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MINISTRE DE L'ENSEIGNEMENT SUPERIEURE DE LA  
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*L'excellence au service du développement*



Université Gaston Berger

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Projet : Ingestion de données dans Big Data

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## I. Introduction

Ce rapport présente les résultats d'un projet d'ingestion et de traitement de données Big Data en utilisant Apache Sqoop et Apache Hive. Le projet s'inscrit dans le cadre du cours de Big encadré par Dr. Djibril MBOUP.

## II. Objectifs du TP

L'objectif principal de ce projet est de démontrer la capacité à ingérer des données d'une base de données relationnelle vers un environnement Big Data, ainsi qu'à effectuer des requêtes analytiques avancées sur ces données pour en extraire des informations pertinentes.

## III. PART I : Ingestion des données avec Apache Sqoop

### Mettre les données dans la base de données local

On se connecte avec l'utilisateur retail\_user et on utilise la base de données retail\_db

```
C:\Users\LENOVO>mysql -u retail_user -p
Enter password: *****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 32
Server version: 5.5.5-10.4.32-MariaDB mariadb.org binary distribution

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> use retail_db
Database changed
mysql> shows tables;
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MariaDB server version f
or the right syntax to use near 'shows tables' at line 1
mysql> show tables;
+-----+
| Tables_in_retail_db |
+-----+
| categories           |
| customers            |
| departments          |
| order_items          |
| orders               |
| products             |
+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> source /vagrant/hadoop/sharepartager/retail_db.sql
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

## ✚ Démarrer le cluster et le hadoop

- Le cluster

```
LENOVO@DESKTOP-3LBOAEV MINGW64 ~/Downloads/hadoopVagrant-main (1)/hadoopVagrant-main (main)
$ vagrant up
Bringing machine 'default' up with 'virtualbox' provider...
==> default: Box 'SopeKhadim/hadoopVM' could not be found. Attempting to find and install...
default: Box Provider: virtualbox
default: Box Version: 2.0
==> default: Loading metadata for box 'SopeKhadim/hadoopVM'
default: URL: https://vagrantcloud.com/api/v2/vagrant/SopeKhadim/hadoopVM
==> default: Adding box 'SopeKhadim/hadoopVM' (v2.0) for provider: virtualbox
default: Downloading: https://vagrantcloud.com/SopeKhadim/boxes/hadoopVM/versions/2.0/providers/virtualbox/unknown/vagrant.box
==> default: Box download is resuming from prior download progress
default:
==> default: Successfully added box 'SopeKhadim/hadoopVM' (v2.0) for 'virtualbox'!
==> default: Importing base box 'SopeKhadim/hadoopVM'...
==> default: Matching MAC address for NAT networking...
==> default: Checking if box 'SopeKhadim/hadoopVM' version '2.0' is up to date...
==> default: Setting the name of the VM: hadoopVagrant-main_default_1721953649304_44366
Vagrant is currently configured to create VirtualBox synced folders with
the 'SharedFoldersEnableSymlinksCreate' option enabled. If the Vagrant
guest is not trusted, you may want to disable this option. For more
information on this option, please refer to the VirtualBox manual:
```

```
LENOVO@DESKTOP-3LBOAEV MINGW64 ~/Downloads/hadoopVagrant-main (1)/hadoopVagrant-main (main)
$ vagrant ssh
Last login: Sun Nov 28 11:04:44 2021 from 10.0.2.2
[vagrant@10 ~]$ ls
C:          metastore_db          mysql57-community-release-el7-10.noarch.rpm  mysql-connector-java-5.1.49.zip  sqoop-1.4.7.bin__hadoop-2.6.0.tar.gz
derby.log   mysql-5.7.33                    mysql-connector-java-5.1.48          README.md                        wget-log
iversity-books  mysql-5.7.33.tar.gz  mysql-connector-java-5.1.48.tar.gz  shareFolder
```

- Hadoop

```
[vagrant@localhost ~]$ start-all.sh
WARNING: Attempting to start all Apache Hadoop daemons as vagrant in 10 seconds.
WARNING: This is not a recommended production deployment configuration.
WARNING: Use CTRL-C to abort.
Starting namenodes on [localhost]
Starting datanodes
Starting secondary namenodes [localhost.localdomain]
Starting resourcemanager
Starting nodemanagers
```

## ✚ Affichage des bases de données et les tables

- Afficher les bases de données

```
[vagrant@192 ~]$ sqoop list-databases --connect jdbc:mysql://192.168.1.3:3306 --username retail_user --password hadoop
Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../../hbase does not exist! HBase imports will fail.
Please set $HBASE_HOME to the root of your HBase installation.
Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../../hcatalog does not exist! HCatalog jobs will fail.
Please set $HCAT_HOME to the root of your HCatalog installation.
Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../../accumulo does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail.
Please set $ACCUMULO_HOME to the root of your Accumulo installation.
Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../../zookeeper does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail.
Please set $ZOOKEEPER_HOME to the root of your Zookeeper installation.
2024-07-25 16:12:41,405 INFO sqoop.Sqoop: Running Sqoop version: 1.4.7
2024-07-25 16:12:41,804 WARN tool.BaseSqoopTool: Setting your password on the command-line is insecure. Consider using -P instead.
2024-07-25 16:12:42,250 INFO manager.MySQLManager: Preparing to use a MySQL streaming resultset.
Thu Jul 25 16:12:43 UTC 2024 WARN: Establishing SSL connection without server's identity verification is not recommended. According to MySQL 5.5.45+, 5.6.26+ and 5.7.6+ requirements SSL connection must be established by default if explicit option isn't set. For compliance with existing applications not using SSL the verifyServerCertificate property is set to 'false'. You need either to explicitly disable SSL by setting useSSL=false, or set useSSL=true and provide truststore for server certificate verification.
information_schema
performance_schema
retail_db
```

- Afficher les tables contenues dans retail\_db

```
[vagrant@192 ~]$ sqoop list-tables --connect jdbc:mysql://192.168.1.3:3306 /retail_db --username retail_user --password hadoop
Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../../hbase does not exist! HBase imports will fail.
Please set $HBASE_HOME to the root of your HBase installation.
Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../../hcatalog does not exist! HCatalog jobs will fail.
Please set $HCAT_HOME to the root of your HCatalog installation.
Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../../accumulo does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail.
Please set $ACCUMULO_HOME to the root of your Accumulo installation.
Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../../zookeeper does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail.
Please set $ZOOKEEPER_HOME to the root of your Zookeeper installation.
2024-07-25 16:13:51,708 INFO sqoop.Sqoop: Running Sqoop version: 1.4.7
2024-07-25 16:13:52,011 WARN tool.BaseSqoopTool: Setting your password on the command-line is insecure. Consider using -P instead.
2024-07-25 16:13:52,401 INFO manager.MySQLManager: Preparing to use a MySQL streaming resultset.
Thu Jul 25 16:13:53 UTC 2024 WARN: Establishing SSL connection without server's identity verification is not recommended. According to MySQL 5.5.45+, 5.6.26+ and 5.7.6+ requirements SSL connection must be established by default if explicit option isn't set. For compliance with existing applications not using SSL the verifyServerCertificate property is set to 'false'. You need either to explicitly disable SSL by setting useSSL=false, or set useSSL=true and provide truststore for server certificate verification.
categories
customers
departments
order_items
orders
products
```

## Importation des tables de la base de données dans Hive

```
[vagrant@192 ~]$ sqoop import \  
> --connect jdbc:mysql://192.168.1.3:3306/retail_db \  
> --username retail_user \  
> --password hadoop \  
> --table categories \  
> --as-parquetfile \  
> --target-dir /user/hive/warehouse/retail_db/categories \  
> --delete-target-dir
```

```
Transferred 10.8818 KB in 113.0012 seconds (98.6095 bytes/sec)  
Retrieved 58 records.
```

Ensuite nous allons vérifier si les données ont été ingérés dans le warehouse de Hive.

```
drwxr-xr-x - vagrant supergroup 0 2024-07-25 16:56 /user/hive/warehouse/retail_db/.temp  
drwxr-xr-x - vagrant supergroup 0 2024-07-25 16:25 /user/hive/warehouse/retail_db/categories  
drwxr-xr-x - vagrant supergroup 0 2024-07-25 16:32 /user/hive/warehouse/retail_db/customers  
drwxr-xr-x - vagrant supergroup 0 2024-07-25 16:38 /user/hive/warehouse/retail_db/departments  
drwxr-xr-x - vagrant supergroup 0 2024-07-25 16:54 /user/hive/warehouse/retail_db/order_items  
drwxr-xr-x - vagrant supergroup 0 2024-07-25 16:41 /user/hive/warehouse/retail_db/orders  
drwxr-xr-x - vagrant supergroup 0 2024-07-25 16:56 /user/hive/warehouse/retail_db/products
```

#### IV. PART II: Data Processing avec Apache Hive

Dans cette partie, nous allons voir le traitement et la transformation des données dans le Big Data avec Apache Hive (<https://hive.apache.org/>).

🌈 On va correspondre les tables dans HIVE aux tables de MYSQL

```
hive> CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS products(  
  > product_id INT ,  
  > product_category_id INT,  
  > product_name STRING,  
  > product_description STRING,  
  > product_price float ,  
  > product_image STRING  
  > )  
  > ROW FORMAT DELIMITED  
  > FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','  
  > STORED AS PARQUET  
  > LOCATION 'hdfs:///user/hive/warehouse/retail_db/products';  
OK  
Time taken: 0.212 seconds
```

🔍 Verification

```
hive> show tables;  
OK  
categories  
customers  
departments  
order_items  
orders  
products  
Time taken: 0.043 seconds, Fetched: 6 row(s)
```

## IV. Réponses aux questions en fournissant la requête SQL

1. Trouver le nombre total de commandes passées par chaque client au cours de l'année 2014. Le statut de la commande doit être COMPLET, le format order\_date est au format unix\_timestamp

SELECT

c.customer\_id,

c.customer\_fname,

c.customer\_lname,

COUNT(o.order\_id) AS total\_orders

FROM

customers c

JOIN

```
orders o ON c.customer_id = o.order_customer_id
WHERE
    o.order_status = 'COMPLET'
    AND o.order_date BETWEEN UNIX_TIMESTAMP('2014-01-01 00:00:00') AND
    UNIX_TIMESTAMP('2014-12-31 23:59:59')
GROUP BY
    c.customer_id, c.customer_fname, c.customer_lname;
Empty set (0.45 sec)
```

2. Afficher le nom et le prénom des clients qui n'ont passé aucune commande, triés par customer\_lname puis customer\_fname.

```
SELECT
    c.customer_fname,
    c.customer_lname
FROM
    customers c
LEFT JOIN
    orders o ON c.customer_id = o.order_customer_id
WHERE
    o.order_id IS NULL
ORDER BY
    c.customer_lname, c.customer_fname;
```



customer_fname	customer_lname
Mary	Bolton
Albert	Ellison
Carolyn	Green
Mary	Greene
Mary	Harrell
Mary	Lewis
Mary	Mueller
Matthew	Patel
Mary	Shaw
Amanda	Smith
Ashley	Smith
Carl	Smith
Emma	Smith
Grace	Smith
James	Smith
Joan	Smith
Kenneth	Smith
Kevin	Smith
Mary	Smith
Mary	Smith
Mary	Smith
Mary	Smith
Randy	Smith
Stephen	Smith
Donna	Stephens
Jose	Tanner
Dorothy	Vazquez
Gary	Walker
Mary	Williams

3. Afficher les détails des top 5 clients par revenu pour chaque mois. Vous devez obtenir tous les détails du client ainsi que le mois et les revenus par mois. Les données doivent être triées par mois dans l'ordre croissant et les revenus par mois dans l'ordre décroissant

WITH MonthlyRevenue AS (



```
SELECT
    c.customer_id,
    c.customer_fname,
    c.customer_lname,
    c.customer_email,
    c.customer_street,
    c.customer_city,
    c.customer_state,
    c.customer_zipcode,
    DATE_FORMAT(FROM_UNIXTIME(o.order_date), '%Y-%m') AS order_month,
    SUM(oi.order_item_subtotal) AS monthly_revenue
FROM
    customers c
JOIN
    orders o ON c.customer_id = o.order_customer_id
JOIN
    order_items oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_item_order_id
GROUP BY
    c.customer_id, order_month
),
RankedRevenue AS (
    SELECT
        *,
        ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY order_month ORDER BY monthly_revenue
        DESC) AS revenue_rank
    FROM
        MonthlyRevenue
)
```

SELECT

customer\_id,  
customer\_fname,  
customer\_lname,  
customer\_email,  
customer\_street,  
customer\_city,  
customer\_state,  
customer\_zipcode,  
order\_month,  
monthly\_revenue

FROM

RankedRevenue

WHERE

revenue\_rank <= 5

ORDER BY

order\_month ASC,  
monthly\_revenue DESC;

customer_id	customer_fname	customer_lname	customer_email	customer_street	customer_city	customer_state	customer_zipcode	order_month	monthly_revenue
791	Mary	Smith	XXXXXXXXX	6950 Honey Line	Canton	MI	481	10524.170177459717	10524.170177459717
9371	Mary	Patterson	XXXXXXXXX	2525 Thunder Loop	Meridian	ID	836	9299.030206680298	9299.030206680298
8766	Mary	Duncan	XXXXXXXXX	1011 Iron Pioneer Autoroute	Caguas	PR	007	9296.140186309814	9296.140186309814
1657	Betty	Phillips	XXXXXXXXX	1475 Red Berry Village	Caguas	PR	007	9223.710151672363	9223.710151672363
2641	Betty	Spears	XXXXXXXXX	6398 Indian Brook Valley	Carrollton	TX	750	9130.920223236084	9130.920223236084

6 rows in set, 65535 warnings (8.66 sec)

4. Trouver toutes les commandes terminées ou fermées (completed ou closed), puis calculez le revenu total pour chaque jour pour chaque département. La sortie doit afficher : order\_date, department\_name et order\_revenue

```
SELECT
    DATE(FROM_UNIXTIME(o.order_date)) AS order_date,
    d.department_name,
    SUM(oi.order_item_subtotal) AS order_revenue
FROM
    orders o
JOIN
    order_items oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_item_order_id
JOIN
    products p ON oi.order_item_product_id = p.product_id
JOIN
    categories c ON p.product_category_id = c.category_id
JOIN
    departments d ON c.category_department_id = d.department_id
WHERE
    o.order_status IN ('COMPLET', 'FERMÉ')
GROUP BY
    order_date, d.department_name
ORDER BY
    order_date ASC, d.department_name ASC;
```

```
Empty set, 1 warning (0.14 sec)
```

5. Trouver le rank de chaque catégorie par revenue obtenue dans chaque département à partir de toutes les transactions. Affichez les résultats par department\_name et classez-les par ordre croissant.

WITH CategoryRevenue AS (

SELECT

d.department\_name,

c.category\_name,

SUM(oi.order\_item\_subtotal) AS category\_revenue

FROM

order\_items oi

JOIN

products p ON oi.order\_item\_product\_id = p.product\_id

JOIN

categories c ON p.product\_category\_id = c.category\_id

JOIN

departments d ON c.category\_department\_id = d.department\_id

GROUP BY

d.department\_name, c.category\_name

),

RankedCategoryRevenue AS (

SELECT

department\_name,

category\_name,

category\_revenue,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY department\_name ORDER BY category\_revenue DESC)  
AS revenue\_rank

FROM

```
CategoryRevenue
)
SELECT
    department_name,
    category_name,
    category_revenue,
    revenue_rank
FROM
    RankedCategoryRevenue
ORDER BY
    department_name ASC, revenue_rank ASC;
```

department_name	category_name	category_revenue
revenue_rank		
Apparel 1	Cleats	4431942.783172607
Apparel 2	Men's Footwear	2891757.6622009277
Fan Shop 1	Fishing	6929653.690338135
Fan Shop 2	Camping & Hiking	4118425.570831299
Fan Shop 3	Water Sports	3113844.684753418
Fan Shop 4	Indoor/Outdoor Games	2888993.91355896
Fan Shop 5	Hunting & Shooting	56848.42007446289
Fitness 1	Baseball & Softball	94057.15254592896
Fitness 2	Hockey	48360.729736328125
Fitness 3	Tennis & Racquet	44585.09062957764
Fitness 4	Lacrosse	39464.78979682922
Fitness 5	Basketball	27099.329345703125
Fitness 6	Soccer	26477.049835205078

6. Afficher le pourcentage de chaque catégorie par revenu dans chaque département.  
Afficher les résultats par department\_name et pourcentage par ordre décroissant.

WITH DepartmentTotalRevenue AS (

SELECT

d.department\_name,

```
SUM(oi.order_item_subtotal) AS total_revenue
FROM
    order_items oi
JOIN
    products p ON oi.order_item_product_id = p.product_id
JOIN
    categories c ON p.product_category_id = c.category_id
JOIN
    departments d ON c.category_department_id = d.department_id
GROUP BY
    d.department_name
),
CategoryRevenue AS (
    SELECT
        d.department_name,
        c.category_name,
        SUM(oi.order_item_subtotal) AS category_revenue
    FROM
        order_items oi
    JOIN
        products p ON oi.order_item_product_id = p.product_id
    JOIN
        categories c ON p.product_category_id = c.category_id
    JOIN
        departments d ON c.category_department_id = d.department_id
    GROUP BY
        d.department_name, c.category_name
```



)

SELECT

cr.department\_name,

cr.category\_name,

cr.category\_revenue,

(cr.category\_revenue / dtr.total\_revenue) \* 100 AS percentage\_revenue

FROM

CategoryRevenue cr

JOIN

DepartmentTotalRevenue dtr ON cr.department\_name = dtr.department\_name

ORDER BY

cr.department\_name ASC, percentage\_revenue DESC;

department_name	category_name	category_revenue
percentage_revenue		
Apparel	Cleats	4431942.783172607
60.51507453410818		
Apparel	Men's Footwear	2891757.6622009277
39.48492546589183		
Fan Shop	Fishing	6929653.690338135
40.505894089861684		
Fan Shop	Camping & Hiking	4118425.570831299
24.07342667378385		
Fan Shop	Water Sports	3113844.684753418
18.201351560866556		
Fan Shop	Indoor/Outdoor Games	2888993.91355896
16.88703169280082		
Fan Shop	Hunting & Shooting	56848.42007446289
0.3322959826870944		
Fitness	Baseball & Softball	94057.15254592896
33.5865452893558		
Fitness	Hockey	48360.729736328125
17.26896674574892		
Fitness	Tennis & Racquet	44585.09062957764
15.920736755549974		
Fitness	Lacrosse	39464.78979682922
14.092346131772004		

7. Afficher tous les clients qui ont passé une commande d'un montant supérieur à 200 \$.

8. Afficher les clients de la "customers" dont les noms customer\_fname commence par "Rich"

```
SELECT
    customer_id,
    customer_fname,
```

```
customer_lname,  
customer_email,  
customer_street,  
customer_city,  
customer_state,  
customer_zipcode  
FROM  
    customers  
WHERE  
    customer_fname LIKE 'Rich%'  
ORDER BY  
    customer_fname ASC, customer_lname ASC;
```

customer_id	customer_fname	customer_lname	customer_email	customer_street	customer_city	customer_state	customer_zipcode
8853	Richard	Ali	XXXXXXXXXX	760 Lazy Pines	Littleton	CO	80126
11576	Richard	Andrade	XXXXXXXXXX	1987 Burning Rabbit Crescent	Caguas	PR	00725
7385	Richard	Arellano	XXXXXXXXXX	7533 Clear Goose Lane	Phoenix	AZ	85040
12100	Richard	Bolton	XXXXXXXXXX	4675 Sleepy Rise	Chicago	IL	60609
5556	Richard	Burns	XXXXXXXXXX	2406 Merry Horse Isle	Caguas	PR	00725
3301	Richard	Davila	XXXXXXXXXX	9729 Middle Shadow Run	Caguas	PR	00725

9. Fournir le nombre total de clients dans chaque état (state) dont le prénom commence par « M »

```

SELECT
    customer_state,
    COUNT(*) AS total_customers
FROM
    customers
WHERE
    customer_fname LIKE 'M%'

```

GROUP BY

customer\_state

ORDER BY

customer\_state ASC;

customer_state	total_customers
AL	1
AR	3
AZ	98
CA	850
CO	51
CT	34
DC	17
DE	9
FL	162
GA	86
HI	34
IA	2
ID	4
IL	222
IN	16
KS	11
KY	13
LA	24
MA	43
MD	73
MI	114
MN	14
MO	35
MT	5
NC	74
ND	6
NJ	87
NM	22
NV	43

10. Trouver le produit le plus cher dans chaque catégorie

WITH MaxPricePerCategory AS (

SELECT

product\_category\_id,

MAX(product\_price) AS max\_price

FROM

products

GROUP BY

product\_category\_id

)

SELECT

p.product\_id,

p.product\_name,

p.product\_description,

p.product\_price,

c.category\_name

FROM

products p

JOIN

MaxPricePerCategory mpc ON p.product\_category\_id = mpc.product\_category\_id AND  
p.product\_price = mpc.max\_price

JOIN

categories c ON p.product\_category\_id = c.category\_id

ORDER BY

c.category\_name ASC;

product_id	product_name	product_description	product_price	category_name
496	SOLE F85 Treadmill		1799.99	Accessories
590	adidas Men's Germany Black/Red Away Match Soc		90	Accessories
593	adidas Men's Germany Home Soccer Jersey		90	Accessories
885	Team Golf St. Louis Cardinals Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories
886	Team Golf San Francisco Giants Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories
887	Team Golf New York Yankees Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories
888	Team Golf Detroit Tigers Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories
889	Team Golf Chicago Cubs Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories
890	Team Golf Boston Red Sox Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories
891	Team Golf Washington Redskins Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories
892	Team Golf San Francisco 49ers Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories
893	Team Golf Pittsburgh Steelers Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories
894	Team Golf Dallas Cowboys Putter Grip		24.99	Accessories

11. Trouvez les 10 meilleurs produits qui ont généré les revenus les plus élevés.

SELECT

```

  p.product_id,
  p.product_name,
  p.product_description,
  p.product_price,
  SUM(oi.order_item_subtotal) AS total_revenue

```



FROM

products p

JOIN

order\_items oi ON p.product\_id = oi.order\_item\_product\_id

GROUP BY

p.product\_id, p.product\_name, p.product\_description, p.product\_price

ORDER BY

total\_revenue DESC

LIMIT 10;

product_id	product_name	product_price	total_revenue	p
1004	Field & Stream Sportsman 16 Gun Fire Safe	399.98	6929653.690338135	
365	Perfect Fitness Perfect Rip Deck	59.99	4421143.14352417	
957	Diamondback Women's Serene Classic Comfort Bi	299.98	4118425.570831299	
191	Nike Men's Free 5.0+ Running Shoe	99.99	3667633.196662903	
502	Nike Men's Dri-FIT Victory Golf Polo	50	3147800	
1073	Pelican Sunstream 100 Kayak	199.99	3099845.085144043	
403	Nike Men's CJ Elite 2 TD Football Cleat	129.99	2891757.6622009277	
1014	O'Brien Men's Neoprene Life Vest	49.98	2888993.91355896	
627	Under Armour Girls' Toddler Spine Surge Runni	39.99	1269082.6712722778	
565	adidas Youth Germany Black/Red Away Match Soc	70	67830	

