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1. Add Items to the Cart

Function: addItemToCart(productId, productName, quantity, price)

- **Purpose**: This function is used to add items to the shopping cart. It accepts four parameters:
 - o productId: A unique identifier for each product.
 - o productName: The name of the product.
 - o quantity: The number of units of the product.
 - o price: The price per unit of the product.

• Logic:

- A new object representing the product is created, containing the product details (productId, productName, quantity, price).
- The product is then added to the cart array using cart.push(newProduct).

Code:

```
const addItemToCart = (productId, productName, quantity, price) => {
  const newProduct = { productId, productName, quantity, price };
  cart.push(newProduct);
};
```

2. Remove and Update Items

a. Function: removeItemFromCart(productId)

- **Purpose**: This function removes an item from the cart based on the product's unique productId.
- Logic:
 - The function finds the index of the product using findIndex() by matching the productId.
 - If the product is found (index is not -1), it removes the product from the cart using cart.splice().

```
const removeItemFromCart = (productId) => {
  const index = cart.findIndex((product) => product.productId === productId);
  if (index !== -1) {
    cart.splice(index, 1);
  }
};
```

b. Function: updateItemQuantity(productId, newQuantity)

• **Purpose**: This function allows updating the quantity of a specific product in the cart.

• Logic:

- The function searches for the product in the cart using find() by matching the productId.
- If the product is found, it updates the quantity property with the new quantity (newQuantity).

Code:

```
const updateItemQuantity = (productId, newQuantity) => {
  const product = cart.find((product) => product.productId === productId);
  if (product) {
    product.quantity = newQuantity;
  }
};
```

3. Calculate Total Cost

Function: calculateTotalCost()

- **Purpose**: This function calculates the total cost of all items in the cart, taking into account the quantity and price of each product.
- Logic:
 - It uses the reduce() method to sum up the total cost by multiplying each product's price by its quantity.
 - The total cost is returned as a number.

```
const calculateTotalCost = () => {
  return cart.reduce((acc, product) => acc + (product.price * product.quantity), 0);
```

4. Display Cart Summary

Function: generateCartSummary()

- **Purpose**: This function generates a summary of the cart, displaying each product's name, quantity, and the total price for that item (calculated as price * quantity).
- Logic:
 - o It first filters out products with a quantity of zero or less using filter().
 - Then it uses map() to transform each product into a new object containing the productName, quantity, and totalPrice.
 - o The function returns this summary as an array of objects.

Code:

```
const generateCartSummary = () => {
  const cartSummary = cart
    .filter((product) => product.quantity > 0)
    .map((product) => ({
     productName: product.productName,
     quantity: product.quantity,
     totalPrice: product.price * product.quantity,
    }));
  return cartSummary;
};
```

5. Bonus: Apply Discount Code

a. Function: applyDiscountCode(discountCode)

• **Purpose**: This function calculates the total cost of the cart after applying a discount code. It reduces the total cost based on the value of the discount.

• Logic:

- It calls getDiscountAmount() to retrieve the discount amount based on the provided discount code.
- It subtracts the discount amount from the total cost of the cart (calculated by calculateTotalCost()).

Code:

```
const applyDiscountCode = (discountCode) => {
  const discountAmount = getDiscountAmount(discountCode);
  return calculateTotalCost() - discountAmount;
};
```

b. Function: getDiscountAmount(discountCode)

- **Purpose**: This function returns the discount amount based on the discount code entered by the user.
- Logic:
 - For demonstration purposes, this function assumes that a discount code "SUMMER10" applies a 10% discount on the total cart value.
 - If the discount code matches "SUMMER10", it returns 10% of the total cart value as the discount.

```
const getDiscountAmount = (discountCode) => {
  if (discountCode === "SUMMER10") {
    return calculateTotalCost() * 0.1;
  }
  return 0;
};
```

Example Usage and Output

1. Adding Items to the Cart:

 Three products are added to the cart: EarPods, C-type Charger, and Mobile Phone.

Code:

```
addItemToCart(1, "EarPods", 2, 10.99);
addItemToCart(2, "C-type Charger", 1, 5.99);
addItemToCart(3, "Mobile Phone", 3, 7.99);
```

2. Displaying Cart Summary:

 After adding the items, the cart summary displays the products along with their quantities and total prices.

Code:

console.log(generateCartSummary());

3. Removing an Item:

The C-type Charger is removed using the removeItemFromCart() function.

Code:

removeItemFromCart(2);

4. Updating Item Quantity:

• The quantity of EarPods is updated from 2 to 3.

Code:

updateItemQuantity(1, 3);

5. Calculating Total Cost:

o The total cost of all the products in the cart is calculated.

console.log(calculateTotalCost());

6. Applying a Discount Code:

 The discount code "SUMMER10" is applied, reducing the total cost by 10%.

Code:

console.log(applyDiscountCode("SUMMER10"));

Conclusion

This shopping cart implementation covers essential functionalities:

- Adding, removing, and updating items in the cart.
- Calculating the total cost of the cart, with or without discounts.
- **Displaying a cart summary**, which can easily be extended for a real user interface.

The code is flexible and can easily be adapted for different applications, such as e-commerce websites or retail apps, where managing products and applying discounts are core features.