

SQL Quiz

Duration: 1.5 Hours

Database: Customer Orders (CO)

Q1. Display all customer names and email addresses from the CUSTOMERS table.

```
1  SELECT FULL_NAME, EMAIL_ADDRESS  
2  FROM CO.CUSTOMERS;  
3
```

The screenshot shows a SQL query results interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Query result', 'Script output', 'DBMS output', 'Explain Plan', and 'SQL history'. Below the tabs, the query is displayed again with line numbers 1, 2, and 3. The results are presented in a table with columns 'FULL_NAME' and 'EMAIL_ADDRESS'. The table has 8 rows, each containing a number from 1 to 8 followed by a customer's name and their email address. The email addresses are truncated at the end of the line.

	FULL_NAME	EMAIL_ADDRESS
1	Tammy Bryant	tammy.bryant@inter
2	Roy White	roy.white@internalm
3	Gary Jenkins	gary.jenkins@intern
4	Victor Morris	victor.morris@intern
5	Beverly Hughes	beverly.hughes@inte
6	Evelyn Torres	evelyn.torres@intern
7	Carl Lee	carl.lee@internalmail
8	Douglas Flores	douglas.flores@inter

Q2. List all products whose UNIT_PRICE is greater than 30. Show PRODUCT_NAME and UNIT_PRICE.

```
1  SELECT PRODUCT_NAME, UNIT_PRICE  
2  FROM CO.PRODUCTS  
3  WHERE UNIT_PRICE > 30;  
4
```

The screenshot shows a SQL query results interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Query result', 'Script output', 'DBMS output', 'Explain Plan', and 'SQL history'. Below the tabs, the query is displayed again with line numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4. The results are presented in a table with columns 'PRODUCT_NAME' and 'UNIT_PRICE'. The table has 8 rows, each containing a product name and its unit price. The product names are truncated at the end of the line.

	PRODUCT_NAME	UNIT_PRICE
1	Boy's Trousers (Blue)	34.06
2	Boy's Trousers (Black)	39.32
3	Boy's Sweater (Green)	44.17
4	Boy's Trousers (White)	43.71
5	Girl's Shorts (Red)	38.28
6	Women's Skirt (Red)	30.69
7	Women's Socks (Grey)	39.89
8	Girl's Shorts (Green)	38.34

Q3. Find all orders with ORDER_STATUS = 'COMPLETE'. Display ORDER_ID, CUSTOMER_ID, and ORDER_TMS.

```
1   SELECT ORDER_ID, CUSTOMER_ID, ORDER_TMS
2   FROM CO.ORDERS
3   WHERE ORDER_STATUS = 'COMPLETE';
4
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Download Execution time: 0.012 seconds

	ORDER_ID	CUSTOMER_ID	ORDER_TMS
1	792	271	2021-09-13T04:00:00
2	793	189	2021-09-13T13:35:10
3	794	326	2021-09-13T14:43:00
4	795	33	2021-09-13T21:54:10
5	796	124	2021-09-14T03:49:00
6	797	71	2021-09-14T12:34:00
7	798	263	2021-09-14T20:57:10
8	799	332	2021-09-15T02:14:00

Q4. Show all stores located in a specific city (use any city name). Display STORE_NAME and PHYSICAL_ADDRESS.

```
1   SELECT STORE_NAME, PHYSICAL_ADDRESS
2   FROM CO.STORES
3   WHERE STORE_NAME = 'New York City';
4
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Download Execution time: 0.004 seconds

	STORE_NAME	PHYSICAL_ADDRESS
1	New York City	205 Lexington Ave 7

Q5. Find all products whose PRODUCT_NAME contains the word 'Jeans'. Show PRODUCT_ID and PRODUCT_NAME.

```
1  SELECT PRODUCT_ID, PRODUCT_NAME
2  FROM CO.PRODUCTS
3  WHERE PRODUCT_NAME LIKE '%Jeans%';
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The 'Query result' tab is selected. The query has been executed successfully with an execution time of 0.006 seconds. The results are displayed in a table with two columns: PRODUCT_ID and PRODUCT_NAME. The data shows six rows of products, all of which contain the word 'Jeans' in their names.

PRODUCT_ID	PRODUCT_NAME
37	Boy's Jeans (Blue)
42	Boy's Jeans (Black)
9	Women's Jeans (Brown)
25	Girl's Jeans (Grey)
34	Women's Jeans (Red)
45	Men's Jeans (Grey)

Q6. List all orders placed in 2022. Display ORDER_ID, ORDER_TMS, and ORDER_STATUS

```
1  SELECT ORDER_ID, ORDER_TMS, ORDER_STATUS
2  FROM CO.ORDERS
3  WHERE EXTRACT(YEAR FROM ORDER_TMS) = 2022;
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The 'Query result' tab is selected. The query has been executed successfully with an execution time of 0.008 seconds. The results are displayed in a table with three columns: ORDER_ID, ORDER_TMS, and ORDER_STATUS. All the orders listed were placed in the year 2022 and are marked as 'COMPLETE'.

	ORDER_ID	ORDER_TMS	ORDER_STATUS
1	1392	2022-01-01T02:41:1	COMPLETE
2	1393	2022-01-01T07:14:5	COMPLETE
3	1394	2022-01-01T15:29:4	COMPLETE
4	1395	2022-01-01T18:51:5	COMPLETE
5	1396	2022-01-01T20:05:4	COMPLETE
6	1397	2022-01-01T21:01:5	COMPLETE
7	1398	2022-01-01T23:53:0	COMPLETE
8	1399	2022-01-02T02:57:0	COMPLETE

Q7. Calculate the total number of orders placed by each customer. Show CUSTOMER_ID and total count.

```
1  SELECT CUSTOMER_ID, COUNT(*) AS TOTAL_ORDERS
2  FROM CO.ORDERS
3  GROUP BY CUSTOMER_ID;
4
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Trash Information Download Execution time: 0.006 seconds

	CUSTOMER_ID	TOTAL_ORDERS
1	1	5
2	2	2
3	3	10
4	4	7
5	5	3
6	6	6
7	7	5
8	8	8

Q8. Find the average UNIT_PRICE of all products.

```
1  SELECT AVG(UNIT_PRICE) AS AVERAGE_PRICE
2  FROM CO.PRODUCTS;
3
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Trash Information Download Execution time: 0.003 seconds

	AVERAGE_PRICE
1	16.19326086956522

Q9. Count how many products are available in each store. Display STORE_ID and product count from INVENTORY table.

```
1  SELECT STORE_ID, COUNT(PRODUCT_ID) AS PRODUCT_COUNT
2  FROM CO.INVENTORY
3  GROUP BY STORE_ID;
4
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Download ▾ Execution time: 0.004 seconds

	STORE_ID	PRODUCT_COUNT
1	1	46
2	2	23
3	3	22
4	4	40
5	5	23
6	6	1
7	7	25
8	8	23

Q10. Display ORDER_ID, ORDER_TMS, and CUSTOMER (FULL_NAME) for all orders. (Join ORDERS and CUSTOMERS)

```
1  SELECT O.ORDER_ID, O.ORDER_TMS, C.FULL_NAME
2  FROM CO.ORDERS O
3  JOIN CO.CUSTOMERS C
4  ON O.CUSTOMER_ID = C.CUSTOMER_ID;
5
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Download ▾ Execution time: 0.011 seconds

	ORDER_ID	ORDER_TMS	FULL_NAME
1	792	2021-09-13T04:00:00Z	Dorsey Arking
2	793	2021-09-13T13:35:12Z	Norman Lobregat
3	794	2021-09-13T14:43:00Z	Carmella Avalos
4	795	2021-09-13T21:54:12Z	Carolyn Wood
5	796	2021-09-14T03:49:00Z	Pete Chevis
6	797	2021-09-14T12:34:42Z	Eduardo Flignia
7	798	2021-09-14T20:57:12Z	Jerrell Kereluk

Q11. Show PRODUCT_NAME and its corresponding STORE_NAME where inventory exists. (Join PRODUCTS, INVENTORY, and STORES)

```
1  SELECT P.PRODUCT_NAME, S.STORE_NAME
2  FROM CO.PRODUCTS P
3  JOIN CO.INVENTORY I ON P.PRODUCT_ID = I.PRODUCT_ID
4  JOIN CO.STORES S ON I.STORE_ID = S.STORE_ID;
5
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Download ▾ Execution time: 0.017 seconds

	PRODUCT_NAME	STORE_NAME
1	Boy's Shirt (White)	Online
2	Women's Shirt (Greer	Online
3	Boy's Sweater (Green	Online
4	Boy's Trousers (Whitr	Online
5	Girl's Shorts (Red)	Online
6	Boy's Socks (Grey)	Online
7	Boy's Socks (Black)	Online

Q12. List all ORDER_ITEMS with PRODUCT_NAME and UNIT_PRICE. (Join ORDER_ITEMS and PRODUCTS)

```
1  SELECT OI.ORDER_ID, P.PRODUCT_NAME, P.UNIT_PRICE
2  FROM CO.ORDER_ITEMS OI
3  JOIN CO.PRODUCTS P
4  ON OI.PRODUCT_ID = P.PRODUCT_ID;
5
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Download ▾ Execution time: 0.015 seconds

	ORDER_ID	PRODUCT_NAME	UNIT_PRICE
1	42	Women's Shirt (Greer	16.67
2	54	Women's Shirt (Greer	16.67
3	56	Women's Shirt (Greer	16.67
4	74	Women's Shirt (Greer	16.67
5	87	Women's Shirt (Greer	16.67
6	118	Women's Shirt (Greer	16.67
7	119	Women's Shirt (@	16.67

Q13. Display SHIPMENT_ID, CUSTOMER (FULL_NAME), and DELIVERY_ADDRESS. (Join SHIPMENTS and CUSTOMERS)

```
1  SELECT S.SHIPMENT_ID, C.FULL_NAME, S.DELIVERY_ADDRESS
2  FROM CO.SHIPMENTS S
3  JOIN CO.CUSTOMERS C
4  ON S.CUSTOMER_ID = C.CUSTOMER_ID;
5
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Download ▾ Execution time: 0.015 seconds

	SHIPMENT_ID	FULL_NAME	DELIVERY_ADDRESS
1	628	Douglas Flores	Boston, MA 02116 U
2	629	Kenny Campobasso	Milanville, PA 18443
3	630	Adam Miller	East Bernard, TX 774
4	631	Adam Miller	East Bernard, TX 774
5	632	Andrew Schieferstein	Fort Lauderdale, FL 3
6	633	Andrew Schieferstein	Fort Lauderdale, FL 3
7	634	Jonathan Coleman	Bowdoin, ME 04287

Q14. Find all products whose UNIT_PRICE is greater than the average UNIT_PRICE of all products. Display PRODUCT_NAME and UNIT_PRICE.

```
1  SELECT PRODUCT_NAME, UNIT_PRICE
2  FROM CO.PRODUCTS
3  WHERE UNIT_PRICE > (SELECT AVG(UNIT_PRICE) FROM CO.PRODUCTS);
4
```

Query result Script output DBMS output Explain Plan SQL history

Download ▾ Execution time: 0.005 seconds

	PRODUCT_NAME	UNIT_PRICE
1	Women's Trousers (B	29.51
2	Boy's Trousers (Blue)	34.06
3	Boy's Trousers (Black	39.32
4	Boy's Shirt (White)	29.55
5	Boy's Sweater (Green	44.17
6	Boy's Trousers (White	43.71
7	Girl's Shorts (Red)	38.28

Q15. Find the top 3 customers who have placed the most orders. Display FULL_NAME and total number of orders.

```
1  SELECT C.FULL_NAME, COUNT(O.ORDER_ID) AS TOTAL_ORDERS
2  FROM CO.CUSTOMERS C
3  JOIN CO.ORDERS O
4  ON C.CUSTOMER_ID = O.CUSTOMER_ID
5  GROUP BY C.FULL_NAME
6  ORDER BY TOTAL_ORDERS DESC
7  FETCH FIRST 3 ROWS ONLY;
```

The screenshot shows a SQL query results interface. At the top, there are tabs for "Query result", "Script output", "DBMS output", "Explain Plan", and "SQL history". Below the tabs, the SQL query is displayed. Underneath the query, it says "Execution time: 0.01 seconds". The results are presented in a table with three rows. The table has columns for a row number (1, 2, 3), FULL_NAME, and TOTAL_ORDERS. The data is as follows:

	FULL_NAME	TOTAL_ORDERS
1	Kristina Livshits	11
2	Shamira Jones	11
3	Gary Jenkins	10

Instructions:

1. Write all queries in proper SQL syntax
2. Use appropriate table aliases
3. Test your queries before submission

Good Luck! ☺