(images.size())
plt.imshow(images.permute(1,2,0))

```

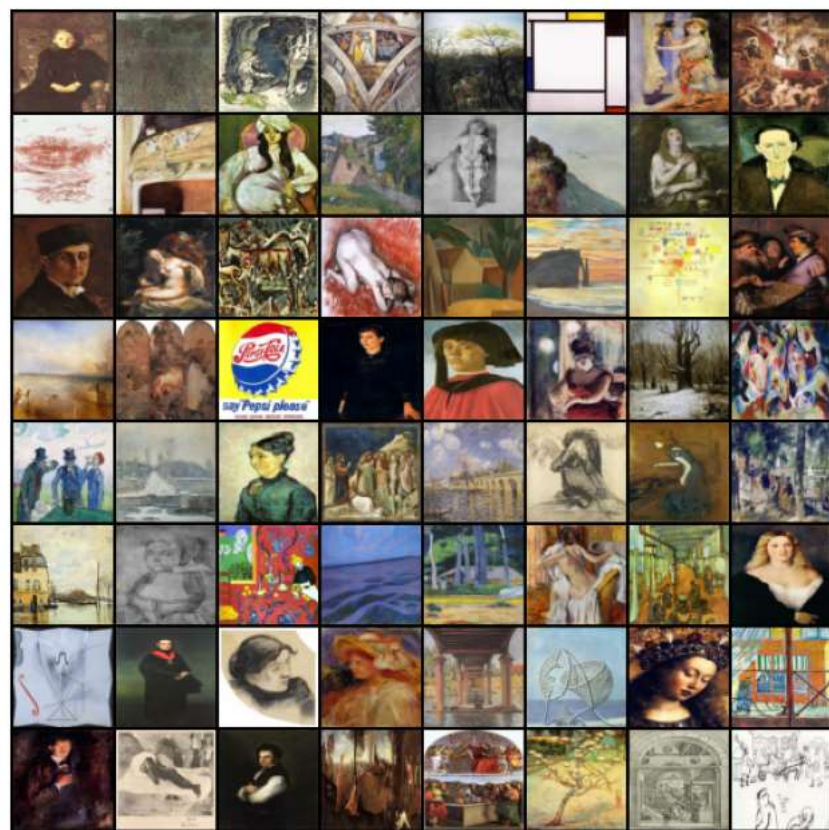
```
WARNING:matplotlib.image:Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data
torch.Size([3, 64, 64])
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7da5c44260b0>
```



```
def denorm(img_tensors):
    return img_tensors * stats[1][0] + stats[0][0]
def show_images(images, nmax=64):
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 8))
    ax.set_xticks([]); ax.set_yticks([])
    ax.imshow(make_grid(denorm(images.detach())[:nmax]), nrow=8).permute(1, 2, 0))

def show_batch(dl, nmax=64):
    for images, _ in dl:
        show_images(images, nmax)
        break

show_batch(train_dl)
```



```

def get_default_device():
    """Pick GPU if available, else CPU"""
    if torch.cuda.is_available():
        return torch.device('cuda')
    else:
        return torch.device('cpu')

def to_device(data, device):
    """Move tensor(s) to chosen device"""
    if isinstance(data, (list,tuple)):
        return [to_device(x, device) for x in data]
    return data.to(device, non_blocking=True)

class DeviceDataLoader():
    """Wrap a dataloader to move data to a device"""
    def __init__(self, dl, device):
        self.dl = dl
        self.device = device

    def __iter__(self):
        """Yield a batch of data after moving it to device"""
        for b in self.dl:
            yield to_device(b, self.device)

    def __len__(self):
        """Number of batches"""
        return len(self.dl)

device = get_default_device()
device

device(type='cpu')

device = get_default_device()
device

device(type='cpu')

discriminator = nn.Sequential(
    # in: 3 x 64 x 64

    nn.Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=4, stride=2, padding=1, bias=False),
    nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
    nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=True),
    # out: 64 x 32 x 32

    nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=4, stride=2, padding=1, bias=False),
    nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
    nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=True),
    # out: 128 x 16 x 16

    nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=4, stride=2, padding=1, bias=False),
    nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
    nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=True),
    # out: 256 x 8 x 8

    nn.Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=4, stride=2, padding=1, bias=False),
    nn.BatchNorm2d(512),
    nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=True),
    # out: 512 x 4 x 4

    nn.Conv2d(512, 1, kernel_size=4, stride=1, padding=0, bias=False),
    # out: 1 x 1 x 1

    nn.Flatten(),
    nn.Sigmoid())
discriminator = to_device(discriminator, device)
latent_size = 150

generator = nn.Sequential(
    # in: latent_size x 1 x 1

    nn.ConvTranspose2d(latent_size, 512, kernel_size=4, stride=1, padding=0, bias=False),

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nn.BatchNorm2d(512),
nn.ReLU(True),
# out: 512 x 4 x 4

nn.ConvTranspose2d(512, 256, kernel_size=4, stride=2, padding=1, bias=False),
nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
nn.ReLU(True),
# out: 256 x 8 x 8

nn.ConvTranspose2d(256, 128, kernel_size=4, stride=2, padding=1, bias=False),
nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
nn.ReLU(True),
# out: 128 x 16 x 16

nn.ConvTranspose2d(128, 64, kernel_size=4, stride=2, padding=1, bias=False),
nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
nn.ReLU(True),
# out: 64 x 32 x 32

nn.ConvTranspose2d(64, 3, kernel_size=4, stride=2, padding=1, bias=False),
nn.Tanh()
# out: 3 x 64 x 64
)

```

```

xb = torch.randn(batch_size, latent_size, 1, 1) # random latent tensors
fake_images = generator(xb)
print(fake_images.shape)
show_images(fake_images)
generator = to_device(generator, device)
def train_discriminator(real_images, opt_d):
    # Clear discriminator gradients
    opt_d.zero_grad()

    # Pass real images through discriminator
    real_preds = discriminator(real_images)
    real_targets = torch.ones(real_images.size(0), 1, device=device)
    real_loss = F.binary_cross_entropy(real_preds, real_targets)
    real_score = torch.mean(real_preds).item()

    # Generate fake images
    latent = torch.randn(batch_size, latent_size, 1, 1, device=device)
    fake_images = generator(latent)

    # Pass fake images through discriminator
    fake_targets = torch.zeros(fake_images.size(0), 1, device=device)
    fake_preds = discriminator(fake_images)
    fake_loss = F.binary_cross_entropy(fake_preds, fake_targets)
    fake_score = torch.mean(fake_preds).item()

    # Update discriminator weights
    loss = real_loss + fake_loss
    loss.backward()
    opt_d.step()
    return loss.item(), real_score, fake_score
def train_generator(opt_g):
    # Clear generator gradients
    opt_g.zero_grad()

    # Generate fake images
    latent = torch.randn(batch_size, latent_size, 1, 1, device=device)
    fake_images = generator(latent)

    # Try to fool the discriminator
    preds = discriminator(fake_images)
    targets = torch.ones(batch_size, 1, device=device)
    loss = F.binary_cross_entropy(preds, targets)

    # Update generator weights
    loss.backward()
    opt_g.step()

    return loss.item()
from torchvision.utils import save_image
sample_dir = 'generated'
os.makedirs(sample_dir, exist_ok=True)
def save_samples(index, latent_tensors, show=True):

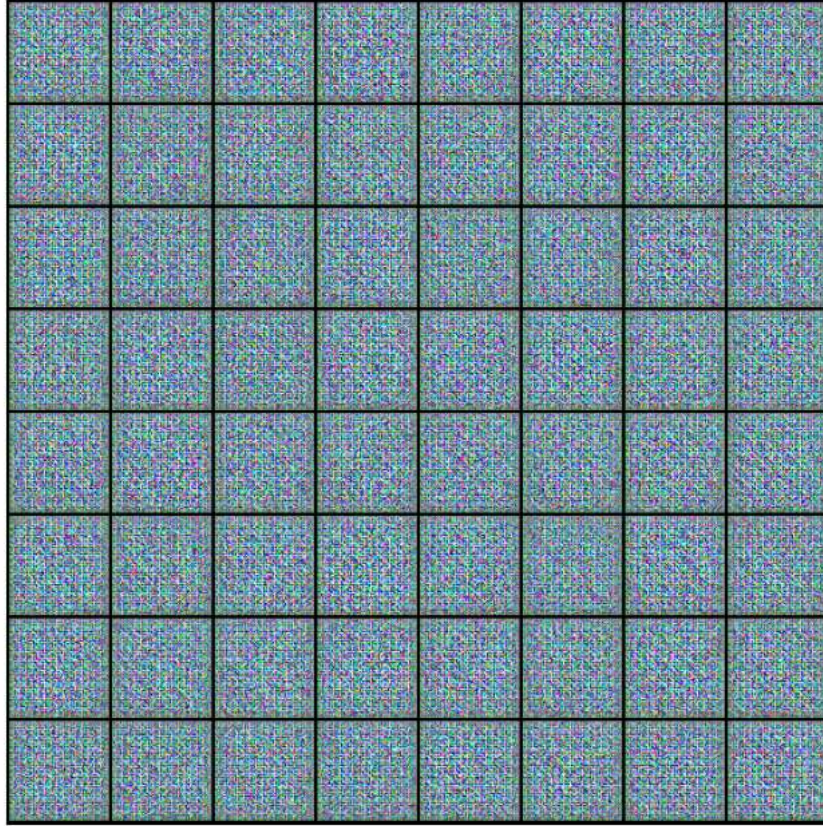
```

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fake_images = generator(latent_tensors)
fake_fname = 'generated-images-{0:0=4d}.png'.format(index)
save_image(denorm(fake_images), os.path.join(sample_dir, fake_fname), nrow=8)
print('Saving', fake_fname)
if show:
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 8))
    ax.set_xticks([]); ax.set_yticks([])
    ax.imshow(make_grid(fake_images.cpu().detach(), nrow=8).permute(1, 2, 0))

torch.Size([128, 3, 64, 64])

```



```

fixed_latent = torch.randn(64, latent_size, 1, 1, device=device)
save_samples(0, fixed_latent)
from tqdm.notebook import tqdm
import torch.nn.functional as F
def fit(epochs, lr, start_idx=1):
    torch.cuda.empty_cache()

    # Losses & scores
    losses_g = []
    losses_d = []
    real_scores = []
    fake_scores = []

    # Create optimizers
    opt_d = torch.optim.Adam(discriminator.parameters(), lr=lr, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
    opt_g = torch.optim.Adam(generator.parameters(), lr=lr, betas=(0.5, 0.999))

    for epoch in range(epochs):
        for real_images, _ in tqdm(train_dl):
            # Train discriminator
            loss_d, real_score, fake_score = train_discriminator(real_images, opt_d)
            # Train generator
            loss_g = train_generator(opt_g)

            # Record losses & scores
            losses_g.append(loss_g)
            losses_d.append(loss_d)
            real_scores.append(real_score)
            fake_scores.append(fake_score)

        # Log losses & scores (last batch)

```

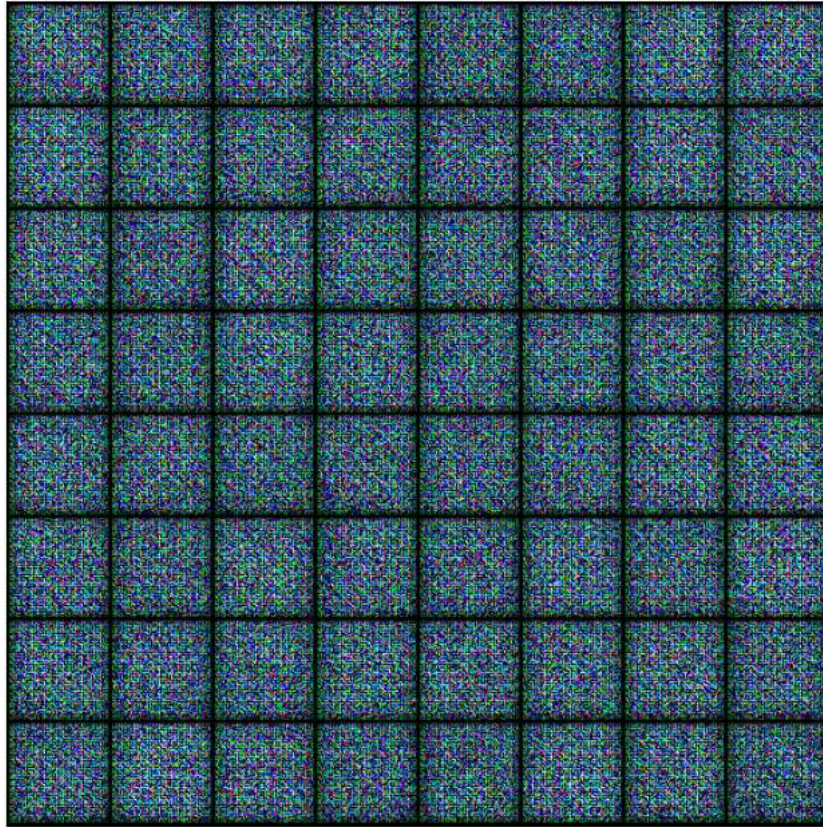


```
print("Epoch [{}/{}], loss_g: {:.4f}, loss_d: {:.4f}, real_score: {:.4f}, fake_score: {:.4f}".format(  
    epoch+1, epochs, loss_g, loss_d, real_score, fake_score))
```

```
# Save generated images  
save_samples(epoch+start_idx, fixed_latent, show=False)
```

```
return losses_g, losses_d, real_scores, fake_scores
```

WARNING:matplotlib.image:Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data  
Saving generated-images-0000.png



Start coding or [generate](#) with AI.