High Performance Computing

Parallelize dynprog.c using OpenMP

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Profiling (1)

Perf command

A lot of branch-misses

→ A lot of cycles

```
somand@nano:~/hpc-assignments-group-7/dynprog$ perf stat -r 5 ./dynprog.exe
1.628108
-112589990684278448.00
1.697542
-112589990684278448.00
1.196933
-112589990684278448.00
1.191907
-112589990684278448.00
1.195159
-112589990684278448.00
Performance counter stats for './dynprog.exe' (5 runs):
       1220,764546
                       task-clock (msec)
                                                      0,874 CPUs utilized
                                                                                       +- 0,48%
                       context-switches
                                                      0.021 K/sec
                                                                                       +- 46,23%
                       cpu-migrations
                                                      0,002 K/sec
                                                                                       +- 43,17%
                       page-faults
                                                                                       +- 0.10%
                                                      0.636 K/sec
    1.805.160.393
                       cycles
                                                      1,479 GHz
                                                                                       +- 0.48%
    2.057.058.241
                       instructions
                                                      1.14 insh per cycle
                                                                                       +- 0.07%
                       branches
   <not supported>
        11.469.420
                       branch-misses
                                                                                      +- 0,58%
       1,396696785 seconds time elapsed
                                                                                (+- 8,49%)
```

Profiling (2)

Gprof command

Almost all of the operations come from the function "kernel_dynprog"

Goal of parallelization

index	% time	self	children	called	name
	100.0	0.00	6 27		<pre><spontaneous></spontaneous></pre>
	100.0	0.00	6.27	4.44	main [1]
		6.24	0.00	1/1	kernel_dynprog [2]
		0.03	0.00	3/3	polybench_alloc_data [3]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	polybench_timer_start [10]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	init_array [6]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	print_array [12]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	polybench_timer_print [9]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	polybench_timer_stop [11]
		6.24	0.00	1/1	main [1]
[2]	99.5	6.24	0.00	1	kernel_dynprog [2]
		0.03	0.00	3/3	main [1]
	0.5	0.03	0.00	3	polybench_alloc_data [3]
		0.00	0.00	3/3	xmalloc [4]
		0.00	0.00	3/3	polybench_alloc_data [3]
[4]	0.0	0.00	0.00	3	xmalloc [4]
		0.00	0.00	1/2	polybench_timer_start [10]
		0.00	0.00	1/2	polybench_timer_stop [11]
	0.0	0.00	0.00	2	rtclock [5]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	main [1]
	0.0	0.00	0.00		init_array [6]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	polybench_prepare_instruments [8]
	0.0	0.00	0.00		polybench_flush_cache [7]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	polybench_timer_start [10]
	0.0	0.00	0.00		polybench_prepare_instruments [8]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	polybench_flush_cache [7]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	main [1]
	0.0	0.00	0.00		polybench_timer_print [9]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	main [1]
	0.0	0.00	0.00		polybench_timer_start [10]
		0.00	0.00	1/2	rtclock [5]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	polybench_prepare_instruments [8]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	main [1]
	0.0	0.00	0.00		polybench_timer_stop [11]
		0.00	0.00	1/2	rtclock [5]
		0.00	0.00	1/1	main [1]
T127	0.0	0.00	0.00	1	print array [12]

Improving the algorithm

dynprog.c

rew_dynprog.c

```
/* Main computational kernel. The whole function will be timed,
                                                                                                   /* Main computational kernel. The whole function will be timed.
  including the call and return. */
                                                                                                      including the call and return. */
static void kernel_dynprog(int tsteps, int length,
                                                                                                   static void kernel_dynprog(int tsteps, int length,
                        DATA_TYPE POLYBENCH_2D(c, LENGTH, LENGTH, length, length),
                                                                                                                                   DATA TYPE POLYBENCH_1D(c, LENGTH, length)
                        DATA_TYPE POLYBENCH_2D(W, LENGTH, LENGTH, length),
                        DATA_TYPE POLYBENCH_3D(sum_c, LENGTH, LENGTH, LENGTH, length, length, length),
                                                                                                                                   DATA TYPE POLYBENCH 1D(W, LENGTH, length)
                        DATA TYPE *out)
                                                                                                                                   DATA_TYPE sum_c,
                                                                                                                                   DATA_TYPE *out)
 int iter, i, j, k;
 DATA TYPE out l = 0;
                                                                                                     DATA_TYPE out_l = 0;
 for (iter = 0; iter < PB TSTEPS; iter++)</pre>
                                                                                                     sum c = 0;
   for (i = 0; i <= _PB_LENGTH - 1; i++)
    for (j = 0; j <= _PB_LENGTH - 1; j++)
                                                                                                     for (int i = 1; i < _PB_LENGTH; i++)</pre>
       c[i][j] = 0;
   for (i = 0; i <= PB LENGTH - 2; i++)
                                                                                                       for (int j = 1; j < i; j++)
     for (j = i + 1; j \leftarrow PB_{ENGTH} - 1; j++)
                                                                                                         sum c += c[j];
                                                                                                       c[i] = sum_c + W[i];
      sum_c[i][j][i] = 0;
for (k = i + 1; k <= j - 1; k++)
                                                                                                       sum_c = 0;
        sum_c[i][j][k] = sum_c[i][j][k - 1] + c[i][k] + c[k][j];
       c[i][j] = sum c[i][j][j - 1] + W[i][j];
                                                                                                     for (int k = 0; k < PB TSTEPS; k++)
                                                                                                       out l += c[ PB LENGTH - 1];
   out_l += c[0][_PB_LENGTH - 1];
  *out = out l:
                                                                                                     *out = out_l;
```

Performance

STANDARD DATASET

dynprog.c = 1.190552 s

 $rew_dynprog.c = 0.000034 s$

rew_dynprog.c also requires less memory

EXT_CFLAGS="-DLENGTH=10000 -DTSTEPS=1

0.026087

dynprog.c

[PolyBench] posix_memalign: cannot allocate memory.

OpenMP version

Parallel region for the inner loop

Reduction for sum c

```
/\star Main computational kernel. The whole function will be timed,
   including the call and return. */
static void kernel_dynprog(int tsteps, int length,
                           DATA TYPE POLYBENCH 1D(c, LENGTH, length).
                           DATA_TYPE POLYBENCH_1D(W, LENGTH, length),
                           DATA TYPE sum c,
                           DATA TYPE *out)
 DATA_TYPE out_l = 0;
 sum c = 0;
  for (int i = 1; i < _PB_LENGTH; i++)
    #pragma omp parallel for num threads(NTHREADS) reduction(+:sum c)
    for (int j = 1; j < i; j++)
     sum_c += c[j];
   c[i] = sum_c + W[i];
    sum_c = 0;
  for (int k = 0; k < _PB_TSTEPS; k++)</pre>
   out 1 += c[ PB LENGTH - 1];
 *out = out l;
```

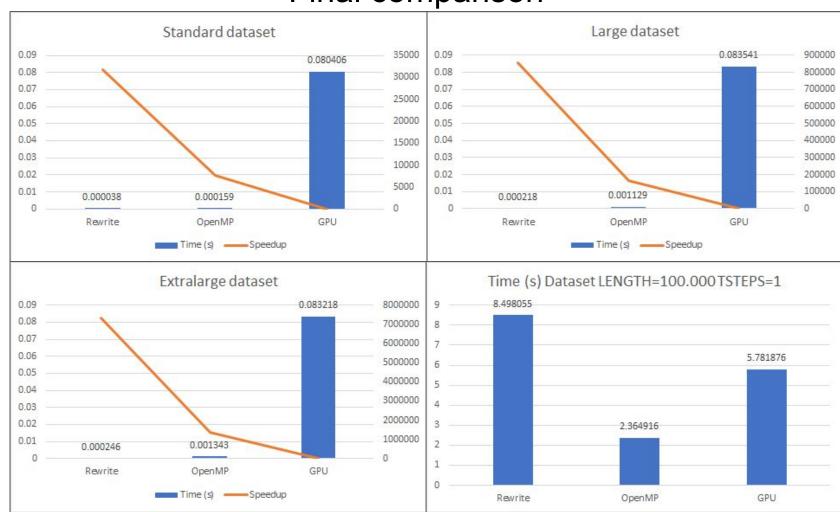
Graphics accelerator version

 Enter and exit data from the GPU in the external loop

 Teams and distribution in the inner loop

```
/\star Main computational kernel. The whole function will be timed,
   including the call and return. */
static void kernel dynprog(int tsteps, int length,
                           DATA TYPE POLYBENCH 1D(c, LENGTH, length),
                           DATA TYPE POLYBENCH 1D(W, LENGTH, length),
                           DATA TYPE sum_c,
                           DATA TYPE *out)
  DATA TYPE out 1 = 0;
  sum c = 0:
  #pragma omp target enter data map(to: W[0:length-1], length, sum_c)
  for (int i = 1; i < PB LENGTH; i++)
    #pragma omp teams num_teams(i/NTHREADS_GPU) thread_limit(NTHREADS_GPU)
    #pragma omp distribute parallel for reduction(+:sum_c) \
      num threads(NTHREADS GPU) dist_schedule(static, NTHREADS GPU)
    for (int j = 1; j < i; j++)
      sum c += c[j];
    c[i] = sum c + W[i];
    sum c = 0;
  #pragma omp target exit data map(from: c[length-1])
  for (int k = 0; k < _PB_TSTEPS; k++)</pre>
    out l += c[ PB LENGTH - 1];
  *out = out l:
```

Final comparison



Thanks for attention