



SLTC
Research University

**BSC. (HONS) IN ELECTRONICS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS
ENGINEERING**

ECS2301 – Software Engineering and Project

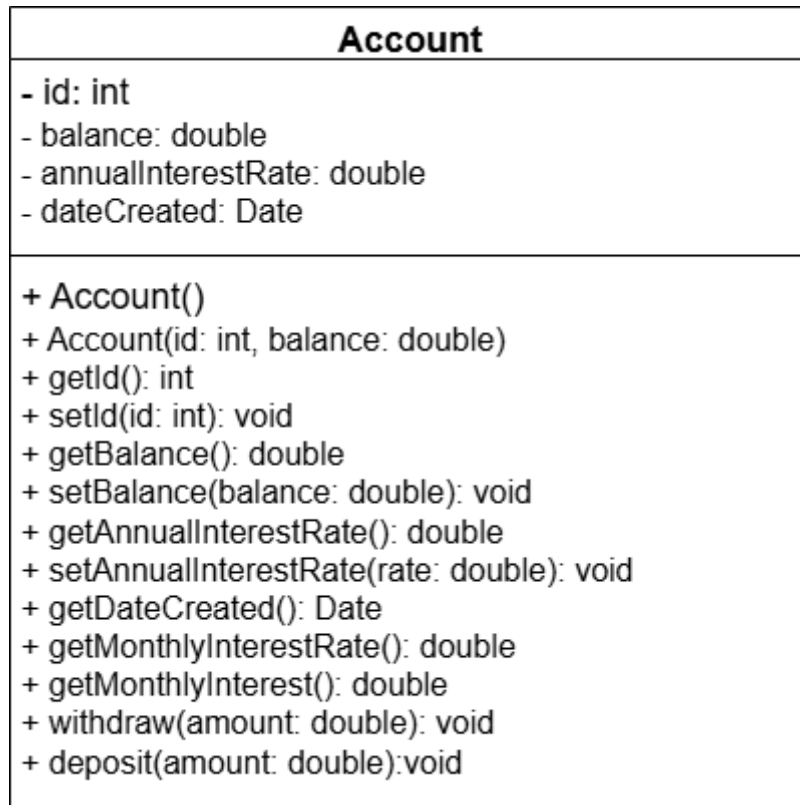
LAB ASSIGNMENT NO. : 03

INDEX NUMBER : 23UG1- 0152_Akindu Randira

17th JANUARY 2024

Q_01)

- **UML Diagram**



- **Implementation code of the Account Class in Java**

```
import java.util.Date;

public class Account {

    // Private fields

    private int id = 0;

    private double balance = 0;

    private double annualInterestRate = 0; // Annual interest rate in percentage

    private Date dateCreated;

    // No-arg constructor

    public Account() {

        this.dateCreated = new Date();

    }

}
```

```
// Constructor with specified id and balance
```

```
public Account(int id, double balance) {
```

```
    this.id = id;
```

```
    this.balance = balance;
```

```
    this.dateCreated = new Date();
```

```
}
```

```
// Accessor and mutator methods for id
```

```
public int getId() {
```

```
    return id;
```

```
}
```

```
public void setId(int id) {
```

```
    this.id = id;
```

```
}
```

```
// Accessor and mutator methods for balance
```

```
public double getBalance() {
```

```
    return balance;
```

```
}
```

```
public void setBalance(double balance) {
```

```
    this.balance = balance;
```

```
}
```

```
// Accessor and mutator methods for annualInterestRate
```

```
public double getAnnualInterestRate() {
```

```
    return annualInterestRate;
```

```
}
```

```
public void setAnnualInterestRate(double annualInterestRate) {

    this.annualInterestRate = annualInterestRate;

}

// Accessor method for dateCreated

public Date getDateCreated() {

    return dateCreated;

}

// Method to get the monthly interest rate

public double getMonthlyInterestRate() {

    return annualInterestRate / 12 / 100;

}

// Method to get the monthly interest

public double getMonthlyInterest() {

    return balance * getMonthlyInterestRate();

}

// Method to withdraw a specified amount

public void withdraw(double amount) {

    if (amount > balance) {

        System.out.println("Insufficient balance to withdraw $" + amount);

    } else {

        balance -= amount;

    }

}

// Method to deposit a specified amount

public void deposit(double amount) {

    balance += amount;

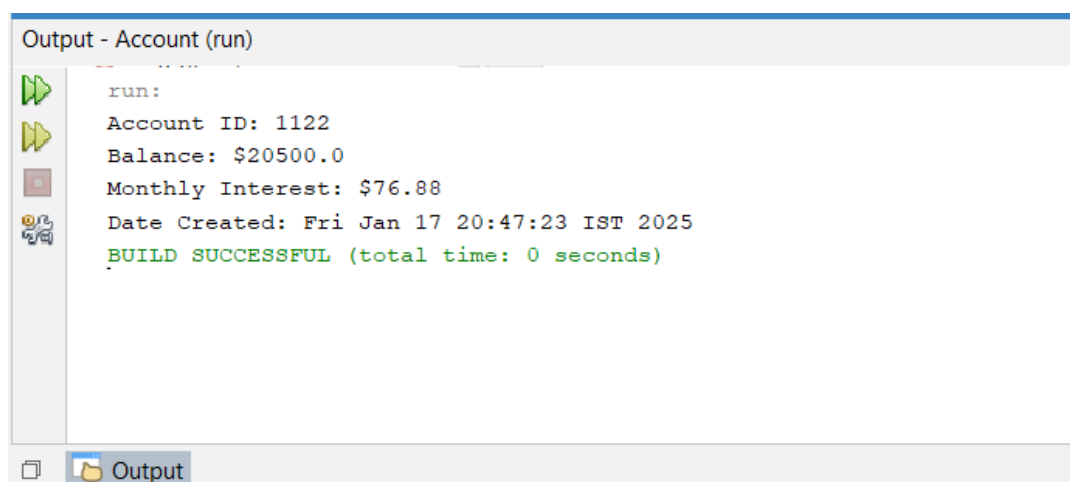
}

}
```

- **Test code for Account**

```
public class TestAccount {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        // Create an Account object  
  
        Account account = new Account(1122, 20000);  
  
        account.setAnnualInterestRate(4.5);  
  
  
        // Perform a withdrawal of $2,500  
  
        account.withdraw(2500);  
  
  
        // Perform a deposit of $3,000  
  
        account.deposit(3000);  
  
  
        // Print the balance, monthly interest, and account creation date  
  
        System.out.println("Account ID: " + account.getId());  
  
        System.out.println("Balance: $" + account.getBalance());  
  
        System.out.printf("Monthly Interest: $%.2f%n", account.getMonthlyInterest());  
  
        System.out.println("Date Created: " + account.getDateCreated());  
  
    }  
}
```

- **Output**



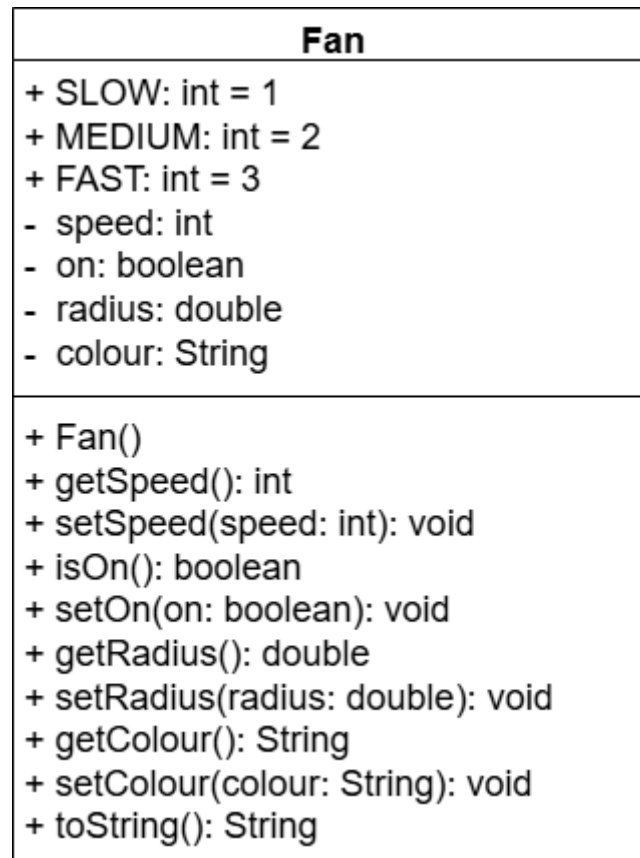
The screenshot shows an IDE output window titled "Output - Account (run)". It displays the following text:

```
run:  
Account ID: 1122  
Balance: $20500.0  
Monthly Interest: $76.88  
Date Created: Fri Jan 17 20:47:23 IST 2025  
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

At the bottom of the window, there is a tab labeled "Output" with a folder icon.

Q_02)

- **UML Diagram**



- **Implementation code of the Fan Class in Java**

```
public class Fan {  
  
    // Constants for fan speeds  
  
    public static final int SLOW = 1;  
  
    public static final int MEDIUM = 2;  
  
    public static final int FAST = 3;  
  
  
    // Private fields  
  
    private int speed = SLOW;  
  
    private boolean on = false;  
  
    private double radius = 5.0;  
  
    private String color = "blue";  
}
```

```
// No-arg constructor

public Fan() {

}

// Accessor and mutator for speed

public int getSpeed() {

    return speed;

}

public void setSpeed(int speed) {

    this.speed = speed;

}

// Accessor and mutator for on

public boolean isOn() {

    return on;

}

public void setOn(boolean on) {

    this.on = on;

}

// Accessor and mutator for radius

public double getRadius() {

    return radius;

}

public void setRadius(double radius) {

    this.radius = radius;

}
```

```

// Accessor and mutator for color

public String getColor() {

    return color;

}

public void setColor(String color) {

    this.color = color;

}

// toString method

@Override

public String toString() {

    if (on) {

        return "Fan is ON [Speed: " + speed + ", Color: " + color + ", Radius: " + radius + "];"

    } else {

        return "Fan is OFF [Color: " + color + ", Radius: " + radius + "];"

    }

}

}

```

- **Test code for Fan**

```

public class TestFan {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // Create two Fan objects

        Fan fan1 = new Fan();

        Fan fan2 = new Fan();

        // Assign maximum speed, radius 10, color yellow, and turn it on for fan1

        fan1.setSpeed(Fan.FAST);

        fan1.setRadius(10.0);

        fan1.setColor("yellow");
    }
}

```



```
fan1.setOn(true);

// Assign medium speed, radius 5, color blue, and turn it off for fan2

fan2.setSpeed(Fan.MEDIUM);

fan2.setRadius(5.0);

fan2.setColor("blue");

fan2.setOn(false);


// Display the objects

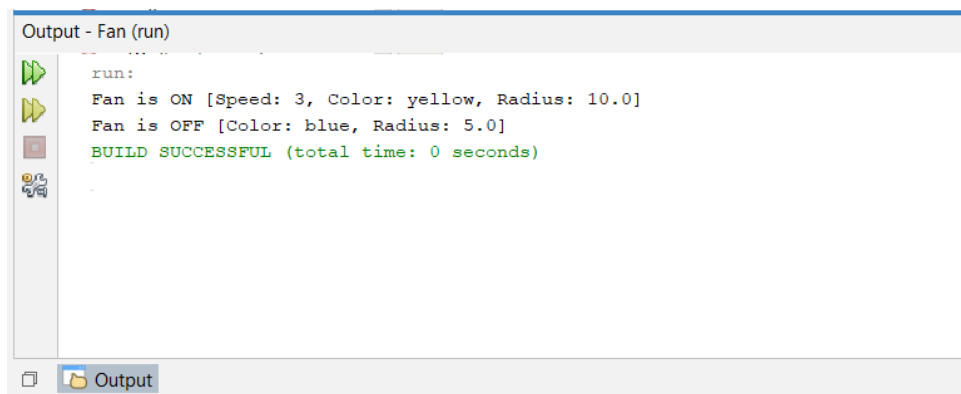
System.out.println(fan1);

System.out.println(fan2);

}

}
```

- **Output**

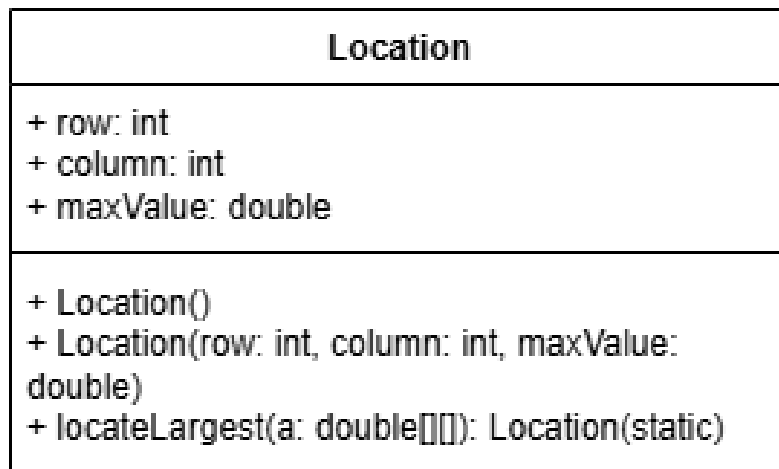


```
Output - Fan (run)

run:
Fan is ON [Speed: 3, Color: yellow, Radius: 10.0]
Fan is OFF [Color: blue, Radius: 5.0]
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

Q_03)

- **UML Diagram**



- **Implementation code of Location Class**

```
public class Location {  
  
    public int row;  
  
    public int column;  
  
    public double maxValue;  
  
  
    // Constructor to initialize the location  
  
    public Location(int row, int column, double maxValue) {  
  
        this.row = row;  
  
        this.column = column;  
  
        this.maxValue = maxValue;  
  
    }  
  
  
    // Static method to locate the largest element in a 2D array  
  
    public static Location locateLargest(double[][] a) {  
  
        int maxRow = 0;  
  
        int maxColumn = 0;  
  
        double max = a[0][0];  
  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++) {
```

```

        for (int j = 0; j < a[i].length; j++) {

            if (a[i][j] > max) {

                max = a[i][j];

                maxRow = i;

                maxColumn = j;

            }

        }

    }

    return new Location(maxRow, maxColumn, max);

}

}

```

- **Test Program for Location**

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class TestLocation {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);

        // Prompt user to enter the number of rows and columns

        System.out.println("Enter the number of rows and columns in the array:");

        int rows = input.nextInt();

        int columns = input.nextInt();

        // Create and fill the array

        double[][] array = new double[rows][columns];

        System.out.println("Enter the array:");

        for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {

            for (int j = 0; j < columns; j++) {

                array[i][j] = input.nextDouble();

            }

        }

    }

}

```

```
// Locate the largest element

Location location = Location.locateLargest(array);

// Display the result

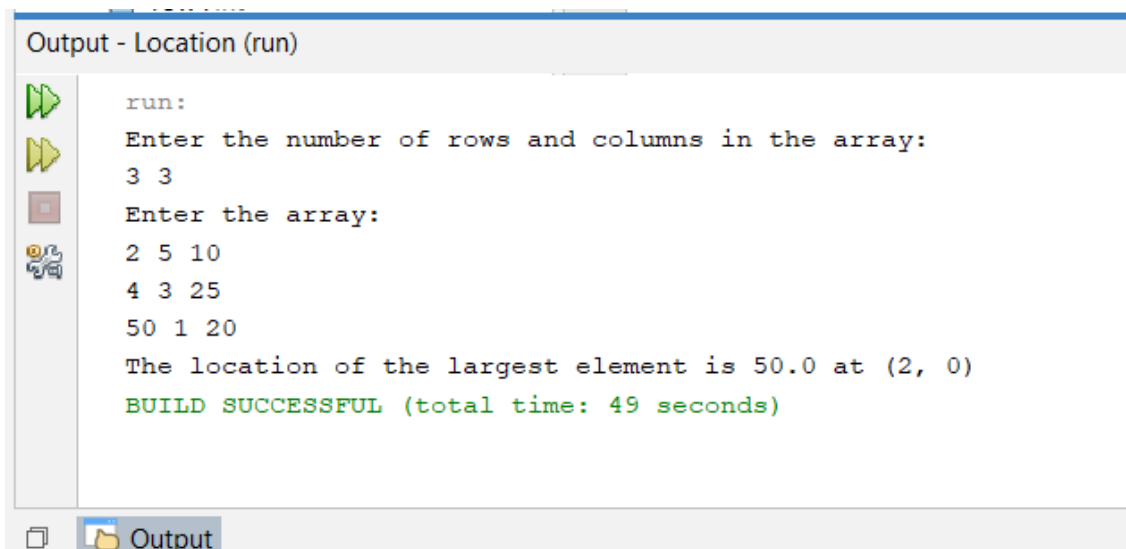
System.out.printf("The location of the largest element is %.1f at (%d, %d)%n",

    location.maxValue, location.row, location.column);

}

}
```

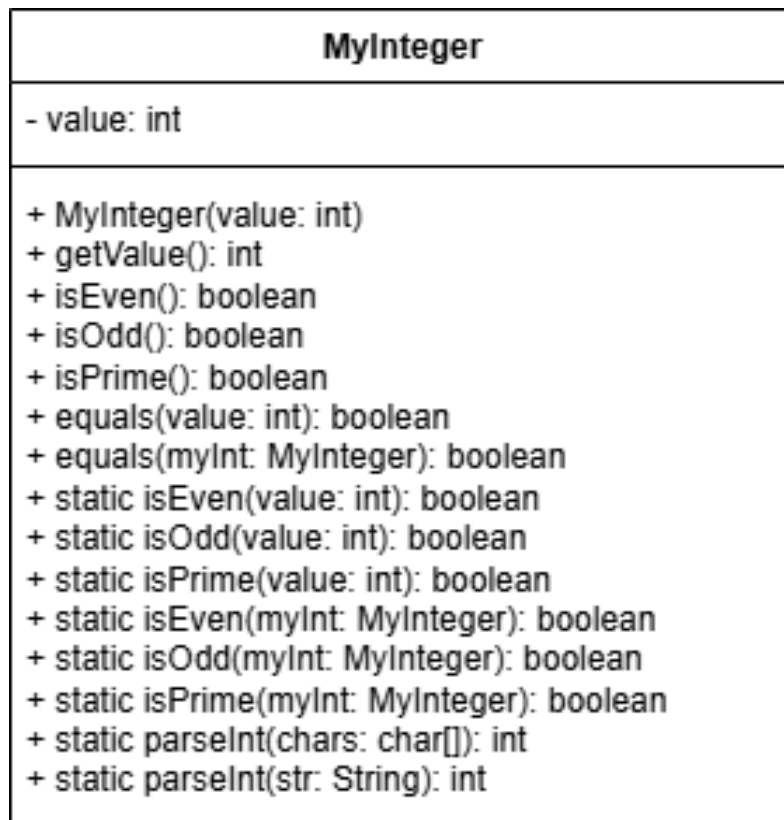
- **Output**



```
run:
Enter the number of rows and columns in the array:
3 3
Enter the array:
2 5 10
4 3 25
50 1 20
The location of the largest element is 50.0 at (2, 0)
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 49 seconds)
```

Q_04)

- UML Diagram



- Implementation code of MyInteger Class

```
public class MyInteger {  
  
    // Data field to store the integer value  
  
    private int value;  
  
  
    // Constructor  
  
    public MyInteger(int value) {  
  
        this.value = value;  
  
    }  
  
  
    // Getter for value  
  
    public int getValue() {  
  
        return value;  
  
    }  
}
```

```
// Instance methods to check if the value is even, odd, or prime
```

```
public boolean isEven() {  
    return value % 2 == 0;  
}
```

```
public boolean isOdd() {  
    return value % 2 != 0;  
}
```

```
public boolean isPrime() {  
    if (value < 2) return false;  
    for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(value); i++) {  
        if (value % i == 0) return false;  
    }  
    return true;  
}
```

```
// Static methods for int values
```

```
public static boolean isEven(int value) {  
    return value % 2 == 0;  
}
```

```
public static boolean isOdd(int value) {  
    return value % 2 != 0;  
}
```

```
public static boolean isPrime(int value) {  
    if (value < 2) return false;  
    for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(value); i++) {  
        if (value % i == 0) return false;  
    }
```

```
    }

    return true;
}

// Static methods for MyInteger objects

public static boolean isEven(MyInteger myInt) {

    return myInt.isEven();
}

public static boolean isOdd(MyInteger myInt) {

    return myInt.isOdd();
}

public static boolean isPrime(MyInteger myInt) {

    return myInt.isPrime();
}

// Equals methods

public boolean equals(int value) {

    return this.value == value;
}

public boolean equals(MyInteger myInt) {

    return this.value == myInt.value;
}

// Static method to parse char array to int

public static int parseInt(char[] chars) {

    int result = 0;

    for (char c : chars) {

        result = result * 10 + (c - '0');
```

```
    }

    return result;
}

// Static method to parse String to int
public static int parseInt(String str) {
    return Integer.parseInt(str);
}
}
```

- **Test Program for MyInteger**

```
public class TestMyInteger {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // Create MyInteger objects

        MyInteger myInt1 = new MyInteger(7);

        MyInteger myInt2 = new MyInteger(10);


        // Test instance methods

        System.out.println("myInt1 is even: " + myInt1.isEven());

        System.out.println("myInt1 is odd: " + myInt1.isOdd());

        System.out.println("myInt1 is prime: " + myInt1.isPrime());


        System.out.println("myInt2 is even: " + myInt2.isEven());

        System.out.println("myInt2 is odd: " + myInt2.isOdd());

        System.out.println("myInt2 is prime: " + myInt2.isPrime());


        // Test static methods for int

        System.out.println("10 is even: " + MyInteger.isEven(10));

        System.out.println("7 is odd: " + MyInteger.isOdd(7));

        System.out.println("7 is prime: " + MyInteger.isPrime(7));
    }
}
```



```

// Test static methods for MyInteger

System.out.println("myInt1 is even (static): " + MyInteger.isEven(myInt1));

System.out.println("myInt2 is prime (static): " + MyInteger.isPrime(myInt2));


// Test equals methods

System.out.println("myInt1 equals 7: " + myInt1.equals(7));

System.out.println("myInt2 equals myInt1: " + myInt2.equals(myInt1));


// Test parseInt methods

char[] chars = {'1', '2', '3'};

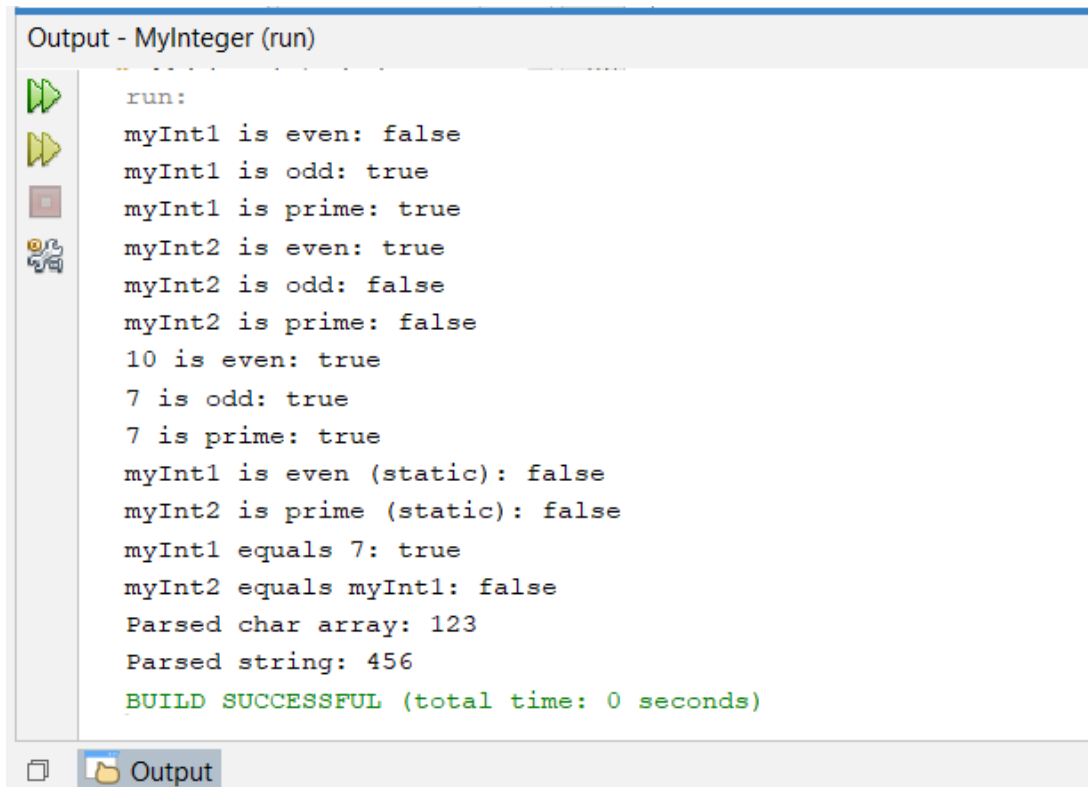
System.out.println("Parsed char array: " + MyInteger.parseInt(chars));


String str = "456";

System.out.println("Parsed string: " + MyInteger.parseInt(str));
}
}

```

- **Output**



```

Output - MyInteger (run)

run:
myInt1 is even: false
myInt1 is odd: true
myInt1 is prime: true
myInt2 is even: true
myInt2 is odd: false
myInt2 is prime: false
10 is even: true
7 is odd: true
7 is prime: true
myInt1 is even (static): false
myInt2 is prime (static): false
myInt1 equals 7: true
myInt2 equals myInt1: false
Parsed char array: 123
Parsed string: 456
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)

```