# Day 1

### What is C?

C is a general-purpose programming language created by Dennis Ritchie at the Bell Laboratories in 1972.

It is a very popular language, despite being old. The main reason for its popularity is because it is a fundamental language in the field of computer science.

C is strongly associated with UNIX, as it was developed to write the UNIX operating system.

## Why Learn C?

- It is one of the most popular programming language in the world
- If you know C, you will have no problem learning other popular programming languages such as Java, Python, C++, C#, etc, as the syntax is similar
- C is very fast, compared to other programming languages, like <u>Java</u> and <u>Python</u>
- C is very versatile; it can be used in both applications and technologies

From < https://www.w3schools.com/c/c\_intro.php >

#### Structure of C Language

The basic structure of a C program is divided into 6 parts which makes it easy to read, modify, document, and understand in a particular format. C program must follow the below-mentioned outline in order to successfully compile and execute. Debugging is easier in a well-structured C program.

#### **Sections of the C Program**

There are 6 basic sections responsible for the proper execution of a program. Sections are mentioned below:

- Preprocessor Section (Header Files )
- 2. Main() Function
- 3. Body of main function

From < https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/structure-of-c-program/>

Only focus on the mentioned sections and leave rest of the other sections for now.

Documentation section		
Link section		
Definition section		
Global declaration section		
main() function section		
{		
Declaration part		
Executable part		
}		

Subprogram section	
Function 1	
Function 2	
Function n	

#### C program Cycle to compile a program:

Follow this link and read them carefully, it's a crucial part of understanding. If you understood this cycle then will understand the working of c program.

https://www.javatpoint.com/compilation-process-in-c

#### Syntax to write C program:

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/cprogramming/c basic syntax.htm

Day2

What is Variable and data types?

https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp\_variables.asp

What is difference between variable and constants?

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/constants-vs-variables-in-c-language/

Scope of variable and constants in C Language .(Very important and I will test you in lab through different examples)

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/scope-rules-in-c/

#### Format specifier:

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/format-specifiers-in-c/

**Escape sequences:** 

Escape Sequence	Meaning
\n	New Line
\t	Horizontal Tab
\b	BackSpace
\r	Carriage Return
\a	Audible bell
ν'	Printing single quotation
\"	printing double quotation
\?	Question Mark Sequence
\\	Back Slash
\f	Form Feed
\v	Vertical Tab
\0	Null Value
\nnn	Print octal value
\xhh	Print Hexadecimal value

#### Input and output:

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/basic-input-and-output-in-c/

Day3

**Operators in C Language:** 

https://www.programiz.com/c-programming/c-operators

[Must have Understanding of these operators]

**Conditional logic:** 

https://www.w3schools.com/c/c conditions.php

Must do practice.

Day4:

For Loop:

https://www.programiz.com/c-programming/c-for-loop

While and do\_while loop:

https://www.programiz.com/c-programming/c-do-while-loops

Practice as much you can with different examples.

**Break and Continue Statement:** 

https://www.programiz.com/c-programming/c-break-continue-statement

### Day5:

Practice all the conditional statements and loops.