

JAVA

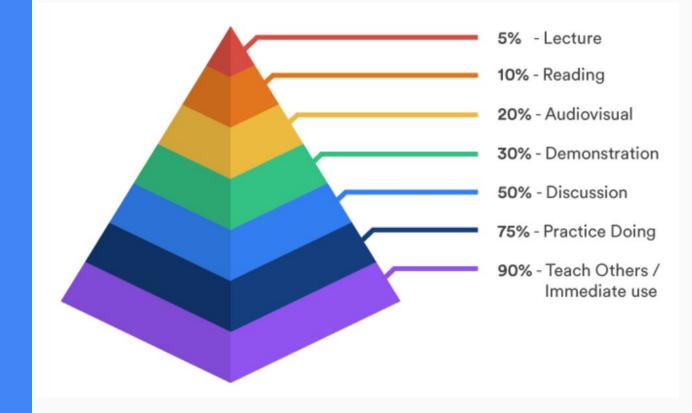
Class 1

will be starting at 10:05

Agenda

Intro into Programming?
What is Java?
What is Eclipse?
Hello World (First Program)
Data Types in Java

How to succeed in the course?



There is no magic, only hard work and dedication

Intro into Programming

Examples and types of computers



- Programming is a list of instructions that is executed by a computer to accomplish a particular task.
- Computer programming, also known as coding.
- Computer takes input from a user process it and provides output.
- Computer understands only binary language (0,1)

Intro into Programming

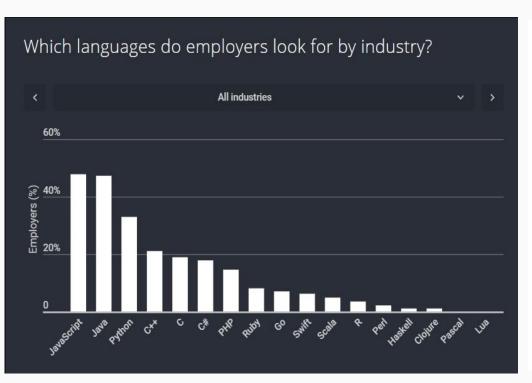
- A computer programming is a list of instructions we write using programming language.
- Each programming language has a unique set of keywords (words that it understands) and a special syntax for organizing program instructions.

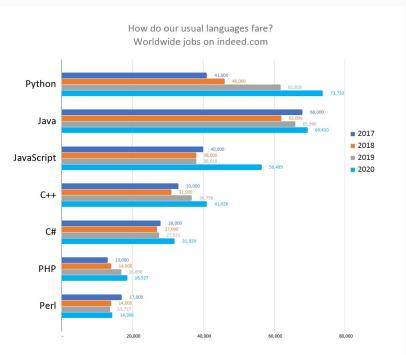


What is Java?

- Java is one of the most popular programming language.
- Java enables programmers to write computer instructions using English-based commands.
- Java is free to access and can run on all platforms.
- Java is a case-sensitive language.
- Java is a high level computer programming language.
- Java is an independent programming language that follows the logic of "Write once, Run anywhere" i.e. the compiled code can run on all platforms which supports java.

Why Java?





Different Types of Operating System

The three most common operating systems for personal computers are Microsoft Windows, Apple Mac OS X, and Linux.



Mobile devices such as phones and tablet computers are very different from desktop and laptop computers, so they run operating systems that are designed specifically for mobile devices. Examples of mobile operating systems include Apple iOS, Windows Phone 7, and Google Android.

Java language developed by company Sun Microsystems and father is James Gosling (which is now a subsidiary of Oracle History of Java Corporation) and released in 1995.

> Sun Microsystems Started by group of the students who were studying in Stanford University that found the problem in their room with electronic consumable remote. That means one electronic consumable control is not worked on another electronics consumable.

> James Gosling and his team given the project name as Green started in the year 1990 and later team developed a new language called as OAK. But this name was taken by some other company, so they renamed it as Java.

> Java is an Island in Indonesia; the unofficial abbreviation of java is Just Another Virtual Analyzer (JAVA).

What is IDE?

An integrated development environment (IDE) is a software application that provides comprehensive facilities to computer programmers for software development.

An IDE normally consists of a source code editor, build automation tools and a debugger.



Eclipse or Intellij?

Both Eclipse and Intellij are integrated development environment (IDE) for developing applications using different type of programming language (Java, C/C++, Python, Ruby)

Open Eclipse:

- 1. Specify Workspace. All your data will be stored in that workspace folder
- 2. Create Project
- 3. Create Package
- 4. Create Class

First Program

```
| Package Explorer | Package Explorer | Package | Packag
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public static void main(String[] args)

Main method used to execute our code, when we click on run button whatever the code is available in main method, that code will be executed

System.out.println("Hello World...") Used to print values in console

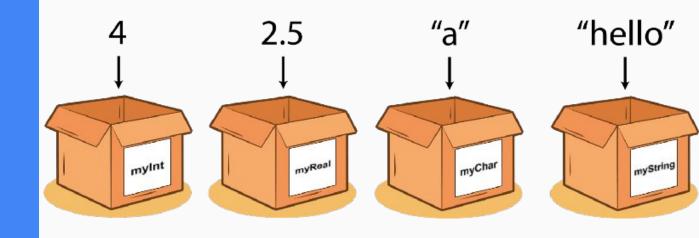
Do not get Confused

Types of brackets:

- () parentheses or "round brackets"
- "square brackets" or "box brackets"
- { } braces or "curly brackets"
- "angle brackets"

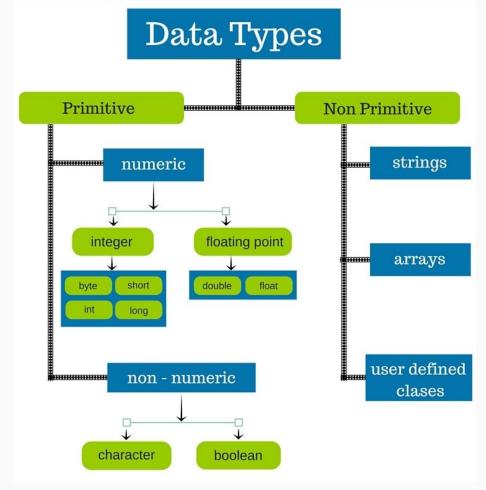
Data types

We need different data types to hold different types of information



Data Types in Java

Java has 2 Data Types:



Data Types

- To represent numeric values (10,20,30...etc) use
 byte,short,int,long.
- To represent decimal values (floating point values 10.5,30.6...etc) use float,double.
- To represent character use char and take the character within single quotes.
- To represent true ,false use boolean.

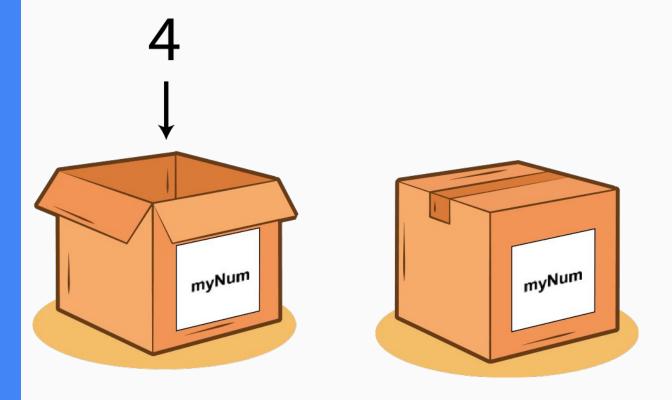
Float vs double:

Float will give 5 to 6 decimal places of accuracy but double gives 14 to 15 places of accuracy

Primitive Data Types Summary

Data Type		Min / Max
byte	number	-128 to 127
short	number	-32768 to 32767
int	number	-2147483648 to 2147483647
long	number	-9,223,372,036,854,775,808 to 9,223,372,036,854,775,807
float	float number	
double	double number	
char	Single character	
boolean	true or false	

Store Data



Putting number 4 into a box myNum

Store Data

We store data inside a container.
This container we call a VARIABLE.

Characteristics of variable:

- 1. Type (dataType)
- 2. Name
- 3. Value

Declaration of variable:

- int num; declaring single variable
- int num1, num2; declaring multiple variable of same type
- int num3=10; declaring variable and assigning value

Using variable:

System.out.println(num);

Variables

syntax:

type identifier = value;

Variables are used to store information to be referenced and manipulated in a computer program.

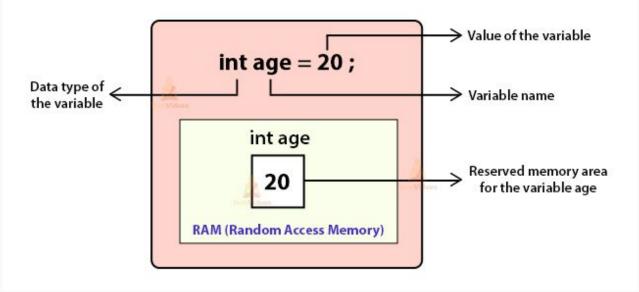
Variable is name of reserved area allocated in memory. In other words, it is a name of memory location.

Value of the variable can change, depending on conditions or on information passed to the program.

variable="vary + able" that means its value can be changed.

Variable declaration

Java Variable Declaration & its Memory Allocation



Java Identifiers and Keywords



- Class, method, variables and other names are identifiers
- Identifiers must start with an alpha character or underscore
- Keywords can't be used as class or other identifiers
- Identifiers CANNOT contain space

Naming Conventions

Classes start with an uppercase character

public class Hello

Packages, methods and variables start with a lowercase character

public static void main(String[] args)

In our programming we will follow camelCasing

Note:

none of these rules are implemented in the compiler, we can break them and your program will still work, but it is good idea to follow these conventions.